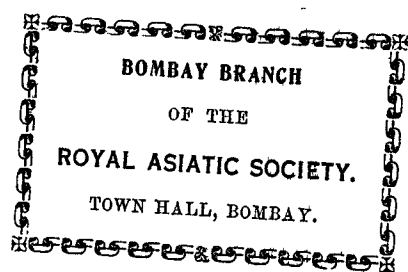


Coorg
administration report

1906-07 to 1908-09



00133988



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REPORT

ON THE

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ADMINISTRATION OF COORG

FOR THE YEAR

1906—1907.

to

1908-09



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Addenda and Corrigenda.

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PART II.

Page 5, paragraph 39, lines 16 and 17, between the words "the " and
"Excise" *insert* the word "Forest."

Page 8, paragraph 65, line 4:—*For* "798" *read* "706."

Page 9, paragraph 81, line 12:—*For* "12,942" *read* "13,283."

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4

PART I.

SUMMARY OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

SECTION I.—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. The Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, C.I.E., I.C.S., continued in office as General Chief Commissioner until March 15, 1907, when he went on leave and was succeeded by the Hon'ble Mr. A. Williams, I.C.S.

Mr. Fraser visited Coorg in January and February, and made a comprehensive tour of the north-west and central portions of the province. After entering Coorg territory at Kodlipet, halts were also made at Somwarpet, Bettadahalli, Mercara, Bhagamandala, Nalknad, Virajendrapet, Pollebetta, and Sidapur: the tour lasted 23 days. Prominent among the numerous subjects discussed were (1) the tenure and assessment of cardamom males, (2) the *lantana* question, (3) the Mysore-Tellicherry Railway, and (4) Agricultural experiments: all of which were at one time or another discussed with representative ryots and the local officials.

2. Mr. L. T. Harris was Commissioner throughout the year.

SECTION II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

3. In view of the very disastrous results of the recent coffee crop, the realization of revenue was eminently satisfactory: the balance at the close of the year was Rs. 4,800 less than in 1905-1906, while the number of revenue sales for arrears was smaller than in either of the preceding five years. This result is probably due in part to the fact that the paddy crop was good and partly to the gradual improvement of the collecting agency.

Realization of the revenue and agricultural advances.
[Part II, pages 1-3.]

The area under cultivation increased by about 900 acres, the decrease under coffee being more than counteracted by the spread of cultivation of wet and dry crops.

There was a decrease in the amount of disbursement of loans though the number of loans granted was above the average of the last few years. This decrease must be attributed in some degree to the operations of the Co-operative Credit Societies.

SECTION III.—PROTECTION.

4. A very satisfactory feature of the police administration is the fall in the number of cognizable offences reported, which is again marked in respect of house-breaking and theft. There was little heinous crime. Prosecutions for false charges were more numerous and much more successful than in the previous year, and the management of the department generally reflects much credit on Mr. H. F. Travers Phillips, who has recently left the province after being in charge of the Police for over five years, during which time it is admitted on all sides that a marked improvement has been effected.

Police.
[Part II, pages 4-5.]

The recruitment of Sub-Inspectors is being carried out gradually, but will not be complete for another three years. Good progress was made with the compilation of the village crime note books. The cost of the force was considerably higher than hitherto, but this is fully explained in Part II. The question of providing a model station and gymnasium at the Mercara Police School was under correspondence.

Both as regards educational attainments and as regards discipline, judged by the number of punishments, a slight improvement is shown in the year under report.

Criminal
Justice.
[Part II,
pages 5-6.]

5. In spite of an exceptional number of cases of breach of contract, the number of criminal cases brought to trial was much less than last year, while the percentage of convictions was higher than in any of the preceding five years. In other respects there is nothing worthy of comment on the original side.

The number of appeals presented to the Sessions Judge and the District Magistrate was considerably below the average, while the number which were wholly or partially successful was the same as last year. The proportion of successful appeals to those presented was 1 in '6.

Prisons.
[Part II,
pages 6-8.]

6. The results of the management of the Mercara Jail were, as usual, very satisfactory: the health of the convicts, both as judged by hospital figures and by the weight test, was good: mortality was a little higher than usual, but in this respect the jail population could not be expected to escape entirely the unhealthy season which affected the whole province. There were no escapes, no whippings, and the number of offences was exceptionally small. The population was rather higher than usual, as was the daily cost which varies, of course, with local prices.

With the exception of Virajendrapet the lock-ups afford very little accommodation, and their management is not perfect. But this matter is now under consideration.

Civil Justice.
[Part II,
pages 8-9.]

7. There was a considerable rise in the number of civil suits filed during the year, but the value of suits was smaller than in any of the preceding five years. This points to strenuous efforts on the part of creditors to recover their petty outstandings, which is due to the admitted fact that money is very scarce in Coorg at present: it may also be indirectly connected with the financial crisis of October 1906 in Madras. It is, however, remarkable that in no year of the twentieth century has the number of suits been so high or their total value so low. The number of appeals rose slightly with the number of original suits, but a smaller portion were successful.

Registration.
[Part II,
page 9.]

8. The number of documents registered was again higher than in the previous year: in fact, a steady increase is perceptible of recent years both in number and value. The financial result was a surplus of Rs. 1,400.

District Board.
[Part II,
pages 9-10.]

9. The total number of schools under the management of the Board increased by one during the year, and the number of pupils by 25. Eight of the schools were set apart for Pariahs and the attendance showed a marked improvement.

The receipts from tolls showed an increase of over Rs. 1,000, but as the profits of the contractors depend largely upon the coffee crop, they must have made very little out of the contract, and a decrease must be expected in the

current year. The revenue from ferries was well over the average, though less than in the previous year. Travellers' bungalows were worked at a smaller loss than hitherto.

The attendance at the dispensaries showed a satisfactory increase of over 1,400, and was higher than in any previous year. The in-patient hospital at Somwarpet, though completed, was not opened during the year for want of equipment: it has since been opened and will prove a great boon to the neighbourhood.

The amount spent on new communications during the year was devoted mainly to the opening of the road between Jambur and Sidapur, and all existing communications were kept in good repair, while a certain amount was spent in the improvement of village paths in the west of Mercara and Nanjarajpatna taluks. It is intended to make regular provision in future for the maintenance of village communications of this description: much of the country is at present very inaccessible.

10. As the new Municipal Act was not introduced until after the close of the year under report, the minor municipalities continued to exist. The average income of these bodies is about Rs. 1,200 which allows for little more than conservancy and lighting. Municipal.
[Part II,
pages 11-12.]

In both Mercara and Virajendrapet the chief items of expenditure were the medical contributions and conservancy, while the balance was spent on road repairs, construction of drains, and various petty improvements.

In all the municipalities the eradication of *lantana* was seriously taken in hand, and very satisfactory progress was made: it should not be a difficult matter to keep these areas permanently clear of the shrub, but it will require constant watching.

Collections of the municipal revenue, both in Mercara and Virajendrapet, showed an improvement when compared with the previous year, but the comparatively large shifting population renders collection a difficult matter.

SECTION IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

11. The south-west monsoon of 1906 was decidedly above the average, and did much to make up for the deficient rains of 1905: the north-east monsoon was about normal. This, however, could not compensate for the unseasonable blossom showers which, as was foretold in last year's report, had doomed the coffee crop of 1906-1907: the orange crop suffered the same fate, and was exceptionally bad. Weather and
crops.
[Part II,
pages 12-13.]

The paddy crop, however, depending on the later rains, was a very good one. An examination of the figures of acreage under various crops shows that coffee is still being abandoned for cereal cultivation: this bears out the opinion that at present prices and under existing circumstances only the best coffee can live: most of the inferior coffee has gone out already, and the remainder is likely to follow it, but there is every reason for believing that the good coffee is as good as ever, and with proper management has a long lease of life still before it.

The areas under rice, dry crops and oranges all exhibit an increase : this is partly due to the abandonment of inferior coffee and partly to the efforts now being made towards the eradication of *lantana*. The increase in the area of immature coffee is a curious feature : it is probably due in part to replanting of reclaimed *lantana* land around the ryots houses, and does not point to the opening of new estates.

No separate pepper statistics are available as yet, but this will be rectified by the resettlement now in progress. Cultivation of this product is being continually extended, and the results are satisfactory.

Rubber planting takes definite form in this report for the first time, and is estimated at something over 1,200 acres. In most cases it is being advanced very cautiously, but in at least two cases rubber plantations are being opened in real earnest, and the growth of both Para and Ceara gives great promise. Special favourable rules to encourage rubber cultivation have been framed during the year, but few persons have hitherto availed themselves of the opportunity.

An experiment is also being made with the *Agave Sisalana*, but it is too early yet to pronounce definitely on its prospects.

Orange culture is being constantly extended : the area thereunder has been doubled in the last six years. Transport, however, is the great difficulty with which this form of planting has to contend, and though it is believed to be superable, the Coorg ryot who is the chief orange grower, has not yet abandoned the wasteful practice of selling his crop on the trees to contractors from the low country. The efforts which are being made to reform this procedure through the agency of Agricultural Societies have not yet materialised : they will depend upon the Coorgs' capacity for combination.

Of our Agricultural experimental plots it is as yet early to say much : they have been started and some experience has been gained, but it would be unfair to judge them too critically in the first year which has been devoted mainly to preliminaries. They have, however, already shown up some of the difficulties with which we have to contend.

Forests.
[Part II,
pages 13-14.]

12. The record of forest work is again a matter for congratulation. Although the year's surplus falls short of that of last year, it is more than that of any other previous year : the chief contribution is from sandal sales.

Only one forest fire, and that a very small one, was reported during the year : this is, it is believed, unprecedented.

Public works.
[Part II,
pages 15-16.]

13. The Public Works Department has been fully occupied with the construction of the Mercara and Virajendrapet Hospitals, numerous police buildings, and inspection lodges at Kodlipet and Sidapur, besides the repairs to the North Coorg tanks and the upkeep and improvement of other irrigation works. The hospitals were not completed during the year but will, by the time the next report is written, be not only completed but opened and in working order. The investigation of the Harangi project from an engineering point of view has been completed, and it is now under revenue enquiry. The Chickie Hole Channel project has made great progress during the year, and bids fair to establish the claims of the Harangi project to serious consideration : the latter is said to present less difficulty and to command more suitable country.

SECTION V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

14. The total gross revenue demand was about Rs. 10,000 less than in the preceding year. Excise and Stamps contributed chiefly to the deficiency, while land revenue and income-tax both showed a decrease.

Gross revenue
[Part II,
pages 16-17.]

15. There was again a fall in the consumption of arrack, and a very great fall in the consumption of ganja. The revenue derived from toddy, though less than in the previous year, was well above the average, while the consumption of opium was more than in either of the three previous years. The number of excise offences detected was very small but the percentage of convictions was high.

Excise.
[Part II,
pages 17-18.]

There is little doubt but that the reorganisation of the Excise establishment which is now under consideration, will result in a very marked improvement in the administration and revenue: the present preventive staff consists of five men, none of whom have any special training, and they have to carry out their preventive duty over 1,500 square miles of hilly and much-wooded country where practically the whole population live in isolated homesteads. The cases of illicit distillation which are detected are almost invariably due to anonymous petitions. That illicit distillation does take place is beyond doubt, as is the fact that much of it is undetected. But while the toddy revenue rises, and the country continues in its present state of depression there is not sufficient reason for holding that reduced consumption of licit arrack means an increase in illicit distillation. What actually is the cause of the reduced consumption is a question of difficulty, but it will not be out of place to note that after an order issued early in 1907 prohibiting the employment of vendors by arrack licensees with effect from April 1, 1907, the consumption of arrack rose by 1,675 gallons in four months with a duty of Rs. 4-1-1 per gallon: this would mean an addition of about Rs. 20,000 to the revenue annually. It may be argued from this that the vendors, who, it was found, in some cases were paying the licensee, for permission to vend, a sum exceeding the possible licit profit, must have reduced consumption by recourse to malpractices such as dilution, short measure or possibly sale of illicit liquor. No such practices, however, have been proved.

The decreased consumption of ganja is believed to be due to the inferior quality of the last supply: it was freely complained of and has now been condemned and replaced by a better article, the sale of which is being carefully watched.

Opium retrieved its position during the year, and the sales, since the introduction of the new rules from April 1907, are still rising.

The recommendations of the Excise Committee have now been received and are under consideration.

16. The fall in stamp revenue is partly due to the reduced value of civil suits: it must be the indirect result of a depressed state of trade and the bad coffee crop throughout the province.

Stamps.
[Part II,
page 18.]

17. The fall under the head of income-tax is sufficiently explained in paragraph 163 of Part II. It is due to the exclusion of an abnormal item.

Income-tax.
[Part II,
page 18.]

18. As the Village Officer's Cess Fund ceased to exist during the year the arrear balance outstanding was credited to general revenues on collection.

Local Funds.
[Part II,
page 19.]

The realizations of the District Fund slightly exceeded those of the previous year, while the expenditure was much less. The balance will be largely drawn upon during the current year.

The collections of municipal funds showed an improvement as against the previous year, but the expenditure was less: this, however, was due to some extent to works executed wholly or in part, but not paid for at the close of the year.

SECTION VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

Births and
deaths.
[Part II,
pages 19-20.]

19. The excess of deaths over births is, as usual, due chiefly to the annual immigration of estate coolies, though in the year under report an unusually unhealthy season, due largely to the excessive monsoon, has served to increase the mortality. The increased birth rate may be attributed in some degree to improved registration. In a country, however, where the village system scarcely exists, accurate registration is a matter of much difficulty.

20. The unhealthy character of the season accounted for a large number of deaths from fever while small-pox also contributed largely to the mortality. There was very little cholera, and no plague.

Medical relief.
[Part II,
pages 20-21.]

21. There was no change in the number of medical institutions at work. The attendance at municipal and local fund dispensaries rose by nearly 5,000 while that at the private institutions fell by 800. The sale of quinine was 18 per cent. greater than in the preceding year.

Sanitation.
[Part II,
page 21.]

22. The only sanitary works carried out were in the Mercara Municipality where drains were constructed and the reservoir improved at a total cost of about Rs. 1,400. Inquiry was made into the sanitary requirements of the pettas and steps are being taken to supply such deficiencies as exist and are within the means of the funds concerned.

Vaccination.
[Part II,
page 21.]

23. The number of vaccinations performed and the number of cases inspected by superior officers were both well above the average. There were 234 deaths from small-pox.

SECTION VII.—INSTRUCTION.

Education.
[Part II,
pages 22-29.]

The quinquennial report on education for the years 1901-1902 to 1906-1907 has been adopted practically *enbloc* in Part II. It was compiled by M. R. Ry. M. Raghunatha Rao, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, and is both comprehensive and interesting.

24. The number of schools as compared with the previous year, rose by 5, the number of pupils by 224 and the expenditure by about Rs. 1,300. The Pariah community contributed no less than 60 of the additional pupils. The number of girl pupils shows more than a proportional increase when compared with the number of boys.

The result of the Matriculation examination was satisfactory, though the number of candidates was small: eleven boys appeared, and five of them were successful.

25. The remarks in paragraph 27 of last year's summary have since proved unduly sanguine. At the time of writing that report the condition described did exist, but since then the number of qualified applicants has been very small though every encouragement and preference has been given to those who have come forward. Very few applicants possess more than the Lower Secondary qualification, and it is a long while before such a man becomes a useful official. Owing to the recruitment of a settlement staff, and the additional Police Sub-Inspectors the demand for qualified men has recently been exceptional.

26. The inspection of schools is very adequately provided for. Besides two local educational officials who are continually travelling on inspection duty, the province is visited annually by the Inspector of Schools. The Subedars are required to visit schools throughout the year and to report their visits monthly to the Commissioner who communicates their remarks to the Sub-Assistant Inspector. The superior revenue officials pay frequent visits to the schools in their jurisdiction. No school committees have existed for a long while in Coorg, though they were once constituted: this system is now going to be revived, and is expected to give a further stimulus to education which, as may be judged from the report in Part II is already in a thriving condition.

27. The training school at Mercara is doing good work, but has suffered somewhat in the past from want of accommodation, which defect is now being remedied. The interest of the teachers in their work is being much stimulated by the Teachers Association, under the auspices of which a most successful conference and exhibition was held in Mercara in October 1906. This association has been organised entirely by M. R. Ry. M. Raghunatha Rao, without a reference to whose excellent work in the interests of education in Coorg these remarks would be incomplete.

SECTION IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Lantana.—As was stated in the last report the question of eradication of *Lantana* has been taken up throughout the province. In municipal areas the power vested in the Committees by the bye-laws has been used and the areas have in a considerable degree been cleared: it is hoped that in these areas the clearance will soon be complete and will be permanent.

Miscellaneous.
[Part II,
pages 29-30.]

In extra-municipal areas there has been much activity shown, and the ryots have responded to the call in a manner which is most creditable to them. No legislation exists to assist the executive in this matter, and it is not intended to propose it until the effect of moral influence begins to wane; it is inevitable that legislation will be necessary but, by the time it is required, it is hoped that it will be directed against a small minority of recalcitrants and will be in the interest of the great majority. According to the accounts kept by the nad officials the area cleared—i.e., on which the *lantana* had been cut and uprooted—during the year was about 13,000 acres or about 10 per cent. of the affected area. It must, of course, be understood that weeding will be required for 2 or 3 years before the land will be permanently clear: however, the first year's work is the hardest, and it is very satisfactory that so large an area has been reclaimed. Rules have been framed under the Revenue Regulation by which assessment of

Lantana ridden land is remitted for periods up to 10 years on condition of clearance, and there are signs that these concessions are being appreciated. The progress of eradication is continually watched by all the revenue staff from the Commissioner downwards.

Resettlement.—Resettlement operations were commenced in November 1906 in accordance with orders communicated by the Government of India. Mr. Gustav Haller, Assistant Superintendent of Land Records, has been placed in charge of the settlement party and very good progress, including the training of the necessary staff, was made during the last cold weather.

Railway.—It has been decided that for the present there is no prospect of the realization of the long cherished hope of Coorg for railway connection with Mysore and the coast. Efforts have been and are still being made by those concerned, especially by the Coorg Planters' Association which is prominently interested, to secure improved transport, but nothing was achieved during the year.

Co-operative Credit Societies.—The work of these societies continued to be very satisfactory. The gross receipts were nearly trebled and the number of societies increased by five.

Record sorting.—A special establishment has been deputed to this work in those offices where any clerks could be spared, and considerable progress has been made. The work, however, will be protracted. At the same time a draft set of rules to regulate the management, custody, destruction and retention of records has been under compilation: no such rules have existed hitherto.



PART II.

DEPARTMENTAL CHAPTERS.

PART II.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed in the administration report for the year 1901–1902 under the following headings :—

Standing information and geographical statistics.

	PAGE.
Physical features of the country ...	1
Area	3
Climate	3
Chief staples	3
Historical summary	4
Form of administration	5
Character of land tenure	7
System of survey and settlements	8
Civil divisions of the British territory	9
Details of the last census	10
Tribes and languages	11

Other statistical information will be found in the Coorg District Gazetteer, Volume B. Statements Nos. 1 to 5 exhibit the prescribed statistics regarding the area, character of the surface, climate, civil divisions and population of the province.

2. There were no changes in the form of administration during the year under report.

Changes in the administration.

3. Mysore is the only foreign State adjoining Coorg and the relations therewith were satisfactory.

Relations with Native States.

4. The season of the year 1906–1907 was unfavourable to public health: this was mainly the result of a more than usually heavy monsoon which resulted in a great deal of fever. The number of births rose by nearly three per cent. while the number of deaths increased by over 11 per cent.—*vide* paragraphs 171 and 172 *infra*. The out-turn of rice was good but that of coffee was excessively bad on account of the untimely advent of the blossom showers. Details of the out-turn and prices of the principal crops are set out in paragraphs 107 and 108 *infra*. The records of civil litigation which show a larger number of suits but a far smaller aggregate value contain no indication of any recovery from the depressed economic condition that has lately affected Coorg. The prices of the staple food-grains exhibited no noticeable variation from normal conditions, nor was there any material change in the rate of hire payable for labour.

Condition of the people.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

5. Statement No. 6—*Land revenue demand*.—The demand for the year was Rs. 3,29,526 as compared with Rs. 3,31,678 for 1905–1906. The decrease of Rs. 2,152 is almost entirely due to coffee. Rs. 1,34,029, which is Rs. 1,014 more than last year, were derived from ordinary ryotwar cereal crop land, Rs. 80,592 from inam lands, Rs. 1,08,452 from coffee land against Rs. 1,11,070 last year, and the balance from miscellaneous items. Including an outstanding balance of Rs. 86,058 at the beginning of the year the gross demand amounted to Rs. 4,15,584. Of this Rs. 3,33,921 were collected and Rs. 437 remitted leaving an arrear balance of Rs. 81,226. Of the current arrear (Rs. 76,962), Rs. 55,890 were due from coffee planters who are allowed to defer payment until 31st May, while the remainder is mainly accounted for by the fact that the last kist falls due only 11 days before the end of the financial year.

Realization of the revenue.

6. Statement No. 7—*Assignment of land revenue.*—The total value amounted to Rs. 1,06,116. There were no noteworthy variations.

7. The acreage held under the principal tenures is shown in the following table which includes the corresponding figures for the previous year :—

Years.	Sagu.		Jama.		Jodi.		Umbl.		Jagir.	
	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.
1905-1906 ...	40,567	18,123	40,264	193	4,055	1,319	7,498	38	3,600	921
1906-1907 ...	41,009	18,194	40,154	193	4,038	1,300	7,487	38	3,593	926

Years.	Coffee.	Orange.	Cocoanut and arecanut.	Cardamom.	Total.
1905-1906 ...	99,626	2,145	281	48,860	267,490
1906-1907 ...	98,907	2,316	281	49,108	267,544

The decrease under coffee is explained elsewhere : it is more than balanced by increases in other cultivation.

8. Statement No. 8—*Incidence of land revenue on area and population.*—This is a quinquennial return and was last prepared in 1902-1903 (*vide* paragraph 9 of the report for that year).

9. Statement No. 9—*Transfers of landed property.*—There were 209 transfers by order of Court, of which 196 were due to revenue sales ; of the latter, the land was resumed to Government in 72 instances and transferred to the auction purchasers in 124 cases. There were 51 sales of privileged land for arrears of revenue, covering an aggregate extent of 208 acres : on transfer to the auction purchasers the privileged tenure lapsed.

Agricultural
advances.

10. Statements Nos. 10, 11 and 12—*Transactions under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts.*—The advances made under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts during the year amounted to Rs. 5,955, which together with the outstanding balance (Rs. 16,403) brought the gross amount for recovery to Rs. 22,358. The realizations amounted to Rs. 6,878, leaving a balance of Rs. 15,480, of which Rs. 10,827 consisted of instalments not payable during the year. The real balance was therefore Rs. 4,653 and is mainly due to the fact that instalments fall due on the 20th March. The nett profit to Government from these loan operations was Rs. 312 against an average of Rs. 412 for the preceding 5 years.

11. The sum advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, fell from Rs. 4,085 to Rs. 2,205 against an allotment of Rs. 6,000, distributed among 34 ryots in sums varying from Rs. 20 to Rs. 250. The amount falling due for recovery during the year was Rs. 6,903 and the percentage of collection was 57·23 against 68·16 in the previous year.

12. The advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, amounted to Rs. 3,750 against an allotment of Rs. 4,000 as compared with Rs. 3,909 in 1905-1906, and as usual this sum was chiefly devoted to the purchase of ploughing cattle. The number of ryots actually benefited was 123 and the sums distributed ranged from Rs. 12 to Rs. 100. The realizations of the year fell from 64·28 to 63·25 per cent.

13. The disbursement of loans cannot be considered satisfactory, but steps have now been taken which will, it is hoped, ensure greater promptitude in the disposal of applications and greater willingness on the part of ryots to apply. It must be remembered, however, that an increasingly large amount is now being lent annually by the Co-operative Credit Societies.

14. Statement No. 13—*Survey and Settlement*.—Twenty-one village plans were re-published and 85 were corrected. Topographical nad maps to the scale of two inches to a mile were prepared for seven nads. The check survey was continued and all but two villages have now been finished: these are now under treatment.

15. Twelve land disputes were settled by the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture under the Coorg Land and Revenue Regulation, 1899, and 43 crop experiments were carried out by subordinate revenue officials.

16. The period of the summary settlement of the province having expired at the end of the official year 1905-1906, a regular settlement was ordered by the Government of India in their letter No. 1725/358-2g, dated 9th October 1906, and the instructions regarding the principles to be adopted in carrying out this settlement were issued in their letter No. 288/358-3, dated 12th February 1907. Mr. G. Haller, the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture, was appointed Settlement Officer in addition to his other duties with the necessary establishment, and an Assistant Settlement Officer was appointed to relieve him of his routine work. Operations were begun from 1st November 1906 in the Kiggatnad taluk, and the progress made during the year under report was very satisfactory as it included the training of all the staff. It is hoped that this taluk will be completed by the end of October 1907; the other taluks will not take so long.

17. The Department of Land Records and Agriculture continued to be under the control of the Commissioner, but the executive charge vested in Mr. Gustav Haller, who has been assisted since November 1906 by Mr. Kambyandra Subbayya, Assistant Settlement Officer—*vide* paragraph 16 *supra*.

18. The progress made with the preparation and the maintenance of the prescribed land records was satisfactory. A Survey School was for the first time opened at Fraserpet during the monsoon in which eight revenue officials were trained to fit them for appointments as Parpattigars, as well as nineteen candidates for employment as Shanbogs: this will in future be repeated annually. All the men in the department have qualified themselves in the revenue procedure except ten temporary Assistant Shanbogs recently appointed in the room of those deputed as classifiers in the settlement branch.

19. The area of land sold under the Waste Land Rules during the year was 85.12 acres. Excluding timber growth, the value realized was Rs. 538 against Rs. 782 in the previous year, the average price per acre being Rs. 6-5-3. Waste lands.

20. As in the previous year there were nine wards on the books. The gross receipts from their estates amounted to Rs. 5,550 and the outgoings to Rs. 2,495 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 3,055, of which Rs. 200 were in Government securities. Seven of these minors are the children of the late Soukar Sambayya of Virajpet. Wards' estates.

21. There are no *zamindaris* in Coorg and the great bulk of the holdings are *ryotwari*, the ordinary tenure being known as *sagu*, though there are one or two separate villages held as *jágirs*. Particulars have been given in paragraph 7 *supra* of the holdings under the various classes of tenure, a description of which will be found in paragraphs 23 to 31 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902. Owing to the circumstance that individual ryots frequently hold land under more than one tenure it is impracticable to compile statistics of the several rent-paying classes. Reference has been made in paragraphs 6 and 8 *supra* to the loss of revenue involved by the several privileged tenures and to the incidence of the land revenue demand on the population, while information as to the average assessment is furnished in Statement No. 81. Revenue and
rent-paying
classes.

III.—PROTECTION.

Standing
information.

22. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed at page 14 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902 under the heading "Legislating Authority."

Course of
legislation.

23. Statement No. 14—*Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting Coorg*.—No notifications affecting Coorg were issued under the Scheduled Districts Act and no special regulations were promulgated under 33 Victoria, Chapter 3.

Police.

24. Statements Nos. 15 and 16—*Cognizable crime*.—The number of cognizable offences reported (413) was 78 less than in the previous year, the decrease being specially marked under the head of minor offences against property and serious offences against person and property. Police investigation was refused only in three cases as against 24 in 1905.

25. The percentage of convictions obtained in cognizable cases investigated by the police rose from 68·85 to 72·34. The efficient performance of beat duty in the towns of Mercara and Virajendrapet was kept up, as is evidenced by a further fall in the number of cases under house-breaking and theft from 19 to 9. Of 529 persons arrested by the police, 338 were convicted, the figures for 1905 being 562 and 350.

26. There were in all seven cases of murder including one pending from last year. Of these three ended in conviction, two were struck off as being due to mistakes of law or fact and two remained undetected. In one of the cases which resulted in conviction, two Moplas were charged with murdering an old Mopla woman and her grand daughter, and were sentenced to transportation for life. In the second case, a Nair, who murdered his wife, suspecting her of infidelity, was also sentenced to transportation for life. In the last case, the accused, a Gowdgal, who strangled a Sivachar woman, was also sentenced to transportation for life. The sentences were upheld by the Judicial Commissioner in all the three cases. In a case of culpable homicide the District Magistrate found that the misconduct of the brother of the first accused, who was caught almost *in flagrante delicto* with his wife, constituted such provocation as to reduce the offence to one of a simple nature, and the offenders were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

27. Two cases of dacoity were reported during the year but the offenders remained undetected.

28. Prosecutions for preferring false charges were instituted in 15 cases and proved successful in eleven.

29. Statements Nos. 17 and 18—*Non-cognizable crime*.—This needs no comment under the head of police.

30. Statement No. 19—*Property stolen and recovered*.—The percentage of recovery was 61·33 against 60·10 in the preceding year. Considering the tendency of complainants to exaggerate the extent and value of the property lost, this percentage may be regarded as satisfactory.

31. Statement No. 20—*Strength and cost*.—The total strength of the force was 250 against 246 and the outlay on the department Rs. 54,984 against Rs. 47,435 in 1905; the increase was due to (a) the cost of clothing purchased for the year 1905 being debited to the accounts for 1906, (b) the increased rate of pay drawn by the Assistant Superintendent of Police, and (c) the appointment of four additional Sub-Inspectors and two clerks and a sweeper for the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police.

32. Statement No. 21—*Equipment, discipline, and internal management.*—There was no marked variation either in the number of judicial or departmental (160 against 164) punishments. The number of men able to read and write Canarese was 192 against 190 in 1905. A police training school was as usual held at Mercara, and afforded valuable opportunity for the instruction of the rank and file in criminal law and drill. The number of Coorgs in the department was 124 against 123 in the preceding year.

33. The number of processes issued during the year was 7,340 against 10,056 in 1905. Of the total number only two were pending execution at the close of the year.

34. Fifteen suicides were reported against 11 in 1905 and the number of accidental deaths was 29 against 35.

35. There are no village police in Coorg in the ordinary sense of the term, but jama ryots as one of the conditions of the favourable tenure on which they hold land are required to escort treasure and are paid for so doing: the other police functions, which they undoubtedly did once perform, have fallen into abeyance.

36. The department was in charge of Mr. H. F. Travers Phillips throughout the year. Four Sub-Inspectors were selected and sent to Vellore in October for training, thus bringing the number of these officers already recruited or promoted up to nine out of 22—the total sanctioned number. These officers will be gradually recruited. There are not sufficient suitable candidates available to fill all the posts at once, nor would it be desirable to throw so large a number of untrained officers into so small a force within a short period.

37. The compilation of the village crime note books was almost completed by the end of the year under report, and a revised system of punishment, practically abolishing the punishment of fine, was tentatively introduced.

38. Statement No. 22—*Number of criminal courts and trials conducted.*—Criminal
Justice. Mr. A. J. Curgenvin, I.C.S., held charge of the office of District Magistrate throughout the year. The only change in the *personnel* of the subordinate magistracy was the appointment of Mr. Kodandera Madappa as acting Subedar Magistrate successively of the Mercara and Yedenalknad taluks for about four months at the end of the year.

39. Statement No. 23—*Particulars regarding the trial of offences.*—The trials held numbered 1,434, or 178 less than in the previous year, while the number of offences reported (1,601) declined by 194 in spite of an increase of 106 under the Workman's Breach of Contract Act. Under this Act 390 cases were filed against 310 cases in 1905. The increase is probably attributable to the prompt steps taken by coffee planters in recovering their advances, as they could not afford to relax the conditions of the contracts for working their estates owing to the exceptionally poor crop. Excluding this class of cases 1,160 cases were reported and 1,009 were returned as true: the figures for last year were 1,460 and 1,268—a very satisfactory reduction of reported crime. Excluding Breach of Contract cases 1,063 persons were acquitted and 649 convicted, of whom four were dealt with summarily. The percentage of convictions perceptibly advanced, being 37·58 compared with 29·44 and 28·57 in the two preceding years. The variation is mainly to be attributed to (a) the improved detection of theft cases in which 167 persons were convicted and 96 were acquitted as against 164 convicted and 146 acquitted in 1905, and (b) the more efficient working of the Excise and Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Acts, for breaches of which there were 69 convictions and 18 acquittals compared with 67 and 43, respectively, in the previous year. Excluding petty cases of hurt, assault, insult, and mischief, most of which are only technically criminal, the percentage of persons convicted to persons tried rises to 64·2 against 52·6 in the previous year. There were only eight convictions for heinous crime, two being of murder, two of culpable homicide, one of attempt to commit murder, and three of robbery. The cases of robbery were all comparatively trivial.

40. Statement No. 24—*Miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code.*—Four first offenders were released on probation under section 562, and 21 persons were required to pay compensation under section 250 against 17 in the previous year. No orders were made under the security sections.

41. Statement No. 25—*General result of criminal trials.*—The average duration of each case was eleven days in the District Magistrate's court and eight days in the subordinate courts against ten days and 12 days in 1905.

42. Statements Nos. 26 to 30—*Punishments inflicted by the various courts.*—Three men were sentenced to transportation for life by the Sessions Judge for murder. Twenty-five persons were whipped as against 26 in the previous year. The aggregate amounts of the fines imposed and the compensation paid were Rs. 6,085 and Rs. 699 against Rs. 6,140 and Rs. 873, respectively, in the preceding year, while the percentage of realizations was very satisfactory, being 95, against 77 in 1905 and an average of 81 for the past five years. Nine old offenders were convicted in the District Magistrate's court: of these five were ordered under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, to notify their place of residence to the police after release from jail.

43. Statement No. 31—*Result of appeal and revision.*—Fifty-one appeals were presented before the District Magistrate and in only ten cases was it found necessary to interfere with the sentences awarded by the subordinate courts. Twenty-four appeals were dealt with by the Sessions Court of which two were partially successful, while one was summarily rejected and 20 dismissed after hearing, the remaining one being pending at the close of the year. The Judicial Commissioner received five appeals, four from the convicted persons and one from Government against a judgment of acquittal: of the former one was confirmed and the remaining three were pending at the close of the year. The appeal preferred by Government was successful. There were only 38 applications for revision as against 60 in 1905: of these 13 were preferred to the Judicial Commissioner who refused interference in 10 cases.

44. Statement No. 32—*Juries and assessors.*—The trials before the Sessions Judge were conducted with the aid of assessors; in two instances the judge differed from both the assessors, and in both cases the judgment was confirmed by the Judicial Commissioner on appeal.

45. The records and registers of all the subordinate courts were inspected by the District Magistrate during the year.

Prisons.

46. Statements Nos. 33 to 61—*Detailed statistical information regarding the administration of the jail department during the year 1906.*—The particulars for the Mercara District Jail and the four lock-ups attached to the taluk offices at Somwarpet, Napoklu, Virajendrapet and Ponnampet, are given separately.

47. The bulk of the jail population is confined in the District Jail and the lock-ups are used only for under-trial prisoners, persons sentenced to periods of imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, and convicts temporarily detained pending transfer to the District Jail.

The total number of admissions to lock-ups during the year under report was 344, or 16 less than the figure recorded for the preceding year. The number of convicts included in this total rose from 107 to 130, but 79 of these were for transfer to the District Jail. Fifty-one convicts were confined in the lock-ups as against 40 in 1905. The maximum period of detention of an under-trial was 30 days and the average eight days. The expenditure on dieting charges per annum per head of average strength was Rs. 48 against Rs. 46 in the previous year: this is the result of high prices. The present accommodation and management of the lock-ups is not all that could be desired, but steps are being taken with a view to remedying the defects.

48. Paragraphs Nos. 49 to 61 relate solely to the administration of the District Jail.

49. The accommodation available was the same as in 1905; the wards provide for the custody of 151 prisoners of all classes which is found to be quite adequate. The largest number in custody on any one day was 117; there was consequently no danger of overcrowding.

50. Statements Nos. 34 to 41—*Number and disposal of jail population, classification according to religion, age, offences, etc.*—The daily average strength including under-trials and civil prisoners rose from 86.59 to 94.90. The total jail population for the year (474) was larger than usual: it included 290 convicted prisoners, 148 under-trials and 36 civil debtors: the figures for 1905 were 273, 173 and 26, while those for 1904 were 203, 129 and 13.

51. Seventy-seven convicts were in custody on the 31st December 1905 and 213 were admitted during the year. Of these 165 were released on expiry of sentence, ten on appeal and 22 under the remission rules, and eight died; there were thus 85 convicts under confinement on the 31st December 1906.

52. Fifty-four under-trials were subsequently convicted, 74 were released, one died, and at the close of the year 19 were in custody.

53. Statements Nos. 42 to 47—*Particulars regarding jail discipline.*—It is very satisfactory to note that the number of offences committed by convicts during the year was exceptionally low, being only 19 against 78 in the preceding year and 86 in 1904. Five offences related to work, two to receiving prohibited articles and 12 to other breaches of jail discipline. The decrease in the number of offences is probably attributable to (a) the more congenial sort of work in which the convicts supplied to the Public Works Department were employed at the new hospital buildings, and (b) to stricter enforcement of discipline and closer supervision leading to the increased risks of detection. There were no escapes during the year and the three convicts who escaped during 1905 were not recaptured. It was not found necessary to have recourse to corporal punishment in any case. Of the total jail offences 57.90 per cent. were committed by habituals though their proportion to the total population was only 20 per cent. The habituals were kept in cubicles at night, and in separate gangs at meal time; they were never appointed to the post of maistry. It will thus be observed that adequate arrangements continued to be made for the separation of the two classes. Twenty-two convicts were released under the mark rules during the year, the maximum remission earned being 301 days by a convict under sentence of imprisonment for seven years. The rules are found to work very satisfactorily and are understood by the convicts.

54. Statements Nos. 48 to 51—*Scales of diet.*—Diet was, as usual, supplied departmentally in accordance with the authorized scale and the result was satisfactory. The quality of the food was good and the quantity sufficient to keep the prisoners in good health. The daily cost per head was two annas and two pies or one pie more than in the previous year: this may be attributed to high prices. The gross outlay on articles of food was Rs. 4,643, excluding Rs. 47 expended on extras for patients in the jail hospital, against Rs. 3,989 in the preceding year when the daily average strength was somewhat lower.

55. A sum of Rs. 107 was spent in purchasing cotton clothing for the prisoners.

56. Statements Nos. 52 to 55—*Detailed statistics of health.*—Water is supplied from the Mercara reservoir and is pure. The latrines are on the dry earth system and conservancy is adequate: filth is removed twice daily by municipal carts: the drainage is satisfactory. The rate of sickness *per mille* of average strength rose from 9.01 to 14.86 and the mortality from 46.19 to 105.37. This marked rise is not to be ascribed to any special conditions in the jail, but to the circumstance that the eight convicts who succumbed were in a very poor state of health at the time of their admission. It will further be noticed from other portions of this report that the year was an unhealthy one.

57. Statement No. 56—*Gain and loss in weight of the prisoners.*—Of 205 convicts actually discharged from jail, 147 had gained in weight and only 33 had lost, the variation in the case of 23 of the latter being under five pounds. No convict was released on medical grounds.

58. Statement No. 57—*Expenditure on guarding and maintaining prisoners.*—The gross expenditure was Rs. 10,114 against Rs. 9,383 in 1905, the increase being mainly due to the extra outlay on diet in view of the increased population and to the biennial supply of clothing to the warders which fell due during the year. The gross average cost per prisoner (Rs. 107) was less than in the preceding year (Rs. 108).

59. Statement No. 59—*Employment of convicts.*—The work of the prisoners was, as usual, carefully arranged with reference to class, sex and health. In-door labour was principally sawing wood, grinding *rāgi* and carpentry.

60. Statement No. 60—*Nett cash earnings of convicts.*—The total receipts from jail manufactures were Rs. 4,105 against Rs. 3,171 in 1905; the increased receipts from carpentry contributed to this improvement. The expenditure on materials was Rs. 1,151 against Rs. 439 and the nett profit to Government was thus Rs. 2,954 against Rs. 2,732 in 1905. Taking this profit into consideration the nett expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 7,160 against Rs. 6,651 and the average cost per prisoner fell from Rs. 77 to Rs. 75.

61. The jail was periodically inspected by the local official visitors and on one occasion by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg. Lieutenant-Colonel D. S. E. Bain, I.M.S., continued to be Superintendent throughout the year, and the very satisfactory condition of the institution adds further testimony to the efficiency of his management.

62. There was no change in the number of civil courts (5) or their jurisdiction.

63. Statement No. 62—*Number and description of suits instituted.*—The number filed was 1,925. The increase (259) was chiefly under small causes which rose by 238.

64. Statement No. 63—*Number and value of suits instituted.*—There was a decrease of Rs. 20,910 (about 9·9 %) in the value of suits: the total value was Rs. 1,89,491.

65. Statement No. 64—*General result of the trial of original cases.*—The number of cases decided was 1,870 against 1,698 in 1905, while the arrears increased from 146 to 201. The bulk of the work as usual devolved on the two Munsiffs, who together disposed of 798 suits and 1,152 small causes.

66. The number of suits decreed *ex-parte*, was 243, of which six were re-filed. Sixteen applications for review of judgment were put in; four were granted and 12 rejected. Seven applications to sue *in formā pauperis* were received, of which six were successful.

67. The total number of witnesses who attended the courts was 1,813 against 2,111 in 1905. Twenty-five witnesses were detained for more than three days, while 1,580 were discharged on the first day of attendance.

68. Statement No. 65—*General result of the trial of miscellaneous cases.*—The number of miscellaneous applications filed was 669, of which 652 were disposed of. There were nine applications under the Guardian and Wards' Act, 1890, and three for probate and letters of administration.

69. Statements Nos. 66 and 67—*Regular and miscellaneous appeals.*—The number of regular appeals for disposal was 58 against 50 in 1905: nine were successful. There were nine miscellaneous appeals against 21 in the previous year, and only one was successful. The Judicial Commissioner decided seven appeals out of eleven preferred to his court: in five cases the orders of the lower court were upheld.

70. Statement No. 68—*Particulars of execution proceedings.*—The number filed was 299 less than in 1905. Wholly infructuous applications accounted for 73·60 of the total disposals.

71. Statement No. 69—*Results of insolvency applications.*—This does not call for any comment.

72. The total number of processes issued by all courts during the year was 13,952, the realizations from process fees being Rs. 6,569.

73. The quarterly returns of the subordinate courts were scrutinized by the District Judge throughout the year and all the courts were inspected by that officer. There were 12 first-grade and 15 second-grade pleaders practising in the province.

74. Statements Nos. 70 to 73—*Working of the Registration Department.*—Registration. As compared with the preceding year there was an advance in the amount of business transacted, the total number of registrations (1,864) being 208 more, while the value of the property concerned increased from Rs. 6,81,364 to Rs. 8,13,061. The surplus realized from the working of the department rose from Rs. 1,178 to Rs. 1,401.

75. The number of documents pending delivery at the end of the year was 17 against 28, and the average time taken to register each document was 24 hours, against 23 hours in the preceding year. Registration was refused in three cases but the orders were not appealed against.

76. All the sub-registry offices were inspected by the Registrar and that of the Registrar by the Inspector-General.

77. Statement No. 74—*Constitution of the District Board.*—District Board. There was no change in the *personnel* of the District Board during the year under report.

78. Statement No. 75—*Income of the District Board.*—Excluding the opening balance, the total revenue amounted to Rs. 72,668 against a budget estimate of Rs. 71,000; the noticeable increases were under local rate (+ Rs. 1,200) and tolls (+ Rs. 480).

79. Statement No. 76—*Expenditure of the District Board.*—As compared with the budget estimate there was a decrease of Rs. 11,175, chiefly due to savings under public works (— Rs. 5,041), medical items (— Rs. 3,896), and civil works in charge of civil officers (— Rs. 1,290).

80. Under the orders of the Government of India the District Board was relieved of the cost of the District Post with effect from the 1st April 1906.

81. One primary school under the management of the Board—that at Boyikeri—was closed on account of small attendance, while two schools, one at Naluvatokkalu for Pales and the other at Halligattu for Yeravas, were opened. The number of schools was therefore 67 against 66 in 1905–1906. There was an increase in the number of pupils on the rolls from 2,390 to 2,415. Eight schools were set apart for the education of Panchamas, of whom 173 were under instruction against 111 in the previous year. English was taught in three schools to 82 pupils against 76 in 1905–1906. Out of 1,826 boys and 589 girls no less than 1,102 boys and 479 girls were Coorgs by race. The percentage of children protected from small-pox fell from 95·4 to 92·08. The examination results were satisfactory. The total outlay on education was Rs. 13,047 against Rs. 12,942 in 1905–1906.

82. Provision continued to be made in the budget for a medical pupil at the Madras Medical College.

83. There was no change in the number of the local fund dispensaries (5), which are situated respectively at Somwarpet, Suntikoppa, Sidapur, Gonikoppal, and Napoklu. The total number of out-patients treated was 25,872 against 24,444 in 1905–1906. The principal ailments were malaria, diseases of

the spleen and respiratory organs, rheumatism, abscesses, ulcers, and wounds. The gross expenditure under medical was Rs. 1,094 less than in the previous year; the decrease was principally due to the cost of medicines purchased for the supply during the year under report being debited to the accounts of 1905-1906.

84. There was no change in the number of travellers' bungalows (4) and of shelter houses for the use of immigrant coolies (4). The fees realized from the former class of institutions (Rs. 681) as usual failed to cover the outlay incurred in the shape of establishment charges (Rs. 1,128): the decrease in expenditure as compared with 1905-1906 was due to the reduction of the establishment which resulted in a saving of Rs. 306. The nett revenue from tolls amounted to Rs. 18,946 against Rs. 17,937 in the preceding year; this is accounted for by the fact that the Siddheswaragaddige toll-gate brought in nearly Rs. 1,000 more than in 1905-1906. There was no change either in the number (26) or the working of the ferries, but the revenue realized from ferry leases fell from Rs. 2,049 to Rs. 1,922.

85. The grant for public works under the control of the Board was Rs. 44,000 and the expenditure Rs. 38,959; the lapse was due to (1) the delay in acquiring coffee land belonging to European planters for the construction of the road from Sidapur to Suntikoppa, (2) the late sanction of the estimate for the improvements to the Fraserpet-Sidapur road, and (3) the difficulty of procuring labour for the construction of a bridge on the 11/3 mile of the Virajendrapet-Nalknad road.

86. Under *civil buildings* an expenditure of Rs. 461 was incurred on minor improvements, coming under the category of original works, to school-houses and the dispensary, mortuary and hospital assistant's quarters at Gonikoppal; the ordinary annual repairs to local fund buildings account for a further outlay of Rs. 601.

87. As usual the bulk of the expenditure was devoted to communications. On *original* works the gross outlay was Rs. 16,562, of which the greater proportion was spent as follows:—

- (a) completion of the road from Sanivarsante to the Mysore frontier, Rs. 980;
- (b) opening a road from Jambur to Suntikoppa, Rs. 7,463;
- (c) opening a road from Sidapur to Suntikoppa, Rs. 2,063;
- (d) completion of the Gonikoppal-Pollebetta road, Rs. 387;
- (e) metalling the embankment of the Virajendrapet-Bittangal road, Rs. 663.

All these items come under the category of 'major works.' Under 'minor works' a further sum of Rs. 5,006 was expended on (i) the construction and improvement of petty bridges and drains on lines of communication, (ii) construction of toll-gates, and (iii) supplying ferries with new single boats and notice-boards.

88. The outlay on repairs to communications (Rs. 13,483), excludes sums of Rs. 670 expended on ferries, Rs. 265 on travellers' bungalows, Rs. 104 on toll-gates, the remainder being devoted to the upkeep of the roads under the control of the Board, which were maintained in fair order, at an average cost of Rs. 80 per mile. The length of communications kept up during the year was 155 miles and $2\frac{1}{4}$ furlongs, of which $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles were metalled, 130 unmetalled, and $22\frac{1}{4}$ were bridle-paths.

89. Under miscellaneous public improvements only Rs. 58 were spent in constructing a slaughter house at Gonikoppal and a cattle-pound at Karmad, while Rs. 789 were expended on petty repairs to slaughter-houses, markets, wells, camping grounds, and cattle-pounds.

90. The balance of the public works expenditure is made up of the usual charges on account of establishment (Rs. 6,576), and tools and plant (Rs. 429).

91. Statements Nos. 77 to 79—*Constitution, income and expenditure of municipalities.*—The new Municipal Regulation was not brought to force before the close of the period under report. The following paragraphs comment separately on the administration in each of the municipal towns.

Mercara Municipality.

92. The municipal commissioner representing the Coorg community, resigned his seat on expiry of his term in September 1906 and another gentleman was duly elected in his stead: there were no other changes in the *personnel* of the Committee. At the 12 meetings held during the year the average attendance of *ex-officio* and unofficial members was respectively 2·9 out of five and 5·8 out of ten.

93. The budget estimates of receipts and expenditure were respectively Rs. 16,200 and Rs. 18,300 and the actuals amounted to Rs. 16,886 and Rs. 14,176. The cash balance at the end of the year was Rs. 7,197 or Rs. 2,710 more than at the commencement.

94. The gross demand including an outstanding balance of Rs. 1,907 was Rs. 18,583. The collections and remissions amounted to Rs. 17,004 leaving a balance of Rs. 1,579 at the close of the year. The important items of expenditure were Rs. 3,321 under conservancy, which includes Rs. 473 spent in the eradication of *lantana*, Rs. 3,684 under Medical including vaccination, Rs. 1,353 on the maintenance of roads and Rs. 556 on the construction of V shaped drains. Very satisfactory progress was made during the year towards clearance of *lantana* within the municipal areas both in Mercara and Virajendrapet.

95. The numbers of in- and out-patients treated at the municipal hospital were respectively 426 and 12,447 against 446 and 10,785 in the previous year. Further medical statistics will be found in Statements Nos. 129 *et seq*; while Statements Nos. 137 to 140 and 142 give details of the vaccination work within the municipal limits.

Virajendrapet Municipality.

96. There was no change in the composition of the Committee. The average attendance at the meetings held during the year was 3 in the case of official and 4·5 in the case of non-official members, the total strength being respectively five and nine.

97. The actual receipts of the year (Rs. 8,189) were less than the budget estimate (Rs. 8,300) but exceeded by Rs. 132 the income of the previous year. The total demand under all heads of revenue, including the outstanding balance at the beginning of the year, aggregated Rs. 8,693 of which Rs. 8,189 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 504 at the end of the year. The total expenditure was Rs. 7,352 or Rs. 576 less than the previous year. A sum of Rs. 2,574 was expended on the upkeep of the hospital at which 624 in-patients and 11,518 out-patients received treatment as compared with 359 and 8,731 respectively in 1905-1906. Full particulars of the medical work including vaccination, will be found in the statements cited in paragraph 95 *supra*. Plague and conservancy charges amounted to Rs. 208 and Rs. 2,114 respectively. Excluding Rs. 1,100 held in Government securities the closing balance was Rs. 5,005 against Rs. 4,168 at the end of 1905-1906.

Minor Municipalities.

98. The average attendance at the six meetings held by the Fraserpet Committee was 4·5, the total strength being nine. The total income from all heads of revenue was Rs. 950 and the expenditure Rs. 782. The closing cash balance was Rs. 1,003 or Rs. 168 more than that of 1905-1906.

99. The Somwarpet Committee held four meetings, at which the average attendance was 7·5, the total strength being 10. The income (Rs. 1,689) exceeded the expenditure by Rs. 440 and the closing balance consequently rose to Rs. 1,702, which, however, does not include Rs. 700 invested in Government securities.

100. At the five meetings held by the Kodlipet Committee the average attendance was 5.2 out of a total strength of nine members. The total income was Rs. 994 and the expenditure Rs. 907, the closing balance being Rs. 517, which is Rs. 87 more than the opening balance.

(Volunteering.)

101. The total strength of the corps increased by eight. The command was held throughout the year by Major A. Lambert, V. D. and the adjutancy by Captain O. D. Rigg till June 1906 when the corps lost by his departure a keen and sympathetic adjutant and a most popular member of Coorg society. He was succeeded by Lieutenant E. F. S. Henderson of the Leicestershire Regiment in September. The annual camps of instruction for A and B Companies, respectively, were held at Mercara in the first week of April 1907, and at Pollebetta in September 1906.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

Character of the seasons.

102. Statement No. 3—*Rainfall and climate*.—The south-west monsoon was favourable, and the north-east about normal. The total rainfall of the year was 132 inches against an average of 121 inches for the past 15 years. The unseasonable rainfall in January 1906 and the untimely advent of the blossom showers, had a disastrous effect on coffee and resulted in an exceptionally poor crop during the year as noticed in paragraph 107 *infra*.

Area under cultivation and cropped area.

103. Statement No. 80—*Area under crops*.—The total area cropped during the year was 141,083 acres against 140,190 acres in 1905–1906. Including second crop cultivation the area under rice—79,617 acres—was 445 acres more than that of the previous year. The percentage of cultivated area to gross holdings (96,281 acres) was 82.69. The total area of dry holdings was 20,651 acres, the extent actually cropped being 10,089 acres against 8,833 acres in 1905–1906. The increase is mainly due to *ragi* and other crops having been sown on *banés* formerly covered with *lantana* which were cleared during the year. The extent recorded as actually cultivated with coffee fell from 48,215 to 46,393 acres: this is due to the gradual abandonment of old estates and worthless cultivation. The total extent held under the coffee tenure was 98,907 acres, which includes (a) 9,263 acres of coffee assessed cardamom malés, (b) 1,800 acres of orange gardens, (c) 41,451 acres of abandoned coffee or land granted for coffee but not opened up, and (d) 1,285 acres of immature coffee. It is hoped that the resettlement will cause these anomalous classifications (a), (b) and (c) to disappear. There is thus a nett area of 45,108 acres of coffee under bearing, of which 40,598 acres are cultivated in the European and 4,510 acres in the Native method. Rubber, chiefly Ceara, although still in an experimental stage, has been planted on 1,221 acres of abandoned coffee and on a certain amount of other land which is not yet accurately ascertainable. Reductions of assessment amounting to Rs. 1,091 were sanctioned in respect of 1,188 acres of coffee land during the year: this consisted entirely of land on which the cultivation of coffee has been completely abandoned.

104. The area cultivated with cardamoms, *viz.*, 1,507 acres, is made up of (a) jama malés (382 acres), (b) leased malés (551 acres), (c) coffee assessed malés (574 acres); the aggregate holdings under these heads being respectively 12,293 acres, 36,815 acres and 9,263 acres. The increase under (a) is due to a resurvey recently completed. The figure under (b) is roughly calculated at 15 acres of cultivation to every thousand leased.

105. The area shown under orchards and garden produce consists of 281 acres of arecanut and cocoanut, and 4,116 acres of orange groves. The latter figure, which includes the 1,800 acres referred to in paragraph 103 *supra* is 595 acres more than that of the previous year. The cultivation of pepper is gradually replacing coffee in abandoned areas, and has not yet been separately assessed: this will be done at the resettlement.

106. The detailed account of irrigation during the year not having been fully prepared, the figure of last year has been repeated. There is reason, however, for believing that this is very largely under estimated.

107. Statement No. 81—*Rates of rent and produce.* The rice and *ragi* crops were rather above normal, while the coffee crop was excessively bad. The local price of coffee was poor, but in the western markets a very marked improvement was experienced. The estimated coffee out-turn was 1,663 tons against 4,100 tons in the previous year.

108. Statements Nos. 82, 85, 86, 87 and 88—*Prices, imports, exports, coinage and paper currency.*—Notwithstanding the good crop of rice, the staple food-grain, the price at harvest time was above the normal in consequence of heavy export to Malabar and South Canara. The price of *ragi* was about normal and that of coffee was poor. The principal exports are coffee, cardamoms, rice, oranges, timber, sandalwood and hides and the chief imports are *ragi*, gram, pulses, live-stock, sugar, salt, oils, and piece-goods. The figures under these heads are for the most part compiled from the information supplied by the keepers of toll-gates and cannot be relied upon: it may, however, be safely inferred that they are under estimated. Nor is it possible to draw any inferences as to the state of trade from the prescribed returns of coinage and paper currency.

109. Statement No. 84—*Live-stock.*—This is a quinquennial return. The figures were compiled for the year 1904–1905. There was no unusual mortality nor was any special disease particularly prevalent.

110. Although statistics show that the area actually under coffee has decreased, they also show a much larger (1,285 acres against 558 acres) area of immature coffee, which points to considerable planting. It may safely be assumed that the value of the new cultivation is proportionately much greater than the value of that which has been given up: coffee cultivated in the wrong locality and under unsuitable circumstances is being steadily eliminated, but that which takes its place has a wealth of experience behind it and is likely to hold its own if it has been planted on suitable land.

111. Statement No. 83—*Prices of Labour.*—The labour market was well supplied and there was no variation in the rate of hire.

112. The agricultural department in Coorg began operations in April 1906. After careful consideration it was decided to establish experimental plots in ten different stations so that the very variant conditions of soil, rainfall and altitude in Coorg might be fully appreciated; the average area of these plots is 3 acres. All the plots were opened on land covered with jungle or *lantana* and had to be cleared, fenced and prepared before the rains. This left very little time for actual agriculture.

113. Experiments were made with the following crops:—

(a) *Cotton.*—The abnormally wet season was very unfavourable for cotton, which after making a very good start, began to wither though it has since effected a considerable recovery. It is still very doubtful whether cotton of any kind will suit Coorg proper, as the rainfall is calculated to interfere with the crop.

(b) *Potatoes.*—The experiments proved that the ordinary method of planting potatoes was unsuited to the damp climate of Coorg and that it was necessary to resort to raised beds.

(c) *Ragi and Gram.*—Time did not permit of elaborate experiments with these crops. Gram proved satisfactory, while *ragi* suffered from excessive rain. The proper time for planting *ragi* in Coorg proper has still to be ascertained.

114. The area of the reserved forests was 304,610 acres against 325,634 acres in 1905–1906. An extent of 676 acres of the Glen Coorg cardamom malé, which was sold for arrears of assessment, were purchased by the department, while an area of 19,200 acres constituting the Urti and Kerti forests, formerly

included in the reserved forests, was disafforested for rectification of the record of rights, and 2,500 acres of the old Arkomalé Reserve, which forms part of the present Padinalknad Ghât Reserve were expunged. The settlement operations in connection with the reservation of the Urti and Kerti forests were in progress.

115. Repairs were carried out in respect of 457 cairns at a cost of Rs. 73.

116. The existing communications were kept in order, and a new road from Mundrotu to Yedekunni over a distance of four miles was traced and aligned, while another from the Matre-Kolianda section of the Kutumpole-Nalknad road was constructed. The total expenditure incurred was Rs. 2,422.

117. Existing buildings were repaired and the construction of the rest house at Nagerhole was completed. A stable at Kutumpole and a Forester's hut at Banawara were also constructed. The total cost incurred was Rs. 3,881.

118. The number of forest offences reported was 62 against 61 in the preceding year: they consisted chiefly of illicit grazing. Of these 58 were compounded on payment of compensation, and three were withdrawn with a warning. One case of illicit shooting ended in conviction.

119. It is a matter for congratulation that there was only a single forest fire—the result of carelessness in line-burning operations—affecting five acres against 24 outbreaks covering an area of 1,022 acres in 1905–1906.

120. The prescribed areas were duly thrown open to grazing, the revenue derived from which, including the sale-proceeds of grass, amounted to Rs. 713 against Rs. 952 in the preceding year. Free grazing was as usual permitted to individuals enjoying the customary right thereto.

121. The cultural operations of the year included the clearance of *lantana* from the plantations in North Coorg and Mercara and from the *Kumris* in South Coorg and measures for the artificial reproduction of sandalwood and teak. In Hudgur and Banawara about 29,000 sandal seedlings were transplanted, and trees affected with 'spike' continued to be uprooted. The *Kumris* were weeded and cleared of inferior trees, and the usual rewards were paid to the Kurubas for successfully raising teak and sandal plants therein. The total outlay incurred under this head was Rs. 7,457.

122. Departmental fellings in the reserved forests amounted to 98,420 cubic feet against 98,630 cubic feet in the previous year, while the sales amounted to 126,096 cubic feet including a stock of 27,676 cubic feet of old fellings. The timber felled by purchasers amounted to 84,380 cubic feet against 87,638 cubic feet in the previous year. 247 tons of sandalwood were collected and a revenue of Rs. 1,27,944 was realized from the sale of 236 tons, the prices obtained being slightly lower than in the previous year. The number of bamboos removed was 103,260 against 116,864 in 1905–1906.

123. The revenue realized from cardamoms was Rs. 11,747 against Rs. 11,356 and that from minor forest produce Rs. 2,104 against Rs. 3,140 in the previous year.

124. Rs. 2,629 were recovered on account of timber-growth on land newly taken up for cultivation against Rs. 4,182 in 1905–1906, the total number of valuations made by forest officers being 25.

125. No free grants of timber were made during the year from the reserved forests.

126. Eight elephants were captured during the year, of which two are cows; all these are under training and in good condition. One elephant of the old capture was sold for Rs. 1,000. The cost of the capture and training amounted to Rs. 919 against Rs. 1,419 in the previous year.

127. Including remittances to foreign treasuries and book adjustments the total revenue and expenditure of the year amounted respectively to Rs. 2,35,909 and Rs. 1,02,854, and the nett surplus realized was Rs. 1,33,055 against Rs. 1,49,671 in 1905–1906.

128. The department continued to be in the executive charge of Mr. C. D. McCarthy, to whom credit for the satisfactory results is due.

129. The estimated out-turn of minerals during the year was 23,613 tons of granite and 1,622 tons of laterite. No record was maintained of the quantity of clay used for making bricks.

Mines and
quarries.

130. There are no factories in Coorg and manufactures in the ordinary sense of the term are locally unknown.

Manufactures.

131. The revenue credited to Imperial Public Works during the year amounted to Rs. 6,740, of which Rs. 212 appertained to 'military' being the rent on the officer's mess house, while the balance was due to the rent of civil buildings and hire of tools to contractors.

Public Works.

132. Including charges debited to military works and outlay on stock not charged against any sanctioned work, the expenditure for the year was Rs. 3,37,548 out of a grant of Rs. 3,45,471; the lapse was due to short expenditure on Civil Buildings as explained in paragraph 134 *infra*.

133. Rs. 891 out of a grant of Rs. 1,275 were expended on improvements and repairs to the quarters of the sergeant-instructors of the Coorg and Mysore Rifle Volunteers at Mercara, Pollebetta, and Chikkamagalur, and the officers' mess house, Mercara. The lapse was due to the construction of the well for the sergeant-instructor's quarters at Saklespur not having been put in hand owing to the late sanction of the estimate.

(Military.)

134. The expenditure on civil buildings aggregated Rs. 1,08,268 against a grant of Rs. 1,11,584. The bulk of the lapse related to quarters for Sub-Inspectors at Bhagamandala, Somwarpet, Napoklu, Suntikoppa, Jambur, Virajendrapet, and Sidapur, and police lines at Mercara on account of the late acquisition of sites and the consequent delay in commencing operations. The major works completed were—

(Civil.)
Buildings.

(a) quarters for revenue officials at Ponnampet (Rs. 4,686) and Hudikeri (Rs. 2,582),

(b) a segregation ward at Sidapur (Rs. 3,231),

(c) quarters for the Subedar at Ponnampet (Rs. 3,090),

(d) police lines at Fraserpet (Rs. 4,198) and Bhagamandala (Rs. 3,336), and

(e) a girls' school at Ammatti (Rs. 5,333).

The major works in progress were (i) the Mercara hospital (Rs. 70,692), (ii) the Virajendrapet hospital (Rs. 52,601), (iii) improvements to the Mercara High School (Rs. 6,426) and primary school (Rs. 4,316), (iv) police lines for Mercara Town (Rs. 9,491), (v) police lines at Virajendrapet (Rs. 7,566), (vi) a girls' school at Nalkeri (Rs. 3,217), (vii) police lines for Mercara taluk (Rs. 3,915), and (viii) fitting up an installation of oil gas in the Mercara hospital (Rs. 5179).

135. On minor works a total outlay of Rs. 23,421 was incurred, the chief items being the construction of quarters for Sub-Inspectors at Mercara, Somwarpet, Napoklu, Suntikoppa, Jambur, Virajendrapet, Pollebetta, and Sidapur, quarters for revenue officials at Murnad, improvements to the circuit houses at Pollebetta and Fraserpet, girls' school at Virajendrapet, Sidapur Post office, Somwarpet dispensary, and the Commissioner's quarters, and the supply of cots and lockers for the hospitals. Rs. 13,061 were spent on repairs to civil buildings.

136. The total expenditure on communications was Rs. 1,31,150 against a grant of Rs. 1,29,691, the excess being due to the execution of additional repairs to roads to keep them in good order during the monsoon and to the advantage taken of labour when available to push on with the works. The lapse under civil buildings was partly counterbalanced by the extra expenditure under this head. The outlay on original works was Rs. 29,269 against a grant of Rs. 28,138. The major works completed were (a) inspection bungalow at Sidapur (Rs. 5,544), (b) metalling the 2nd portion of the Mercara-Periambadi

Communications

road from the Cauvery to Virajendrapet (Rs. 15,472), and (c) the construction of bridges on the 39/5 and 37/3 mile of the Mercara-Kodlipet road (Rs. 10,286). The major works in progress were (i) the Wynaad road (Rs. 5,584), (ii) metalling the first section of the Mercara-Kodlipet road (Rs. 12,247), (iii) realigning and metalling the Gonikoppal-Ponnampet road (Rs. 13,573), (iv) metalling the 2nd section of the Mercara-Kodlipet road (Rs. 10,006), and (v) the construction of an inspection bungalow with out-houses at Kodlipet (Rs. 4,680). On minor works a sum of Rs. 6,168 was spent on (a) construction of a road from Sanivarsante to join the Mercara-Kodlipet road, (b) culverts on the Sampaje and Periambadi Ghâts, and (c) improvements to bungalows and roads.

137. Excluding the usual outlay on the upkeep of bungalows, cooly lines, and bridges, the disbursements on account of repairs amounted to Rs. 1,01,881. The existing communications were maintained in good condition at an average cost of Rs. 572 for metalled and Rs. 151 for unmetalled roads per mile, the mileage under these heads being respectively 162 and 54.

138. A sum of Rs. 196 was spent on miscellaneous public improvements in erecting and maintaining rain gauges at various centres.

Irrigation.

139. The expenditure on irrigation was Rs. 39,237 against a grant of Rs. 38,000; the excess was due to the pushing on of the work at Devanur when labour was available. The major works completed were—

- (1) improvements to Kudlur Hirikere tank (Rs. 3,876),
- (2) improvements to Doddakanagala tank (Rs. 2,967), and
- (3) the investigation of the Harangi project (Rs. 2,547).

The major works in progress were, the construction of a dam with channels on the right and left banks of the Kire hole stream at Devanur (Rs. 11,650), and improvements to Nagavala tank (Rs. 2,905) and Taverre tank (Rs. 1,885). Expenditure was also incurred upon improvements to several other tanks throughout the province.

140. The expenditure on establishment, tools and plant was Rs. 68,326.

141. The department continued to be under the control of Mr. J. M. M. Parker.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

Imperial Revenue and Finance.

Gross Revenue.

142.—The total *demand* under all heads of Imperial revenue was Rs. 6,92,431 as compared with Rs. 7,02,475 in the previous year. The important variations were under Forests (+ Rs. 2,287), under Land Revenue (— Rs. 2,153), Excise (— Rs. 5,576), Stamps (— Rs. 4,222), and Income Tax (— Rs. 2,060). The increase under Forests is due to more extensive sales of timber and sandal wood, while the falling off under Land Revenue, Excise and Stamps is attributable, respectively, (1) to the abandonment of deteriorated coffee cultivation, (2) to reduced consumption of arrack and ganja, and (3) to low sales of judicial and non-judicial stamps. The reason for the decrease under income-tax is explained in paragraph 163 *infra*.

143. Statement No. 89.—*Gross and nett revenue*.—As compared with the figures of 1905–1906 the gross receipts (Rs. 7,08,098) exhibit an increase of Rs. 2,494, which is chiefly due to the inclusion under Land Revenue of the collection of arrears on account of the late Village Officers' Cess. After deducting refunds and charges against income, amounting to Rs. 2,70,906, the nett receipts were Rs. 4,37,192, or Rs. 60,086 less than in the previous year. This is explained by the fact that the charges in connection with the Land Records Department, which were formerly met from the Village Officers' Cess Fund, were debited to Imperial Revenues after its abolition.

144. Statement No. 90—*Expenditure from nett income.*—The expenditure charged against nett income amounted to Rs. 5,32,281, or Rs. 16,394 more than that of the previous year: this was due to increased outlay on medical and police buildings and on police establishment. The *nett* result of the Imperial transactions of the year was thus a deficit of Rs. 95,089. If allowance be made, however, for forest receipts paid into treasuries outside Coorg and adjusted by book transfer there would be a surplus of Rs. 29,599.

145. Statement No. 91—*Cash transactions.* The total receipts fell from Rs. 26,05,288 to Rs. 23,05,313 due to a falling off under remittances received from other treasuries and under receipts on account of bills drawn on other treasuries. The total expenditure (Rs. 22,53,358) shows a nett decrease of Rs. 1,99,155 as compared with that of last year. The only important variations related to the diminution in supply bills (— Rs. 2,95,219) and an increase (+ Rs. 83,898) in the remittances to other treasuries, which consisted almost entirely of currency notes. The cash balance at the close of the year was Rs. 5,46,190, or Rs. 51,955 more than at the commencement.

146. Statement No. 6—*Land Revenue.*—The total demand including the outstanding balance (Rs. 86,058) amounted to Rs. 4,15,584, of which Rs. 3,33,921 were collected and Rs. 437 were remitted. The outstanding balance at the close of the year was thus Rs. 81,226. Land Revenue.

147. No revenue is derived in Coorg from salt or customs, and the receipts from the sale of opium are included under the head “Excise.” No opium is produced in the province. Salt, customs and opium.

148. Statements Nos. 92 and 93—*Excise receipts and charges.*—The gross and nett revenue for the year were respectively Rs. 1,48,593 and Rs. 1,42,666, resulting in a decrease of Rs. 6,574 compared with the surplus of the previous year: this is due chiefly to diminished receipts under still-head duty, rent on toddy trees, and duty on ganja. There was no noteworthy variation in the charges. Excise.

149. Statement No. 94—*Manufactories, licenses and shops.*—The distillery building near Fraserpet was, as in the previous years, used as a depôt. Wholesale sub-depôts for arrack were situated at Mercara, Virajendrapet, Gonikoppal, and Fraserpet. The number of wholesale shops of foreign liquor remained the same, *viz.*, two at Mercara and one at Gonikoppal. The retail shop at Ammatti was closed during the year, reducing the number of such shops to six, *viz.*, Virajendrapet, Sidapur and Somwarpet, and the three wholesale shops above referred to, which enjoy the retail privilege. Three arrack and twenty-five toddy shops were closed during the year. There was no change in the number of retail shops of ganja.

150. Statement No. 95—*Duty and consumption of spirits and drugs.*—The contract for the manufacture of country arrack remained in the hands of Messrs. Parry & Co. of Madras, who imported jaggery arrack from Nellikuppam in South Arcot. The duty levied on each gallon of liquor issued from the depôt was Rs. 3-13-1 as in the previous year. The issues during the year fell by 477 gallons when compared with the figure for 1905-1906.

151. The opium contract was continued in favour of the old contractor and the drug was as usual obtained from Malwa through Government agency. The quantity sold during the year was 36 Madras seers and 69 tolas; a marked increase on the figure for 1905-1906, *viz.*, 29 seers and 9 tolas. There were three retail shops, *viz.*, at Mercara, Virajendrapet, and Gonikoppal.

152. The wholesale supply of ganja was as before managed departmentally. No fresh stock was obtained during the year. The quantity sold was 214 seers as compared with 446 seers in the previous year: this decrease is believed to be due to the inferior quality of the supply, which has now been replaced by a better article.

153. Statements Nos. 96 and 97—*Incidence of consumption, and demand, collection and balance of excise revenue.*—The total demand (Rs. 1,53,316) declined by Rs. 5,576 chiefly under still-head duty and duty on ganja.

154. Statement No. 98—*Excise offences*.—The number of prosecutions instituted (37) was 23 less than in the previous year while the percentage of convictions rose from 80 to 84. The nett amount of fines credited to Government after deducting rewards awarded to excise officers and informants was Rs. 544.

155. Statement No. 99—*Working of the excise establishment*.—The strength of the preventive staff remained the same. The inspection of shops was sufficient, but the performance of their detective duty, judged by the standard of cases charged, fell considerably below the standard of previous years.

Stamps.

156. Statements Nos. 100 to 102—*Receipts and charges under Stamps*.—The nett receipts amounted to Rs. 39,176 against Rs. 43,018 in 1905-1906. There was a decline in the revenue both from non-judicial and court-fee stamps.

157. Statement No. 103—*Arrangements for the vend of stamps*.—This calls for no remark.

158. Statements Nos. 104 and 105—*Insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments and stamp prosecutions and results*.—Convictions were obtained in the four cases instituted and the fines levied amounted to Rs. 31 against Rs. 18 in 1905-1906.

159. Statement No. 106—*Action taken to test valuation of estates*.—There were three applications for probate and letters of administration in respect of which it was found necessary to test the valuation of estates. The enquiries resulted in the conclusion that the fees originally paid were correct.

Income-tax.

160. Statement No. 107—*Collections of the tax from salaries, pensions, etc.*—The increase of Rs. 198 is mainly attributable to the payment of the salary of the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture from Imperial Funds from 1st April 1906 in consequence of the abolition of the village officers' cess.

161. Statement No. 108—*Realizations from interest on securities*.—Rs. 71 were realized as against Rs. 47 in 1905-1906: the increase was chiefly due to the investment of the security deposits of certain officials in Government paper. The following Government securities to the aggregate amount of Rs. 33,100 were exempted:—the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund, Rs. 13,500; the Thomson Prize Fund, Rs. 1,300; the Fraser Endowment Fund, Rs. 500; and the investments of the civil dispensaries, Rs. 6,000; municipal committees, Rs. 1,800; and the District Board, Rs. 10,000.

162. Statement No. 109—*Collections of the tax from all sources*.—Under salaries, pensions, etc., paid by Government and local authorities there was an increase of Rs. 63, due to the incremental additions to the salaries of certain officers. The decrease of Rs. 439 in the revenue from the salaries, etc., paid by companies and private employers may be chiefly ascribed to the continuance of the adverse conditions affecting coffee and the consequent reduction of salaries to employes on the plantations. The collections under "other sources of income" show a slight increase (Rs. 48).

163. Statement No. 110—*Original and final demand and uncollected balance*.—Under salaries and pensions the final demand was Rs. 7,759, against Rs. 7,612, and that on other sources of income Rs. 2,497 against Rs. 4,563 in 1905-1906; the large decrease under the latter head is accounted for by the fact that last year's demand included the tax of Rs. 1,972 assessed on a prize of over Rs. 75,000 won in a sweepstake. The total number of assessee fell from 171 to 168, and there were in all 16 objection petitions, resulting in a total reduction of Rs. 192. Of the final demand under all heads, viz., Rs. 13,531, all but Rs. 3,340 were collected before the close of the year. Of the balance Rs. 2,939 have since been recovered, leaving Rs. 401 still due.

164. The collection of the tax as usual devolved on the ordinary revenue establishment of the province and no extra expenditure was incurred on the assessment during the year under report. The First Assistant Commissioner and the Subordinate Judge continued to exercise the functions of Collectors of Income-tax.

165. The forest receipts, including a sum of Rs. 1,24,688 realized outside Coorg or adjusted by book transfer, amounted to Rs. 2,35,909 and the charges to Rs. 1,00,201. The nett surplus was thus Rs. 1,35,708 or Rs. 13,963 less than that of previous year.

Revenue and Finance other than Imperial.

166. The incorporated local fund called the Village Officers' Cess Fund which was started in November 1899, and the income of which was mainly derived from a cess levied at the rate of one anna and two pies on each rupee of assessment, for the maintenance of Land Records and Village Officers, was abolished with effect from the 1st April 1906 under the orders of the Government of India, conveyed in the Finance Department letter No. 1723-A, dated 23rd March 1906. The opening balance of Rs. 23,856 which stood at the credit of the fund on the 1st April 1906 was absorbed in the General Revenues. The outstanding balance was subsequently collected and credited to Imperial Funds.

The Village
Officers' Cess
Fund.

167. The gross demand of the District Fund, including the outstanding balance at the commencement of the year (Rs. 6,155), was Rs. 71,339. Including an advance payment of Rs. 22 made in the preceding year, the realizations and remissions aggregated Rs. 65,767. The outstanding balance at the close of the year was thus reduced to Rs. 5,572. With the opening cash balance (Rs. 26,005) and the contribution of Rs. 7,000 from Imperial Revenues, the gross receipts of the fund amounted to Rs. 98,673 and the expenditure to Rs. 60,795, leaving a closing cash balance of Rs. 37,878, of which Rs. 10,000 were held in Government securities.

The District
Fund.

168. The gross demand of the five municipalities in Coorg, including an outstanding balance of Rs. 2,635 at the commencement of the year, amounted to Rs. 31,199. The collections and remissions aggregated Rs. 28,851 leaving a balance of Rs. 2,348. Together with an opening cash balance of Rs. 11,182 the receipts amounted to Rs. 39,890 and the expenditure to Rs. 24,466 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 15,424.

Municipal
Funds.

169. The opening cash balance of the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund was Rs. 6,680, which together with the receipts (Rs. 1,644) derived from the coffee plantation and interest on Government securities of the nominal value of Rs. 13,500 aggregated Rs. 8,324. The expenditure in connection with the upkeep of the plantation and the educational establishment amounted to Rs. 5,603 reducing the closing balance to Rs. 2,721. The income of the fund was affected to a large extent by the exceptionally poor coffee crop, which brought in only Rs. 1,103.

The Mercara
School Endow-
ment Plantation
Fund.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

170. Statement No. 111—*Particulars of births, deaths and marriages in towns.*—The excess of deaths over births was chiefly due to the mortality among immigrant coolies admitted into the municipal hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet.

Births and
deaths.

171. Statement No. 112—*Births registered.*—The number of births was 141 more than in 1905. The birth-rate for the entire province rose from 25·31 to 26·10 *per mille*. The registration of births is a very difficult matter in Coorg owing to the absence of compact villages and the very scattered position of habitations: it is most probable that the number of births is under estimated much more so than the number of deaths.

172. Statement No. 113—*Births and deaths registered.*—5,285 deaths (29·26 *per mille*) were recorded against 4,739 in 1905: of these 651 occurred among families not permanently resident in the province. The rise in mortality was chiefly due to the increased prevalence of fever, which was responsible for 390 additional deaths. Small-pox also contributed to the increase. The death-rate among females was slightly higher than among males.

173. Statement No. 114—*Deaths registered during each month.*—The comparative healthiness of the seasons was as usual.

174. Statement No. 115—*Deaths registered according to age.*—This does not call for any comment.

175. Statement No. 116—*Deaths registered according to class.*—The mortality in the category of 'other classes' was particularly numerous while the death-rate among Coorgs was the same as the general average.

176. Statement No. 117—*Deaths registered from different causes in towns and districts.*—The greatest mortality was even more than usual due to fevers (4,266). The high mortality from 'other causes' in municipal areas is chiefly attributable to the deaths among immigrant coolies brought in for treatment in the two municipal hospitals, especially that at Virajendrapet, when at the point of death from debility, privation and malarial cachexia.

177. Statements Nos. 118 and 119—*Deaths from cholera and small-pox.*—There were ten deaths from cholera during the year. Small-pox accounted for 234 deaths against 132 in 1905.

178. Statement No. 120—*Deaths from fevers.*—The ratio *per mille* rose from 21.46 to 23.62. The mortality was severest during July, when the influx of immigrants is largest and the monsoon most trying.

179. Statement No. 121—*Deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea.*—The mortality ascribed to this cause was higher than in 1905 by 45.

180. Statement No. 122—*Deaths from plague.*—There were no cases of plague during the year.

181. Statement No. 123—*Deaths from respiratory diseases.*—The number of deaths from this cause was 43 against 30 in 1905.

182. Statements Nos. 124 and 125—*Ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhoea, and comparative statement of mortuary and meteorological statistics with prices of food-grains.*—It will be observed that prices ruled high, the monsoon was over average and mortality rather more than normal—the last fact being doubtless influenced by the two preceding.

Emigration and
immigration.

183. There are no recruiting stations in Coorg and no record is kept of emigration or immigration. There are few or no emigrants from the province, but many thousands of coolies come in from Malabar, South Canara and Mysore, to work on the coffee estates and rice fields at the commencement of the monsoon, returning home as the demand for labour slackens. It has not been found practicable to compile accurate statistics as to the extent of this recurring immigration.

Medical relief.

184. Statement No. 126—*Hospitals and dispensaries.*—The Mercara Jail Hospital is excluded from this statement as it is dealt with separately in paragraph 56 *supra*. Three of the ten institutions are of a private character, namely, the two dispensaries maintained in the "Bamboo" district by the South Coorg Medical Relief Fund and that opened by Messrs. Matheson & Co. in the same neighbourhood for the treatment of coolies employed on their coffee estates.

185. Statements Nos. 127 to 131—*Accommodation, number of patients treated during the year and the rate of mortality among in-patients.*—49,061 patients were treated in the municipal and local fund dispensaries against 44,194 in 1905, while 3,879 persons received treatment in the three private institutions against 4,635 in the previous year. The decrease is probably due to the smaller number of coolies employed by planters during the year under report on account of the very unfavorable coffee season. There was a small increase (26) in the number of in-patients (1,031) and the mortality rose from 16.5 to 18.7 per cent.

186. Statement No. 132—*Patients under treatment according to sex and race.*—This calls for no remarks.

187. Statement No. 133—*Operations performed*.—The operations numbered 803 against 640 and the percentage of success was 97·38 against 97·34 in 1905.

188. The sale of quinine to the public through the agency of post offices continued, the number of seven-grain powders disposed of during the year being 43,720 against 36,995 five-grain powders in 1905—a proof of the increased popularity of this drug in the malarial localities.

189. Statement No. 134—*Income and expenditure of hospitals and dispensaries*.—Excluding the pay and allowances of the Civil Surgeon and the reserve hospital assistant, which are not debitable to any specific institution, the total expenditure on medical relief was Rs. 12,264 against Rs. 14,402 in 1905. The decrease is due to (a) the medicines having been obtained from the Madras Medical stores instead of from London as hitherto and (b) the nurse's post having remained vacant for about six months in the year. The sanctioned strength of hospital assistants (9) remained at the same figure as in 1905.

190. The Sanitary Board was abolished with effect from the 5th April 1906 in accordance with the orders of the Government of India. The various pettahs were all inspected during the year from a sanitary point of view by the Civil Surgeon, Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners, and steps are being taken to remedy the minor defects pointed out. The only sanitary works of importance were the raising of the full supply level of the existing reservoir and the construction of V shaped drains in the Mercara Municipality at a cost of Rs. 829 and 558, respectively. Sanitation.

191. Statement No. 136—*Sanitary works and comparison of mortality prior and subsequent to the construction of the Mercara water-works*.—No safe inference can be drawn from the comparison as the deaths include numerous cases of immigrant coolies brought to the hospital in a dying condition. The water-supply is of excellent quality and the quantity available was ample except that economical distribution was necessary in the height of the dry season.

192. Statement No. 137—*Summary of vaccination work*.—The number of vaccinations performed was 10,884 against 10,878 in 1905–1906. Of these, 9,013 were primary cases and 1,871 re-vaccinations, the percentage of successful cases being 93·22 and 75·54, respectively, against 93·30 and 76·11 in the previous year. Only calf lymph was used. It is hoped that recent orders, issued with a view of securing more assistance from the Taluk officials, will assist vaccination. Vaccination.

193. Statement No. 138—*Cost of the vaccine department*.—The establishment consisted of eight vaccinators, and the total cost including supervision charges was Rs. 2,752 or Rs. 12 more than in the preceding year.

194. Statement No. 139—*Dispensary vaccinations*.—The number of vaccinations performed was 348 against 413 in 1905–1906: 153 were primary and 195 re-vaccinations; the percentage of success in each case was lower than in the preceding year.

195. Statements Nos. 140 and 141—*Number and result of primary vaccinations during the last decade and verification of vaccinations*.—The proportionate inspection compares favourably with that in the preceding year: the Civil Surgeon inspected 601 cases while the Inspector of Vaccination and the Assistant Surgeon verified 4,577; the corresponding figures for 1905–1906 were, respectively, 569 and 3,849.

196. Statement No. 142—*Infantile vaccinations in municipal areas*.—From October 1905 to September 1906 there were 296 births, but 72 infants died during the year. The number vaccinated during that period was 234.

197. Statement No. 143—*Statistics of vaccination and mortality from small-pox during the past fifteen years*.—The number of successful vaccinations was well above the average.

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

General system
of public
instruction.

198. The educational institutions in Coorg fall under two main heads, *viz.*, public and private. Under the former are classed all Government schools maintained from Imperial funds, board schools maintained from local revenues, and mission and other schools, which either receive aid from public funds, or have otherwise come under the influence of the department. Private schools are mostly indigenous, and being unaided, are entirely independent of departmental control.

199. The agencies at work are (1) the Government, (2) the District and Municipal boards, and (3) Missionary societies and private persons.

Government has charge of secondary education, and maintains a Normal School for the training of primary schoolmasters, and a few primary schools to uphold a fairly high standard of elementary education and as models for private enterprise to follow. The board, mission and private schools are all of the primary grade.

200. The course of instruction from the Infant to the Upper Secondary stage extends over a period of eleven years as shown below :—

Infant stage	...	...	1 year.
Lower Primary stage		...	3 years.
Upper do.		...	1 year.
Lower Secondary stage		...	3 years.
Upper do.		...	3 years.
Total			11 years.

The bulk of the pupils do not read beyond the upper primary stage, and leave school at the age of about 10 to 13 years.

In the higher or upper secondary classes pupils are prepared for the Matriculation examination of the Madras University, the medium of instruction being English. Most of the successful candidates enter Arts or Professional Colleges outside the province and read for a degree in Arts or a diploma in medicine, agriculture or a kindred subject. In the Middle or Lower Secondary classes the study of English is optional and all non-language subjects are taught in the vernacular.

The curriculum of studies is prescribed by Government: that for the public primary schools comprises reading, writing, and arithmetic as well as two or three of the following subjects, *viz.*, geography and history of India, hygiene, agriculture and object lessons. Drill, drawing, and manual training have recently been introduced and are taught in several schools.

In most of the private unaided schools the teaching is primitive and promiscuous. No regard is paid to the classification of pupils.

201. The teachers employed in recognised schools have all passed some examination or other. Quite 70 per cent. of them are professionally trained. A fair number of secondary schoolmasters are graduates of the Madras University.

The Headmaster of the Mercara High School has always been a European and belongs to the Madras Provincial Educational Service.

For the training of teachers of the primary and lower secondary grades there is a Government Normal School at Mercara. Graduates and undergraduates are trained in Madras.

202. The Government has the control of text-books used in public schools. For the Matriculation examination the books are prescribed by the Madras University and for other courses by the Local Government on the recommendation of the Text-book Committee for Madras.

203. The examinations to which schools for general education present pupils are the University entrance examination and the school leaving certificate examination. The latter has recently taken the place of the old primary and lower secondary examinations held at the end of the upper primary and lower secondary courses, respectively. It is not, however, a public examination like the two it has superseded.

204. For administrative purposes the schools in Coorg are under the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, subject to the general control of the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Coorg. The inspecting officers of the Madras educational department have direct supervision over the schools.

The Inspector of Schools visits the province once a year and thoroughly inspects the secondary and training schools and also a large number of primary schools. Directly under him is the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools (formerly styled the Deputy Inspector). The Sub-Assistant Inspector is borne on the Madras list, but resides in the province and is in charge of all primary schools, both 'boys' and 'girls'. The Sub-Assistant Inspector has an assistant called the Supervisor of Primary schools. Every primary school has to be inspected twice a year by the Sub-Assistant Inspector and the Supervisor, and these two officers share the work of annual examination of schools for leaving certificates, each being responsible for one part of the province. The revenue officers of the province of and above the rank of Subedar pay numerous visits of inspection to schools, and see that they are well attended and well taught. These visits are extremely useful and form one of the distinctive features of the Coorg system.

205. At present there are no committees for rural schools in Coorg. The matter is now under correspondence and it is hoped that before long every village school will have a committee to look after its immediate wants.

206. There are a fair number of scholarships, some of which are tenable within, and some without, the province. The first set are awarded to deserving pupils in the secondary department of the Mercara High School to enable them to read up to the Matriculation examination. Among the second set, which are granted on the result of the Matriculation examination, there are three paid from Imperial funds and one paid from Plantation funds of the monthly value of Rs. 10 rising to Rs. 15 each, and tenable on the average for 4 years in any arts or technical college. Additional scholarships are also given from time to time for the study of technical subjects such as veterinary science, etc.

Girls are exempted from the payment of fees, except when they learn English; Muhammadan boys pay half the standard rates, while Panchamas and other backward classes are not charged anything for their schooling.

207. The educational arrangements of the province underwent material changes during the quinquennium under report owing to the introduction of the important reforms decided upon with reference to the recommendations of the Simla Conference. They were:—

Education—
Preliminary
remarks.

- (1) the substitution of examinations to be conducted *in situ* for the primary and lower secondary tests held at convenient centres;
- (2) the strengthening of the local inspecting staff by the appointment of a Supervisor of Primary schools on a salary of Rs. 50 *per mensem*, plus a consolidated travelling allowance of Rs. 20 *per mensem*;
- (3) the establishment of four model primary schools at the cost of Government;
- (4) the opening of three additional Girls' schools, and improved arrangements for the pay and supply of school mistresses;
- (5) the reorganisation of the training school;
- (6) measures to secure instruction in agriculture and elementary science in primary schools;
- (7) the redistribution of the funds available for scholarships, and the award of special scholarships to girls.

The administration of the department was also facilitated by the transfer of the supervision of all educational institutions in Coorg to a single Inspector of Schools and by the issue of consolidated rules for their inspection and control.

General
summary.

208. The total number of public schools rose from 77 to 90 during the quinquennium under report. Of the 90 schools, 11 were maintained by Government, 67 by the District Board, 5 by Municipal Committees and 7 by private bodies, as against 3, 64, 6 and 4, respectively, in 1901-1902. The number of private and indigenous schools also advanced from 22 to 29. There was thus a gain of 20 schools during the period. The statistics of attendance for the year 1906-1907 are given in Statements Nos. 144 and 146. A comparison of the figures with the corresponding figures for previous years will show that the first three years of the quinquennium were not favourable to the progress of education. During a part of the period plague affected the attendance in a few places. The number of pupils under instruction in public schools, therefore, fell from 4,325 in 1901-1902 to 3,968 in 1904-1905. In the succeeding years, however, it recovered its former strength and slightly exceeded it. The decrease in the attendance at board schools is nominal, due to 5 of the institutions being taken over by Government and the pupils reading in them being shown in the returns under Government schools. The increase at the training school was due to the number of stipends having been recently doubled. The strength of private schools was generally better.

Altogether there were 119 schools with 4,865 pupils at the close of the quinquennium against 99 schools with an attendance of 4,758 pupils at the commencement.

209. The ratio of children under instruction to the total population of the school-going age as given in Statement No. 144 was worked out from the actual number of children between the ages of 5 and 15 according to the last census report. This number includes hundreds of cooly children, who were temporarily working on coffee estates in Coorg at the time of the enumeration. If the children of the school-going age be taken at 15 per cent. of the total population, as is done in other provinces and countries, the proportion of pupils would be considerably higher, namely 24.47 per cent. in the case of boys, 9.28 in the case of girls and 17.97 in the case of both sexes, as against 16.2, 5.18 and 10.88, respectively, shown in Statement No. 144.

210. Classified according to *standard of instruction*, there were no colleges, two secondary and 116 primary schools and one training institution. The number of secondary and training schools remained stationary, but that of primary schools increased by nearly 20 per cent.

211. Distributed according to *stage of instruction* the great majority of the pupils (91.8) were reading in the primary classes, 15.3 per cent. in the upper and 76.5 per cent. in the lower as against 18.3 and 73.95 per cent., respectively, in 1901-1902. The decline in the number of upper primary students was due to the raising of the standard and fewer promotions made. For similar reasons there were fewer pupils in the upper secondary classes in 1906-1907 than in 1901-1902.

212. Classified according to *race or creed* the bulk of the school children were non-Brahman Hindus (4,106). The number of Europeans or Eurasians remained stationary, while that of Muhammadans and Panchamas rose from 156 and 134 to 200 and 206, respectively, during the quinquennium owing to the establishment of additional schools for these classes. Non-Brahman Hindus and Christians showed a slight falling off, due probably to a more careful classification. It is not uncommon for Pariah pupils to say that they are Christians in order to get admission to caste schools.

213. Classified according to the *social position or income of the parents* only 7 per cent. of the children attending public schools belonged to the "richer" classes, 23.2 to the "middle" and 76.1 to the "poorer" classes as against 2.2, 21.2 and 76.6, respectively, in 1901-1902.

214. Seventy-two per cent. of the pupils in public schools are the children of cultivating land-holders and 10 per cent. are those of agricultural labourers. The children of officials number 7·4 per cent., while those of traders and artisans 5·5 and 1·5 per cent., respectively. The occupation of the parents of 3·6 per cent. of the pupils could not be correctly ascertained.

215. Ninety-four and a half per cent. of the pupils were protected from small-pox.

216. The languages taught in the Coorg schools are English and a Vernacular. The number of pupils learning English was 1,022 (928 in public and 94 in private schools) against 797 in 1901-1902, the increase being due partly to the introduction of English in two aided schools and partly to the appointment of better teachers in Government primary schools. The vernaculars taught are Canarese and Hindustani.

217. The educational expenditure in Coorg is met from (1) Imperial funds, (2) local funds, (3) municipal funds, (4) school fees, and (5) endowment and other sources, details of which are given in Statement No. 145. A comparison of this statement with similar statements for the previous five years will show that the outlay on education gradually advanced from about Rs. 40,000 to a little over Rs. 49,000. Further examination will show that whereas the cost of secondary schools remained about the same (between Rs. 14,000 and Rs. 15,000), the expenditure on primary education increased by a little over 36 per cent. in consequence of the establishment of additional schools and the grant of better pay to several teachers. The expenditure under Inspection and Training schools was also considerably higher owing to the appointment of a Supervisor of Primary schools and the reorganisation of the Normal school at Mercara. The decrease under municipal funds was due to the abolition of the Municipal Tamil school at Mercara. Of the sum of Rs. 14,533 shown in Statement No. 145 as expenditure on Secondary schools Rs. 1,597 was spent on the primary classes they contained.

The budget grants for the concluding year of the quinquennium as originally sanctioned were Rs. 35,200 under Imperial, Rs. 13,340 under Local, and Rs. 2,500 under Municipal funds, or in all Rs. 51,040, and as subsequently revised they stood at Rs. 31,170, Rs. 13,030, and Rs. 2,500, respectively, or Rs. 46,700 in all. The actual expenditure under Imperial funds was, in round numbers Rs. 31,550, and was made up of the following items, namely,—

Rs. 2,930 under inspection,

Rs. 22,190 under Government schools, general, *

Rs. 2,800 under Government schools, special,

Rs. 2,050 under scholarships, and Rs. 1,580 under grants-in-aid.

The expenditure from local funds amounted to Rs. 13,050, and that under municipal funds to Rs. 2,270.

The above figures do not include a sum of about Rs. 10,000 spent by the Public Works Department on the construction of the two Government Girls' schools at Ammatti and Nalkeri and on some of the improvements made to the High School buildings at Mercara.

218. Information under this head is given in paragraph 204 *supra*. The changes introduced during the quinquennium were (1) the transfer of the supervision of all schools in Coorg to a single Inspector, who took the place of the three superior Madras officials, namely, an Inspector of Schools for general education, an Inspector of European and Training schools, and an Inspectress of Girls' Schools, (2) the strengthening of the local inspecting staff by the appointment of a Supervisor, and (3) the improvement made in the pay and position of the Sub-Assistant Inspector. Controlling agencies.

The inspection and examination of the educational institutions in the province now vest in the Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle. Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, the present Inspector, visited Coorg twice during the year 1906-1907, once in April and again in October, and toured through the province

* Includes a sum of Rs. 240 spent on the Boarding House, but shown in Statement No. 145 against "Miscellaneous".

for nearly two months and inspected about 40 schools. The Sub-Assistant Inspector examined 156 schools and in doing so travelled 1,680 miles and was absent from head-quarters for 188 days. The Supervisor was on tour for nearly seven months and paid 130 visits of inspection to schools, travelling 1,050 miles. The last two officers not only examine pupils, but also pay special attention to their physical, manual and moral training, and hold conferences of teachers with a view to instruct them in improved methods of teaching by giving model lessons, etc.

Numerous visits of inspection were also made by the local revenue officers, the great majority (89) being conducted by the Subedars of the five taluks.

The Director of Public Instruction, Madras, paid a visit to Coorg during the quinquennium and inspected all schools—both primary and secondary—situated within municipal limits at Mercara and Virajendrapet, and also saw four primary schools in rural areas.

Collegiate
education.

219. There is no College in Coorg, but the benefits of collegiate education are brought within reach of the people by means of scholarships referred to in paragraph 206 *supra*.

Secondary
education.

220. There are two secondary schools of which one, the Mercara High School, is under a European Headmaster residing on the premises, and prepares pupils for the Matriculation examination of the Madras University; the other, situated at Virajendrapet, is of the lower secondary standard. The two schools contained between them 431 pupils against 552 in 1901-1902. The decrease was due entirely to the abolition of the primary classes attached to the Virajendrapet school. The fee income of the Mercara High School rose from Rs. 3,762 in 1901-1902 to Rs. 5,159 in 1906-1907, owing chiefly to the enhancement of the rates in the secondary classes. Both the schools are well furnished and provided with good libraries, and gymnastic and other apparatus. Covered in gymnasias have recently been built.

Mr. C. A. Wilkinson, B.A., was the Headmaster of the High school for the major portion of the quinquennium and did excellent work.

The Virajendrapet school continued to do good work under M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rau, who has been in charge of it for upwards of ten years.

The majority of the assistant masters employed in the two schools now possess the requisite general and professional qualifications, several of them having undergone the prescribed technical training at Madras or Calicut within the last five years. Five of the assistants at Mercara and two at Virajendrapet are graduates of the Madras University.

Statistics relating to the Matriculation examination are given in Statement No. 149. The percentage of passes has all along been above the average for the Madras Presidency. Better work would be possible in the Secondary schools if only the best material were selected from those seeking for admission into Form I. The necessary steps are being taken; their effect cannot be gauged, however, during the period under review, as measures have only been taken recently. It is felt moreover that it is not desirable that the rural population of Coorg shall crowd unduly into secondary schools. By the measures which are being taken it is hoped that both these ends will be compassed.

Primary
education.

221. Particulars regarding the number and strength of the primary schools of the different classes are given in Statement No. 146. Most of the recognised institutions are of the upper primary standard and contain all the five classes, infant, first, second, third and fourth.

Except in five Government schools, one local fund and one aided school the teaching staff is numerically weak. Very nearly all the public primary schoolmasters are passed and trained men, but several of them are old fashioned. They manage, however, to keep the children always occupied. The time-table is so arranged that when one class has a reading lesson, another is working a sum or two in arithmetic, a third is doing dictation under a monitor and the infants are tracing the letters of the alphabet on sand or forming them with seeds. Garden

work, clay modelling, and other manual occupations are interspersed with reading, writing and arithmetic in such a manner as to avoid monotony. The increasing amount of attention devoted to handicrafts and garden work is worthy of notice. The whole of Coorg is agricultural and the development of this side of the work tends to bring the schools into intimate connection with home life. It is not easy to speak too highly of the Sub-Assistant Inspector's work in this connection. He has entirely overcome the prejudice against manual labour in some parts of Coorg and is daily demonstrating to all the possibility of supplying all the necessities for a household by means of one's own handiwork. The prominence given to these matters during the last quinquennium and also to active interest in nature study and forestry are matters deserving notice. Attempts are also being made to introduce first in the girls' schools and then later in the boys' schools the systematic teaching of stories from the Ramayana and Mahabharata—another very important development. The course in the girls' schools includes a great deal of needle work, some singing, reading of Canarese manuscript and practical knowledge of bazaar prices and accounts. It would probably not be overstating the fact, to compare the trend of the endeavour in primary education in Coorg with that of the Central Provinces Rural Schools. The logical outcome of this work is the establishment of something in the nature of a practical agricultural school, where boys who have shown promise in primary schools, may instead of crowding into secondary schools, continue their preparation for life in Coorg. The province has vast possibilities in the way of development and it would be a splendid thing if the scientific knowledge of agriculture could be brought to bear upon its development. The beginnings of this work date from this quinquennium and the foundation now laid may be of great use in the future. In addition to the ordinary subjects of instruction mentioned in paragraph 200 *supra*, English is taught as an optional language in 4 Government, 3 local fund and 5 aided schools.

With an exception or two all public primary schools have houses of their own, built in most cases by private individuals at their own cost, and made over to Government. The building by private persons of school houses is a special feature of Coorg and is worthy of particular notice. The latest example of this is the gift of a building at Somwarpet for the better housing of the Government model school there. During the quinquennium 8 new schools were constructed, 6 by the people and 2 by Government. A large number of the buildings have tiled roofs and more than 90 per cent. have compounds which form a combined play ground and garden. Annual repairs to school houses are usually done by the villagers concerned.

222. The only institution under this head is the Government Training School at Mercara, and it provides the provincial supply of primary schoolmasters. Training schools.

Sanction was received during the quinquennium to the reorganisation of the school and some of the changes have already been given effect to *i.e.*, the appointment of an agricultural instructor, the extension of the course of training from one to two years, and doubling the number of stipendiaries. The other improvements sanctioned, such as the opening of a model primary school with five extra teachers to serve the purposes of a practising branch, will be made when the building, which is now being enlarged, is ready for occupation. Provision was made for the training of female teachers. Two were trained in 1906-1907 and two were admitted a few months ago. The number of stipends is 26 : ten are of the value of Rs. 7 each and the rest of Rs. 5 each. In addition to the usual stipends, male teachers under training get a portion of their pay, and female students a guardian allowance of Rs. 5 each.

Twenty-nine students out of 56 passed both the written and the practical portion of the Teachers' Certificate examination and were awarded certificates. The rest have passed the written test only and will get their certificates on passing the practical test or on completing the probationary period prescribed.

The school has a small museum and a library. All the necessary furniture and apparatus have been supplied within the last three years.

M.R.Ry. N. Dasappa continued in charge of the school and did good work.

Technical
education.

223. Facilities for technical education in Coorg are not many: but what little could be done in this direction has not been lost sight of. Two scholarships have already been granted—one for medicine and the other for veterinary science, the former being paid from local funds and the latter from the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund. A weaving class has been opened in connection with the aided Hindustani School at Ammatti, and arrangements are being made for the opening of another at Somwarpet. An agricultural instructor has been appointed at Mercara and normal students are taught by him the principles of scientific agriculture. Manual training of a very useful kind to agriculturists, such as rope making, wood work, etc., is given in most of the rural schools.

Female
education.

224. The progress made in this direction during the quinquennium was satisfactory. Three Government schools at an annual cost of Rs. 2,500 were opened and 4 annual scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 4 each, tenable for 3 years, were sanctioned to enable girls to continue their studies beyond the upper primary standard. At the close of the year 1906-1907 there were 5 schools (4 Government and 1 aided) exclusively for girls, against one in 1901-1902. The total number of girls under instruction in all classes of schools rose from 975 to 1,118 during the period. Ten were reading in the lower secondary classes and 102 in the upper primary, against 4 and 90, respectively, in 1901-1902. Three passed the lower secondary examination but several were successful at the primary examination. The number of girls reading English advanced from 28 to 50.

225. All the teachers employed in Government schools are women. One head mistress and two assistant mistresses are trained, and two other assistant mistresses are now under training at the Mercara Training School.

The cost of educating a girl in a girls' school amounted to Rs. 10-4-0 against Rs. 6-6-0 in a mixed school.

European
education.

226. There are no separate schools for Europeans and Eurasians in Coorg, but a small number (7) of poor Eurasian children were reading in ordinary schools side by side with native pupils at the close of the quinquennium.

Muhammadan
education.

227. There were three schools specially for Muhammadans, two maintained by the Municipal Committees of Mercara and Virajendrapet, and the third—an aided institution—by private persons at Ammatti. They were attended by 133 pupils. In other schools there were 67 children. Two Muhammadan teachers were trained at Madras during the period under report and three more have recently been sent for training.

Special classes.

228. The only special classes, for whose education separate schools have been established, are Panchamas comprising Holeyas, Madigas, Pales and Yeravas. Two new schools, one for Pales and the other for Yeravas, were opened during the quinquennium, making a total of nine schools against 7 in 1901-1902. In two of the schools caste boys are also admitted. Five schools were under Panchama teachers, four of whom were trained.

Private
institutions.

229. These are chiefly unaided indigenous schools of the primary grade. They are of ephemeral nature and the instruction imparted in several of them consists of reading and recitation (without meaning) of religious poetry and a little writing and arithmetic. A few schools in South Coorg follow the departmental curriculum to some extent. Only two schools have houses of their own, and the teachers employed are all unqualified men.

Discipline and
moral training.

230. The subject of discipline and moral training continuously receives the attention of the Educational Department.

There is a well managed boarding house attached to the Mercara High School under the eye of the European Headmaster, which accommodates 60 boys. A young teacher has been put in charge of the Hostel lately. He has nothing to do with its finance or working but is to help the boys and exercise a good influence. This is felt to be an important step in advance. An age limit is prescribed for the classes in the two secondary schools.

Playgrounds and gymnasia have been provided in some cases, and prizes are given for efficiency in gymnastics. In rural schools drill is taught and native games are encouraged.

Breaches of discipline are repressed in accordance with certain well defined rules.

231. In the year 1905-1906 a Teachers' Association was formed, the membership of which is confined to teachers employed in primary schools. The first provincial conference was held at Mercara in October 1906 under the presidency of Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, the Inspector of Schools. An educational exhibition in connection with the conference was also held at the same time. It has been decided that all the members of the Association should meet at Mercara once a year. Smaller meetings are held at taluk head-quarters two or three times a year, when lectures and model lessons are given, speeches made and discussions held on educational subjects. A lending library containing nearly 200 volumes is located in the office of the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, who is the president of the Association. During the year 1906-1907 eleven meetings were held at different places and were presided over either by the Sub-Assistant Inspector or the Supervisor. The meetings were very popular. Educational conferences.

232. There is a Government book depôt at Mercara with five branch depôts, the operations of which are confined to the supply and distribution of text-books to primary schools. Preparation and distribution of Text-books.

There is no Text-book Committee for Coorg.

233. Of the total population (180,607) about 70 per cent. are permanent residents of Coorg. The remaining 30 per cent. consist of immigrant coffee estate coolies, who stay in the country only during certain seasons and cannot be reached by the Educational Department. The servile classes of Holeyas and Yeravas, who form a large section of the settled population, and the Kurubas and other jungle tribes who have swelled the census figures, are reluctant to take advantage of the facilities given them for educating their children.

234. The only printing press in the province is the Coorg District Press at Mercara. The total charges amounted to Rs. 3,190 and the recorded value of the work was Rs. 3,977, but the cash receipts were only Rs. 542, as the bulk of the operations related to printing done for Government departments. The Press.

235. Statement No. 154—*Literary Societies*.—These three institutions foster the study of literature through the medium of libraries and reading rooms. Literary societies.

VIII.—ARCHÆOLOGY.

236. No archæological work of importance was carried out during the year, but a sum of Rs. 33 was expended on repairs to a temple in the Mercara taluk, and the Mercara Fort and Palace were kept in repair. The renovation of the Nalknad Palace is under consideration. Archæology.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

237. The standing information which concerns this chapter is printed at page 48 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, under the heading "Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction." Ecclesiastical jurisdiction.

238. Statement No. 155—*Religious institutions*.—There were no changes during the year except that the French Roman Catholic Mission abandoned the churches at Ammatti and Fraserpet and established a new one at Pollebetta. Ecclesiastical.

239. The great bulk of the income enjoyed by the indigenous religious institutions of the province consisted of a contribution of Rs. 25,262* by Government made up of cash payments, deductions from the land revenue demand and endowments in land. Of this sum Rs. 11,701 form the endowment of minor temples under the management of the village communities concerned, while the remaining Rs. 13,561 related to expenditure under the management of the Committee constituted under the Coorg Temple Funds Management Regulation, 1892. Eight general meetings were held by the Committee during the year, the average attendance being 8·87 members. There were no vacancies in the *personnel* of the Committee. With the opening balance of Rs. 1,694 the annual income aggregated Rs. 17,335, and as the expenditure amounted to Rs. 16,342 the closing balance was Rs. 986. The main source of income was the Government grant of Rs. 13,561, of which Rs. 6,824 were devoted to the upkeep of the religious institutions under the management of the Committee, while the remaining Rs. 6,737 were expended on the *chattrams* attached thereto. The receipts from offerings amounted to Rs. 976, exclusive of voluntary contributions of grain to the value of Rs. 631. Of the outstanding debts due to the Committee only Rs. 152 were recovered, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,509 at the close of the year. The expenditure was chiefly incurred on the upkeep of the customary religious services and ceremonies and the purchase of food-grains for pilgrims; Rs. 10,043 were spent on the last item as compared with Rs. 7,436 in the previous year. Rs. 515 were spent on repairs to buildings.

Charitable institutions.

240. Statement No. 156—*Charitable institutions*.—The four aided *chattrams* which are situated at Mercara, Bhagamandala and Irpu are under the control of the Temple Management Committee and enjoy a Government endowment of the aggregate value of Rs. 6,737. The two unaided institutions of this description which are located at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet are maintained by private charity.

Stationery.

241. The supply of articles of stationery to Government offices in Coorg is arranged for in communication with the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras.

Condition of records.

242. The work of record sorting was continued throughout the year and a set of rules for destruction of records and for record management generally was under compilation. Satisfactory progress was made in both respects considering the fact that no additional staff was employed.

Co-operative credit societies.

243. The number of societies rose to eleven including six established in the previous year. There were 940 members on the roll. Including the opening balance and the Government loan of Rs. 3,900, the gross receipts of the fund amounted to Rs. 26,673. The outgoings aggregated Rs. 23,154 leaving a closing cash balance of Rs. 3,519. The total outstandings against the members were Rs. 13,902. Full particulars on the working of the societies will be separately published.

* Including the charitable grants towards the upkeep of *chattrams* (Statement No. 156).

PART III.

STATISTICAL APPENDICES.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Total area of the province of Coorg for the year 1906-1907.

Presidency or Province.	Coorg.	
Total area.	Acres.	
1. Area according to professional survey ...	1,012,260	Note.—This statement corresponds with Form A—1 of the Tables of Agricultural statistics.
2. Deduct { (a) Feudatory States ... (b) Area for which no returns exist ...	...	
3. Nett area by professional survey ...	1,012,260	
4. Corresponding area by village papers ...	1,012,260	

(2). Character of Surface.

1. Forests	348,548	Note 1.—This statement is Form A—2 of the Agricultural Tables. A detailed description of the character of the surface will be found in paragraphs 1 to 11 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, <i>vide</i> pp. 1—3.
2. Not available for cultivation ...	362,929	
3. Culturable waste other than fallow ...	23,435	
4. Current fallows	136,265	
5. Nett area cropped during the year ...	141,083	Note 2.—The area shown as not available for cultivation consists of (a) unculturable Government waste and (b) unculturable <i>banés</i> , estimated respectively at 149,572 and 213,357 acres.
Total ...	1,012,260	
6. Irrigated during the year. { (a) Government canals ... (b) Private canals ... (c) Tanks ... (d) Wells ... (e) Other sources ...	2,374	Note 3.—Item 3 is the estimated area of culturable Government waste.
	...	
	...	Note 4.—Item 4 is composed of (a) the estimated area of culturable <i>banés</i> (9,804 acres) and (b) the difference between the nett area cropped and the gross holdings other than <i>banés</i> . It thus includes unculturable extents under actual holding, the area of which there is no means of ascertaining.
	...	
	...	
Total area irrigated...		2,374
7. Crops irrigated. { (a) Rice (b) Other cereals and pulses ... (c) Miscellaneous food-crops ... (d) Miscellaneous non-food crops ...	2,374	
	...	
	...	
	...	
Total ...		2,374

(3). Climate, 1906.

Place at and year for which observation taken.	January to May.		June to September		October to December		Total.		Normal rainfall.	Average temperature in the year.				Prevailing winds.		
	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall		Months.	Maxi- mum.	Mini- mum.	Mean.	January to May.	June to Sep- tember.	October to December.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Mercara, 1906.	12	7·91	91	115·12	23	9·33	126	132·36	121 *	{ May. July. Dec.	84·2	63·4	73·8	} N. & N. W.	W. & S. W.	E. & N. E.
											71·3	60·5	65·9			
											75·7	59·9	67·8			

* Average of the past 15 years.

(4).

Civil Divisions of British

Name of province.	District.	—	Number of sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.	Number of villages.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
COORG.	Coorg.	<i>Civil</i> — District Judge (1) Subordinate Judge (1) Assistant Commissioner (1) } ... Munsiffs (2) } <i>Criminal</i> — Sessions Judge (1) District Magistrate (1) First-Class Magistrate (1) } ... Second-Class Magistrates (7) } <i>Revenue</i> — Commissioner (1) Assistant Commissioners (3) } ... Subedars (5) }	2 7 6	1,582.80	180,607	Mercara, 6,732	522

Notes.—Col. 2. The whole province constitutes a single district.

Col. 3. (a) This does not show the Chief Commissioner who forms the highest revenue court and in his capacity as Judicial Commissioner is also the highest civil and criminal court.

(b) Under Assistant Commissioners has been included the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture, who is invested with the powers of an Assistant Commissioner.

Col. 4. The civil, criminal and revenue sub-divisions are, respectively, the local areas in charge of (a) the munsiffs (b) the second-class magistrates and (c) the European Assistant Commissioner and the subedars. The powers of the other officers named in column 3 extend to the whole province.

Col. 8. Only 484 villages are shown in the census tables, but 522 are recognized as units for the purpose of revenue collections.

Territory in the Coerg Province for the year 1906-1907.

How many civil and revenue judges of all sorts.	How many magistrates of all sorts.	Number of police.	Total cost of adminis- tration.	Land Re- venue and Rates.	REMARKS.
9	10	11	12	13	14
Civil ... 5 Revenue ... 8	Nine.	Town Police ... 250 Rural Police ... 4,324 Total ... 4,574	Rs. 2,61,631*	Rs. 3,74,919	* Total of Col. 12. Details :— 3—Land Revenue—District Administra- tion. Rs. 71,191 Dist. Funds—General Administration. 1,334 6—Stamps ... 702 7—Excise ... 5,760 19A—Law and Justice—Courts ... 47,626 Less receipts ... 6,198 41,428 19B—Law and Justice—Jails ... 10,620 Less receipts ... 1,251 9,369 20—Police 54,213 + 1,395 = 55,608 Less receipts ... 3,172 52,436 22—Education 31,581 + 13,047 = 44,628 Less receipts ... 11,274 33,354 24—Medical 24,507 + 3,554 = 28,061 Less receipts ... 1,360 26,701 45—Civil Works :—(Local). P. W. expenditure on roads... 38,959 Bungalow, Toll Establt. &c. ... 2,020 Total ... 40,979 Less receipts under— Tolls ... 18,980 Ferries ... 1,922 Bangalows ... 681 Miscellaneous 40 21,623 19,356 Total cost of Administration ... 2,61,631
					+ Total of Col. 13. Details :— Land Revenue 3,39,589 + 5,130 ... 3,44,719 Stamps ... 39,958 Excise ... 1,48,593 Provincial Rates ... 30,200 Income-tax ... 7,200 Registration ... 3,920 Interest ... 870 Law and Justice—Courts ... 6,198 Do. —Jails ... 1,251 Police 239 + 2,933 ... 3,172 Education 9,013 + 2,261 ... 11,274 Medical 157 + 1,203 ... 1,360 Scientific and other minor departments... Stationery and Printing ... 653 Miscellaneous ... 376 Public Works ... 10,026 Coerg District Funds not included in the above. 23,941
					Grand Total—Rs. 2,61,631 3,74,919
					Gross revenue of the province—Rs. 6,33,711 + Gross Revenue ... 6,33,711

(5). Population of the province of Coorg enumerated at
the census on 1st March 1901.

1. Number of inhabited houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,560 *
2. Population according to sex and age	...	Men	...	...	...	...	...	79,445
	...	Women	...	...	...	...	...	59,259
	...	Children under 10 years	...	Boys	...	...	...	20,813
	...		...	Girls	...	...	...	21,090
	...					Total	...	180,607
3. Number per square mile	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114
4. Classification of population; according to religion	...	Christians	...	Europeans	...	...	...	228
	...		...	East Indian and other mixed classes	...	...	...	295
	...		...	Natives	...	...	...	3,160
	...	Hindus	...	Coorgs	...	...	...	36,091
	...		...	Other Hindus	...	...	...	123,726
	...	Muhammadans	...	...	...	...	...	13,654
	...	Animists	...	...	...	...	...	3,305
	...	Jains	...	...	...	...	...	107
	...	Parsis	...	...	...	...	...	41
5. Occupation	...	Agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	147,690
	...	Non-agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	32,917†
6. Prevailing languages	...	Canarese, Kodagu, Malayalam, Yerava, Tulu, Hindustani, Tamil, Kuruba, Telugu, Konkani, Marati, English, German, Portuguesc.						

Note.—Coorg being an inland province there is no emigration or immigration by sea.

* Statistics as to the number of tiled and thatched buildings are not available.

† Includes 807 individuals enumerated as partially dependent on agriculture.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

(6). Land Revenue for the year 1906-1907.

Description of revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Nett collections during the year	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Causes of increase and decrease.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
From settled estates bearing revenue in the previous year ...	3,25,304		3,25,281							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the year ...	4,489		4,202							
Total ...	3,29,793	2,41,005	3,29,483	2,46,500	9,611	3,33,921	Rs. 76,962*	196	1,614	
Settled estates taken off revenue roll in the year ...	4,512		6,061				For previous years. 4,264†			
							Total ... 81,226			
Nett for the year...	3,25,281		3,23,422							
Collection from Government estates ...	...	...	...	...						
Income from sale of Government estates	965	965	720	680						
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	5,432	5,432	5,384	5,384						
Total ...	3,31,678	2,47,402	3,29,526	2,52,564						

* The current balance consists chiefly of (a) assessment due in respect of coffee exported to Europe, the collection of which is postponed until the end of May, and (b) the March instalment of the ordinary demand which does not fall due until the 20th of that month.

† All the old arrear balance except Rs. 891 had been adjusted by the end of June 1907.

(7). Statement showing the value of assignment of land revenue
for the year 1906-1907.

Purpose.	Assessment actually paid on assigned lands.	Assessment payable if land had not been so assigned.	Value of assignments (column 3 minus column 2.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
I. For maintenance of public servants.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Village servants ...	2,225	4,995	2,770	
(2) Rural police * ...	67,286	1,34,572	67,286	* Jama ryots.
Total ...	69,511	1,39,567	70,056	
II. On other grounds.				
A. Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Individuals as reward for past service†	6,039	30,416	24,377	† Jagir, Umbli and Jodi.
(2) Individuals for religious service ‡ ...	...	793	793	‡ Bhattamanya Jagir.
(3) Institutions for religious service § ...	5,042	14,924	9,882	§ Jodi, &c.
Total ...	11,081	46,133	35,052	
B. Cash payments to religious institutions.	...	...	8,258 ¶	¶ Includes Rs. 1,008 being payments by deduction from land revenue.
Total of A and B ...	11,081	46,133	43,310	
Total of I and II ...	80,592	1,85,700	1,13,366	

(8). Incidence of the land revenue on area and population
in the financial year 1902-1903.

District.	Nature of tenure.	Total area by survey less feudatories.	Deduct.		Balance, i.e. fully assessed area for which returns are available.		Total land revenue (excluding cesses) of district.	Population of district.	Land revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6.)	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area (column 4(a)).	Incidence per-acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully assessed area (column 4).	
			(1) Area not fully assessed.	(2) Area for which returns, so far as required for this Table, are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.					For total area.	For cultivated area.
1		2	3(a)	3(b)	4(a)	4(b)	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. A.P.	Rs.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Coorg	Ryotwari.	1,012,260	873,488	...	138,772	*	3,46,361	180,607	1 14 8	2,58,082	1 13 9	*

Note.—This statement is Form C. of the agricultural tables prepared quinquennially. The figures were compiled for the year 1902-1903.

* The entry in column 4 (a) represents the areas held (i) under the *sagu* tenure, (ii) under the coffee tenure excluding free allowances, (iii) for orange and arecanut cultivation. Figures as to the proportion of these areas actually cultivated are not available. Of the total holdings (267,411 acres)—whether fully assessed or not—155,735 acres were cultivated during the year, but these figures include items of 47,392 and 590 acres respectively being cardamom areas the revenue from which is credited to Forests. Excluding these items the incidence per acre of cultivated land works out to Rs. 2-3-8.

(9). Register of transfers of landed property
the year 1906-1907.

District and nature of tenure.	Number of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
COORG.	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
Proprietors. { Revenue paying ...	158	408	482	3,541
{ Wholly or partially revenue free...	51	4	208	182
Total ...	209	412	690	3,723
Total of previous year ...	256	411	2,309	4,181

Note 1.—There are no tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognized) powers of transfer.

(10). Capital account of advances actually made by Government during the year 1906-1907.

Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16,408	15,480	15,941	558

(11). Account of Local Government with Agriculturist Borrowers for the year 1906-1907.

		Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Principal ...	Outstanding at commencement of the year ...	12,174	4,229	16,403	
	Advanced during the year ...	2,205	3,750	5,955	
	Total advanced ...	14,379	7,979	22,358	
	Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears).	6,903	4,628	11,531	
	Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...	
	Collected during the year ...	3,951	2,927	6,878	
	Total remitted and collected ...	3,951	2,927	6,878	
	Balance outstanding at the end of the year ...	10,428	5,052	15,480	
	Amount suspended by competent authority ...	...	...	...	
	Amount overdue ...	2,952	1,701	4,653	
Interest ...	Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year ...	487	145	632	
	Interest falling due within the year ...	606	320	926	
	Total interest for collection within the year ...	1,093	465	1,558	
	Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...	
	Collected during the year ...	589	281	870	
	Total remitted and collected ...	589	281	870	
	Suspended by competent authority ...	...	...	...	
	Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year...	504	184	688	
	Total principal and interest.	Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
		Collected during the year ...	4,540	3,208	7,748
Under suspension at the end of the year ...		...	...	...	
Overdue at the end of the year ...		3,456	1,885	5,341	

(12). Financial results of Loan operations in Coorg for the year 1906-1907.

		Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1.	Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding shown in Statement I ...	396	162	558
2.	Interest at 6½ per cent. collected during the year ...	589	281	870
3.	Balance of interest accruing to Government after deduction of (1) from (2) ...	193	119	312
4.	Remissions of principal during the year ...	...	...	...
5.	Nett result (profit) for the year 1906-1907 ...	193	119	312
6.	Nett result for previous years { 1905-1906... ..	270	81	351
	{ 1904-1905... ..	291	123	414
	{ 1903-1904... ..	115	234	119
	{ 1902-1903... ..	331	455	786
	{ 1901-1902... ..	304	86	390
7.	Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private works, or on establishments for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takkavi transactions ...	...	...	...

(13).

Survey and settlement.

Area previously surveyed and settled.		Cost per square mile.		Surveyed and finally examined during 1906-07.
Topographical survey.	Revenue.	Topographical, inclusive of village boundaries demarcated and surveyed.	Revenue.	Revenue survey.
1	2	3	4	5
522 villages = 1,581.66 square miles.	(1) Special surveys prior to the general survey of the province square miles. (a) Coffee estates... 174.64 (b) Devarakadus... 24.12 Total... 198.86 (2) Revenue survey of the province completed in 1892. 506 villages = 963.12 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The general survey completed in 1892 includes areas shown under (1). (3) Special surveys subsequent to 1892 = 158.11 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—These consist chiefly of re-surveys to correct errors; also of sub-divisions. (4) Settlement in 1894-95 = 17 villages = 46.10 square miles. Summary Settlement in 1896-97 = 485 villages = 762.62 square miles. Total... 502 villages = 808.72 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The remaining 20 villages in the province are abandoned villages or blocks of reserved forests.	Rs. 95	Rs. 136	Special surveys = 2.90 square miles.

III.—PROTECTION.

III.—PROTECTION.

(14). Statement of the Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting
the province of Coorg during the year 1906–1907.

Title of Act.	Object and character of the Act.	Date of commencement.
1	2	3
The Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturists' Loans (Amendment) Act, 1906.	An Act to further amend the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 and the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884.	31st August 1906.
The Repealing and Amending (Rates and Cesses) Act, 1907.	An Act to repeal and amend certain enactments relating to abolished rates and cesses.	21st March 1907.

(15).

Return of cognizable crime

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending from previous year.	Number reported in the year.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice.</i>				
3	231 to 254	Offences relating to coin	...	2
7	212 to 216, 216A	Harbouring an offender	...	...
8	221, 225, 225B and 226	Other offences against public justice	...	3
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159	Rioting or unlawful assembly	...	4
10	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>				
11	302, 303, 306	Murder	1	6
12	307	Attempts at murder	...	2
13	304, 308	Culpable homicide	...	6
14	376	Rape by a person other than the husband	...	...
15	377	Unnatural offence	...	...
16	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	...
17	305, 306, 309	Attempt at and abetment of suicide	...	3
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	1	2
19	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324	Hurt	1	10
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371	Kidnapping or abduction, selling, &c., for prostitution and dealing in slaves	...	...
22	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	...	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...	3
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against person and property or against property only.</i>				
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402	Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	2
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393	Robbery	...	11
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences	...	8
28	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	1	3
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	1	7
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>				
31	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	...	2
32	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	...
33	374	Compulsory labour	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>				
34	379 to 382	Theft { of cattle ... ordinary	...	34
35	406 to 409	Criminal breach of trust	13	186
36	411 to 414	Receiving stolen property	3	25
37	419, 420	Cheating	...	11
38	447, 448 and 453 and 456.	Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...	3
39	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>				
40	295 to 297	Offences against religion	...	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294.	Public nuisances and offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable *	...	80
Total			22	413
Total of previous year			24	491

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

for the year 1906.

Number in which investigation was refused.	Number remaining for investigation.	Number proved or declared to be false.	Number due to mistakes of law or fact or declared non-cognizable.	Number pending at end of year.	TRUE CASES.				Total magistrates' true cases.	Total magistrates' cases convicted.	Grand total of true cases (columns 14 + 15.)	REMARKS.
					Convicted.	Discharged or acquitted.	Not detected or apprehended.	Total true cases (columns 6 + 11 + 12 + 13).				
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	
...	4	...	...	...	12	...	...	4	4	...	8	2 dis.
...	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	3	3	1	6	2 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	7	...	2	...	3	...	2	5	...	...	5	
...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	
...	6	...	1	2	2	1	...	3	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	3	
...	3	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	1	...	4	1 dis.
...	11	...	...	1	3	7	...	10	4	...	14	4 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1 dis.
...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	3	3	2	2	...	...	2	2 dis.
...	11	...	2	...	3	3	2	3	2	...	10	2 dis.
...	8	1	1	...	1	3	2	6	3	...	9	3 dis.
...	4	...	1	...	2	1	...	3	3	...	6	3 dis.
...	8	...	1	...	6	1	...	7	2	1	9	1 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	4	2 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	32	1	4	...	16	11	...	29	1	...	30	
...	199	20	34	7	94	35	5	134	6	2	140	
...	28	2	7	1	11	6	1	18	12	7	30	
...	11	...	1	3	5	2	...	7	4	4	11	
...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	6 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	4	23	19 dis.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	80	...	...	1	76	3	...	79	1	1	80	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	432	26	61	16	238	75	16	332	78	22	410	
24	491	22	97	23	241	73	36	369	125	24	494	

(16).

Return of persons concerned in

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons in police custody, or on bail under section 170, C. P. C., at beginning of year, as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the police.
1	2	3	4
Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.			
3	231 to 254 ...	... Offences relating to coin ...	...
7	212 to 216, 216A ...	... Harboursing an offender ...	...
8	224, 225, 225B & 226.	... Other offences against public justice ...	1
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159	... Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	...
10	140, 170, 171	... Personating public servant or soldier ...	...
Class II.—Serious offences against the person.			
11	302, 303, 396	... Murder ...	...
12	307	... Attempts at murder ...	...
13	304, 308 ...	... Culpable homicide ...	...
14	376	... Rape by a person other than the husband ...	...
16	317, 318 ...	... Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	...
17	305, 306, 309 ...	... Attempt at, and abetment of suicide ...	...
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335	... Grievous hurt ...	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324	... Hurt ...	1
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371	... Kidnapping or abduction, selling, etc., for prostitution and dealing in slaves ...	...
22	346 to 348 ...	... Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357	... Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	...
Class III.—Serious offences against person and property, or against property only.			
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402 ...	... Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393 ...	... Robbery ...	4
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	... Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...
28	428, 429 ...	... Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal ...	...
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452 ...	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	...
Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.			
31	341 to 344 ...	... Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	...
32	336, 337 ...	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	...
33	374	... Compulsory labour ...	...
Class V.—Minor offences against property.			
34	379 to 382 ...	... Theft ... { of cattle ... ordinary ...	14
35	406 to 409 ...	... Criminal breach of trust ...	2
36	411 to 414 ...	... Receiving stolen property ...	...
37	419, 420 ...	... Cheating ...	...
38	447, 448 & 453 & 456	... Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	...
Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.			
40	295 to 297 ...	... Offences against religion ...	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294.	... Public nuisances ...	...
42		... Offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable * ...	...
Total			22
Total of previous year			...

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

cognizable cases for the year 1906.

Arrested by the police during the year.	Released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code.	Released by magistrates' order before trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons evading arrest at close of year.	Number in custody or on bail at end of year.	Persons concerned in magistrates' cases.			Remarks.
								Number arrested.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	3	2	...	1	...	4	2	2	
33	...	...	33	15	7	...	11	41	6	35	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	...	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	
13	...	...	13	4	2	1	6	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	3	3	2	...	...	4	...	4	
5	...	...	5	3	2	...	2	8	...	8	
16	...	...	17	8	12	...	...	3	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 pending.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	...	...	15	4	11	...	...	5	...	5	
5	...	...	5	1	4	...	...	5	...	5	
4	1	...	3	2	1	...	...	5	...	5	
9	...	...	9	8	1	...	...	4	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	2	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	...	3	40	22	18	...	...	19	...	19	
206	19	...	201	132	64	4	1	18	7	11	
24	2	1	23	11	9	...	3	18	9	9	
13	...	...	13	6	2	...	4	6	5	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	7	
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	53	11	41	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	...	...	11	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	
113	...	...	113	96	14	...	3	12	1	11	
529	22	5	524	338	150	6	30	217	46	170	1
562	8	11	543	350	170	1	22	235	37	181	17

(17).

Return of non-cognizable

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Cases reported in the year.	Total for disposal (columns 4 and 5).	Number dismissed without trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.</i>						
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229 ...	Offences against public justice ...	3	7	10	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants ...	...	3	3	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property ...	3	16	19	...
7	465 to 477A ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes, and falsifying accounts ...	...	2	2	1
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	3	3	...
10	140, 153A to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	1	1	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>						
12a	376 ...	Rape by the husband ...	...	1	1	1
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>						
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	...	1	1	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>						
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	5	185	190	8
17	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt ...	1	42	43	3
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>						
18	417, 418 ...	Cheating ...	...	7	7	...
19	403 to 405 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	2	9	11	3
20	426, 427, 434 ...	Mischief (simple) ...	4	42	46	2
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>						
23	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage ...	1	6	7	...
24	500 to 502 ...	Defamation ...	...	4	4	...
25	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation, insult and annoyance ...	4	158	162	15
26	71 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288 and 290 ...	Public and local nuisances ...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII (A) C. P. C. ...	Security for keeping the peace on conviction ...	...	...	...	...
29	Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C. ...	Security for good behaviour ...	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C. ...	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ...	Maintenance of wives and children ...	...	6	6	...
<i>Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognizable by the police.</i>						
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514 ...	...	...	8	8	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859 ...	...	11	483	494	99
	The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 ...	...	1	15	16	3
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ...	...	...	3	3	...
	Municipal Bye-laws ...	...	...	54	54	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878 ...	...	...	37	37	...
	Excise Act, 1890 ...	...	...	34	34	...
	Fisheries Act, 1897 ...	...	...	1	1	...
	Forest Act, 1878 ...	...	1	7	8	1
	Cruelty to animals Act, 1890 ...	...	...	2	2	...
Total ...			36	1,137	1,173	136
Total of previous year ...			62	1,185	1,247	81

crime for the year 1906.

Number ending in dis-charge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Number pending at close of year.	Number declared by the court never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a cognizable offense was committed.	Cases of death, escape or lunacy, during trial, and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (sections 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494, C. P. C.).	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.	REMARKS.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
3	7	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
4	12	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
155	21	6	...	...	122	...	
33	6	1	...	...	29	...	
4	2	1	...	...	...	...	
5	3	...	...	...	...	...	
41	2	1	...	...	22	...	
4	3	...	...	...	2	...	
3	...	1	...	...	2	...	
136	7	4	...	...	75	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	8	...	...	...	...	...	
304	85	6	...	...	272	...	
11	2	...	...	...	8	...	
...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
12	42	...	...	...	11	...	
4	33	...	...	...	...	...	
4	26	3	1	...	1	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
1	6	...	...	...	1	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
729	280	27	1	...	545	...	
194	260	36	...	...	676	7	

(18). Return of persons concerned in non-cognizable cases for the year 1906.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz. under trial or against whom process had issued).	Persons against whom process issued.		Persons not arrested because absconded, or evading or not complying with summons during the year; also those against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the courts.	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried.		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (columns 5 & 6).	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded, or withdrawn, and those who died, escaped or became insane during trial.	Number of those in col. 11 convicted of cognizable offences.	Persons died, escaped, or transferred before appearance.
				On complaint.	On magistrate's own motion or information from the police.				Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14a	14b	14c
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.</i>															
4	173 to 190, 201 to 204 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229 ...	Offences against public justice ...	7	6	1	...	14	...	7	7	100·00	...	...	...	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants ...	...	4	...	...	4	1	...	3	75·00	...	...	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims, & fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	1	18	...	...	19	...	4	12	66·66	3	...	...	...
7	465 to 477A ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes and falsifying accounts ...	...	9	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	1	2	...	3	...	...	3	100·00	...	...	...	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	3	100·00	...	...	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>															
12a	376 ...	Rape by the husband ...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>															
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	...	4	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>															
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	33	353	...	...	386	11	312	42	11·99	21	255	...	...
17	353 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt	1	86	...	...	87	2	63	14	16·27	8	40	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>															
18	417, 418 ...	Cheating ...	...	10	...	2	10	...	5	3	30·00	2	...	...	...
19	403 to 405 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	1	9	1	...	11	1	6	4	40·00	...	...	...	...
20	426, 427, 434 ...	Mischief (simple) ...	4	78	...	...	82	...	75	6	76·92	1	64	...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>															
23	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage ...	1	13	1	...	15	...	11	4	28·57	...	2	...	...
24	500 to 502 ...	Defamation ...	2	12	...	...	14	...	12	...	...	2	3	...	...
25	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation, insult and annoyance	8	277	1	...	286	14	243	10	34·72	14	149	...	...
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, and 290...	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chap- ter VIII(A), C. P. C. Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction. Security for good behaviour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chap- ter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chap- ter, XXXVI C.P.C.	Maintenance of wives and children.	1	14	...	...	15	12	1	2	14·28	...	...	...	...
<i>Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognizable by the police.</i>															
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	8	100·00	...	...	...	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859	...	16	475	...	...	491	10	376	101	21·26	4	327	...	3
	Cattle Trespass, Act, 1871	...	2	25	...	...	27	3	23	1	4·00	...	20	...	...
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1879	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	4	100·00	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Bye-Laws	...	...	63	...	...	63	...	19	44	69·84	...	11	...	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	...	...	49	...	...	49	...	7	42	85·71	...	...	...	...
	Excise Act, 1890	...	1	34	6	...	41	...	6	32	80·00	5	1	...	...
	Fisheries Act, 1897	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	3	100·00	...	...	...	...
	Forest Act, 1878	...	2	25	...	...	27	...	11	16	64·00	...	1	...	...
	Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	2	100·00	...	...	...	...
Total			80	1,578	20	2	1678	59	1190	366	22·90	63	873	...	3
Total of previous year			42	1,982	64	3	2085	63	1593	350	17·10	79	1,222	...	14

(19). Property stolen and recovered—1906.

Offence.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
(A).—Cognizable.				Rs.	Rs.		
1. Theft	a. In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	8	8	100·00	990	726	73·33
	b. In conjunction with receiving of stolen property	11	10	90·90	220	150	68·18
	c. Other thefts	117	102	87·18	2,308	1,826	57·45
2. Robbery	a. Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...
	b. Other robbery	7	5	71·43	153	33	21·57
3. Criminal breach of trust	...	18	12	92·30	807	198	64·40
4. Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent	...	5	5	100·00	23	21	91·30
Total		161	142	88·20	4,001	2,454	61·33
Total of previous year		173	144	83·23	5,116	3,075	60·10
(B).—Non-cognizable.							
5. Extortion	...						
6. Criminal misappropriation	...						
Total							

(21). Return showing the equipment, discipline and general internal management of the police force for the year 1906.

District.	Total strength.				Armament of the force.			Punishments.										Rewards.			
	Sanctioned.		Actual.		Number of rifles.	Number of smooth-bores.	Number of revolvers.	Dismissed.				Punished departmentally otherwise than by dismissal.		Punished judiciously by a Magistrate or Sessions Court.				By promotion.	Rewarded during the year.		
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Under Police Act.	Under sections 330, 331, 336, Penal Code.	Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.	Other offences.						
					Officers.	Men.	Officers.								Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1								9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Coorg	28	212	26	210	...	40	...	2	10	7	141	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	33
Previous year	23	212	27	209	...	40	...	1	7	17	139	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	48

District.	Education.		Number enlisted during the year.		Of one year and under three years' service.			Of three years and under ten years.		Of ten years and under 17 years.		Of 17 years and over.		Number who have left the force during the year.						Percentage to total actual strength of			Remarks.
	Number of police who can read and write.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	On pension or gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal.	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Admissions into hospital.	Daily average sick.	Deaths.	
Coorg	23	192	31	52	85	31	11	1	11	12	...	...	5	41.72	3.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Previous year	24	190	43	111	77	16	5	...	9	8	...	...	3	32.08	2.67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(23). Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each class of offence during the year 1906.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons.				
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Offences against the public tranquillity „ VIII	6	4	6	39	7	21	...	11
Offences by or relating to public servants „ IX	3	3	4	6	..	6	...	..
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants „ X	5	5	9	11	4	5	...	2
False evidence and offences against public justice „ XI	22	21	24	27	9	17	1	...
Offences relating to coin and Govt. stamps „ XII	2	2	2	2	...	2	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures „ XIII	3	3	3	3	...	3	...	...
Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals „ XIV	4	4	4	11	1	10	...	...
Offences affecting human body, Chapter XVI.	Offences affecting life	17	11	10	20	2	12	...
	Hurt	61	57	60	117	29	20	...
	Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	4	2	3	7	2	5	...
	Criminal force and assault	188	179	183	384	323	42	...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII.	Theft	225	155	161	289	96	167	1
	Extortion	1	1	1	4	4	...	...
	Robbery and dacoity	15	8	8	20	16	4	...
	Criminal misappropriation of property	10	7	9	11	7	4	...
	Criminal breach of trust	40	30	32	43	17	20	3
	Receiving of stolen property	15	14	15	19	4	11	...
	Cheating	13	13	13	16	7	3	...
	Mischief	69	62	67	100	92	6	1
	Criminal trespass	42	36	35	72	38	28	5
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII	2	1	1	5	...	...	...	5
Offences relating to marriage „ XX	7	7	7	14	10	4	...	...
Defamation „ XXI	4	4	4	12	12	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance „ XXII	161	145	148	262	236	10	...	16
<i>Offences under Special and Local laws.</i>								
The Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859	441	379	390	482	376	101	1	4
The Police Act, 1861	56	56	56	61	8	58	...	...
The Gambling Act, 1867	4	4	4	30	12	18	...	...
The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871	16	12	13	24	23	1	...	...
The Indian Forest Act, 1878	8	7	8	27	11	16	...	...
The Indian Arms Act, 1878	37	37	36	49	7	42	...	...
The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878.	18	18	18	24	1	21	...	2
The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890...	2	2	2	2	...	2	...	...
The Excise Act, 1896	34	33	34	41	6	32	...	3
The Indian Fisheries Act, 1897	1	1	1	3	...	3	...	...
The Indian Stamp Act, 1899	3	3	3	4	...	4	...	...
Municipal Bye-Laws	54	54	52	63	19	44	...	...
Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514	8	8	8	8	...	8	...	...
Total	1,601	1,388	1,434	2,312	1,439	750	12	111
Total of previous year	1,795	1,575	1,612	2,806	1,942	736	13	115

Note.—The Chapters referred to in column 1 are those of the Indian Penal Code.

(24). Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code during the year 1903.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Possession, chapter XII ...	1	1	1	...	
2. Frivolous or vexatious accusations, summarily dealt with under chapter XX, section 250 ...	20	21	...	21	
3. Maintenance, chapter XXXVI ...	6	6	...	2	
4. Forfeiture of bail or recognizances under chapter XLVI ...	8	8	...	8	
Total ...	35	36	5	31	
Total of previous year ...	44	47	12	36	

(25). Statement showing the general result of criminal trials in the tribunals of various classes in the province of Coorg during the year 1906.

Class of courts.	Persons whose cases were disposed of.																	Remarks.
	Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.																	
	Committed or referred.																	
	Discharged or acquitted.																	
Total number of persons under trial.	Died, escaped, or transferred to another province.																	
	Total of previous year																	
	Total																	
	Total of previous year																	

(27). Statement showing the particulars of whippings inflicted during 1906 in lieu of other punishments, sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in sections 378 to 381, I.P.C. ...	1	11	1	13
2	Receiving stolen property under section 471, I.P.C. ...	...	2	...	2
3	Do. section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Total ...	1	14	1	16
	Total of previous year ...	1	18	1	20

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(28). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1906 in addition to other punishments, sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in sections 378 to 381, I.P.C. ...	...	5	...	5
2	House breaking, under section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Total ...	...	6	...	6
	Total of previous year ...	...	5	...	5

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(29). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1906 on juveniles, section 5, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, under section 378, I.P.C. ...	1	1	...	2
	Do. section 380, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Total ...	1	2	...	3
	Total of previous year ...	...	1	...	1

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(30). Statement showing relative number of times whipping was awarded during 1906 as compared with other punishments.

No.	Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1	Total number of whippings awarded ...	* 19	* This is the number awarded in lieu of other punishments and not in addition to other punishments.
2	Total number of other punishments in which whipping might have been awarded ...	51	
	Total ...	70	
3	Percentage of whipping ...	27.14	

Statement showing the result of appeal and revision in criminal cases during the year 1906.

Tribunals.		Number of persons.										Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped, transferred to another province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.		
	1	31	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
APPEALS.													
To Chief Magistrate of District ...	...	...	7	57	...	1	14	...	...	...	...	5	
" Court of Session ...	...	...	1	23	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	16	
" Judicial Commis- sioner's Court. }	By persons convicted ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	20	
	} Government from judgment of acquittal.	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	30	
Total	Total	111	8	81	...	3	15	...	...	...	4	...	
REVISION.													
By Chief Magistrate of District ...	...	...	4	8	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	5	
" Court of Session ...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	
" Judicial Commissioner's Court	...	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	16	
Total	Total	38	20	8	...	...	1	...	2	...	7	...	
Grand Total	Grand Total	149	23	89	...	3	16	...	2	...	31	...	
Total of previous year	Total of previous year	218	81	90	...	13	15	4	1	4	4	...	

Statement showing the use of juries and assessors in the criminal courts during the year 1906.

Classes of courts in which jurors or assessors are employed.	Number of accused persons in jury trials.				Number of accused persons in trials with assessors.				Remarks.	
	Tried.	As to whom the Judge			Tried.	As to whom the Judge				
		Approved verdict.	Did not approve of verdict.	Made reference under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.		Agreed with all the assessors.	Differed from one or more but not from all the assessors.	Differed from all the assessors.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Court of Session { Jurors Assessors	2	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	
	2	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	2	
Total	2	...	...	...	...	5	3	1	1	
Total of previous year	2	...	...	...	...	5	3	1	1	

(33). Statement showing the nature and amount of accommodation for each class of prisoners in the Mercara Jail at the close of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Serial number.	Name of jail.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1906 in the part of the jail devoted to—														Superficial area per prisoner in square yards in the enclosures (ward and work shop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year 1906.	
			Hospital.		Simple prisoners.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand Total.		By Jail department.	By Public Works department.
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F							
1	Mercara Jail.	Cells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	8	291 square yards.	...	Rs.
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	6	85	143			664
		Do without	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		Total	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	8	91	151			
		Total average population	141	...	0.92	...	4.26	...	4.78	0.36	...	...	...	1.93	81.24	94.90			

(34). Statement showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9		
Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.		
			M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
Coorg.	Mercara Jail.	Convicts ...	75	2	77	204	9	213	279	11	290	195	10	205	84	1	85	83.51	1.93	85.44
		Under-trial ...	5	1	6	130	12	142	135	13	148	116	13	129	19	...	19	4.83	0.36	5.19
		Civil ...	3	...	3	33	...	33	36	...	36	32	...	32	4	...	4	4.27	...	4.27
		Total ...	83	3	86	367	21	388	450	24	474	343	23	366	107	1	108	92.61	2.29	94.90
	Taluk Lock-ups.	Convicts ...	1	...	1	128	2	130	129	2	131	129	2	131	...	...	...	2.16	...	2.10
		Under-trial..	1	...	1	205	9	214	206	9	215	198	9	207	8	...	8	4.43	0.13	4.56
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	2	...	2	333	11	344	335	11	346	327	11	338	8	...	8	6.53	0.13	6.66
	Grand Total ...		85	3	88	700	32	732	785	35	820	670	34	704	115	1	116	99.14	2.42	101.56
	Grand total of previous year ...		66	1	67	714	53	767	780	54	834	695	51	746	85	3	88	88.56	4.36	92.92

(35). Statement showing the particulars regarding prisoners under-trial in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12																		
Serial number.	Jails.	Number remaining at the close of previous year		Number received		Total.		Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.			Es. caped.		Died.			Remain- ing on 31st Dec. 1906.				
		M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
1	Mercara Jail	...	5	1	130	12	135	13	148	4.83	0.36	5.19	65	9	74	50	4	54	...	...	...	...	1	...	19	...	19	...	19
2	Taluk Lockups	...	1	...	205	9	206	9	215	4.43	0.13	4.56	94	6	100	89	2	91	14	1	1	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	8
Total		...	6	1	335	21	347	22	363	9.26	0.49	9.75	159	15	174	139	6	145	14	1	1	...	1	...	27	...	27	...	27
Total of previous year.			11	...	336	31	397	31	428	12.76	0.71	13.47	215	13	228	153	15	168	21	3	1	...	...	...	6	1	7	...	7

(36). Statement showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8		9				10	11	12	13	14	15	16						
Serial number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.	Imprisoned during the present year.	Total.	Received by transfer.		Grand total.	Transferred to other jails.		Released during the year.				Transported beyond seas.	Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.	Escaped.	Executed.	Died.	Remaining at the end of present year.	Daily average number.						
					A	B		A	B	C	D	By order of Government.	On expiry of sentence.								On appeal.	Under remission rules.	(a)	(b)	On account of sickness.	On Coronation day.
1	2	3	4	5	A	B	A	B	A	B	C	D	(a)	(b)												
1	Mercara Jail	75	2 91	6 166	8	...	279 11	...	10	...	156	9	...	...	...	...	...	84 1	83 51	85 44						
2	Taluk Lock-ups	1	...	2 128	2	...	129 2	...	...	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 10						
	Total...	76	2 219	8 295	10	...	408 13	...	10	...	208	9	...	...	...	...	...	84 1	85 61	87 54						
	Total of previous year...	54	1 206	16 260	17	...	357 23	...	17	...	176	16	...	...	...	...	...	76 2	72 92	76 57						

(38).

Statement showing the nature of the crimes for which convicts

1	2							
	Convicts admitted to							
	A		B		C		D	
	Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.	
Nature of crime.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
<i>Under the Indian Penal Code.</i>								
Abetting the enticing away of a married woman	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rioting	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Giving false information to a public servant in order to cause him to use his lawful power to the injury of any person	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Giving or fabricating false evidence in a judicial proceeding	2	1	5	...	4	...	...	...
Intentionally omitting to give notice or information to a public servant which he was legally bound to give	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
False charge of offence made with intent to injure	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...
Taking gift to screen an offender from punishment	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Offering a gift in consideration of screening an offence	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Escaping from lawful custody	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Resistance or obstruction by a person to his lawful apprehension	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Fraudulent use of false weight or measure	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Attempt to murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Voluntarily causing hurt	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapon	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault or use of criminal force with intent to dishonour a person otherwise than on grave and sudden provocation	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assault or use of criminal force to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Assault or use of criminal force to a woman with intent to outrage her modesty	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Theft	12	1	11	...	14	1	5	...
Theft in a building	6	...	7	...	4	...	1	...
Theft by servant of property in possession of master	2	2	1	...	4	...	...	...
Robbery	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
Criminal breach of trust	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Criminal breach of trust by a clerk or servant	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal breach of trust by a public servant	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
Dishonestly receiving stolen property knowing it to be stolen	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Cheating	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
Assisting in concealment or disposal of stolen property	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Mischief and thereby causing damage to the amount of Rs. 50 or upwards	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mischief by fire with intent to cause damage to the amount of Rs. 100 or upwards	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Mischief by fire or explosive substance with intent to destroy a house	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking and theft	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking by night	...	...	2	...	9	...	2	...
Adultery	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Enticing or detaining with a criminal intent a married woman	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
<i>Under Special and Local Laws.</i>								
Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...
Police Act, 1861	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Forest Act, 1878	9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Arms Act, 1878	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Excise Act, 1896	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Section 359, clauses A and B of the Civil Procedure Code.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fraudulent transfer of property	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Total	67	7	46	1	62	1	14	...
Total of previous year	80	5	56	5	41	2	7	1

(39). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906 and those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

Serial number.	Jails.	*Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Numbers according to length of sentence.																								Total.		
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I					J					
			Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two and not exceeding five years.		Above five and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.										
																					A		B						
																					For life.		For a term.						
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
1	2	3	4																								5		
1	Mercara Jail	...	A	6	2	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	12	
			B	58	5	42	1	61	1	13	...	3	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	188	7	195
			C	2	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
			D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of admissions.			...	66	7	46	1	64	1	13	...	4	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	204	9	213	
Total remaining on the 31st Dec. 1906†			...	5	...	10	...	27	1	6	...	5	...	19	...	9	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	84	1	85	
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	A	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
			B	51	...	29	1	43	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	2	127	
			Total of admissions.			...	53	...	30	1	43	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	2	130
			Total remaining on the 31st Dec. 1906.			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

*A—Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.

B—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.

C—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.

D—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.

† Classes A. B. C. D. should be amalgamated for this total.

(40). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906 who had been previously convicted.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.								Ratio per cent. of column 4 D to column 3.			Youthful offenders under 15 years of age (Reformatory Schools' Act, 1897).										
					A		B		C		D					A			B							
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.					Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.							
					M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
		1	2	3			4								5			6								
1	Mercara Jail..	204	9	213	24	...	3	1	6	...	33	1	34	16.18	11.11	15.96	...	...	...	...	...	...				
2	Taluk Lock-ups	128	2	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				

(41). Statement showing the number of habitual offenders admitted into the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number of convicts admitted during the year.	Number of convicts in column 3 identified before re-conviction as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act, and whose previous convictions appear in the records of proceedings at the trial.	Number of convicts in column 3 not so identified before re-conviction, and whose previous convictions did not so appear, but who were, after arrival in jail, so identified.	Total number of convicts admitted who have been identified, either before or after re-conviction, as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Mercara Jail ...	213	13	21	34

Note.—The figures in Statements Nos. 39 and 40 have not been totalled since particulars regarding convicts first admitted to a taluk lock-up and subsequently transferred to the Mercara Jail appear twice over.

(45). Statement showing the working of the mark system in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Form to be used by Inspectors-General.

1	2	3	4										5										6												
Serial number	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission under the mark system.										Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year.										Average remission gained by the convicts entered in column 4.												
			Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—												
			One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.
			9	7	...	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	39	88	...	...	210	263	301	...	...	...	36	70	...	...	194	263	301	...	...	...		
1	Mercara Jail.	...	9	7	...	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	39	88	...	...	210	263	301	...	...	...	36	70	...	...	194	263	301	...	...	...		

(46). Statement showing the employment of convicts as prison officers in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial No.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Average number employed as prison officers.		Ratio per cent. of column 4 to column 3.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
1	Mercara Jail	...	...	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
				88.51	1.93	2.81	...	3.36	...	3	...

* One reduced and fined marks, one fined marks and two reduced.

(47). Statement showing the escapes and re-captures of convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
Serial number.	Jails.	Remaining un-captured on the 31st December 1906 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Re-captured during the year.			Remained un-captured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From inside the jail.	From outside the jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	Mercara Jail	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...

(48). Statement showing the scales of diet in force in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Diet scale of labouring prisoners.		Diet scale of non-labouring prisoners.		Punishment diet scale.		Note of any change effected in diet scales during the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mercara Jail	...	...	Detailed statements of all diets are printed in Statements Nos. 49-51			Nil.	

(49). Diet scale for all classes of native convicts in use in the Mercara Jail.

Articles.	1							2							3							4						
	For men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.							Simple, women and under-trial.							Juvenile prisoners.													
	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
Rice	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Ragi	26	13	26	13	26	13	26	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	20	20	20	20
Dhal	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat (with bone)	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
Curds	...	8	...	8	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...
Gingelly oil	...	1	...	1	...	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ghee	3	8	3	8	3	8	...	...	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	8	16	16	16	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tamarind	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	8	3	8	3	8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Salt	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	5	8	8	8	8	8	8	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Curry powder.	3	8	3	8	3	8	3	5	16	16	16	16	16	16	5	16	16	16	16	16	5	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Onions	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Garlic	1	16	1	16	1	16	1	1	32	32	32	32	32	32	1	64	1	64	1	64	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vegetables	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood	1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.													

Notes—1. Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of dhal and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.
2. Two drams of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.

(50). Diet scale for European and Eurasian prisoners in use in the Mercara Jail.

Articles.	1							2							3													
	Sunday.	Monday	Tues-day.	Wednes-day.	Thurs-day.	Friday.	Satur-day.	Sunday.	Monday	Tues-day.	Wednes-day.	Thurs-day.	Friday.	Satur-day.	Sunday.	Monday	Tues-day.	Wednes-day.	Thurs-day.	Friday.	Satur-day.	Sunday.	Monday	Tues-day.	Wednes-day.	Thurs-day.	Friday.	Satur-day.
Bread	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vegetable	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Onions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Curry powder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pepper	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhal flour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ghee	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tamarind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lime pickle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coffee	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Milk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Firewood	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(51). Scale for hospital diet in use in the Mercara Jail.

1		2		3																	
No.	Classes of diet.	Ingredients.																			
		Rice.	Ragi.	Dhal.	Meat.	Gingelly oil.	Ghee.	Tamarind.	Salt	Curry powder without chilly.	Onions	Garlic.	Vegetables.	Pepper.	Milk.	Curds.	Suji.	Sugar.	Fire-		
		lb	oz	lb	oz	oz	oz	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	oz	dr	seer	seer	oz	oz	dr
1	Spoon... { Porridge ...	...	12	...	4	1	4	...	2	4	5	2	4 ½	6	...	½	½	2	1	...	1 ½ lbs. daily per sick.
	{ Rice ...	...	1	...	...	1	4	...	2	4	5	2	4 ½	6	...	½	½	2	1	...	
2	Milk and rice	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	½	...	...	1	...	
3	Sore mouth	...	...	12	...	4	1	...	...	8	...	5	...	2 ½	8	½	½	...	...	8	
4	Ordinary rice or ragi diet	...	1	4	1	4	3	4	4	4	8	10	5	8	1	6	...	...	½	...	
5	Malagaitanni and rice.	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	8	10	4	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Kanji diet	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

(54). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906 according to the length of original sentence.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding three years.			Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.			Above 7 years.			Total.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8				
1	Mercara Jail.	41.59	6	144.27	11.61	2	172.27	12.57	...	...	16.12	...	...	3.55	...	...	85.44	8	93.63
	Previous year.	34.59	3	86.73	6.77	...	...	9.97	1	100.30	20.69	...	...	3.62	...	...	75.64	4	52.88

*NOTE.—The yearly average number is obtained by a census taken on the last day of each month, the monthly results being added together and the total divided by 12.

(55). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906 according to the length of time passed in jail.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months in jail.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding two years.			Above two years and not exceeding three years.			Above three years and not exceeding seven years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8				
1	Mercara Jail	...	36.29	8	220.43	21.27	...	...	11.99	...	...	9.00	...	...	6.89	...	...	...	...
	Previous year	...	34.16	4	117.09	15.76	...	...	11.39	...	...	2.27	...	...	12.06	...	...	...	...

(56). Statement showing the condition of the convicts discharged from the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number discharged during the year.	Number who had neither lost nor gained weight in jail.	Number who had gained weight.					Number who had lost weight.					Remarks.
				a	b	c	d		a	b	c	d		
				Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.	Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5					6					7
1	Mercara Jail ...	205	12	32	74	30	11	147	7	23	5	3	38	Of 205 shown as discharged, eight died; weights of these were not taken.
	Previous year...	196	26	14	57	22	8	101	10	36	14	2	62	

* (57). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the
excluding the cost of building new jails

1	2	3				4			
Serial number.	Jails.	Daily average number of prisoners.				Establishment.			
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	A	B	C	D
						Perma- nent.	Tempo- rary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
1	Mercara Jail ...	85.44	5.19	4.27	94.90	Rs. 4,391	...	Rs. 4,391	Rs. 46.27
2	Taluk Look-ups ...	2.10	4.56	...	6.66	36	...	36	5.40

Continued

7		8					9			
Clothing and bed- ding of prisoners.		Sanitation charges.					Charges for moving prisoners.			
A	B	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D
Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Charges for conser- vancy, cleansing, and purifying.	Charges for water supply.	Extraordi- nary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 107	Rs. 1.18	Rs. 52	Rs. 48	...	Rs. 100	Rs. 1.05	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued

12							
Contingencies.							
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Rents, rates and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegrams and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 129	Rs. 12	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	...	...	Rs. 141	Rs. 1.49
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note.—The expenditure is shown in this statement in rupees and decimals of a rupee.

prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1906
and of additions, alterations and repairs.

3						6						
Dieting charges.						Hospital charges.						
A	B	C	D	E	F	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, &c.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
Rs. 4,603	Rs. 40	...	...	Rs. 4,643	Rs. 51.23	Rs. 47	...	Rs. 39	...	Rs. 86	Rs. 0.91	Rs. 60.39
318	...	...	...	318	47.77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

continued.

10								11	
Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.	
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B
For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for re-captures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 206	Rs. 76	Rs. 350	...	...	Rs. 14	Rs. 646	Rs. 6.81	...	...
21	...	...	...	...	...	21	8.15	...	...

continued.

13											14	
Extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plant likely to last for 3 years and upwards.											Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K		
Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	Dietary dead-stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead-stock.	Disciplinary dead-stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	Dairy, live-stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep, which goes under 10 F).	Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 10,114	Rs. 106.58
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	375	56.31

(58). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the years 1903-1906 excluding the cost of building new jails, and of additions, alterations and repairs.

Serial number.	Jail.	Class of expenditure.	Cost per head of average strength in the year.			
			1903	1904	1905	1906
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara	(a) Establishment	Rs. 57.28	Rs. 63.06	Rs. 51.75	Rs. 46.27
		(b) Dieting charges	35.44	48.70	47.65	51.23
		(c) Hospital charges	1.45	1.79	0.83	0.91
		(d) Clothing and bedding	3.70	1.42	3.14	1.18
		(e) Sanitation	1.31	1.02	1.14	1.05
		(f) Charges for moving prisoners	...	...	...	...
		(g) Miscellaneous	4.34	9.74	3.78	6.81
		(h) Travelling allowance	0.15	...	...	...
		(i) Contingencies	1.95	2.64	1.70	1.49
		(k) Extraordinary charges	...	...	0.06	...
		Total Expenditure	104.69	127.30	108.36	106.58

Note.—The average cost per head under item (b) is arrived at after excluding civil prisoners, whereas the average total expenditure includes that class.

(59). Statement showing the employment of convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Average number not sentenced to labour.	Average number under sentence of labour on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	Average number not employed for other reasons.	Average number employed on working days.																Ratio per cent. on column 4 of those employed on working days as					
							A	On prison duties.					On jail buildings.				K	L										
								B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.		New jails.	Public Works (vide H. D.—J. Circular No. 19, dated 12th September 1884.		Public Works (vide H. D.—J. Circular No. 19, dated 12th September 1884.										
													G	H			I										J	
								Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in jails, e. g., wheat grinding, manufacturing of prison clothing, &c.	Jail repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.	Public Works.	Other extra-mural labour.	Number of prisoners hired out to municipalities, private individuals or departments other than the P. W. Department.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures (8 K).					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8																9	10				
1	Mercara Jail	1.08	84.36	1.41	...	...	0.78	2.81	12.01	4.65	11.78	8.73	...	...	...	...	13.23	28.33	...	0.63	3.33	14.24	15.68					
	Previous year...	.58	75.06	.78	...	.15	11.13	3.58	10.14	4.15	12.75	3.94	...	...	...	...	13.81	14.01	...	0.62	4.78	13.40	18.26					

(60). Statement showing the nett cash earnings of convicts sentenced to labour in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Average number sentenced to labour.	Average number employed on jail manufactures.	Cash balance on manufacturing account in hand on the 1st January 1906.	Cash drawn on manufacturing account during the year.	Total.	Paid into treasury on manufacturing account.	Cash balance in hand on manufacturing account on the 31st December 1906.	Total.	Cash earnings (being total of column 10 less total of column 7).	Average earning per head calculated on column 3.	Average earning per head calculated on column 4.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	84.36	42.19	...	1,151	1,151	4,105	...	4,105	2,954	35.02	70.02	
	Previous year ...	75.06	28.44	...	439	439	3,171	...	3,171	2,732	36.39	96.06	

Note.—For the purposes of this Statement the heading “ jail manufactures ” is construed as including employment under the P. W. D. or private individuals as shown in cols. 8L and 9 of Statement No. 59.

(61). Statement showing the nett cost of the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the year 1906.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Total cost of maintenance (column 14, Statement No. 57).	Average cost of maintenance per head (column 14, Statement No. 57).	Total cash earnings (column 11 of Statement No. 60).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	10,114	106.58	2,954	31.13	7,160	75.45	
	Previous year ...	9,383	108.36	2,732	31.55	6,651	76.81	

(62). Statement showing the number and description of civil suits instituted in the civil courts during the year 1906.

Class of courts.	Suits under the Rent Law.							Title and other suits.									Remarks.	
	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for specific relief.	Suits to establish a right of pre-emption.	Mortgage suits.	Suits relating to religious and other endowments.	Matrimonial suits.	Testamentary suits.	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Total.		
Suits for money or moveable property.	2	Grand Total.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Munsiffs' Courts	632	...	...	...	...	...	632	21	14	...	49	...	...	...	10	94	726	1,184
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	1,184	...	...	...	...	...	1,184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,184	
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	1,824	...	...	...	...	...	1,824	22	15	...	54	...	...	...	10	101	1,925	1,666
Total of previous year	1,493	...	...	...	...	...	1,493	33	23	...	84	...	1	...	27	173		

(63). Statement showing the number and value of suits instituted in the civil courts during the year 1906.

Class of courts.	Number of suits instituted in the different courts.										Total value of suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding.								Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Of which the value cannot be estimated in money.		
	Rs. 10.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 5,000.	Rs. 10,000.					
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Munsiffs' Courts	3	41	396	252	24	...	...	...	10	Rs.		
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	189	995	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97,171		
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,318		
Subordinate Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	2	...	64,002		
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total	192	1,036	396	252	24	13	...	2	10	1,89,491		
Total of previous year	200	806	334	273	31	16	2	3	1	2,10,401		

(64). Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil suits

Class of courts.	Total number of suits before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro- mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	804	...	55	63	121
Mansiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	1,246	...	169	82	155
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	21	...	4	...	...
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,071	...	228	145	276
Total of previous year	1,844	...	173	144	268

(65). Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil miscellaneous

Class of courts.	Total number of cases before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro- mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	608	...	221	3	14
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	37	...	20	...	...
District Judge's Court	24	...	18	...	...
Total	669	...	259	3	14
Total of previous year	780	...	263	7	14

(66). Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of courts.	Total number of appeals before the courts.	Decisions confirmed, Sec- tion 551, C. P. C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for default, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	55	1	...	...	...	...
District Judge's Court	3	...	...	...	...	...
Total	58	1	...	...	...	...
Judicial Commissioner's { Appeals from original decrees	1	...	...	...	...	1
Court. { Appeals from appellate decrees	4	2	...	...	...	...
Total	5	2	...	...	...	1
Grand Total	63	3	...	...	...	1
Total of previous year	54	...	...	...	1	...

(67). Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of courts.	Miscellaneous cases before appellate courts.	Decisions confirmed section 551, C.P.C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for de- fault, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	6	...	...	1	...	...
District Judge's Court	3	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9	...	...	1	...	...
Judicial Commissioner's { Appeals from original orders	4	2	...	...	...	...
Court. { Appeals form appellate orders	2	...	...	...	...	...
Total	6	2	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	15	2	...	1	...	...
Total of previous year	24	3	...	2	...	...

in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1906.

suits disposed of.										Remarks.
Contest.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.		Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average duration of suits.		
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plain- tiff.	For defend- ant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defend- ant.			Contested.	Uncontested.	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
242	1	...	...	169	55	98	8	58	42	
496	5	...	...	205	40	94	...	36	28	
...	2	...	...	3	2	9	...	28	59	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
739	8	...	...	377	97	201	10	...	...	
605	7	1	1	387	112	146	9	...	...	

cases in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1906.

cases disposed of.							Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remarks.
Contest.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.		Pending at the close of the year.		Contested.	Uncontested.	
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
206	11	...	...	75	64	14	1	43	16	
...	...	...	...	8	8	1	...	68	11	
...	...	...	...	2	2	2	...	66	17	
206	11	...	...	85	74	17	1	...	...	
266	19	...	...	92	88	31	2	...	...	

courts during the year 1906—Regular appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	...	35	4	5	1	9	...	55	2	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	21	1	
...	...	38	4	5	1	9	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	98	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	124	1	
...	...	38	4	5	1	11	...	...	4	
...	...	34	2	9	...	8	...	...	3	

courts during the year 1906—Miscellaneous appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	...	3	...	1	...	2	...	12	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	25	...	
...	...	4	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	
...	...	9	1	6	2	1	...	...	...	

(68). Statement showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of decrees of the civil courts during the year 1906.

Class of courts.	Applications disposed of				Pending at the end of the year	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amount realized.	On which the judgment debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested, but released without imprisonment.	On which moveable property	On which immovable property	On which possession was given.	On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than in the preceding columns.	Remarks.					
	By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Munsiffs' Courts ..	2,776	...	339	267	1,744	426	14	Rs. 45,894	24	222	94	190	23	...	...	23	...	1	...	...	...
First Assistant Commissioner's Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court ..	107	...	9	30	57	11	4	28,454	2	-10	7	10	4	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
District Judge's Court ..	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	2,884	...	348	298	1,801	437	18	74,548	26	232	101	200	32	...	...	28	...	1	...	...	...
Total of previous year ..	3,183	...	404	385	1,892	502	16	81,977	23	240	124	319	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(69). Statement showing the number and result of applications and proceedings under Chapter XX, Act XIV of 1882, during the year 1906.

Class of courts.	Applications for a declaration of insolvency.										Gross amount of insolvents' assets realized and disbursed.			Remarks.	
	Total number for hearing	Transferred to another province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted.		Rejected.			Pending at the close of the year.	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			A receiver being appointed.	A receiver not being appointed.	Penal proceedings under section 359 not being taken.	Sentence of imprisonment being passed under section 359.	Application being sent to the magistrate to be dealt with								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9							
Munsiff's Court, Mercata	19	10	1	1	16	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Do Virajendrapet	13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Subordinate Judge's Court	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	34	11	1	1	16	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total of previous year	45	19	1	1	22	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

(70). Statement of instruments registered, and of the value of property transferred by registered instruments, for the year 1906.

District.	Number of registration offices.	Registrations affecting immoveable											
		Compulsory.											
		Instruments of gift, section 17, clause (a).	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100, sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of mortgage.	Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c).	Instruments of perpetual lease, section 17, clause (d).						
		No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Value of annual rents.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Georg	9	5	Rs. 3,600	408	Rs. 4,48,411	238	Rs. 10,526	896	Rs. 2,47,866	140	Rs. 73,336	...	...
Total of previous year	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

property, Book I—Continued.

Compulsory—Continued.										Optional.									
Instruments of lease (other than of perpetual leases).	Premium or fine paid on leases.	Total of compulsory registrations.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage.	Instruments of lease.	Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) & (b).	Awards, section 17, clause (i).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of court.										
No. Value of annual rents.	Amount.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.	No. Aggregate value.
15	16	...	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
22	Rs. 5,056	...	1709	Rs. 7,88,795	...	...	...	...	9	Rs. 690	...	...	...	...	16	Rs. 767	...	...	...
...	...	...	1389	6,24,972	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I—Continued.												Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.												Number of wills registered, Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt registered, other than those conferred by wills, Book III.
Optional—Continued.												Compulsory.													
Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property.												Instruments of gift of moveable property, section 123, clause (2), of the Transfer of Property Act.		Instruments of sale, &c., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).		Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).		All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).		Total of registrations in Book IV.					
No.	Aggregate value.		No.	Aggregate value.		No.	Aggregate value.		No.	Aggregate value.		No.	Aggregate value.		No.	Aggregate value.									
33	34		35	36		37	38		39	40		41	42		43	44		45	46						
25	Rs. 1,457		...	...		22	Rs. 2,744		51	Rs. 6,511		49	Rs. 13,554		122	Rs. 22,609		8	...						
13	835		...	...		...	...		...	...		...	...		248	55,557		3	3						

(71). Statement of income, namely, fees realized on registrations and all other receipts, for the year 1906.

District.	Fees on registrations affecting							
	Compulsory.							
	Instruments of gift, section 17, clause (a).	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100, sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of mortgage.	Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c).	Instruments of perpetual lease, section 17, clause (d).	Instruments of lease (other than of perpetual leases).	Total fees on compulsory registrations.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg	Rs. 18	Rs. 1,718	Rs. 156	Rs. 1,257	Rs. 443	...	Rs. 51	Rs. 3,643
Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,124

Continued.

Immoveable property, Book I—continued.

Optional.							
Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage.	Instruments of lease.	Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) and (b).	Awards, section 17, clause (i).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Total fees on optional registrations.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	...	Rs. 8	...	...	Rs. 9	...	Rs. 17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
							3,134

Continued.

Fees on registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.							
Compulsory.							
Instruments of gift of moveable property, section 123, clause (2), of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of sale, etc., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).	Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).	All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).	Total fees on registrations affecting moveable property.	Fees on registration of wills in Book III.	Fees on registration of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will, Book III.	Total of fees on all registrations.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
...	Rs. 20	Rs. 25	Rs. 67	Rs. 112	Rs. 31	...	Rs. 3,803
...	...	...	...	250	10	...	3,405

Continued.

Receipts other than fees on registrations.							
Fines under sections 24 and 34.	Fees on commissions issued, sections 31 and 38.	Fees on visits paid, sections 31, 32 and 38.	Fees for inspection of Books I and II, and the indexes to Book I, section 57.	Copying fees credited to Government.	All other receipts.	Total receipts.	Total income.
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Rs. 12	...	Rs. 70	Rs. 95	Rs. 69	Rs. 136	Rs. 382	Rs. 4,185
...	...	...	...	...	...	486	3,891

(72). Statement of expenditure on registration for the year 1906.

District.	Fixed salaries of registering officers.	Percentage paid to registering officers.	Cost of establishments.			Other items of expenditure.	Total expenditure.
			Permanent.	Temporary.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg ...	Rs. 1,260	Rs. 801	Rs. 679	...	Rs. 2,740	Rs. *44	Rs. 2,784
Total of previous year ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,713

* Includes refunds of excess registration fees and penalty levied under sections 24 and 34 of the Registration Act.

(73). Statement of principal operations other than registrations in Books I, III and IV for the year 1906.

District.	Covers containing wills deposited, section 42.	Covers containing wills withdrawn, section 44.	Covers containing wills opened, section 45.	Wills removed to courts under section 259 of the Indian Succession Act, copy being kept in Book III under section 46.	Powers of attorney authenticated.	Registrations under section 24.	Registrations under section 34.	Refusals to register, sections 71 and 76.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg ...	1	...	1	...	31	1	5	3
Total of previous year.	2	...	...	...	36	5	3	2

Continued.

Appeals against such refusals (Sec. 72), and applications under section 73 regarding such refusals.		Registration ordered by civil court, section 77.	Prosecutions, section 83.	Number of orders and certificates filed in Book No. I, under section 89 of the Registration Act.				Searches or applications for copies.
Registration ordered.	Registration refused.			Under Land Improvement Loans Act.	Under Agriculturists' Loans Act.	Under section 316, Code of Civil Procedure.	Granted by revenue officers.	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	...	...	...	11	33	9	...	95
...	...	...	...	18	31	31	...	107

(74). Statement showing the constitution of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1906-1907.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of members on the Board.			
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Regulation No. VI of 1900.	1,582.80	180,607	5	9	2	16

Continued.

Number of members on the Board—cont.				Number of meetings held.	Average attendance at each meeting.			Remarks.
Officials.	Non-officials.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Natives.		Officials.	Non-officials.	Total.	
10	6	7	9	3	7.6	3.6	11.2	

(75). Statement showing the income of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1906-1907.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—Land Revenue.	VI.—Provincial Rates.	XII.—Interest.	XVII.—Police.	XIX.—Education.
			Mohatarfa paid by non-agriculturists.	Local rate.	Interest on investments.	Receipts under the Cattle Tresspass Act, 1871.	School fees. Primary schools.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 26,005 *	Rs. 5,130	Rs. 30,200	Rs. 349	Rs. 2,933	Rs. 2,261
	Previous year	29,471	5,116	30,186	349	2,885	2,386

Continued.

XX.—Medical.				XXV.—Miscellaneous.			XXXII.—Civil Works.						Contribution.	Total income excluding opening balance.	Total income including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balance) per head of population.	
Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by Civil Surgeon.		Refunds.	Total.	Market fees.	Sale of manure.	Total.	In charge of Civil Officers.										From provincial to local.
	Rs.	Rs.						Tolls on ferries.	Tolls on roads.	Staging-bungalow fees.	Miscellaneous.	Total.						
Rs. 1,044	Rs. 134	Rs. 25	Rs. 1,203	Rs. 1,672	Rs. 297	Rs. 1,969	Rs. 1,922	Bs. 18,980	Rs. 681	Rs. 40	Rs. 21,623	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 72,668	Rs. 98,673	Rs. 0-3-2	Rs. 0-6-5		
840	151	24	1,015	1,857	239	2,096	2,049	18,323	552	8	20,932	7,000	71,965	1,01,436	0-3-1	0-6-4		

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

* This figure differs from the actual balance shown in Statement No. 74 for 1905-1906 for the reason that certain supplemental book adjustments were not communicated by the Comptroller, India Treasuries, until long after the close of the year.

(76). Statement showing the expenditure of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1906-1907.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	I.—Refunds and drawbacks.	15.—Post Office.	18.—Administration.			
				Local rate and Mohatarfa tax refunds.	District post establishment.	General establishment of Local Funds.			
						Office establishment.	Office contingencies (stationery locally purchased).	Travelling allowance to Board members.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 26,005	Rs. 72,668	Rs. 14	Rs. ...	Rs. 976	Rs. 79	Rs. 279	Rs. 1,534
	Previous year	29,471	71,965	44	5,584	1,095	83	340	1,518

Continued.

20.—Police.				22.—Education.				24.—Medical.			29.—Superannuation allowances and pensions.
Cattle-pound charges.				Maintenance and management	Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Total.	General medical establishment.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Total.	Pensions.
Establishment.	Contingencies.	Refunds.	Total.								
Rs. 1,349	Rs. 46	Rs. 6	Rs. 1,401	Rs. 12,404	Rs. 483	Rs. 160	Rs. 13,047	Rs. 732	Rs. 2,322	Rs. 3,054	Rs. ...
1,418	...	...	...	12,523	449	137	13,079	698	3,540	4,148	167

Continued.

32.—Miscellaneous.			45.—Civil Works.							
Rewards for the destruction of dogs.	Other petty establishment and charges (conservancy).	Total.	In Charge of Civil Officers.				Buildings.		Communications.	
			Original works.	Ferry and toll establishments and contingencies.	Staging bungalows and serai establishment charges.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Original works.	Repairs.
Rs. 13	Rs. 453	Rs. 466	Rs. 388	Rs. 39	Rs. 1,533	Rs. 2,020	Rs. 461	Rs. 601	Rs. 16,562	Rs. 13,483
72	334	406	...	336	1,738	2,174	681	285	22,697	12,079

Continued.

45.—Civil Works—Continued.					Contributions.	Balance.			Remarks.
Water-supply and water works.	Other works of improvement.	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to Public Works.	Tools and plant.	Total.	To other Boards.	Total Expenditure.	Deposit.	Actual balance.	
Repairs.									
Rs. ...	Rs. 847	Rs. 6,576	Rs. 429	Rs. 38,959	Rs. 500	Rs. 60,795	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 27,878	Rs. 37,878
...	1,239	8,188	534	45,703	500	74,791	10,000	16,005	26,005

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

(77). Statement showing the constitution of the municipal committees during the year 1906-1907.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	Number of members of committee.						
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(h)
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Natives.
1	2	3	4	5							
Coorg.	1	Mercara	Act XV of 1873.	6,732	5	1	9	15	5	10	11
	2	Vireipet	...	4,283	4	10	...	14	5	9	12
	3	Fraserpet	...	1,500	3	6	...	9	3	6	9
	4	Somwarpet	...	1,745	3	7	...	10	3	7	10
	5	Kodlipet	...	889	3	6	...	9	3	6	9
		Total ..	Total ..	15,249	18	30	9	57	19	38	51

Statement showing the expenditure of the municipalities during the year 1906-1907.

[illegible]

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

133988

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(80).

Total area under crops for the year 1906-1907.

English or Vernacular names.				Acres.	Note.—This is Form A-3 of the tables of agricultural statistics.
Cereals and pulses.	1. Rice ..	...	...	79,617	* The details are—
	2. Wheat ..	...	...	...	
	3. Barley ..	...	...	...	
	4. Cholan or Jowar (millet) ..	...	...	13	
	5. Cumbu or Bajra (millet) ..	...	...	6,165	
	6. Ragi ..	...	...	...	
	7. Maize ..	...	...	1,744	
	8. Gram (pulse) ..	...	...	1,380	
	9. Other food-grains including pulses ..	...	...	...	
Total ..				88,919	
Oilseeds.	10. Linseed ..	...	...	85	† This figure includes 1,507 acres under cardamom crop.
	11. Til or gingelly ..	...	...	251	
	12. Others ..	...	...	53	
	Total ..	...	...	389	
Sugar.	13. Condiments and spices ..	...	...	1,715 †	
	14. Sugarcane ..	...	...	13	
	15. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	1,728	
Fibres.	16. Cotton ..	...	...	121	
	17. Jute ..	...	...	...	
	18. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	121	
Dyes.	19. Indigo ..	...	...	...	
	20. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	...	
Drugs and narcotics.	21. Opium ..	...	...	...	
	22. Coffee ..	...	...	46,393	
	23. Tea ..	...	...	...	
	24. Tobacco ..	...	...	26	
	25. Cinchona ..	...	...	176	
	26. Indian hemp ..	...	...	30	
	27. Others ..	...	...	...	
Total ..				46,625	
28. Fodder crops ..				...	
29. Orchards and garden produce ..				4,397	
30. Miscellaneous { Food crops. { Non-food †				...	
Total ..				4,397	
31. Grand Total ..				142,179	
32. Area cropped more than once ..				1,096 †	† Double crop rice ... 601 acres. Second dry crops ... 495 „
33. Nett area cropped during the year ..				141,083	

(81). Rates of rent and produce of the principal crops during the year 1906-1907.

Principal crops.		Average rent per acre.		Estimated out-turn per acre.		Estimated normal yield per acre in lbs.	Estimated total produce in lbs.
		Maximum.	Minimum.	Current year	Previous year.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Rice	...	RS. A. P. 4 0 0	RS. A. P. 1 8 0	1,430	773	1,600	118,852,000
Ragi	...	1 12 0	0 3 0	950	480	1,000	5,900,000
Coffee	...	2 4 0	0 8 0	80	190	224	3,725,000

(82). Prices at harvest time of the principal crops during the year 1906-1907.

Principal crops.		Harvest prices per maund of 28 lbs.		
		Current year	Previous year.	Normal.
1		2	3	4
Rice	...	RS. A. P. 1 2 0	RS. A. P. 1 0 0	RS. A. P. 0 14 0
Ragi	...	0 12 0	1 2 0	0 13 0
Coffee	...	8 0 0	8 4 0	10 0 0

(83). Price of labour for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Wages per diem.		Cart per day	Camel per day	Donkeys per day.	Boat per day.
	Skilled	Unskilled.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg Re.	1 0 0	0 6 0	1 8 0	...	...	...

(84). Statement of live-stock, ploughs and carts for the year 1904-1905.

	No.	Note.—This is Form A-4 of the tables of agricultural statistics prepared quinquennially.
1. Bulls and bullocks	51,653	
2. Cows	42,077	
3. Male buffaloes	16,230	
4. Cow buffaloes	10,167	
5. Young stock (calves and buffalo calves)	40,194	
6. Sheep	310	
7. Goats	2,732	
8. Horses and ponies	229	
9. { Mules	...	
{ Donkeys	316	
10. Camels	...	
11. Ploughs	34,237	
12. Carts	763	

(85). Imports for the year 1906-1907.

Major head.	Quantity.	Value.	Place from which imported.
1	2	3	4
		Rs.	
Agricultural implements	...	11,200	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Animals living	...	1,70,000	Mysore.
Apparel including haberdashery and millinery	...	14,500	Madras and Bombay.
Arms and ammunition	...	4,000	Do
Books and printed matter including maps and charts.	...	3,000	Mangalore, Bangalore and Madras.
Building and engineering materials	...	8,500	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore, & Tellicherry.
Candles	...	2,500	Madras and Mangalore.
Cloth manufactured	...	3,800	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Cotton	...	2,300	Mysore and Madras.
Manufactured piece-goods	...	1,35,000	Madras, Bombay, Madras, Salem & Mysore.
Drugs and other medicines	...	20,000	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Mangalore.
Earthenware	...	5,600	Mysore.
Flax manufactures including ropes	...	2,000	Madras and Calcutta.
Fruits and vegetables	...	38,800	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Glass and glassware	...	10,000	Madras and Bombay.
Grains	...	3,55,000	Mysore and Mangalore.
Gums and resins	...	2,000	Mysore and Madras.
Hardware and cutlery	...	16,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Leather manufactures	...	2,500	Madras, Mangalore, Mysore & Tellicherry
Liquors	...	40,000	Madras and Mangalore.
Machines and small works	...	3,500	Madras and Bombay.
Metals	...	12,500	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Oils	...	3,06,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Paper and paste-boards	...	4,000	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore & Tellicherry
Provisions... ..	...	1,28,000	Madras, Mysore, Tellicherry & Mangalore
Salt	...	1,46,000	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Spices	...	60,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Sugar and saccharine produce	...	1,50,000	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Silk	...	3,000	Madras and Mysore.
Tobacco	...	39,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Umbrellas... ..	...	14,000	Madras and Bombay.
Wood and timber manufactures	...	19,300	Mysore, Madras, Cannanore and Mangalore.
Wool and woollen manufactures	...	18,000	Madras, Bombay, Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Sundries	...	1,80,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Treasure	...	9,89,000	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Tellicherry.
Government stores	...	33,000	Madras, Bombay and Mangalore.
Total	...	29,46,000	

(86).

Exports for the year 1906-1907.

Major head.						Quantity.	Value.	Place to which exported.
1						2	3	4
Coffee						Tons. 1,620	Rs. 11,34,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Drugs						...	600	Mangalore and Bangalore.
Fruits						...	15,500	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Grain and pulse						...	2,85,000	Tellicherry and other places in Malabar.
Hides and horns						...	28,000	Mysore and Tellicherry.
Cardamoms and spices						...	15,000	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Wax						...	2,100	Mysore
Wood						...	1,01,200	Mysore, Mangalore, Malabar & Madras.
Sandalwood						236	1,28,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Total						...	17,09,400	

(87).

Coinage for the year 1906-1907.

1	2						3	4
District.	Bullion and coins imported during the year in lbs.						Sovereigns imported during the year.	Remarks.
	Gold.		Silver.		Copper.			
	State.	Private	State.	Private.	State.	Private.		
Coorg	...	...	21,250	...	11,885	...	Rs. 44,500	There is no mint in Coorg and there are no reliable data to form even an approximate estimate of the value of coins in circulation.

(88).

Paper currency for the year 1906-1907.

1						2		3		4				5	
Notes in treasury at the beginning of the year.						Total value of notes received during the year.	Total value of notes issued during the year.	Notes in treasury at the end of the year.						Remarks.	
Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.		Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.				Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.		Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.			
No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.		
554	6,055	692	63,950	12	12,000	5,98,815	5,69,180	485	4,440	1015	95,700	18	11,500	There are no data from which to form any estimate of the amount of notes in circulation in the province.	

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(89). Account of the gross and nett revenue for the year 1906-1907.

Sources of revenue.	Gross receipts.	Charges against income.				Total.	Nett receipts.	Deficit.
		Refunds and draw-backs.	Charges of collection including cost of salt, opium and maintaining reproductive works.	Allowances and assignments under treaty and engagements.	Allowance of district and village officers and inamdars and charitable grants.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land revenue ...	3,39,589	207	1,05,753	4,422	23,430	1,33,812	2,05,777	...
Forest ...	1,11,221	...	1,00,201	...	...	1,00,201	11,020	...
Excise on spirits and drugs.	1,48,593	167	5,760	...	...	5,927	1,42,666	...
Total ...	5,99,403	374	2,11,714	4,422	23,430	2,39,940	3,59,463	...
Assessed taxes--Income-tax	7,200	2	...	...	...	2	7,198	...
Total ...	7,200	2	...	...	...	2	7,198	...
Stamps. { General ...	10,082	71	447	...	...	518	9,564	...
{ Court fees ...	29,876	9	255	...	...	264	29,612	...
Law and Justice. { Refunds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Real fines ...	4,238	519	...	...	...	519	3,719	...
{ Miscellaneous ...	1,960	60	...	...	...	60	1,900	...
Interest ...	870	...	...	...	...	...	870	...
Miscellaneous ...	344	...	...	...	...	...	344	...
Jails ...	1,251	...	...	...	...	...	1,251	...
Registration ...	3,920	...	2,753	...	...	2,753	1,167	...
Police ...	239	...	...	...	...	...	239	...
Education ...	9,013	...	...	...	...	...	9,013	...
Medical ...	157	...	...	...	...	...	157	...
Stationery and printing ...	653	...	...	...	...	...	653	...
Cemetery funds ...	32	...	...	...	...	...	32	...
Postage and service labels.	28,153	...	26,850	...	...	26,850	1,303	...
Public Works. { Refunds ...	5,897	...	...	...	...	...	5,897	...
{ Sales ...	118	...	...	...	...	...	118	...
{ Real ...	4,011	...	...	...	...	...	4,011	...
Military fund ...	207	...	...	...	...	...	207	...
Electric telegraph ...	474	...	...	...	...	...	474	...
Total ...	1,01,495	659	30,305	...	...	30,964	70,531	...
Total Imperial ...	7,08,098	1,035	2,42,019	4,422	23,430	2,70,906	4,37,192	...
<i>Incorporated Local Funds.</i>								
Coorg District Fund ...	65,668	20	4,243	...	...	4,263	61,405	...
Total ...	65,668	20	4,243	...	...	4,263	61,405	...
<i>Excluded Local Funds.</i>								
Municipal Funds ...	28,708	97	1,354	...	...	1,451	27,257	...
School Plantation Fund ...	1,644	...	4,563	...	...	4,563	...	2,919
Total ...	30,352	97	5,917	...	...	6,014	24,338	2,919
Total Local ...	96,020	117	10,160	...	...	10,277	85,743	2,919
Gross Receipts ...	8,04,118	1,152	2,52,179	4,422	23,430	2,81,183	5,22,935	...

(91). Account of cash receipts and disbursements of the treasuries
for the year 1906-1907.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash balance of last year	4,94,235	Expenditure as per Statements Nos. 89 and 90	8,93,961
Nett revenue as per Statement No. 89 deducting Rs. 680 being sale proceeds of lands separately shown	5,22,255	Re-payment of loans, railways & interest.	5,905
Receipts on account of loans and railways	...	Advances	10,120
Service Funds	...	Re-payment of deposits	2,90,169
Re-payment of advances, etc.	9,391	Bills of other treasuries paid	6,39,825
Deposits	2,84,500	Expenditure on account of other Govts	11,379
Prize money	...	Remittances to State treasuries	4,01,999
Sale proceeds of waste lands	680		
Bills drawn on other treasuries	2,58,304		
Family remittances	...		
Remittances from other treasuries	9,49,000		
Add amount deducted as per Statement No. 89	2,81,183		
Total	27,99,548		
Disbursements	22,53,358		
Cash balance at the end of the year	5,46,190	Total	22,53,358

(92).

Excise Revenue and

District.	Detail of gross receipts during											
	Import- ed liquors.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at differ- ent rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).			Country spirits and fermented liquor.				Opium.			
	License fees.	Duty.	License fees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Rent on toddy trees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Gain on opium.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Coorg ...Rs.	960	185	135	320	1,20,045	8,174	16,852	1,45,071	...	827	350	1,177
Total of previous year...Rs.	960	157	135	292	1,23,533	8,318	18,776	1,50,627	...	404	97	501

(93).

Excise charges

Name of district, circle or other division.	Detail of charges during			
	Establishments.	Travelling allowance.	Supplies and services.	Contingencies.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg Rs.	4,494	1,041	23	202
Total of previous year ... Rs.	4,747	996	53	126

(94).

Manufactories, licenses, and shops

District.	Manufacture of liquor.				Vend of					
	Number of				Number of wholesale licenses for sale of					
	Breweries.	Distilleries for the manufacture of spirit paying duty at higher rates than ordi- nary country spirits.	Country spirits distilleries.		European liquors imported or manufactured in India.		Country spirits. ferment- ed liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its prepar- ations.	Drugs other than opium.	
			Central dis- tilleries pub- lic or private		Import- ed.	Manu- factured				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Coorg.	...	...	1	3	...	4	...	1	...	
Total of previous year.	...	...	1	3	...	4	1	1	...	

nett revenue for 1906-1907.

the year from

Drugs other than opium.				Fines, forfeitures and miscellaneous.			Grand total.	Total charges	Nett revenue in the year.	
Ganja.				Rent of building.	Miscellaneous.	Total.				
Duty.	License fees.	Gain on ganja.	Total.							
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
...	196	412*	608	300	157	457	1,48,593	5,927	1,42,666	
1,600	229	788	2,617	300	142	442	1,55,409	6,169	1,49,240	

for 1906-1907.

the year.

Refunds.	Grand total charges.	Remarks.
6	7	8
167	5,927	
247	6,169	

for 1906-1907.

liquor and drugs.

Number of shops licensed to sell by retail.

European liquors imported or manufactured in India.			Country spirits.	Country fermented liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its preparations.				Drugs other than opium.			
Imported.	Manufactured.	Total.			Raw opium.	Madak and Chandu and other preparations of opium.	Total of columns 16 and 17.	For medical purposes (drug-gist's permits and the like).	Ganja.	Charas.	Bhang.	Total.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
6*	1	7	39	228	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5
7	1	8	42	253	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5

* This includes the three wholesale shops where the retail sale is also authorized.

(95).

Duty and consumption of

District.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at different rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).		Country spirits issued from central distilleries, public or private.		
	Issues strength of () degrees. Imperial gallon.	Rate of duty per Imperial gallon of () London proof.	Issues in Imperial gallons.		Rates of duty () per proof gallon.
			At strength of 20 degrees under proof.	Equivalent at London proof.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Coorg ...	1,480	...	32,095	25,676	Rs. A. P. 4 12 4
Total of previous year ...	1,273	...	32,572	26,057	4 12 4

(96).

Incidence of consumption

District.	Population.				Number of persons per retail shop for sale of			
					Liquors.		Drugs.	
	Hindus.	Coorgs.	Christians and others.	Total.	Country spirits column 14 of Statement 94.	Country fermented liquors column 15 of Statement 94.	Opium and its preparations column 18 of Statement 94.	Other drugs column 23 of Statement 94.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg ...	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,631	792	60,202	36,121
Total of previous year ...	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,300	714	60,202	33,121

(97).

Statement of demand, collection and

Head of revenue.	Demand of year.	Arrears outstanding.	Total demand.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
License fees (foreign and country liquors) ...	9,134	...	9,134
Still head duty ...	1,22,532	...	1,22,532
Rent of toddy trees ...	19,355	1,255	20,610
Opium license fees ...	560	404	964
Gain on opium ...	350	...	350
Duty on ganja ...	...	...	...
Ganja license fees ...	196	...	196
Gain on ganja ...	412	...	412
Distillery rent ...	300	...	300
Miscellaneous ...	157	...	157
Beer license fee ...	135	...	135
Duty on beer ...	185	...	185
Total.....	1,53,316	1,659	1,54,975
Total of previous year...	1,58,892	754	1,59,646

spirits and drugs for 1906-1907.

Opium.			Other drugs.			Remarks.	
Issues in seers from Government treasuries (or in districts where the supply is not derived entirely from treasuries amount sold by retail).	Prices per seer.		Amount sold by retail in seers.				
	Wholesale price at which opium is issued from the treasury.	Retail average price at which retail vendors sell.	Ganja.	Charas.	Bhang.		
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Seers.	Tolas.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Seers Tola			
36	69	57 8 0 Per Madras seer.	60 0 0 Per Madras seer.	214—0	...	...	
29	9	57 8 0	60 0 0	446—6	...	...	

for 1906-1907.

Gross excise receipts per ten thousand of total population to nearest rupee.			Nett excise revenue from all sources per ten thousand of total population. See column 23 of Statement 92.	Remarks.
From spirits and fermented liquors, total of columns 2, 5 & 9 of Statement 92.	From opium column 13 of Statement 92.	From drugs other than opium column 17 of Statement 92.		
10	11	12	13	14
Rs. 8,103	Rs. 65	Rs. 34	Rs. 7,899	
8,346	28	145	8,391	

balance of excise revenue for 1906-1907.

Collections made during the year against total in column 4.			Advance collections made in previous year against current demand	Remissions and amounts written off as irrecoverable.	Realizable balance, column 4 minus columns 7, 8 and 9.	Advance collections for coming year.	Total realizations in year (columns 7 and 11).
Current.	Arrear.	Total.					
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
9,134	...	9,134	...	...	...	...	9,134
1,09,592	...	1,09,592	12,940	...	...	...	1,20,045
15,597	1,255	16,852	...	...	3,758	10,453	16,852
423	404	827	...	...	137	...	827
850	...	350	...	...	...	...	350
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
196	...	196	...	...	...	...	196
412	...	412	...	...	...	...	412
300	...	300	...	...	...	...	300
157	...	157	...	...	...	...	157
135	...	135	...	...	...	...	135
185	...	185	...	...	...	...	185
1,36,481	1,659	1,38,140	12,940	...	3,895	10,453	1,48,593
1,41,715	754	1,42,469	15,518	...	1,659	12,940	1,55,409

(98). Comparative statement of excise offences in 1906-1907.

Year.	Prosecutions.		Convictions.		Acquittals.		Fines realized.	Reward to excise officers.	Reward to informants.	Balance.	Remarks.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.					
1906-07.	37	45	31	36	6	9	Rs. 613	Rs. 23	Rs. 46 *	Rs. 544	* Rs. 41 awarded to the Police, and Rs. 5 to informants.
1905-06.	60	81	48	64	12	17	808	54	58	696	

The details are as follow :—

				1906-07.	1905-06.
1.	Under sec. 45 of the Excise Act	(For illicit distillation of paddy arrack)	...	13	30
2.	Do.	do.	(For cultivating hemp without license)	2	1
3.	Do.	do.	(For selling toddy or arrack without license)	11	17
4.	Do.	do.	(For illegally possessing arrack or toddy)	10	5
5.	Do.	do.	(For breach of condition of license)	1	7

(99). Statement of the working of the excise department for 1906-1907.

No.	Names.	Designation.	Number of shops visited and miles travelled.							
			Arrack.	Toddy.	Opium.	Ganja.	Beer.	Methy- lated spirits.	Total.	Miles.
1	Kongandra Timmayya	Inspector, North Coorg ...	365	746	18	47	17	108	1,301	2,302
2	Cheppudira Karriappa	„ South Coorg ...	265	616	37	37	...	66	1,021	2,467
3	Aichetti Appachu ...	Tester, Kiggatnad Taluk circle.	193	435	16	16	...	47	707	2,925
4	Mukkatira Kalappa ...	„ Padinalaknad Taluk circle.	211	404	26	26	4	65	736	1,332
5	Apparandra Appayya..	„ North Coorg ...	331	681	14	44	12	61	1,143	2,083

(100). Statement showing the abstract of receipts and charges under stamps for the year 1906-1907.

	Receipts.	Charges.				Nett receipts.	Cost of general supervision.	Cost of stamps and plain paper supplied from central dépôt.
		Discount and establishment for sale of stamps.	Refunds.	Other charges.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Under the Stamp Act ...	10,082	447	71	...	518	9,564	...	} Not known.
Under the Court Fees Act.	29,876	255	9	...	264	29,612	...	
Total ...	39,958	702	80	...	782	39,176	...	...
Total of previous year ...	44,480	786	376	...	1,102	43,018	...	...

(101). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of judicial stamps for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Sale of court fee stamps.	Sale of stamps for copies.	Sale of plain paper used with court fee labels.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	29,074	...	83	719	29,876
Total of previous year ...	31,565	...	143	472	32,180

(102). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of non-judicial stamps for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Impressed stamps.	Impressed labels.	Hundis or inland bills of exchange.	One anna adhesive revenue stamps.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	9,843	...	94	...	145	10,082
Total of previous year ...	10,424	...	116	1,235	225	12,000

(103). Statement showing the arrangements for the vend of stamps for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Number of vendors.	Discount allowed to vendors.			
		On judicial stamps.	On plain paper.	On non-judicial stamps.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	10	252	3	447	702
Total of previous year ...	10	257	5	524	786

(104). Statement showing the insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments on which duty and penalty were levied by civil courts and Collectors for the year 1906-1907.

District.	By civil court under section 34 of Act II of 1899.		By Collector under sections 25, 27, 40 and 41 of Act II of 1899.	
	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg	130	Rs. 764	22	Rs. 103
Total of previous year ...	101	511	21	173

(105). Statement showing the stamp prosecutions for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Number of cases instituted.	Number of persons.			Amount of fines imposed.	Amount of rewards disbursed.	Remarks.
		Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg	4	5	5	...	Rs. 31	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	3	5	5	...	18	...	

(106). Statement showing the result of action taken by Collector to test valuation of estates for which applications for probate and letters of administration were put in, for the year 1906-1907.

District.	Number of cases reported to Collector.	Number of such cases in which inquiries were instituted.	Amount of court fee originally paid in cases inquired into.	Amount of deficit court fee required.	Penalty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg	3	3	Rs. 300	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	5	5	2,094	...	...	

(107). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from salaries, pensions, annuities and gratuities paid by Government in the year 1906-1907.

Class.	Income.	Paid by Government.					
		Salaries.		Pensions and annuities.		Total.	
		No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I	Rs. 500 but less than	Rs. 750	...	...	...	...	...
II	750	1,000	...	...	...	...	...
III	1,000	1,250	7	175	2	43	218
IV	1,250	1,500	1	29	...	1	29
V	1,500	1,750	5	166	1	35	201
VI	1,750	2,000	2	75	...	2	75
Total I to VI		15	445	3	78	18	523
VII	2,000	2,500	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	2,500	5,000	6	546	...	6	546
IX	5,000	10,000	2	348	...	2	348
X	10,000	20,000	2	643	...	2	643
XI	20,000	30,000	1	560	...	1	560
XII	30,000	40,000	...	...	...	...	...
XIII	40,000	50,000	...	...	...	...	...
XIV	50,000	1,00,000	...	...	...	...	...
XV	1,00,000 and more	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total VII to XV		11	2,097	...	...	11	2,097
Grand Total		26	2,542	3	78	29	2,620
Grand total of previous year		25	2,345	3	77	28	2,422

(108). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from interest on securities in the year 1906-1907.

Class.	Rate of tax.	Securities of the Government of India.		Securities of Local Authority or Company.		Total.	
		Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I to VI	At 4 pies in the rupee	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...
VII to XV	At 5 pies in the rupee	95,500	65	3,700	6	99,200	71
Total		95,500	65	3,700	6	99,200	71
Total of previous year		52,400	47	...	...	52,400	47

(109).

Statement showing the collections of the tax

Class.	Amount of income.		Salaries, pen- sions, annuities, and gratuities paid by Government.		Salaries, pen- sions, an- nuities and gratuities paid by lo- cal authori- ties.		Salaries, &c., paid by companies, public bodies, associations, and private employers.				Profit of companies.	
			No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	Tax levied under Section 9 (1); Section 9 (2).					
							No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
I	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		
II	500 but less than	750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
III	750 "	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
IV	1,000 "	1,250	9	218	1	12	5	135	6	110	...	
V	1,250 "	1,500	1	29	...	...	3	52	1	28	...	
VI	1,500 "	1,750	6	201	...	...	1	31	1	41	...	
	1,750 "	2,000	2	75	...	...	3	122	7	225	...	
	Total I to VI		18	523	1	22	12	340	15	404	...	
VII	2,000 but less than	2,500	...	...	...	...	3	154	7	354	...	
VIII	2,500 "	5,000	6	546	...	...	19	1,804	9	695	...	
IX	5,000 "	10,000	2	343	1	13	3	532	3	333	...	
X	10,000 "	20,000	2	643	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XI	20,000 "	30,000	1	560	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XII	30,000 "	40,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XIII	40,000 "	50,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XIV	50,000 "	1,00,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XV	1,00,000 and more	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total VII to XV		11	2,097	1	13	25	2,490	19	1,382	...	
	Total I to XV		29	2,620	2	35	37	2,830	34	1,786	...	
	Less commission		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	...	
	Grand Total		29	2,620	2	35	37	2,830	34	1,732	...	
	Grand total of previous year		28	2,422	2	170	37	2,880	33	2,121	...	

(110).

Statement showing the original and final demands and uncollected

Part of the Act under which the income is assessed.	Original demand.		Revision by Collec- tor.		Revision by Com- missioner.		Final demand.		Pro- cess by Collec- tor.		Fines by magis- trate.		Arrears of pre- vious year.		Total of columns 9, 11, 13 and 14.		Collec- tion.	
	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Amount.	Amount.				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
<i>Salaries and Pensions.</i> Chapter III S. A and Part I, Schedule II.	102	Rs. 7,759	...	...	...	...	...	102	7,759	1	1	...	...	1,104	8,864	6,310	1	...
<i>Profits of Companies.</i> Chapter III B and Part II, Schedule II	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Interest on Securities.</i> Chapter III C and Part III, Schedule II.	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	71	71	...	...	...
<i>Other sources of Income.</i> Chapter III D and Part IV, Schedule II.	73	2,689	16	2,497	...	...	66	2,497	23	23	...	...	2,076	4,596	2,469	23	...	...
Total	175	10,519	16	2,497	...	...	168	10,327	24	24	...	...	3,180	13,531	8,850	24	...	...
Total of previous year	184	12,623	27	4,563	1	4,563	171	12,223	35	35	...	...	1,561	13,818	8,946	35	...	...

under Act II of 1886 in the year 1906-1907.

Interest on securi- ties.	Other sources of income.		Total collections of tax.		Process by Collector.	Fines by magistrate.	Total of columns 17, 18 and 19.	Refunds.	Nett collections.	Remarks.
Amount of tax.	No. of assess- ees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- ees.	Amount of tax.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	26	520	47	1,006	13	...	1,019	2	1,017	
...	6	168	11	277	...	...	277	...	277	
...	13	455	21	727	2	...	729	...	729	
...	...	...	12	422	...	...	422	...	422	
...	45	1,143	91	2,432	15	...	2,447	2	2,445	
...	11	610	21	1,118	2	...	1,120	...	1,120	
...	10	821	44	3,866	7	...	3,873	...	3,873	
...	...	...	9	1,226	...	...	1,226	...	1,226	
...	...	...	2	643	...	...	643	...	643	
...	...	...	1	560	...	...	560	...	560	
71	...	...	...	71	...	...	71	...	71	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
71	21	1,431	77	7,484	9	...	7,493	...	7,493	
71	66	2,574	168	9,916	24	...	9,940	2	9,938	
...	...	...	...	54	...	...	54	...	54	
71	66	2,574	168	9,862	24	...	9,886	2	9,884	
47	71	2,526	171	10,166	35	...	10,201	...	10,201	

balances of sums due under Act II of 1886 in the year 1906-1907.

Fines.				Balance.	REMARKS.
Fines.	Arrears.	Total.			
18	19	20	21		22
...	Rs. 908	Rs. 7,219	Rs. 1,340(a)		(a) Amount shown in column 15 Rs. ... 8,364 Deduct— 1. Collection in column 20 Rs. 7,219 2. Commission to companies, &c., under section 9 (2) 54 3. Tax on amount deducted from sala- ries on account of insurance premia. 166 4. Amount ordered to be written off 85 7,524 Balance ... 1,340 of which Rs. 939 have since been recovered, leaving a balance of Rs. 401.
...	...	71	...		
...	104	2,596	2,000(b)		(b) Since recovered.
...	1,012	9,886	3,340		
...	1,219	10,200	3,180		

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

(111). Return showing births, deaths and marriages among the population of any place or in any class in respect of which particulars may have been ascertained during the year 1906 and the average age at which death occurred.

Race or class.		1	2	3	4	5	6
			Population of place or number of class.	Number of marriages during the year.	Number of births during the year.	Number of deaths during the year.	Average age at time of death.
Meroara	...	...	6,732	16	121	231	41
Virajendrapet	...	...	4,283	27	90	213	27
Fraserpet	...	...	1,600	5	31	57	34
Somwarpet	...	...	1,745	13	39	37	36
Kodlipet	...	...	889	10	29	20	56
Total			15,249	71	310	558	36

(112). Statement showing the births registered

No.	District and rural circles.			Population according to census of 1901.			Number of births registered.		
				Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3			4		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk...	...	16,938	11,682	28,620	302	281	583
		Padinalknad ,, ...	...	15,355	13,265	28,620	555	589	1,144
		Yedenalknad,, ...	...	25,448	17,964	43,412	440	455	895
		Kiggatnad ,, ...	...	20,083	17,152	37,235	455	463	918
		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	22,434	20,286	42,720	572	601	1,173
		Total	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,324	2,389	4,713
		Total of previous year	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,230	2,342	4,572

(113). Statement showing births and deaths registered

Serial number.	District and rural circles.			Area in square miles.	Average population per square mile.	Population (census of 1901).			Births.		Number of deaths registered.		
						Male.	Female.	Total.	Total number.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3	4	5			6		7		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk	...	216.30	132	16,938	11,682	28,620	583	20.37	529	414	943
2		Padinalknad ,,	...	399.90	72	15,355	13,265	28,620	1,144	39.97	457	422	879
3		Yedenalknad ,,	...	201.45	215	25,448	17,964	43,412	895	20.62	657	499	1,156
4		Kiggatnad ,,	...	410.45	91	20,083	17,152	37,235	918	24.65	474	408	882
5		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	354.71	120	22,434	20,286	42,720	1,173	27.46	758	667	1,425
		Total	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,713	26.10	2,875	2,410	5,285
		Total of previous year	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,572	25.31	2,577	2,162	4,739

during the year 1906.

Ratio of births per 1,000 of population.			Number of males born to every 100 females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of births per 1,000 during previous five years.		
Male.	Female.	Total.				Male.	Female.	Total.
5			6	7	8	9		
10.55	9.82	20.37	107.47	...	12.58	8.94	9.48	18.42
19.39	20.58	39.97	94.23	9.26	...	17.69	16.78	34.47
10.14	10.48	20.62	96.70	...	6.01	9.26	8.89	18.15
12.22	12.43	24.65	98.27	.97	...	11.66	11.88	23.54
13.39	14.07	27.46	95.17	...	5.90	11.88	12.27	24.15
12.87	13.23	26.10	97.28	...	3.17	11.66	11.65	23.31
12.34	12.97	25.31	95.22	...	.92	11.73	11.55	23.28

during the year 1906.

Number of deaths of males to every 100 deaths of females.	Deaths per 1,000 of population from											Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 during previous five years.		
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	All causes.			Male.	Female.	Total.
									Male.	Female.	Total.			
8	9											10		
127.78	...	.77	...	27.43	1.12	.04	.10	3.49	31.23	35.44	32.95	29.92	32.44	30.95
108.29	.21	.70	...	27.04	.42	...	.24	2.10	29.76	31.81	30.71	31.34	29.78	30.61
131.66	...	.85	...	17.94	1.29	.90	.12	5.53	25.82	27.78	26.63	26.41	27.00	26.66
116.18	...	1.07	...	19.85	.78	...	.11	1.88	23.60	23.79	23.69	25.87	26.01	25.93
113.64	.09	2.69	...	27.83	.28	.07	.12	2.27	33.79	32.88	33.35	34.03	34.10	34.06
119.29	.06	1.29	...	23.62	.78	.24	.13	3.14	28.68	29.99	29.26	29.35	29.83	29.57
119.20	...	.73	...	21.46	.53	.17	.14	3.21	25.70	26.91	26.24	31.33	31.25	31.30

(114).

Deaths registered during

1	2	3					
No.	District.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	Coorg	448	315	425	491	432	509
	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in each month.	2.48	1.74	2.35	2.72	2.39	2.82

(115).

Deaths registered according to age

No.	District.	Under 1 year.		1 year and under 5.		5 and under 10.		10 and under 15.		15 and under 20.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
1	Coorg	574	556	316	288	105	112	103	81	112	96
2	Population on which ratio is calculated.	2,762	2,818	6,809	7,076	11,242	11,196	11,885	10,385	9,743	7,745
	Ratio per 1,000 living.	207.82	197.30	46.41	40.70	9.43	10.00	8.67	7.80	11.50	12.40

Note.—The ratios are worked out from the census figures of 1901.

(116).

Deaths registered according to classes

1	2	3			
No.	District.	Population according to census of 1901.			
		Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
1	Coorg	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607
	Previous year ...	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607

(117).

Deaths registered from different causes in the towns

No.	Districts and towns.	Population according to census of 1901.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.				Total.
									Suicide.		Wounding or suicide.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Males.	Females.	10	11	12
A. Districts.													
1	Mercara Taluk ...	21,888	...	21	...	627	7	...	1	...	1	...	2
	Padinalknad Taluk ...	28,620	6	20	...	774	12	...	3	...	3	...	7
	Yedensalknad ,, ...	39,129	...	29	...	773	18	3	1	...	...	...	1
	Kiggatnad ,, ...	37,235	...	40	...	789	29	...	1	1	1	...	4
	Nanjarajpatna ,, ...	38,486	4	111	...	1,099	11	2	3	...	...	2	5
	Total ...	165,358	10	221	...	4,012	77	5	9	1	5	4	19
B. Towns.													
2	Mercara ...	6,732	...	1	...	158	25	1	...	...	1	...	1
	Virajendrapet ...	4,283	...	8	...	6	38	36	1	...	3	...	4
	Fraserpet ...	1,600	...	1	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Somwarpet ...	1,745	...	1	...	32	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Kodlipet ...	889	...	2	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	15,249	...	13	...	254	64	38	1	...	4	...	5
	Total for the province ...	180,607	10	234	...	4,266	141	43	10	1	9	4	24
	Total of previous year ...	180,607	...	132	...	3,876	96	30	15	...	6	4	25

each month of the year 1906.

3—Continued.						4
July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total deaths registered during the year.
607	451	429	411	337	430	5,285
3.36	2.50	2.38	2.28	1.87	2.38	29.26

during the year 1906.

20 and under 30.		30 and under 40.		40 and under 50.		50 and under 60.		60 and upwards.		Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
8		9		10		11		12		13	
387	375	453	302	394	234	231	167	210	189	2,885	2,400
22,363	17,024	18,628	11,102	9,923	6,522	4,476	3,831	2,427	2,630	100,258	80,349
17.31	22.03	24.32	27.20	39.71	35.88	51.61	43.37	86.53	71.86	28.78	29.87

during the year 1906.

4				5			
Number of deaths registered.				Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			
Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.	Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
328	4,629	328	5,285	24.02	28.96	45.96	29.26
425	4,185	129	4,739	31.13	26.19	18.08	25.24

and districts during the year 1906.

All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.									
		Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
										For the year	Mean of previous 5 years
9	10	11									
55	712	...	.96	...	28.65	.32	...	.09	2.51	32.53	30.01
60	879	.21	.70	...	27.04	.42	...	.24	2.10	30.71	30.61
119	943	...	.74	...	19.75	.46	.03	.03	3.04	24.10	22.58
70	882	...	1.07	...	19.85	.78	...	.11	1.88	23.69	25.93
79	1,311	.10	2.88	...	28.56	.29	.05	.13	2.05	34.06	34.25
383	4,727	.06	1.34	...	24.26	.47	.03	.11	2.32	28.59	28.42
45	231	...	.15	...	23.47	3.71	.15	.15	6.68	34.31	34.02
121	213	...	1.87	...	1.40	8.87	8.41	.93	28.25	49.73	63.93
13	57	...	.61	...	26.88	...	...	...	8.13	35.62	33.50
2	37	...	.57	...	18.34	.57	.57	...	1.15	21.20	29.11
3	20	...	2.25	...	16.87	...	...	...	3.37	22.49	36.90
184	558	...	.85	...	16.66	4.19	2.49	.33	12.07	36.59	41.97
567	5,285	.06	1.29	...	23.62	.78	.24	.13	3.14	29.26	29.57
580	4,739	...	.73	...	21.46	.53	.17	.14	3.21	26.24	31.30

(118). Deaths registered from cholera during each month of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8																	
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.																				
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.				
1	Coorg	...	...	10	2	502*	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	6	4	10	·06	·05	·06	·06

* This figure excludes 20 villages which are uninhabited.

(119). Deaths registered from small-pox during each month of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9																		
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.												Total.	Number of these deaths among children.		Total ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 for previous five years.						
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from small-pox were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from small-pox were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.		November.	December.			Under 1 year.	Under 1 to 10 years.				
1	Coorg ...	10	10	502	...	28	29	35	31	48	23	15	9	3	7	...	6	119	115	234	...	...	1·19	1·43	1·29	·73

(120). Deaths registered from fevers during each month of the year 1906.

No.	District	Circles of registration.		Villages.		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 for previous five years.
		Number from each district.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.															
1	2	3	4	5												6	7	8		
1	Coorg	10	10	502	502	359	250	310	400	323	410	517	370	350	333	284	360	M 2,311 F 1,955 T 4,266	M 23·05 F 24·33 T 23·62	24·36

(121). Deaths registered from dysentery and diarrhoea during each month of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5												6	7			8					
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.												Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous five years.					
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from dysentery & diarrhoea were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from dysentery & diarrhoea were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.		November.	December.							
1	Coorg ...	...	10	8	502	...	13	5	6	5	4	16	23	14	14	12	17	99	M	F	T	M	F	T	72
																			42		141	99	52	78	

(122). Deaths registered from plague during each month of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	District.	Circles of registration. Number in each district. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Villages. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.
1	Coorg	10	502		M. F. T. M. F. T.		.08

(123). Deaths registered from respiratory diseases during each month of the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	District.	Circles of registration. Number in each district. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Villages. Number from which deaths from respiratory diseases were reported.	January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.
1	Coorg	10	502	1 2 9 7 1 1 2 4 3 4 5 4 36	M. F. T. M. F. T.	.36 .09 .24	.07

(124). Statement showing ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 of living population during the year 1906.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	District.	Name of circle.	Population.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from fever per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 living.
1	Coorg	A. Municipal Towns.				
		Mercara	6,732	.15	23.47	3.71
		Virajendrapet	4,383	1.87	1.40	8.87
		Fraserpet	1,600	.61	26.88	...
		Somwarpet	1,745	.57	18.34	.57
		Kodlipet	889	2.25	16.87	...
		B. Rural circles.				
		Mercara Taluk	21,288	.96	28.65	.33
		Padinalaknad,,	28,620	.70	27.04	.43
		Yedenalknad,,	39,129	.74	19.75	.46
		Kiggatnad,,	37,235	1.67	19.85	.78
		Nanjarajpatna,,	38,486	2.88	28.56	.29

(125). Comparative statement showing the mortuary and meteorological statistics together with the prices current of the chief food-grains for 1906 and five years preceding it.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
District.	Population.	Total deaths.	Deaths from	Temperature in shade.	Mean humidity.	Wind.	Rainfall (in inches).	Average quantity in seers per rupee of the chief food-grains in general use in the district.
			Cholera. Small-pox. Fever. Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Maximum. Minimum. Mean.	Mean humidity.	Prevailing direction. Mean velocity (in miles).		Wheat. Barley. Rice, best. Rice, common. Ragi. Gram. Salt.
Coorg.	180,607	1901...	6,590 58 449 5,182 218	90.0 69.4 69.4	80	...	5.1	118.66 6.0 6.2 8.7 11.3 17.1 11.9 10.5
		1902...	4,887 ... 19 4,116 106	89.0 59.2 69.1	88	...	4.5	120.65 6.2 6.5 8.1 13.7 27.9 25.2 11.0
		1903...	5,675 ... 13 4,770 137	92.0 51.1 68.8	83	...	5.4	139.48 6.2 6.4 8.1 12.1 28.8 24.4 10.8
		1904...	4,808 ... 16 4,054 90	85.0 51.0 68.1	87	...	6.0	126.17 7.4 7.4 9.3 12.0 26.2 19.4 11.0
		1905...	4,739 ... 132 3,876 96	92.0 50.6 69.2	83	...	4.1	101.89 7.8 7.7 7.9 9.1 15.15 11.12 14.0
		1906...	5,285 10 234 4,206 141	91.5 53.1 69.4	86	...	3.9	132.36 6.17 6.12 7.12 9.17 15.14 12.6 14.7

(126). Statement showing the number of hospitals and

Population of the province.	Hospitals and dispensaries.
1	2
180,607	II. State Aided III. Local Fund V. Private non-aided Total ... Total of previous year ...

(127). Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients

Name of district.	Name of dispensary.	Of what class.	In-door												
			a					b	c	d	e	f	g		
			Total treated during the year.					Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged other- wise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per- cent to total treated.	Number of beds available		
			Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.						Men.	Women.	
1	2	3	4												
Coorg	Mercara Civil Hospital	...	III.	302	90	9	10	411	318	14	2	77	18.73	24	14
	Virajendrapet Civil Hospital	...	Do.	532	79	5	4	620	405	48	51	116	18.71	16	6
	Apparandra Napoklu Dispensary	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mukatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal do	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Somwarpet Civil Dispensary	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Santikoppa do	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sidapur do	...	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			...	834	169	14	14	1,031	723	62	53	193	18.72	40	20
Total of previous year			...	777	177	40	11	1,005	757	28	54	166	16.52	40	20

(128). Statement showing the diseases of the in-door and out-door patients

Number.	Name of dispensary.	General diseases.													Local					
		Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.	Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.	Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
1	Mercara Civil Hospital	7	...	317	3,332	14	...	70	46	958	...	38	...	128	215	264	122	137	87	31
2	Virajendrapet do.	16	...	299	3,106	20	7	55	55	978	...	44	...	259	311	253	115	160	31	35
3	Apparandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	...	1	26	514	4	...	8	5	596	...	61	...	17	119	67	20	52	11	15
4	M. Aiyappa's Gonikoppal do.	...	...	92	1,157	8	...	13	4	232	...	149	...	133	89	119	37	63	...	8
5	Somwarpet do.	...	1	84	1,983	...	...	86	58	601	...	369	...	99	138	205	111	76	18	22
6	Sunikoppa do.	...	1	119	1,515	24	...	38	20	280	2	156	...	168	203	335	56	95	11	31
7	Sidapur do.	...	4	88	1,391	9	...	15	21	191	...	143	...	108	167	139	40	78	25	9
Total		28	2	1025	12,992	79	7	285	209	3,836	2	1,707	...	912	1,242	1,332	501	661	188	151
Total of previous year		59	...	666	8,737	67	16	235	249	4,166	...	1,403	1	861	1,319	1,479	997	704	153	158

Note.—There are no State public hospitals in Coorg though the Mercara municipal hospital includes a special police ward—vide Statement No. 130 *infra*. The same institution and the Virajendrapet Hospital are included under the heading “III Local Fund”.

dispensaries during the year 1906.

Number open on 31st Dec. 1905.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
3	4	5	6	7
7 3	...	...	7 8	
10	...	...	10	
10	...	...	10	

treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1906.

patients.					Out-door patients.												Total number of patients treated both in-door and out-door.
h					a	b	c					d					
Daily average number.					Number treated.					Average daily attend- ance.							
Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.	Attended per- sonally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated					Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.	
		Male.	Female.				Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.			Male.	Female.		
4—continued					5												6
9-18 15-44	2-31 3-85	0-21 0-17	0-23 0-26	11-93 19-72	8,355 6,680 1,612 3,025 4,070 4,344 3,301	3,568 3,955 1,428 1,220 2,929 2,038 1,505	6,775 6,009 1,580 2,747 4,486 4,192 3,010	2,255 2,251 541 806 1,105 1,120 868	1,722 1,308 538 376 861 550 541	1,171 1,067 381 316 547 520 387	11,923 10,635 3,040 4,245 6,999 6,382 4,806	33-59 34-40 5-54 12-44 18-48 22-44 11-23	11-40 14-20 1-84 3-46 4-22 6-41 3-40	7-41 6-41 1-57 1-51 3-39 3-02 1-81	5-20 5-64 1-11 1-35 1-84 2-72 1-35	57-60 60-65 10-06 18-76 27-93 34-59 17-79	12,334 11,255 3,040 4,245 6,999 6,382 4,806
24-62	6-16	0-38	0-49	31-65	31,387	16,643	28,799	8,946	5,896	4,389	48,030	188-12	44-93	25-12	19-21	227-38	49,061
26-26	6-71	1-49	0-18	34-64	29,427	13,762	26,304	8,088	5,167	3,630	43,189	124-63	40-01	22-26	16-24	203-14	44,194

treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1906.

Diseases.																	General and local.			Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the re- spiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lym- phatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the uri- nary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the con- nective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.				
																	Opium.	Other poisons.			
22	25	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	
915	200	280	324	1,643	277	64	...	47	...	193	91	145	391	1,018	...	627	...	2	12,334	160	
746	112	267	76	1,167	252	44	...	21	1	89	31	93	619	1,133	...	459	...	11	11,255	166	
149	62	43	60	411	48	3	...	29	...	17	22	38	105	410	...	126	...	1	3,040	111	
265	117	68	69	476	174	14	...	21	...	28	2	47	273	432	...	155	...	...	4,245	87	
364	52	66	67	767	167	66	...	15	4	15	42	81	257	876	39	270	...	...	6,999	66	
353	84	94	75	919	304	22	...	16	...	38	38	74	505	554	...	167	...	...	6,382	116	
326	63	67	64	619	192	8	...	18	...	40	24	17	328	415	...	197	...	...	4,806	97	
3,123	690	885	735	6,002	1,504	221	...	167	5	420	250	495	2,478	4,888	39	2,001	...	14	49,061	803	
3,028	587	625	630	5,306	1,187	239	...	132	12	352	166	458	2,220	5,536	36	2,376	...	26	44,194	640	

(129). Return showing the diseases treated and the death from each class of

Names of dispensaries.		Number of each class of												
		Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever intermittent.	Fever remittent.	Fever continued.	Fever typhoid.	Fever typhus.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen disease.
<i>Mercara Civil Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	16	...	1
Native patients	...	...	...	...	3,844	3	180	...	...	324	285	322	...	301
	In-door	17	...	78	...	4	...	...	...	19	37	96	...	11
	Out-door	3	...	3,808	3	176	...	...	...	311	254	312	...	291
	Total	17	...	3,886	3	180	...	...	...	330	291	338	...	312
<i>Virajendrapet Civil Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	1	...	2
Native patients	...	...	...	...	3,840	22	54	6	...	1	340	259	12	283
	In-door	3	7	84	5	...	4	...	...	1	57	6	...	20
	Out-door	...	...	3,774	17	54	2	...	...	286	236	12	...	165
	Total	3	7	3,858	22	54	6	...	...	1	343	262	13	285
<i>Apparandra Napoklu Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	In-door	39	...	477	65	61	9	...	...	1	23	51	72	45
	Out-door	39	...	477	65	61	9	...	...	1	25	51	72	45
	Total	39	...	477	65	61	9	...	...	1	25	51	72	45
<i>Mukkatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	35	21	...	...	...	...	5	6	12	...	7
Native patients	...	...	...	...	808	363	95	7	...	83	64	65	...	165
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	15	...	838	384	95	7	...	...	88	70	77	...	172
	Total	15	...	838	384	95	7	...	...	88	70	77	...	172
<i>Samwarpet Civil Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	12	...	3	...	...	...	...	8	13	...	...
Native patients	...	...	...	...	2,232	2	114	...	...	96	64	50	...	170
	In-door	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	1	1	2,244	2	117	...	...	...	96	67	63	...	170
	Total	1	1	2,244	2	117	...	...	...	96	67	63	...	170
<i>Suntikoppa Civil Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	39	7	3	...	...	...	5	4	6	...	11
Native patients	...	...	...	...	1,477	103	31	...	...	2	123	98	75	471
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	...	...	1,516	110	34	...	...	...	2	128	102	81	482
	Total	...	...	1,516	110	34	...	...	...	2	128	102	81	482
<i>Sidapur Civil Dispensary.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	49	...	1	...	...	...	3	5	2	...	1
Native patients	...	...	...	...	983	118	120	...	...	84	68	58	...	175
	In-door	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	5	3	1,032	118	121	...	...	...	87	68	58	...	176
	Total	5	3	1,032	118	121	...	...	...	87	68	58	...	176
<i>Grand Total of all the dispensaries.</i>														
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	195	28	7	...	...	...	24	27	50	...	22
Native patients	...	...	...	...	63,29	13,656	676	655	22	4,1073	884	652	1,610	31
	In-door	3	21	162	5	4	4	...	...	1	76	68	27	31
	Out-door	60	8	13,689	699	658	18	...	...	3,1021	848	675	1,601	...
	Grand Total	63	29	13,851	704	662	22	...	...	4,1097	911	702	1,632	...
<i>Total of previous year</i>		...	61	8,511	343	787	5	...	...	1	675	687	620	1,287

(130).

Annual statement of patients treated in the

Number.	Class of patient.	Number of beds.		Number of in-door patients treated.		Number of out-door patients treated.		General diseases.															
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.	Carcinoma.	Sarcoma.	Anaemia and debility.	All other general diseases.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		21	22	
																			a	b			
1	In- and out-patients.	4	...	5	...	123	...	...	...	1	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	

(131).

Statement of in- and out-patients treated in the private

Number.	Name of dispensary.	Number of beds.		No. of in-door patients treated.	No. of out-door patients treated.	General diseases.																
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.	Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		21	22
																			a	b		
1	Elkhill dispensary (Sidapur) ...	...	...	...	...	863	307	1	...	19	337	1	...	16	18	30	...	89	...	...	66	13
2	Beechlands dispensary (Pollebetta) ...	...	...	...	...	560	142	3	...	9	170	1	...	10	11	14	...	76	...	...	33	5
3	Dispensary at Messrs. Matheson's Estate (Sidapur) ...	...	...	...	...	1,621	387	...	...	26	435	6	...	13	23	8	...	71	...	2	129	117
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	3,944	836	4	...	54	942	8	...	39	52	52	...	236	...	2	228	135
	Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	3,356	1,279	84	...	54	853	24	...	41	47	60	1	215	...	...	323	88

police ward of the Mercara hospital during the year 1906.

Local diseases.																							General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.				
																							Opium.	Other poisons.		
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	
1	1	...	...	...	12	4	2	3	20	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	18	...	7	...	...	128	...	

non-aided dispensaries during the year 1906.

Local diseases.																							General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.				
																							Opium.	Other poisons.		
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	
16	14	2	1	...	117	37	31	12	45	51	2	...	3	1	5	...	...	104	77	28	34	...	...	1,170	...	
7	9	3	2	2	69	23	16	7	15	66	4	...	3	3	7	...	...	84	34	30	22	...	...	702	...	
43	19	9	2	4	189	45	54	25	163	162	37	...	9	...	20	...	...	105	91	101	99	...	...	2,007	12	
66	42	14	5	6	375	105	101	44	223	279	43	...	15	4	32	...	...	257	202	159	155	...	...	3,879	12	
64	50	59	8	21	574	137	104	54	218	320	12	...	29	3	38	40	...	303	250	324	218	...	2	4,635	43	

(132). Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients, according

No.	Class of dispensary.	Europeans and Eurasians.				Hindus.			
		Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Mercara Civil Hospital ...	92	44	21	22	4,916	1,441	1,123	753
2	Virajendrapet do. ...	52	10	...	...	4,106	1,142	708	573
3	Appanandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	...	...	1	1	1,417	502	497	348
4	Mulakatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Civil Dispensary.	54	32	18	20	2,034	600	318	237
5	Somwarpet do. ...	83	15	6	15	3,068	761	723	436
6	Suntikoppa do. ...	120	42	21	31	1,885	410	212	213
7	Sidapur do. ...	125	35	40	13	1,691	435	299	227
	Total ...	526	178	110	102	19,117	5,291	3,880	2,787
	Total of previous year ...	414	151	83	74	17,144	4,639	3,441	2,336

(133). Statement showing the result of the surgical operations performed

CLASS.	NATURE OF OPERATIONS.
1	2
Abscess ...	Opened ...
Ascitis ...	Tapped ...
Boil ...	Opened ...
Bubo ...	Do. ...
Caries bone finger ...	Amputated ...
Caries tooth ...	Extracted ...
Cellulites ...	Incised ...
Chalazion ...	Removed ...
Condylonia ...	Excised ...
Dislocation ...	Reduced ...
Elongation of uvula ...	Removed ...
Foreign body ...	Do. ...
Fracture ...	Set up ...
Gum boil ...	Opened ...
Hernia ...	Reduced ...
Infl. gland ...	Incised ...
Loose tooth ...	Extracted ...
Loose nail ...	Removed ...
Paraphimosis ...	Reduced ...
Phimosis ...	Circumcised ...
Prolapse of rectum ...	Reduced ...
Prolapse uterus ...	Do. ...
Onychia ...	Incised ...
Sinus ...	Slit opened ...
Stricture ...	Catheterised ...
Tonsillitis ...	Removed ...
Tumour ...	Do. ...
Tedious labour ...	Application of forceps ...
Warts ...	Removed ...
Whitlow ...	Incised ...
Wounds ...	Sutured ...
	Total ...
	Total of previous year ...

to class and sex, treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1906.

Muhammadans.				Others.				Total treated.
Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.		
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
990	342	272	191	1,079	518	307	215	12,334
1,297	655	392	277	1,086	522	214	221	11,255
104	23	34	25	59	16	6	7	3,040
406	122	35	52	253	52	10	7	4,245
414	101	55	55	921	228	77	41	6,999
505	146	124	81	1,683	522	193	194	6,382
316	39	38	21	878	358	166	125	4,806
4,032	1,428	950	702	5,950	2,216	973	810	49,061
3,668	1,304	769	530	5,854	2,137	909	708	44,194

in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1906.

Number of patients remaining from last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated on in columns 4 to 6.	Result of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining at close.
	Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	213	...	213	213	210	...	...	2	1
...	10	...	10	10	4	6	...	...	...
...	47	...	47	47	47	...	...	...	...
...	11	...	11	11	11	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
...	28	...	28	28	28	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	10	...	10	10	10	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
...	46	...	46	46	46	...	...	...	...
...	31	...	31	31	28	...	1	1	1
...	22	...	22	22	22	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	249	...	249	249	249	...	...	...	...
...	8	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	...
...	22	...	22	22	22	...	...	...	...
...	10	...	10	10	9	...	...	...	1
...	6	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
...	19	...	19	19	16	2	...	...	1
...	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	14	14	14	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	15	...	15	15	15	...	...	...	...
...	15	...	15	15	14	...	...	...	1
5	803	...	803	803	782	12	1	3	5
3	640	...	640	640	623	7	2	3	5

of the local fund hospitals and dispensaries for the year 1906.

EXPENDITURE.										Closing balance.
Salaries.			Medicines.		Diet.	Miscellaneous charges.	Buildings or repairs.	Investments.	Total expenditure.	
Medical officers.	Nurses.	Inferior servants.	European.	Bazaar.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs. 1,200	Rs. 377	Rs. 1,022	Rs. 481	Rs. 61	Rs. 873	Rs. 509	Rs. 149	Rs. ...	Rs. 4,672	Rs. ...
880	...	674	238	73	774	114	..	...	2,753	...
585	..	96	123	3	...	31	...	...	838	...
720	...	95	172	6	...	38	...	...	1,031	...
705	..	96	150	1	...	52	...	...	1,004	...
570	...	274	262	...	...	61	...	...	1,167	...
459	...	96	177	7	...	60	...	...	799	...
5,119	377	2,353	1,603	151	1,647	865	149	...	12,264	...
5,204	600	2,368	3,421	96	1,732	981	...	...	14,402	...

hospitals and dispensaries for the year 1906.

Invested during the year.	Total.	Securities sold.	Deposits withdrawn.	Balance on 31st December.
Rs. ...	Rs. 4,000	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 4,000
...	2,000	...	...	2,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000

water supply, as distinguished from money spent annually on conservancy and other during the year 1906.

Date of completion of work of		Average annual death rate since the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.	Average annual death rate for the 5 years preceding the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.
Drainage.	Water-supply.		
2		3	4
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	1897	30.26	27.44

(137). Statement showing particulars of

No.	Circles and districts.	Popula- tion of district according to census of 1901.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of of vacci- nators em- ployed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average number of per- sons vacci- nated by each vac- cinator.	Primary	
									Total.	Suc- Under one year.
					M.	F.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9
1	Mercara taluk ...	21,888	102.62	1	833	354	1,187	1,314	1,050	142
2	Padinalknad „ ...	28,620	71.57	1	1,165	740	1,905		1,575	56
3	Yedenalknad „ ...	39,129	197.17	1	1,359	604	1,963		1,848	97
4	Kiggatnad „ ...	37,235	90.72	1	1,139	446	1,585		1,360	39
5	Nanjaraipatna „ No. I } ...	38,486	109.12	{ 1	938	478	1,416		1,263	169
6	Do „ No. II } ...				556	516	1,072		952	172
7	Inspector of vaccination ...				26	44	70		61	7
	Total of taluks ...	165,358	105.00	7	6,016	3,182	9,198	1,314	8,049	682
1	Mercara municipality ...	6,732	2,244.00	1	753	330	1,088	337	433	115
2	Virajendrapet „ ...	4,283	1,427.67	1	360	99	459		400	86
3	*Fraserpet „ ...	1,600	2,133.33	...	32	16	48		46	12
4	*Somwarpet „ ...	1,745	2,326.67	...	35	27	62		56	14
5	*Kodipet „ ...	889	1,778.00	...	16	13	29		29	7
	Total of municipalities ...	15,249	1,906.13	2	1,201	485	1,686	337	964	234
	Grand total of the province ...	180,607	114.11	9	7,217	3,667	10,884	1,209	9,013	916
	Total of previous year ...	180,607	114.11	9	6,973	3,905	10,878	1,208	9,047	834

* Government vaccinators carry out vaccination in these three municipalities and show the work performed therein in their taluk returns.

(138). Statement showing the cost of the vaccine

No.	Circles and districts.	Expenditure.									
		European supervising officers.	Pay.	Native supervising offi- cers.	Pay.	Vaccinators.	Pay.	Clerks.	Pay.	Peons, &c.	Pay.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Taluks of Coorg ...	...	...	1	Rs. 480	8	Rs. 1,080	...	...	...	...
	Total of taluks ...	...	...	1	480	6	1,080	...	...	...	...
2	Mercara municipality ...	...	...	...	...	1	180	...	...	...	...
3	Virajendrapet do. ...	...	...	...	...	1	178	...	...	...	...
	Total of municipalities ...	...	...	...	...	2	358	...	...	...	...
	Grand total of the province ...	...	...	1	480	8	1,438	...	...	...	...
	Total of previous year ...	...	...	1	480	8	1,422	...	...	...	...

(139). Statement showing dispensary vaccination

Dispensaries.	Number of dispen- saries in each dis- trict to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensary during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary	
					Total.	Suc- Under one year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mercara jail hospital ...	...	These cases were vaccinated by medical subordi- nates.	265	265	94	...
Do. civil dispensary ...	...		3	3	3	...
Virajendrapet do. ...	...		2	2	2	...
Apparandra Napoklu do. ...	...		...	...	...	...
M. Ayyappa's Gonikoppal do. ...	...		20	20	18	1
Somwarpet civil dispensary ...	...		44	44	31	1
Suntikoppa do. ...	...		4	4	4	...
Siddapur do. ...	...		10	10	1	1
Total ...	...	...	348	348	153	3
Total of previous year ...	...	...	413	413	259	10

vaccination during the year 1906-1907.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
successful.		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary	Re-vaccination		Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Number	Ratio per 1,000	Number	Ratio per 1,000
Over one and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.													
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
819	1,005	11	137	103	14	96.73	83.74	50.62	1.05	10.22	1,155.20	52.78	5.40	00.25
1,046	1,428	44	330	180	53	93.27	61.98	56.18	2.79	16.06	1,540.60	53.83	40.40	1.41
553	1,526	60	115	68	1	85.23	59.65	40.74	3.25	00.87	1,395.80	35.67	23.00	00.59
633	1,252	...	285	235	...	96.31	82.46	39.94	...	...	1,572.80	42.24	22.80	00.61
824	1,204	6	153	77	12	95.73	54.61	59.19	00.48	7.84	2,412.60	62.69	11.40	00.30
521	890	5	120	107	1	93.98	89.92		00.53	00.83				
24	56	2	9	7	...	94.92	77.78	00.38	3.28	...	109.20	00.66	...	...
4,420	7,361	128	1,149	777	81	92.93	72.75	49.21	1.59	7.05	8,186.20	49.51	103.00	00.62
219	425	4	655	510	23	99.07	80.70	138.89	00.92	3.51	579.80	86.14	1.20	00.18
113	364	7	59	43	2	92.62	75.44	90.36	1.75	3.39	344.80	30.50	5.20	1.21
22	43	1	2	...	2	95.56	...	26.87	2.17	100.00	76.80	48.00	1.00	00.62
25	46	5	6	1	1	90.20	20.00	26.93	8.93	16.67	74.60	42.75	00.40	00.23
13	28	...	...	...	...	96.55	...	31.50	...	...	42.80	48.14	...	...
392	906	17	722	554	28	95.67	79.83	95.74	1.76	3.88	1,118.80	73.38	7.80	00.51
4,812	8,267	145	1,871	1,331	109	93.22	75.54	53.14	1.61	5.83	93,05.00	51.52	110.80	00.61
5,109	8,332	117	1,831	1,357	48	93.30	76.11	53.65	1.29	2.62	9,444.60	52.29	160.60	00.94

department during the year 1906-1907.

				Paid from—						Number of successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
Total pay of establishment.	Travelling allowances.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Imperial funds.	Provincial funds.	Local funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.	Total.		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	...	Rs.	...	Rs.	...	Rs.		Rs. As. P.
1,560	224	383	2,167	...	2,167	...	...	...	2,167	8,256	0 4 2
1,560	224	383	2,167	...	2,167	...	...	...	2,167	8,256	0 4 2
180	...	74	254	...	...	...	254	...	254	935	0 4 4
178	...	153	331	...	...	...	331	...	331	407	0 13 0
358	...	227	585	...	...	...	565	...	585	1,342	0 7 0
1,918	224	610	2,752	...	2,167	...	585	...	2,752	9,598	0 4 7
1,902	223	615	2,740	...	2,150	...	590	...	2,740	9,639	0 4 6

during the year 1906-1907.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Remarks.
cessful.		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	
One year and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	75	5	171	117	12	84.27	73.58	5.32	7.02	
2	3	...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...	...	
2	2	...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	15	...	2	2	...	83.33	100.00	...	...	
9	31	...	13	8	...	100.00	61.54	...	...	
2	3	...	...	...	...	75.00	...	...	...	
...	1	...	9	3	3	100.00	50.00	...	33.33	
29	130	5	195	130	15	87.85	72.22	3.27	7.69	
41	218	16	154	108	16	89.71	78.26	6.18	10.39	

(141). Statement showing particulars of vaccination verified by inspecting officers during the year 1906-1907.

1	2		3		4				5				6			
District.	Total number of persons vaccinated.		Total number inspected.		Percentage of inspections to total number vaccinated.				Percentage of cases found successful to total number inspected.				Percentage of success reported by vaccinators.			
			By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.								
	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.				
Coorg ...	9,166	2,066	440	161	3,796	781	4'80	7'79	41'41	37'80	93'64	73'29	95'23	89'50	91'61	70'72

(142). Statement relating to the number of children under one year of age in towns available for vaccination and the number of successful operations performed on them in the year 1906-1907.

Number.	Town.	Number of births during the year ending 30th September 1905.	Number of deaths amongst children under one year during the year ending 30th September 1905.	Number available for vaccination after deducting the numbers who have died as shown in column 4.	Number of successful vaccinations on children under one year during the year.	Date of extension of Vaccination Act to town.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara ...	102	22	80	115	12th June 1883. Do. Do. Do. 1st December 1891.
2	Virajendrapet ...	92	25	67	86	
3	Somwarpet ...	33	4	29	14	
4	Fraserpet ...	41	15	26	12	
5	Kodlipet ...	28	6	22	7	
	Total ...	296	72	224	234	
	Total of previous year.	233	52	181	202	

(143). Comparative statement showing the annual successful vaccination and the annual ratio of deaths from small-pox.

Years.	Annual successful vaccinations.	Annual ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 of population.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1891-1892 ...	9,885	2'75	
1892-1893 ...	10,491	5'27	
1893-1894 ...	8,738	1'24	
1894-1895 ...	6,585	0'20	
1895-1896 ...	8,627	0'05	
1896-1897 ...	8,628	0'14	
1897-1898 ...	10,299	0'31	
1898-1899 ...	5,008	0'10	
1899-1900 ...	9,466	0'24	
1900-1901 ...	10,863	2'88	
1901-1902 ...	8,876	1'43	
1902-1903 ...	10,551	0'10	
1903-1904 ...	8,791	0'26	
1904-1905 ...	9,689	0'14	
1905-1906 ...	10,015	1'14	
1906-1907 ...	9,858	1'07	
Average total for 16 years 1891-1907 ...	9,153	1'09	

Note.—The entries in column 3 of Statement No. 143 differ from those in previous returns in consequence of the correction of errors detected in the course of revising the Coorg Gazetteer.

VIL—INSTRUCTION.

(144).

Abstract return of colleges, schools and scholars at the end

Area and population.				Public institutions.			
Total area in square miles.	Number of towns and villages.	Population		University education.		School education, general.	
				Arts colleges	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Institutions.	{ For males ...	...	2	82
				{ For females ...	...	...	5
				Total ...	...	2	87
	{ Towns 5	{ Males 100,258	Scholars.	Males ...	...	417	2,852
	{ Villages 479	{ Females 80,349		Females ...	...	14	1,045
	Total 484	Total 180,607		Total ...	...	431	3,897
				Total of previous year ...	...	577	3,534

(145).

Abstract return of expenditure on public instruction

Total direct expenditure on public instruction.							
1	University education.		School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.
	Arts colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Training schools.	All other special schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1. Institutions	For males	...	14,533	22,737	2,803	...	40,073
	For females	...	...	2,879	...	...	2,879
Total	...	...	14,533	25,616	2,803	...	42,952
2. (a) Percentages of provincial expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total provincial expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	30.56	33.86	12.43	...	76.85
(b) Percentages of local fund expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total local fund expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	...	98.52	...	...	98.52
(c) Percentages of municipal expenditure included in columns 2-17 to total municipal expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	...	100	...	...	100
(d) Percentages of total expenditure in columns 2-17 to total expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	29.56	52.10	5.70	...	87.36
3. Average annual cost of educating each pupil in—			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Government institutions.	Cost to provincial revenues	...	16 6 0	7 8 6	112 1 11	...	12 9 5
	Cost to local and municipal funds	...	0 1 8	...	...	...	0 1 8
Total cost	...	...	34 8 4	9 6 9	112 1 11	...	19 14 11
Local Fund schools.	Cost to provincial revenues	...	...	4 2 4	...	...	4 2 4
	Cost to local funds	...	...	5 2 5	...	...	5 2 5
Total cost	...	...	...	7 0 11	...	...	7 0 11
Municipal schools.	Cost to provincial revenues	...	...	0 0 3	...	...	0 0 3
	Cost to municipal funds	...	...	8 3 9	...	...	8 3 9
Total cost	...	...	...	0 6 4	...	...	0 6 4
Aided institutions.	Cost to provincial revenues	...	...	2 3 5	...	...	2 3 5
	Cost to local and municipal funds	...	...	9 11 9	...	...	9 11 9
Total cost	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8 0
Unaided institutions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All institutions.	Cost to provincial revenues	...	16 6 0	1 15 9	112 1 11	...	4 1 0
	Cost to local and municipal funds	...	...	2 14 8	...	...	2 9 10
Total cost	...	...	34 8 4	6 10 7	112 1 11	...	11 7 3

for the year 1906-1907.

School education, special.		Total of public institutions.	Private institutions.		Grand total.	Percentage of—	Remarks.
Training schools.	All other special schools.		Advanced.	Elementary.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	...	85	...	29	114	Institutions to number of towns and villages. { 23.55	Male population of the school-going age ... 23,127 do. ... 21,581 Female do. ... 44,708
...	...	5	...	...	5	1.03	
1	...	90	...	29	119	24.59	
23	...	3,292	...	455	3,747	Male scholars to male population of school-going age. ... 16.2	
4	...	1,063	...	55	1,118	Female scholars to female popula- tion of school- going age. ... 5.18	
27	...	4,355	...	510	4,865	10.88	
20	...	4,131	...	535	4,666	10.44	

for the year 1906-1907.

Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.								
University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholar- ships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and appa- ratus	Miscella- neous.	Total.	Total ex- penditure on public in- struction.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	2,932	2,758	...	...	524	6,214	49,166
...	...	2,932	2,758	...	...	524	6,214	49,166
...	...	13.60	9.08	...	...	1.07	23.15	100.00
...	...	...	1.48	...	...	...	1.48	100.00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100.00
...	...	5.96	5.61	...	...	1.07	12.64	100.00

(146).

Return of colleges, schools and

Objects of expenditure.		Public institutions.															
		Under public management.												Under private			
		Managed by Govern- ment.				Managed by local fund and municipal boards.				Managed by Native States.		Aided by Govern- ment or by local fund or municipal boards.					
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
University Education.	Arts Colleges.																
	English																
	Oriental																
	Law																
	Medicine																
School Education, General.	Engineering																
	Teaching																
	Agriculture																
	Total																
	Secondary Schools.																
School Education, General.	For boys { High Schools	1	301	286	263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Middle { English	1	130	135	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Schools { Vernacular																
	For girls { High Schools																
	{ Middle { English																
School Education, General.	{ Schools { Vernacular																
	Total	2	431	421	389	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Primary schools.																
	For boys	4	591	548	437	72	2,633	2,651	1,994	...	...	...	...	5	339	323	259
	„ girls	4	268	256	191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	25	31	25
School Education, Special.	Total	8	859	804	628	72	2,638	2,651	1,994	...	...	...	...	6	364	354	284
	Schools for special instruction.																
	Training schools for masters... ..	1	27	25	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Training schools for mistresses																
	Schools of Art																
School Education, Special.	Law schools																
	Medical schools																
	Engineering & surveying																
	schools																
	Industrial schools																
School Education, Special.	Other schools																
	Total	1	27	25	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total of colleges and schools for public instruction...	11	1,317	1,250	1,039	72	2,638	2,651	1,994	...	...	...	...	6	364	354	284
	Total of previous year ...	9	1,214	1,102	345	71	2,608	2,707	2,036	...	...	...	...	5	309	304	245
	Private institution ..	1. Advanced teaching															
(a) Arabic or Persian																	
(b) Sanscrit																	
(c) Any other oriental classic																	
2. Elementary, teaching a vernacular only or mainly. { For boys...																	
Private institution ..																	

scholars for the year 1906-1907.

management.				Grand total of public institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st March.	Number of scholars on the 31st of March learning.						Remarks.
Unaided.						English.		A classical language.		A vernacular language.		
Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24		25		26		27
...	...	...	...	1	301	294	7	1	...	293	7	
...	...	...	...	1	130	123	3	..	...	123	7	
...	...	...	...	2	431	417	10	1	...	415	14	
1	36	36	23	82	3,604	511	34	...	...	2,852	752	
...	...	...	...	5	293	...	1	...	...	...	293	
1	36	36	23	87	3,897	511	35	...	...	2,852	1,045	
...	...	...	...	1	27	...	...	...	...	23	4	
...	...	...	...	1	27	...	...	...	...	23	4	
1	36	36	23	90	4,355	928	45	1	...	3,291	1,063	
...	...	...	...	85	4,131	866	37	1	...	3,156	975	
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...	29	510	94	5	...	...	455	55	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	20	510	94	5	...	...	455	55	
...	...	...	...	119	4,861	1,022	50	1	...	3,746	1,118	
...	...	...	...	116	4,666	955	53	6	4	3,616	1,041	

(147).

Return of expenditure on public instruction

Objects of expenditure.		Public													
		Under public management.													
		Managed by Government.							Managed by local fund and municipal boards.						
		Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<i>Arts and Professional Colleges.</i>															
University Education.	English	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
	Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Teaching	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Secondary schools.</i>															
School Education, General.	For boys ... { High Schools ...	5,899	...	...	5,159	75	11,133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Middle Schools { English ...	994	...	...	2,406	...	3,400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Schools { Vernacular.														
	„ girls... { High Schools ...														
	{ Middle Schools { English ...														
	{ Schools { Vernacular.														
	Total ...	6,893	...	...	7,565	75	14,533	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Primary schools.</i>														
	For boys	3,553	...	84	1,438	...	5,075	1,440	10,143	207	2,499	...	...	...	14,289
	„ girls	2,502	...	...	...	...	2,502	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...		6,055	...	84	1,438	...	7,577	1,440	10,143	207	2,499	...	...	...	14,289
<i>Schools for special instruction.</i>															
School Education, Special.	Training schools for masters ...	2,803	...	...	...	...	2,803	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Training schools for mistresses ...														
	Schools of Art														
	Law schools														
	Engineering & surveying schools ...														
	Industrial schools														
	Other schools														
Total ...		2,803	...	...	...	...	2,803	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
University Direction		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in	Arts colleges	1,470	...	...	...	...	1,470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Professional colleges	...	160	...	...	310	470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary schools	578	...	...	...	240	818	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Primary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Special schools other than training schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous	240	...	...	...	284	524	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Boarding house attached to the High School at Mercara.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...		2,288	160	...	...	834	3,282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total expenditure on public instruction ...		18,039	160	84	9,003	909	28,195	1,440	10,143	207	2,499	...	...	...	14,289
Total of previous year ...		14,561	...	84	9,079	339	24,066	1,440	10,137	433	2,681	...	...	...	14,691

(148).

Return of the stages of instruction of pupils in public schools

Class of schools.			Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March.	High stage.		
					Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the matriculation examination.		
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1			2	3	4	5	6
<i>Secondary schools—</i>							
For boys	Departmental	{ English	2	431	88	...	88
For girls	...	{ Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...
Total secondary schools			2	431	88	...	88
<i>Primary schools—</i>							
For boys	Departmental	...	4	591	...	...	...
	Local Fund	...	67	2,415	...	...	...
	Municipal	...	5	223	...	...	...
	Aided	...	5	339	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	1	36	...	...	...
Total			82	3,604	...	...	...
For girls	Departmental	...	4	263	...	...	...
	Local Fund	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	...	1	25	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			5	293	...	...	...
Total primary schools			87	3,897	...	...	...
Grand Total			89	4,323	88	...	88
Grand total of previous year			84	4,111	98	1	99

(149).

Return showing the result of prescribed

Nature of examination.	Number of institutions sending examinees.				Number of		
	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions, (private).	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions, (private).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
<i>Arts Colleges—</i>							
1. Master of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Bachelor of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. { First B. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First Arts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Previous examination...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Colleges for professional training—</i>							
<i>Law—</i>							
1. Doctor of Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Bachelor of Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Medicine—</i>							
1. M. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. { First M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Engineering—</i>							
1. M. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. B. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. First L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Schools of general education—</i>							
Matriculation	...	...	...	1	9	...	...
Higher examination for women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III Form examination	{ English	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV Class examination	{ English	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Schools of special instruction—</i>							
1. Training school examination for masters.	{ Lower Secondary	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Upper Primary	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Training school examination for mistresses.	{ Lower	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Schools of Art examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Vernacular Medical examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Examination in Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Examination in Surveying	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Industrial School examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The III Form and IV class examinations are not public or compulsory.

for general education at the end of the year 1906-1907.

Middle stage.			Upper primary stage.			Lower primary stage.						Total.		
Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the upper primary stage, but have not passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage.			Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower primary stage, but have not passed beyond the upper primary stage.			Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the lower primary stage.								
						Reading printed books.			Not reading printed books.					
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
255	10	265	53	2	55	21	2	23	...	...	...	417	14	431
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
255	10	265	53	2	55	21	2	23	...	...	...	417	14	431
...	...	...	144	8	152	345	40	385	40	14	54	529	62	591
...	...	...	274	42	316	1,361	465	1,826	191	82	273	1,826	589	2,415
...	...	...	23	1	24	140	20	160	23	16	39	186	37	223
...	...	...	65	4	69	203	47	250	17	3	20	285	54	339
...	...	...	3	...	3	15	8	23	8	2	10	26	10	36
...	...	...	509	55	564	2,064	580	2,644	279	117	396	2,852	752	3,604
...	...	...	...	45	45	...	208	208	...	15	15	...	268	268
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	5	5	...	25	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	45	45	...	228	228	...	20	20	...	293	293
...	...	...	509	100	609	2,064	808	2,872	279	137	413	2,852	1,045	3,897
255	10	265	562	102	664	2,085	810	2,895	279	137	416	3,269	1,059	4,328
260	5	265	640	98	738	1,853	680	2,533	285	191	476	3,136	975	4,111

examinations during the year 1906-1907.

Examinees.		Number passed.					Race or creed of passed scholars.						
Private students.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions, (private).	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.		Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Jains and Bud- dhists.
									Brahmans	Non-Brahmans			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16a	16b	16c		16d	16e	
2	11	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...
...	7	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
...	8	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...

(150). Return showing distribution of local fund and municipal

Objects of expenditure.		Expenditure of local fund boards on public instruction.												In institutions.	
		In institutions managed by local fund boards.													
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Local rates or cesses.	Municipal grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
University Education.	Arts Colleges.							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			
	English	...													
	Oriental	...													
	Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training.														
	Law	...													
	Medicine	...													
School Education, General.	Engineering	...													
	Total														
	Secondary schools.														
	For boys	{ English ... Vernacular ...													
	For girls	{ English ... Vernacular ...													
	Total														
School Education, Special.	Primary schools.														
	For boys	...	67	2,415	2,447	1,851	...	10,143	204	2,261	...	...	12,608	...	
	For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total		67	2,415	2,447	1,851	...	10,143	204	2,261	...	...	12,608	...	
	Schools for special instruction.														
	Training schools for masters	...													
Scholarships held in	Training schools for mistresses	...													
	Schools of Art	...													
	Law schools	...													
	Medical schools	...													
	Engineering and Surveying schools	...													
	Industrial schools	...													
	Other schools	...													
	Total														
	Inspection.														
	Arts colleges	...													
Professional colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	...		
Secondary schools	...														
Primary schools	...														
Special schools-other training schools (for gymnastics)	...														
Buildings	...														
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only).	...														
Miscellaneous	...														
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	...	
Grand Total		67	2,415	2,447	1,851	...	10,143	204	2,261	...	...	12,608	160	...	
Grand total of previous year		66	2,396	2,500	1,890	...	10,274	204	3,836	...	...	12,864	...	...	

(151). Return showing the attendance and expenditure in hostels

Class of hostels or boarding houses.		Number of	
		Hostels or boarding houses.	Boarders.
1		2	3
1. Managed by Government...	...	1	53
2. Do. local or municipal boards	...	...	...
3. Aided by Government or by local or municipal boards	...	...	...
4. Unaided by do. do.	...	...	...

(152). Return showing number of scholars on the 31st March 1907, classified according to sex, race or creed.

				Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.		Muhammadians.	Buddhists.	Parsis.	Others.
						Brahmins.	Non-Brahmins.				
COLLEGIATE EDUCATION.											
Colleges for professional training	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
SCHOOL EDUCATION—GENERAL.											
Secondary Schools.											
I. For Boys—											
High Schools, English	...	{ Male ...	...	3	2	51	238	5	...	5	...
	...	{ Female...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools, English	...	{ Male ...	...	...	2	8	111	2	...	...	...
	...	{ Female...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
B. Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II. For Girls—											
High Schools, English or Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools do. do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	3	4	64	348	7	...	5	...
Primary Schools.											
For Boys	...	{ Male ...	...	...	75	81	2,346	175	1	2	172
	...	{ Female...	...	4	41	18	645	11	4	...	29
For Girls	...	{ Male ...	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	...	...
	...	{ Female...	...	...	26	...	256	...	...	2	...
Total	...	...	...	4	142	106	3,247	186	7	4	201
SCHOOL EDUCATION—SPECIAL.											
Schools for special instruction:											
Training Schools	...	{ Male ...	...	...	1	3	19	...	...	...	...
	...	{ Female...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art, Law Schools, Medical, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	1	3	23	...	...	...	...
Total of Colleges and Schools of public instruction	...	...	...	7	147	173	3,618	193	7	9	201
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS.											
1. Advanced teaching	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Elementary teaching a vernacular only or mainly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Do. the Koran only	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Boys	...	{ Male ...	...	...	...	10	434	7	...	...	4
	...	{ Female...	...	...	...	...	54	...	...	...	1
Total	...	...	...	...	...	10	488	7	...	...	5
Grand Total	...	...	...	7	147	183	4,106	200	7	9	206
Grand total of previous year	...	...	...	3	253	183	3,867	190	8	11	146

(153). Annual return of the printing presses for the year 1906-1907.

1	2	3	4	
District.	Name of press.	Name of proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Coorg ...	Coorg District Press.	Government ...	Nil.	The Coorg District Gazettee is published on the 1st of each month.

(154). Annual return of scientific and literary societies for the year 1906-1907.

1	2	3				4				5	
Name.	Objects.	Income from				Members or visitors.				When established.	
		Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Juveniles.	Total.		Registered or not.
1. The Book Club, Mercara.	For the benefit of the European and native societies in Coorg.	...	Rs. ...	Rs. 891	Rs. 891	59	...	...	59	Not registered	1st January 1874.
2. The Cosmopolitan Club, Mercara.	To promote the social, physical and intellectual improvement of the members.	...	...	115	115	12	...	...	12	Do.	19th October 1899.
3. The Victoria Reading Room, Virajendrapet.	The social and literary improvement of the members.	...	108	173	281	36	2	...	38	Do.	18th June 1887.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

(155). Return of persons according to religious denominations
for the year 1906-1907.

Denomination.	Number of persons.		Number of ministers or priests.	Number of churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Native.	Others.				
1	2		3	4	5	6
Church of England ...	10 *	200 *	1	2 †	Rs. 168	
Church of Scotland ...	...	...	...	1 †	...	
Protestant Dissenters ...	...	...	...	1 †	...	
Roman Catholics ...	2,145	110	3	5	240	
Greek Church ...	...	...	...	...	...	
American ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Syrian ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Basel Evangelical Missionary Society ...	339	22	3	3	...	
Parsi ...	41 *	...	...	...	...	
Hindu ...	163,122 *	...	723	1,336	18,410	In cash ... Rs. 6,842 Payments by deduction from land revenue ... 992 Land endowments ... 10,576 Total ... 18,410
Muhammadans...	13,654 *	...	15	16	52	Land endowments 36 Payments by deduction from land revenue 16 Total ... 52
Jains ...	107 *	...	2	2	63	Endowment in land.
Total ...	179,418	332	747	1,366	18,933	

* Census figures.
† These figures include one church shared by members of the Churches of England and Scotland and the Wesleyan community.

(156).

Charitable institutions for the year 1906-1907.

Class and order of institution.	Number of institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided in the year.	Income.			Subscription and sale of medicines.	In what shape relief is given.
				Paid by Govern-ment, &c. #	From endowment.			
					In land.	In money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Civil Dispensary, Mercara...	1	74.11	12,873	Rs. 20,611	Rs. ...	Rs. 140	Rs. 248	Medicine, food and clothing.
Do. Virajendra-pet...	1	94.85	12,142	2,504	...	70	...	Do.
Do. Napoklu (Apparandra)..	1	10.28	3,042	805	...	...	2	Medicine only.
Do. Gonikoppal (M. Ayyappa's.)	1	19.17	4,441	936	...	...	16	Do.
Do. Somwarpet ...	1	29.14	7,214	545	...	...	392	Do.
Do. Sunkikoppa ...	1	37.20	6,736	276	...	...	768	Do.
Do. Sidapur ...	1	17.44	4,439	726	...	...	...	Do.
Grants to Chattrams.	4†	148.48	54,178	6,737	...	...	...	Lodging and food.
Government institu-tions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Poor-houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
General ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Lepers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Supported by general public to relieve paupers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hindus	2‡	39.40	14,380	...	...	...	...	Lodging and food.
* Name of dispensary.	Mercara.	Virajen-drapet.	Napoklu.	Gonikoppal.	Somwarpet	Sunkikoppa	Sidapur.	Total.
Paid by Government Rs.	19,050	1,200	492	490	474	308	327	22,341
„ District Funds „	979 §	200 *	313	446	71	—32	399	2,376
„ Municipal „	582	1,104	...	...	...	...	...	1,636
Total „	20,611	2,504	805	936	545	276	726	26,403

* Including the pay and allowances drawn by the Civil Surgeon and reserve hospital assistant.

† The four chattrams under the management of the Temple Committee.

‡ Chattrams at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet erected by the private charity of Messrs. Kolavandra Ayyappa and D. Chikkabasappa Shetti.

§ This figure includes the charges incurred in connection with plague.

REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF COORG

FOR THE YEAR

1907—1908



Agents for the sale of Government publications.

In India.

COMBRIDGE & Co., Bombay.
GOPAL NARAYEN & Co., Bombay.
THACKER & Co., Bombay.
D. B. TARAPOREVALA SONS & Co., Bombay.
MRS. RADHABAI ATMARAM SAGOON, Bombay.
SUNDER PANDURANG, Bombay.
COMBRIDGE & Co., Madras.
HIGGINBOTHAM & Co., Madras.
V. KALYANARAMA IYER & Co., Madras.
S. MURTHY & Co., Madras.
G. A. NATESAN & Co., Madras.
P. R. RAMA IYAR & Co., Madras.
TEMPLE & Co., Madras.
THOMPSON & Co., Madras.
A. CHAND & Co., Punjab.
RAI SAIB M. GULAB SINGH & SONS., Lahore.
R. CAMBRAY & Co., Calcutta.
S. K. LAHIRI & Co., Calcutta.
B. BANERJEE & Co., Bengal.
N. B. MATHUR, Allahabad.
A. R. PILLAI & Co., Trivandrum.
A. M. & J. FERGUSON, Ceylon.

In England.

E. A. ARNOLD, 41 and 43, Maddox Street, Bond Street, W.
CONSTABLE & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W. C.
T. FISHER UNWIN, 1, Adelphi Terrace, W. C.
GRINDLAY & Co., 54 Parliament Street, S. W.
HENRY S. KING & Co., 65 Cornhill, E. C.
P. S. KING & SON, 2 and 4 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S. W.
KEGAN PAUL, TRENCH, TRÜBNER & Co., 43 Gerrard Street, Soho, W.
LUZAC & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, W. C.
B. QUARITCH, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.
W. THACKER & Co., 2 Creed Lane, E. C.
B. H. BLACKWELL, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.
DEIGHTON BELL & Co., Cambridge.

On the Continent.

FRIEDLANDER & SOHN, 11 Carlstrasse, Berlin.
OTTA HARRASSOWITZ, Leipzig.
KARL W. HIERSEMANN, Leipzig.
ERNEST LEROUX, 98 Rue Bonaparte, Paris.
MARTINUS NIJHOFF, The Hague.
RUDOLF HAUPT, 1, DORRIENSTRASSE, Leipzig, Germany.

Errata.

—:0:—

PART II.

Page 5, paragraph 33, line 2:—*For “249” read “248.”*

Do do line 8:—*For “149” read “147.”*

Do paragraph 35, line 2:—*For “19” read “29.”*

PART III.

Statement No. 20; Column 19:—*For “54,984” entered against
“Previous year” read “55,789.”*

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PART I.



SUMMARY OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

SECTION I.—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. The Hon'ble Mr. A. Williams, I.C.S., officiated as Chief Commissioner General. until 14th November, 1907, when the Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, C.I.E., I.C.S., the permanent Chief Commissioner, returned from leave and resumed charge of the office.

Mr. Williams paid a brief visit to Coorg in October 1907. Mr. Fraser visited the province in January and February, 1908, and halted at Rampur, Fraserpet, Mercara, Sidapur, and at several camps in the Kiggatnad Taluk. Opportunity was taken to inspect the lands affected by the irrigation channels, projected and executed, in the Nanjarajpatna Taluk, and among the principal subjects under consideration during the tour were the preservation of fish, the revision of the local plague rules, the re-settlement operations, and excise reforms.

SECTION II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

2. The year was a favourable one for the ryot and the planter, so that the collection of land revenue as it fell due was more than ordinarily complete, the outstanding balance at the end of March 1908 being less by some Rs. 11,000 than that of the previous year. The number of revenue sales for arrears correspondingly diminished. Realization of the revenue and agricultural advances. [Part II, pages 1-3.]

Of the areas held for cultivation, there was an increase of over 500 acres in both wet land and coffee land; but the latter class includes much land not actually cultivated with the product, the area under which continued to decline.

There was an increase in the amount disbursed as loans and an improvement in the collection of outstandings. The transactions of the Co-operative Credit Societies continued at the same time to expand, so that the pocket of the ryot must have been saved a considerable sum that would otherwise have passed to the private usurer.

Good progress was made in the process of re-settlement of the land revenue (Re-settlement). demand, field work in the Kiggatnad Taluk being completed within the year. A more permanent separation of the duties to be performed by field and office shanbogs was effected, and efforts to link up these officials with the chain of those employed in other branches proceeded.

SECTION III.—PROTECTION.

3. The police administration was marked by no exceptional features. The number of offences reported was somewhat above normal, a fact due in part no doubt to the favourable season and the consequent abundance of labour. Certain Police. [Part II, pages 4-5.]

principles making for increased efficiency were kept in view, and acted upon wherever possible. Among these may be mentioned the preservation of the line of cleavage between the upper and the lower portions of the force and the restriction of investigation to the higher section, the recruitment of literates and the professional education of the recruit at the commencement of his service, the appropriate housing of all officers below the rank of Inspector, and the development of the village police system. These objects are among those advocated by the Police Commission, the adoption of whose recommendations has already resulted in a greatly improved *personnel*, at a cost per head of population of Rs. 0-4-10, compared with Rs. 0-3-9 before reorganization. The change is most marked in the higher ranks, but literacy in Canarese has appreciably increased among the constables and none but literates were enlisted during the year.

Criminal Justice.

[Part II,
pages 5-6.]

4. The volume of crime dealt with by the Magistrates has remained fairly constant during the last five years, but the percentage of persons convicted to persons tried rose this year to 40 compared with an average of 31 for the five preceding years. The bulk of the cases tried related, as usual, to minor offences; the subordinate Courts are forced to deal with a host of trivial complaints which, in themselves scarcely criminal, vitiate the statistics of crime as it is ordinarily understood.

There are few habitual criminals in Coorg and in consequence recourse is but rarely had to the security sections. Only one such case was disposed of during the year.

A fall again occurred in the number of appeals presented to the Courts in Coorg, but the proportion of successful applications was slightly higher.

Prisons.

[Part II,
pages 7-8.]

5. The health of the convicts in the Mercara Jail was good. The number of offences was relatively high, but not excessively so for a jail where so much of the labour is extramural. The average nett cost of each prisoner, though it fell slightly compared with the figure of the previous year, has for the past three years stood at Rs. 75, as against Rs. 33 for the four years preceding. This result is due to the fact that while the gross cost of each convict has remained steady at about Rs. 110, the aggregate earnings show a marked fall. Thus the average yearly receipts from 1901 to 1904 were Rs. 6,700, while those for the years 1905 to 1907 amounted to no more than Rs. 3,600. The chief reason for this appears to be that the Public Works Department finds the employment of convicts, at the rates charged, a relatively costly form of labour.

Civil Justice.

[Part II,
pages 8-9.]

6. There was again an increase in the number of civil suits filed, and a diminution—to the extent of 16 per cent.—in their aggregate value. The average value of a suit is thus falling, an indication probably that scarcity of money is contracting credit in Coorg. The bulk of the litigation consisted as usual of suits for money and moveable property. The appeal test shows that the original work was satisfactorily performed.

Registration.

[Part II,
page 9.]

7. The number of documents registered again rose but the value of the property dealt with experienced a noticeable fall from 8 to 5 lakhs,—another indication of diminishing financial activity. The surplus realized from the working of the department fell from Rs. 1,400 to Rs. 1,000.

8. The District Board continued to exercise its normal functions, of which the principal relate to the maintenance of minor communications, dispensaries, markets, travellers' bungalows and cattle pounds and the diffusion of education in rural tracts. Its income, which is derived chiefly from tolls and from a local rate of one anna in the rupee of land revenue assessment, aggregated Rs. 65,000 during the year under report. The expenditure was some Rs. 60,000, the chief items of outlay being public works, primary education and the maintenance of rural dispensaries. During the year the road from Jambur to Suntikoppa, the first half of a new route between North and South Coorg, was completed, and work on the remainder,—from Suntikoppa to Sidapur,—was commenced. The new hospital at Somwarpet, built in conjunction with the old dispensary, was opened and taken advantage of. Special attention was paid to sanitation in the pettas and to the improvement of rural communications.

District Board.
[Part II,
pages 10-11.]

9. The minor municipalities of Fraserpet, Somwarpet and Kodlipet remained in existence until the 1st April, 1908, when, under the new Coorg Municipal Regulation, they commenced a new phase of existence as "notified areas," that is to say, areas in which certain of the provisions of the new law are administered by a small committee. In the two larger municipalities the Regulation came into force on the 4th July 1907 in temporary conjunction with the old bye-laws.

Municipal.
[Part II,
pages 11-13.]

The year saw the last of the old municipal hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet. The new and vastly superior institutions which supersede them are to be financed from Imperial funds, though the municipalities have not been excused contributions equivalent to the former maintenance charges. Over one-third of the loan of Rs. 15,000 granted to the Mercara Municipality for the construction of a market was utilized during the year.

SECTION IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION:

10. The annual rainfall was 20 inches above the average, and in spite of some loss of surface soil and damage caused by the flow of water, it largely contributed to the favourable quality of the harvest. The coffee crop in particular was copious almost throughout the province, and in view of the partial recovery of prices in the London market substantial profits were expected.

Weather and
crops.
[Part II,
pages 13-14.]

The area under rice, expanding with the abundance of the water-supply, exceeded that of the previous year by 1,000 acres, and 500 acres were cropped twice. There is but little change in the figures relating to dry crops. Of the coffee-bearing lands, the only feature deserving notice is a rise in the area of land under native coffee from 4,500 to nearly 5,000 acres. This, as was pointed out last year, is probably to be ascribed rather to the utilization of small areas of land cleared of lantana than to the opening of new estates.

Among the European planters the somewhat improved prospects of the coffee industry have tended to divert attention from new products such as rubber, and progress in planting the product has not been rapid, being practically confined to the substitution of rubber for coffee on the unproductive portions of estates. There are now some 2,500 acres of former coffee land devoted to the industry, and during the year 126 acres of land were granted by Government for this purpose, under the rules tentatively in force. It has yet to be seen whether the climate of Coorg will favour tapping operations as distinctly as it does the growth of the trees.

The cultivation of pepper, which is mainly a South Coorg industry, continues to expand either in combination with coffee or by itself, and owing to experience gained in the selection of profitable vines, recent expansions will in many cases yield larger profits than areas now under bearing. The assessment of pepper will be a matter for the re-settlement to deal with. There was a slight rise in the area cultivated with oranges, which continued to be substantially a Native-grown crop. No solution has yet been found to the problem how to transfer the middleman's profits to the pocket of the producer, and until this has been accomplished the industry will remain relatively unremunerative.

The agricultural experimental plots were reorganized in pursuance of the advice of Dr. Lehmann, Agricultural Chemist to the Mysore Durbar, who visited the province in September 1907. Five only of the nine plots previously existing were preserved, and these are to be managed on more systematic lines, and with strict regard to certain defined aims. It cannot be said that these plots have as yet done much more than demonstrate the incompatibility between various vegetable products and the Coorg climate; information was however gained with regard to the conditions of growth of certain cereals which is likely to prove of value in the experiments of the current year.

Forests.
[Part II,
pages 15-16.]

11. The gross forest revenue approximated to Rs. 2,75,000, and the expenditure to Rs. 1,05,000, leaving a nett income of Rs. 1,70,000,—a figure considerably in excess of any previously realized. The receipts from the sale of sandalwood alone aggregated nearly Rs. 1,39,000. Measures for the artificial reproduction of this tree were proceeded with, and the campaign against “spike” was pursued. The operations for the capture of elephants continued to be attended with success.

Public works.
[Part II,
pages 16-17.]

12. The gross expenditure on Imperial Public Works was rather over 2½ lakhs, including some Rs. 80,000 on civil buildings and Rs. 1,17,000 on communications. The Mercara and Virajendrapet hospitals were completed during the year at a cost of about Rs. 68,000 and Rs. 59,000 respectively, and the other buildings constructed comprised two girls' schools, police lines, and numerous quarters for police Sub-Inspectors. The work done upon communications consisted more in the improvement of existing lines than in opening new ones. Rs. 10,000 was spent on the Wynaad road, and upwards of Rs. 8,000 on a new bridge over the Harangi river at Kudige, which will cost when complete some Rs. 54,000. Several tanks in North Coorg were repaired and improved, and the two irrigation channels proceeding from the Devanur anicut were virtually completed.

SECTION V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

Gross revenue.
[Part II,
page 18.]

13. The gross demand under all heads of Imperial Revenue exceeded that of last year by over Rs. 60,000, the advance being most marked under Forests and Excise. Similarly the gross receipts show an increase of Rs. 57,000. The nett surplus, which for the previous year stood at less than Rs. 30,000, was upwards of Rs. 1,60,000, if account be taken of forest revenue not paid in cash within the province.

14. The nett surplus from the working of the Excise Department was over Rs. 1,80,000, some Rs. 40,000 in excess of the realizations of last year. Agricultural conditions, and especially the response of immigrant labour to the planters' requirements, no doubt largely account for the variation, and several minor contributory causes may be traced. The consumption of arrack, which bore a duty per gallon of Rs. 3-13-1, rose by 7,500 gallons. Ganja, of better quality than that sold in the previous year, was more freely disposed of, and a like advance in the sales of opium took place.

Excise.
[Part II,
pages 18-19.]

Seventy convictions for excise offences were obtained. Though this number is double that of the previous year, it is doubtful whether it represents more than a small proportion of the cases in which the law was transgressed; the inadequacy of the existing staff, the difficult nature of the country, and the attitude of the people and even of some of the minor officials, at present combine to hinder preventive work. Improvement in this branch of the administration is to be looked for when the recommendations of the Excise Committee which are now under consideration have been adopted. The one reform based upon those recommendations which was carried out during the year,—the sale by auction of arrack shops,—belongs in point of results to 1908-1909. The right to draw and vend toddy in the several nads was leased as before to contractors who appointed their own vendors. Local needs were scrutinised in determining the number and situations of the shops sanctioned.

15. The revenue from stamps advanced by Rs. 2,500, a symptom both of the agricultural prosperity and of the increased resort to litigation which characterised the year.

Stamps.
[Part II,
pages 19-20.]

16. The collection of income-tax, in so far as it affects the local revenue officers, is mainly from (a) managers and superintendents of coffee estates and (b) local merchants and a few pleaders. There were 71 assesseees of the former kind and 66 of the latter; only 21 of these last paid tax on an income exceeding Rs. 2,000 per annum. There were no noticeable variations from the figures of the previous year.

Income-tax.
[Part II,
page 20.]

17. The District Funds, Municipal Funds, and the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund were the only sources of revenue other than Imperial. The realizations of the District Fund amounted to some Rs. 65,000, and of the Municipal Funds (including a Government loan of Rs. 15,000 for the construction of a market at Mercara) to rather over Rs. 60,000. The coffee estate which had provided the School Endowment Plantation Fund was sold for Rs. 12,000. This sum will be invested in Government securities and the interest applied to education.

Local Funds.
[Part II,
pages 20-21.]

SECTION VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

18. The annual variations in vital statistics must be interpreted with caution in a country prone, as is Coorg, to periodical invasion by numbers of coolies arriving, for the most part, from warmer regions at an inclement season of the year. For this reason, the heavier mortality recorded in the year under reference is traceable in part at least to the exceptional demand for labour. The severity of the monsoon however no doubt contributed to the increase, by

Births and
deaths.
[Part II,
pages 21-22.]

augmenting the prevalence of fever, dysentery and pneumonia. Cholera and small-pox together caused 400 deaths, and two cases of plague at Pollibetta proved fatal.

A comparison between the birth and death rates is likely to lead to fallacious conclusions, inasmuch as registration of the two classes of events is probably not carried out with equal thoroughness, especially in the rural areas. The births registered are invariably fewer than the deaths, for a partial explanation of which we must again make reference to the immigrant population.

Medical relief.
[Part II,
pages 22-23.]

19. Following the vital statistics, the attendance at the various medical institutions, and the rate of mortality in the hospitals, sensibly increased. The new hospital at Mercara erected at a cost of Rs. 68,000 and containing seventy beds, was opened during the year, but it is as yet too early to judge how far the attendance of in-patients will be affected by the vastly improved accommodation now available. A small hospital of fourteen beds—the first extra-municipal hospital—was opened at Somwarpet.

Sanitation.
[Part II,
page 23.]

20. Sanitary problems in Coorg are of a simple character. The street drainage in the towns of Mercara and Virajendrapet is being extended as funds permit, and various small improvements in the condition of the market villages—they can scarcely be called towns—were effected during the year. The water-supply is, generally speaking, sufficient and good.

Vaccination.
[Part II,
page 23.]

21. The vaccination work was carried out as usual by a staff of eight vaccinators at a total cost, including supervision, of Rs. 2,773. Over 10,000 operations were performed, the percentage of successful primary cases being 93·47. The statistics show that in the towns, where vaccination is compulsory, the provisions of the law were adequately enforced.

SECTION VII.—INSTRUCTION.

Education.
[Part II,
pages 23-26.]

22. The educational arrangements of the province underwent no material modification during the year, various causes operating to postpone the introduction of the changes projected in the case of the High School and Training School at Mercara. The total number of public schools fell by one, but the aggregate of pupils rose slightly, one out of nine children of the school-going age being under instruction during the year. The increase in numbers has not been rapid when we reflect that five years ago the total strength in the public schools—now 4,500—was as much as 4,200; and the proportion of children attending school to the total number available shows that there is still plenty of scope for expansion. Difficulties of access to the schools however make it probable that, until the rural villages are more plentifully provided with them, numbers of children must remain outside the limit of a day's walk to and fro. Even at present one often hears with surprise of the considerable distances traversed in all weathers by quite small children. Coorgs formed fifty-six per cent. of the total strength. The average cost of educating each pupil, which has been slowly rising during the last five years, was Rs. 8·7 in primary schools and Rs. 37·9 in secondary institutions. An innovation of the year was the formation of small local committees in connection with the rural schools, to look after them in all non-technical ways, to encourage attendance and generally to awaken interest in primary education.

Female education, which is a distinctive feature of Coorg proper, was supplied at four Government girls' schools (all within a radius of seven miles from Virajendrapet) and one aided institution. Besides these primary schools devoted entirely to this object, sixteen girls were attending the two secondary schools, and a fair number were under instruction at other primary schools. A project was set on foot during the year of providing Mercara with a school and hostel for girls belonging to well-to-do families, but it is as yet too early to discuss the details of the scheme.

The only special schools in the province are those maintained for the instruction of Muhammadans and Panchamas, the number of which underwent no variation. The Muhammadans, many of whom are in extremely poor circumstances, are largely indifferent to education and progress in diffusing it among them is not likely to be either easy or rapid.

SECTION IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

23. *Lantana*.—Further substantial progress was made in the eradication of *lantana*. During the year a total clearance of 9,500 acres was recorded, which with the previous year's figure gives an aggregate result of 22,500 acres of cleared land. Something no doubt must be discounted from this, both because the estimates are likely to err on the side of liberality, and also by reason of the inevitable reversion of some of the cleared areas; but it is incontestable that the advance made in the crusade against the shrub has continued to be solid and steady. Over five hundred 'lantana' concessions were granted during 1907. These included grants of land with remission of revenue during the initial years of tenure as well as abatements of assessment on land already in private occupation. Small progress was made in the cultivation of the cleared lands with *ragi* and other cereals, in spite of the warm encouragement given to ryots to indemnify themselves in this manner against the cost of clearance. The obstacles which impede such cultivation seem to be the over-humidity of the climate in many parts of Coorg and the insufficient supply of labour, which often barely meets the requirements of the wet land cultivation. The points to which special attention will be paid in continuing the campaign are (i) the prevention of re-growth on cleared land, (ii) the clearance of areas where the *lantana* is only scattered, and operations therefore relatively easy, and (iii) the creation of large blocks of clear land in preference to numerous isolated patches.

Miscellaneous.

[Part II,
page 27].

PART II.

DEPARTMENTAL CHAPTERS.

PART II.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed in the administration report for the year 1901–1902 under the following headings :—

Standing
information and
geographical
statistics.

	PAGE.
Physical features of the country ...	1
Area	3
Climate	3
Chief staples	3
Historical summary	4
Form of administration	5
Character of land tenure	7
System of survey and settlements	8
Civil divisions of the British territory	9
Details of the last census	10
Tribes and languages	11

Other statistical information will be found in the Coorg District Gazetteer, Volume B. Statements Nos. 1 to 5 exhibit the prescribed statistics regarding the area, character of the surface, climate, civil divisions and population of the province.

2. There were no changes in the form of administration during the year under report.

Changes in the
administration.

3. Mysore is the only foreign State adjoining Coorg and the relations therewith were satisfactory.

Relations with
Native States.

4. The unusual severity of the early monsoon in the year under report seriously affected public health. The mortality registered was higher than in any of the preceding five years while the number of births was below the average for the same period. The rice crop was fair, the yield being slightly below normal, while the coffee crop was exceptionally good. The records of civil litigation and the transactions of the Registration department do not, however, indicate that the province has recovered from the depressed economic condition that has now for some years affected it. The prices of the staple food-grains were above normal but the rate of hire payable for labour underwent no change.

Condition of the
people.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND. (1907–1908.)

5. Statement No. 6—*Land revenue*.—The demand for the year was Rs. 3,31,887 as compared with Rs. 3,29,526 for the previous year. The reasons for the increase are given in paragraph 147 *infra*. There was a small decrease of Rs. 370 under coffee, due to the relinquishment of deteriorated areas, and of Rs. 480 under miscellaneous items. Including an outstanding balance of Rs. 81,226 at the commencement of the year the gross demand amounted to Rs. 4,13,113. The realizations during the year amounted to Rs. 3,41,759 and the remissions to Rs. 1,325. The arrear balance at the close of the year was thus Rs. 70,029. Of this sum Rs. 1,273 related to previous years and the remainder to the current assessment. The latter figure includes Rs. 51,356 due by planters who export their coffee to Europe and who are consequently allowed to defer payment till 31st May.

Realization of
the revenue.

6. Statement No. 7—*Assignment of land revenue.*—The total value of assignments was Rs. 1,05,491, or Rs. 625 less than in the previous year. The only noteworthy variation was a decline of Rs. 469 in the revenue on lands held at favourable rates by village servants, due to the temporary conversion of privileged lands held by certain minor patels into *sagu* until such time as they assume charge of their offices.

7. The acreage held under the principal tenures is exhibited in the following table, which includes the corresponding figures for the previous year :—

Years.	<i>Sagu.</i>		<i>Jama.</i>		<i>Jodi.</i>		<i>Umbl.</i>		<i>Jagir.</i>	
	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.
1906-1907 ...	41,009	18,194	40,154	193	4,038	1,300	7,487	38	3,593	926
1907-1908 ...	41,587	18,460	40,088	193	3,789	1,145	7,488	38	3,583	911

Continued.

Years.	Coffee.	Orange.	C coconut and arecanut.	Cardamom.	Rubber.	Total.
1906-1907 ...	98,907	2,316	281	49,108	...	267,544
1907-1908 ...	99,481	2,341	281	49,349	126	268,860

The important variations were increases under *sagu* tenure, coffee and cardamom and a decrease under *jodi*.

8. Statement No. 8—*Incidence of land revenue on area and population.*—The total land revenue excluding cesses was Rs. 3,31,887, which corresponds to an average of Rs. 1-13-5 per head of population. The incidence of the demand on the area fully assessed was Rs. 1-15-3 per acre, while the area under holding, including privileged tenures, bore an average tax of Rs. 1-8-9 per acre.

9. Statement No. 9—*Transfers of landed property.*—Of the 173 transfers by order of Court, 160 refer to revenue sales for arrears of assessment. Of the latter the land was resumed to Government in 65 cases and transferred to the auction purchasers in 95 instances. There were 26 sales of lands held on privileged tenures, which became thereby extinct.

Agricultural
advances.

10. Statements Nos. 10, 11 and 12—*Transactions under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts.*—The amount advanced during the year under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts was Rs. 8,045, which together with the outstanding balance (Rs. 15,480) brought the gross amount for recovery to Rs. 23,525. The realizations amounted to Rs. 8,923, leaving a balance of Rs. 14,602. This sum however includes instalments not payable during the year amounting to Rs. 10,675. The balance falling due within the year (on 20th March) was therefore Rs. 3,927, including Rs. 100 the payment of which was suspended. The nett income of Government from loan operations was Rs. 687 against Rs. 312 in 1906-1907 and an average of Rs. 396 for the preceding 5 years.

11. The amount advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, was Rs. 3,925 against Rs. 2,205 in the previous year, the allotment being Rs. 4,000. The number of ryots actually benefited was 53 and the sums distributed ranged from Rs. 10 to Rs. 300. The amount falling due for recovery during the year was Rs. 7,320 and the percentage of collection was 72.00 against 57.23 in 1906-1907.

12. The advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, amounted to Rs. 4,120 as compared with Rs. 3,750 in 1906-1907, and were distributed among 153 ryots in sums varying from Rs. 12 to Rs. 90. The percentage of realizations was 65·92 against 63·25 per cent. in the previous year.

13. There was a marked improvement in the conduct of these transactions and further improvement is expected when the new rules are brought into force.

14. Statement No. 13—*Survey and Settlement*.—Twenty village plans were re-published and fifteen revised in conformity with changes in the holdings. The first two of a series of topographical nad maps were prepared and issued, and are sure to be of great use to all revenue officers. The check survey of the two villages which remained to be done at the close of last year was completed.

Surveys, settlements and land records.

15. Thirty-one land disputes were settled by the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture and 49 crop experiments were carried out by subordinate revenue officials. In addition to these, 33 crop experiments were conducted in connection with the settlement of jama malés and 74 in connection with the resettlement now in progress.

16. Work in connection with the settlement went steadily forward under Mr. Haller. The field work in the Kiggatnad taluk was completed and was begun in the Padinalknad taluk, where it is expected to be complete by the end of November 1908. The demarcation of field boundaries was simultaneously with the settlement carried out in 59 villages.

17. The Department of Land Records and Agriculture continued to be under the control of the Commissioner but the executive charge vested in Mr. Gustav Haller, assisted by Mr. Kambeyandra Subbayya, Assistant Settlement Officer.

18. The progress made by the Land Record Department was satisfactory. The land record establishment was reorganized during the year with the sanction of the Government of India; the men employed in field work are no longer interchangeable with those employed in clerical work, the former being designated as Shanbogs and the latter as Nad Clerks.

19. A survey school was held at Fraserpet during the monsoon and sixteen candidates were declared to have qualified in surveying.

20. The area of land sold under the Waste Land Rules during the year was 62·08 acres. Excluding timber growth, the value realized was Rs. 513, compared with Rs. 533 received for 85·12 acres in the previous year, the average price per acre being Rs. 8-4-3.

Waste lands.

21. Of the nine wards who were on the books at the beginning of the year, seven were discharged. These were the children of the late Soucar Sambayya of Virajendrapet the eldest of whom having attained his majority, the property was made over to his management. The gross receipts from their estates including the opening balance (Rs. 3,055) amounted to Rs. 3,781 and the disbursements to Rs. 3,269, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 512 of which Rs. 200 were in Government securities.

Wards' estates.

22. There are no *zamindaris* in Coorg and the great bulk of the holdings are *ryotwari*, the ordinary tenure being known as *sagu*, though there are one or two separate villages held as *jágirs*. Particulars have been given in paragraph 7 *supra* of the holdings under the various classes of tenure, a description of which will be found in paragraphs 23—31 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902. Owing to the circumstance that individual ryots frequently hold land under more than one tenure it is impracticable to compile statistics of the several rent-paying classes. Reference has been made in paragraphs 6 and 8 *supra* to the revenue foregone in respect of the several privileged tenures and to the incidence of the land revenue demand on the population, while information as to the average assessment is furnished in Statement No. 83.

Revenue and rent-paying classes.

III.—PROTECTION.

Standing
information.

23. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed at page 14 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902 under the heading "Legislating Authority."

Course of
legislation.
(1907.)

24. Statement No. 14—*Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting Coorg*.—No notifications affecting Coorg were issued under the Scheduled Districts Act. The Coorg Municipal Regulation 1907, and the Coorg Land and Revenue (Amendment) Regulations 1907 and 1908, were promulgated under 33 Victoria, Chapter 3.

Police.
(1907.)

25. Statements Nos. 15 and 16—*Cognizable crime*.—The number of cognizable offences reported (445) was 32 more than in the previous year. There was a marked increase in the number of serious offences against person and property and breaches of special and local laws while under other heads the numbers declined. Police investigation was refused in six cases.

26. The percentage of convictions obtained in cognizable cases investigated by the police remained high, 78·50 as against 72·34 in the preceding year. Of 411 persons arrested 350 were convicted, the figures for 1906 being 529 and 338 respectively.

27. The two cases of murder reported during the year were struck off as being explicable without assuming the commission of that crime.

28. Two cases of attempt to murder were reported. One of these, in which a woman tried to cut her husband's throat as he refused to let her return to her parents, ended in conviction and a sentence of one year's rigorous imprisonment. The other case remained undetected until after the end of the year and has since been referred as a 'mistake of fact.'

29. In the solitary case of rape reported the accused was convicted and sentenced to 7 years' rigorous imprisonment.

30. Two cases of dacoity occurred during the year but the offenders in one remained undetected. In the other case which occurred at Attur near Pollibetta the house of an ex-Subedar was broken into by four Nairs and three others, and property valued at some Rs. 2,700 removed. Light was first thrown on the case by enquiries made in Malabar, and these led to the arrest of most of the offenders; a good deal of the property lost was also discovered in the neighbourhood of Pollibetta. The case ended in the conviction of all the accused and their sentence to seven years' rigorous imprisonment. This was an organized and carefully premeditated dacoity, arrangements for the perpetration of the crime having been made weeks before. Several of those who received property stolen in the dacoity were also convicted and were sentenced to imprisonment varying from eighteen months to three years, while property worth about Rs. 950 was recovered.

31. Prosecutions for preferring false charges were instituted in five cases and proved successful in one.

32. Statement No. 20—*Sanctioned strength and cost*.—The total outlay on the department was Rs. 54,806 against Rs. 55,789 in the previous year; adjusting however payments for clothing to the years to which they refer, there was an actual increased expenditure of nearly Rs. 6,000, largely composed of salaries of additional Sub-Inspectors. The average annual cost was Rs. 219 per head of police of which Rs. 195 related to pay alone. The cost per head of the population was Rs. 0-4-10.

33. Statement No. 21—*Equipment, discipline, and internal management.*—The actual strength of the police was 256 against 249 in the preceding year. Three new Sub-Inspectors were appointed, two of whom were sent to Vellore for training, the third being exempted as he had already undergone instruction. The number of Sub-Inspectors already recruited was thus 12, of a sanctioned complement of 22, and each of the more important stations is now in charge of an officer of this rank. The number of policemen judicially punished was 2 against 4, and 149 were departmentally dealt with against 148 in the previous year. Four men were dismissed during the year as compared with 12 in the previous year. The number of those literate in Canarese increased from 215 to 224. The training school at Mercara was open throughout the year for the instruction of recruits, who are not drafted to the stations until they have been passed as efficient by the Assistant Superintendent. The number of Coorgs in the department rose from 124 to 137.

34. The number of processes issued during the year was 7,510 against 7,340 in 1906; of the total number, twelve were pending execution at the close of the year.

35. Six suicides were reported as compared with fifteen in the preceding year and the number of accidental deaths was 16 against 19. There were 12 accidental fires during the year.

36. The village police system in Coorg consists of (a) the Patel, who is in some villages assisted by a watchman, or *kuluvadi*, and (b) the *jama* ryots, whose functions are now practically limited to the escort of treasure. The duties, both police and revenue, of the Patel were summed up for him in an order issued in April 1907, and every opportunity is taken to impress upon him his police responsibilities and to keep him *en rapport* with the regular force.

37. The work of the four Inspectors was satisfactory. The senior Inspector of the old *regime*, Mr. Mandepandra Somayya, availed himself of combined leave on the 8th August 1907 preparatory to retirement after an approved service of over 30 years. Sub-Inspector Kodandra Timmayya was appointed in his stead. Special praise is due to Inspector Pattamada Devayya and to Sub-Inspector Kodandra Chinnappa for good work done in connection with the case of dacoity near Pollibetta. Several officers of lower ranks were rewarded for services in the same case.

38. Mr. H. F. Travers Phillips was in charge of the department till the 9th March 1907 when he was succeeded by Mr. G. S. P. Percival. The 'Station House Officer's Guide,' compiled by Mr. Percival, has already proved of much assistance in improving the efficiency of the stations.

39. Except for the provision of a Sub-Inspector to each station and the appointment of prosecuting Sub-Inspectors—measures which await the completion of the *cadre*—the recommendations of the Police Commission have now been introduced.

40. Statement No. 23—*Number of criminal courts and trials conducted.*—Criminal Mr. A. J. Curgenvven, I.C.S., the permanent District Magistrate, held charge of Justice. that office except for three months, during which period Mr. H. R. Bardswell, I.C.S., (1907.) officiated for him. The only change in the *personnel* of the subordinate magistracy was the appointment of Mr. B. Vaman Baliga as Subedar and 3rd class Magistrate of Yedenalknad taluk in place of Mr. K. Madappa, who reverted to his permanent appointment of Parpattigar.

41. Statement No. 24—*Particulars regarding the trial of offences.*—The number of cases brought to trial (1,474) was 40 more than in the previous year, while the number of offences reported (1,611) increased by 10. Under the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 417 cases involving 517 persons were filed as compared with 390 cases concerning 482 persons in 1906. These differences

are too small to need special comment. Excluding this class of cases, the criminal trials during the year resulted in the discharge or acquittal of 1,021 persons and the conviction of 704, of whom 5 were dealt with summarily. The percentage of convictions was thus 40·81 compared with 37·58 and 29·44 in the two preceding years. The variation was chiefly due to the successful detection of (a) cases under the Police Act (mainly under section 34 clause 6) in which 124 persons were convicted and 5 were acquitted as against 58 convicted and 3 acquitted, (b) theft cases in which 157 persons were convicted and 62 acquitted as against 167 convicted and 96 acquitted in the previous year. This last result is perhaps traceable to the gradual appointment of more efficient investigating officers to the Police Stations. Excluding petty cases of hurt, assault, mischief and insult, most of which are only technically criminal, the percentage of persons convicted rises to 66·21 against 64·20 in the previous year. Offences against public tranquillity and justice numbered 61, those against the person 231 and those against property 293 while there were 145 other offences under the Indian Penal Code and 744 breaches of special and local laws and miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code. These figures approximate to those of the previous year and require no particular notice. Twelve persons were found guilty of offences classed as heinous crime. Of these, two were convicted of rape, one of murder, six of culpable homicide (reversed by the Judicial Commissioner on revision), one of attempt to commit murder, and two (in one case) of robbery. The single robbery was of a very trivial nature.

42. Statement No. 25—*Miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code.*—Only one person was ordered to furnish security for good behaviour and upon failure to comply, was sentenced to imprisonment. Two first offenders were released on probation under section 562, and ten were required to pay compensation under section 250 against 21 in the previous year.

43. Statement No. 26—*General result of criminal trials.*—The average duration of each case was twelve days both in the District Magistrate's court and the subordinate courts.

44. Statements Nos. 27 to 31—*Punishments inflicted by the various courts.*—Only one person was sentenced to transportation. Whipping was awarded to 27 persons as against 25 in the previous year. The aggregate amounts of fine imposed and compensation paid were Rs. 7,416 and Rs. 670 respectively as compared with Rs. 6,085 and Rs. 699 in the preceding year, while the percentage of realizations was 95, the same as last year. Three old offenders were convicted in the District Magistrate's court. Of these two were ordered to notify their residence under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code.

45. Statement No. 33—*Result of appeal and revision.*—Forty appeals were presented before the District Magistrate and in ten cases was it found necessary to interfere with the sentences awarded by the subordinate courts. Nineteen appeals were dealt with by the Sessions Court in six of which the convictions were reversed, one appeal was summarily rejected and nine were dismissed, two being partially successful and one referred for revision. The Judicial Commissioner received six appeals against convictions of which five were dismissed and the remaining one was pending at the close of the year. There were 40 applications for revision as against 38 in 1906. Of these 18 were preferred to the Judicial Commissioner who in 13 cases upheld the orders passed.

46. Statement No. 34—*Juries and assessors.*—Trials before the Sessions Court were conducted with the aid of assessors and the judge agreed with the assessors in both cases so tried.

47. The records and registers of all subordinate courts were inspected by the District Magistrate during the year.

48. Statements Nos. 35 to 63—*Detailed statistical information regarding the administration of the jail department during the year 1907.*—The particulars for the Mercara District Jail and the four lock-ups attached to the taluk offices at Somwarpet, Napoklu, Virajendrapet and Ponnampet, are given separately. (1907.)

49. The bulk of the jail population is confined in the District Jail and the lock-ups are used only for under-trial prisoners, persons sentenced to periods of imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, and convicts temporarily detained pending transfer to the District Jail.

Sub-jails.

50. The total number of admissions to lock-ups during the year under report was 439, or 95 more than in the previous year. The number of convicts included in this total again rose from 130 to 154, but 94 of these were for transfer to the District Jail. Sixty convicts were confined in the lock-ups against 51 in 1906. The maximum period of detention of an under-trial was 30 days and the average seven days. The expenditure on dieting charges *per annum* per head of average strength also rose from Rs. 48 to Rs. 54 in consequence of the high prices which prevailed during the year. The ordinary allowance per man is one seer of rice and five pies' worth of curry stuff.

District Jail.

51. The accommodation available was the same as in 1906. The wards provide for the custody of 151 prisoners of all classes, which is found to be quite adequate; the largest number in custody on any one day was 113.

52. Statements Nos. 36 to 43—*Number and disposal of jail population, classification according to religion, age, offences, etc.*—The daily average strength including under-trials and civil prisoners was 89.03 against 94.90 in the previous year. Of the total jail population (434), 253 were convicted prisoners, 149 under-trials and 32 civil debtors; the figures for 1906 were 290, 148 and 36 respectively while those for 1905 were 273, 173 and 26.

53. Eighty-five convicts were in custody on the 31st December 1906 and 168 were admitted during the year. Of these, 145 were released on expiry of sentence, twelve on appeal, ten under the remission rules, four were transported to the Andamans, and eleven died; there were thus 71 convicts under confinement on the 31st December 1907.

54. Of the under-trials, eleven remained in custody as such, 45 were subsequently convicted, and 93 were released.

55. Statements Nos. 44 to 49—*Particulars regarding jail discipline.*—The number of offences committed by convicts (52) was much in excess of last year's low figure (19). Eight offences related to work, 23 to receiving prohibited articles and 21 to other breaches of jail discipline. A warder was detected in introducing prohibited articles and was dismissed after conviction. It is to be hoped that this occurrence will act as a deterrent. A convict employed on extra-mural labour was sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment for attempting to escape from his gang; another who had escaped in 1894 was recaptured by the Police and sentenced. The convict who escaped in 1902 and the three who escaped during 1905 were not re-arrested. Corporal punishment was inflicted upon four prisoners for breaches of jail discipline. Of the total number of jail offences, 34.62 per cent. were committed by habitual offenders though their proportion to the entire jail population was only nineteen per cent. Prisoners of this class were kept as usual in cubicles at night, and in separate gangs at meal time, and were not appointed to the post of maistry. Ten convicts were released under the mark rules during the year, the maximum remission earned being 361 days by a convict under sentence of imprisonment for eight years.

56. Statements Nos. 50 to 53—*Scales of diet*.—Diet was, as usual, supplied departmentally in accordance with the authorized scale and the result was satisfactory. The quality of the food was good and the quantity sufficient to keep the prisoners in good health. The daily cost per head was two annas and four pies, or two pies more than in the previous year owing to the high prices prevalent. The gross outlay on articles of food was Rs. 4,730, (excluding Rs. 49 expended on extras for patients in the jail hospital) against Rs. 4,643 in the preceding year.

57. A sum of Rs. 124 was spent in purchasing clothing for the prisoners.

58. Statements Nos. 54 to 57—*Detailed statistics of health*.—Water is supplied from the Mercara reservoir. The latrines were on the dry earth system; conservancy and drainage arrangements were adequate and satisfactory. The health of the prisoners was satisfactory, the rate of sickness *per mille* of average strength being 13·37 against 14·86 in 1906. The mortality rose from 105·37 to 123·55, a result due to the circumstance that five convicts were in a poor state of health at the time of their admission.

59. Statement No. 58—*Gain and loss in weight of the prisoners*.—Of the 182 convicts discharged from jail, 110 had gained in weight while 48 had lost, the variation in the case of 35 of the latter being under five pounds. No convict was released on medical grounds.

60. Statement No. 59—*Expenditure on guarding and maintaining prisoners*.—The gross expenditure was Rs. 9,504 against Rs. 10,114 in 1906. The gross average cost per prisoner (Rs. 107) was the same as in 1906.

61. Statement No. 61—*Employment of convicts*.—The work of the prisoners was, as usual, carefully arranged with reference to class, sex and health. In-door labour consisted chiefly of sawing wood, grinding *régi* and carpentry.

62. Statement No. 62—*Nett cash earnings of convicts*.—The total receipts from jail manufactures were Rs. 3,570 as compared with Rs. 4,105 in the previous year. The main causes of the fall in income were the limited number of convicts hired by the Public Works Department for work on the roads and the small number of requisitions received for sawing timber. Most of the receipts were from carpentry, a department which turned out a great deal of useful work. The expenditure on materials was Rs. 576 as against Rs. 1,151 and the nett profit to Government was thus Rs. 2,994 as compared with Rs. 2,954 in the previous year. Taking this profit into consideration, the nett expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 6,510 against Rs. 7,160 and the average cost per prisoner fell from Rs. 75 to Rs. 73.

63. The jail was visited by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg during his tour and was periodically inspected by the local official visitors. Lieutenant-Colonel D. S. E. Bain, I.M.S., remained in charge throughout the year.

Civil Justice.
(1907.)

64. There was no change in the number of civil courts (5) or their jurisdiction.

65. Statement No. 64—*Number and description of suits instituted*.—The number filed was 1,945. The increase (20) was under small causes which rose by 45.

66. Statement No. 65—*Number and value of suits instituted*.—There was a decrease of Rs. 31,704 (about 16 per cent.) in the value of suits: the total value was Rs. 1,57,787.

67. Statement No. 66—*General result of the trial of original cases*.—The number of cases decided was 1,933 against 1,870 in 1906, while the arrears increased from 201 to 213. The bulk of the work as usual devolved on the two Munsiffs, who together disposed of 705 suits and 1,211 small causes.

68. The number of suits decreed *ex-parte*, was 254, of which 22 were re-filed. Eleven applications for review of judgment were put in; six were granted and five rejected. Five applications to sue *in formâ pauperis* were received, of which three were successful.

69. The total number of witnesses who attended the courts was 1,835 against 1,813 in 1906. Sixty-four witnesses were detained for more than three days, while 1,672 were discharged on the first day of attendance.

70. Statement No. 67—*General result of the trial of miscellaneous cases.*—The number of miscellaneous applications filed was 692, of which 680 were disposed of. There were 20 applications under the Guardian and Wards' Act, 1890, and three for probate and letters of administration.

71. Statements Nos. 68 and 69—*Regular and miscellaneous appeals.*—The number of regular appeals filed was 31 and, including nine pending from previous year, there were for disposal 40 against 58 in 1906. Seven were successful. There were 15 miscellaneous appeals against nine in the previous year, and only one was successful. The Judicial Commissioner decided eight appeals out of fourteen preferred to his court: in seven cases the orders of the lower court were upheld.

72. Statement No. 70—*Particulars of execution proceedings.*—The number filed was 255 more than in 1906. Wholly infructuous applications accounted for 72.11 per cent. of the total disposals.

73. Statement No. 71—*Results of insolvency applications.*—Out of 51 applications filed, 6 were pending at the close of the year.

74. The total number of processes issued by all courts during the year was 14,932, and the realizations from process fees were Rs. 6,543-8-0.

75. The quarterly returns of the subordinate courts were scrutinized by the District Judge throughout the year and all the courts were inspected by that officer. There were 10 first-grade and 17 second-grade pleaders practising in the province.

76. Special attention was directed to the submission and scrutiny of the accounts relating to the management of the affairs of the minors for whom guardians have been appointed by the court.

77. The District Court Library received an additional supply of law books of the value of Rs. 147-8-0 during the year.

78. Statements Nos. 72 to 75—*Working of the Registration Department.*—Registration.
As compared with the preceding year there was an advance in the amount of (1907.) business transacted, the total number of registrations (1,916) showing an increase of 52; the value of the property concerned, however, decreased from Rs. 8,13,061 to Rs. 4,92,798. The surplus realized from the working of the department fell from Rs. 1,401 to Rs. 1,000. Of the last 7 years the year under report shows the greatest number of registrations with the least total value.

79. The number of documents pending delivery at the end of the year was 15 against 17 in the previous year, and the average time taken to register each document remained the same, *viz.*, 24 hours. Registration was refused in nine cases, in three of which there were successful appeals.

80. All the sub-registry offices were inspected by the Registrar and that of the Registrar by the Inspector-General.

District Board.
(1907-1908.)

81. Statement No. 76—*Constitution of the District Board.*—The term of office of the nominated members of the Board expired on 31st March 1907. Mr. A. Lambert was renominated, and Mr. H. F. Davy was appointed in place of Mr. W. H. Sprott, as representatives of the Coorg Planters' Association. The five Subedars were selected to represent the local interests of their respective taluks. Messrs. C. M. Nanjappa, M. V. Krishna Rau, Nadikerianda Kariappa, and Ballachanda Belliappa were appointed as representative landholders in place of Messrs. A. Bopanna, K. Appayya, P. J. Beni Singh, and Muhammad Hussain.

82. Statement No. 77—*Income of the District Board.*—The budget estimate was slightly exceeded, the pound receipts in particular being appreciably higher than last year.

83. Statement No. 78—*Expenditure of the District Board.*—The special outlay of Rs. 3,500 met from the balance of the District Funds on account of improving certain village communications and providing sanitary requirements to some of the pettas, caused the budget (civil) estimate to be exceeded by Rs. 1,276. The reduced expenditure in the Public Works budget is explained in paragraph 89 *infra*.

84. On the 31st March 1908, there were in all 66 schools under the management of the Board with 2,554 pupils in attendance against 67 and 2,415 respectively in 1906-1907. The primary school at Kirugur in the Kiggatnad taluk was closed on account of poor attendance. There were eight schools for the education of Panchamas of whom 164 were under instruction against 173 in the previous year. English was taught in four schools to 130 pupils against 82 in 1906-1907. Out of 1,905 boys and 649 girls, 1,190 boys and 502 girls were Coorgs by race. The percentage of children protected from small-pox rose from 92.08 to 94.36. The examination results were satisfactory. To encourage technical education, a special grant of Rs. 200 was made to the Anandapur Weaving Institute managed by the Basel Mission. The total outlay on education was Rs. 13,714 against Rs. 13,047 in 1906-1907, a percentage of 19 on the total income.

85. Provision for a medical pupil at the Madras Medical College was continued.

86. There was no change in the number of local fund dispensaries (5). The total number of out-patients was 26,997 against 25,872 during the previous year. The principal ailments treated were malaria, diseases of the spleen and respiratory organs, rheumatism, abscesses, ulcers and wounds. The gross expenditure, Rs. 5,819, was Rs. 2,265 more than in the previous year, chiefly due to the conversion of the Somwarpet dispensary into an in-patient hospital, and to plague charges at Pollibetta.

Proposals to open temporary dispensaries at Fraserpet, Bhagamandala and Srimangala, in order to gauge the demand for permanent institutions, were under consideration when the year closed.

87. Sanitation received a larger degree of attention than usual. The conservancy establishment was improved by the employment of additional sweepers and arrangements were made to provide rubbish receptacles and street lamps to the principal pettas. The entertainment of a qualified Sanitary Inspector for the province was also under consideration.

88. The number of travellers' bungalows (4) and of shelter houses for the use of immigrant coolies (4) remained the same as last year. The fees realized from the bungalows (Rs. 521), as usual, failed to cover the outlay incurred in the shape of establishment charges (Rs. 999).

The nett revenue from tolls amounted to Rs. 18,105, against Rs. 18,946 in the preceding year. Two toll-gates—one at Kutta and another at Yedehalli—were established during the year. There was no change either in the number (26) or the working of the ferries; but the revenue realized fell from Rs. 1,922 to Rs. 1,804.

A sum of Rs. 460 was spent in improving some of the market places. Village communications and bridle-paths were repaired with special reference to pony and bullock traffic at a cost of Rs. 2,535.

89. The grant for public works under the control of the Board was Rs. 41,485 and the expenditure Rs. 32,946; the lapse of funds was due to (i) stoppage of work on the Suntikoppa-Sidapur road, for which a new line was surveyed in deference to a protest made by certain planters, (ii) inability, owing to insufficient staff, to prepare estimates for the construction of bridges on the Mercara-Bhagamandala road, (iii) scarcity of labour owing to the exceptional demand for coolies by coffee estates.

90. Under *civil buildings*, an expenditure of Rs. 1,689 was incurred on improvements, coming under the category of original works, to all the local fund dispensaries and Hospital Assistant's quarters; the ordinary annual repairs to local fund buildings account for a further outlay of Rs. 434.

91. As usual the bulk of the expenditure was devoted to communications. On *original* works, the gross outlay was Rs. 7,869, of which the greater part was spent on the following works:—

- (a) construction of a road from Somwarpet to Banavara, Rs. 481;
- (b) completion of the road from Suntikoppa to Jambur, Rs. 421;
- (c) opening a road from Suntikoppa to Sidapur, Rs. 2,461;
- (d) metalling portions of the Gonikoppal-Pollibetta road, Rs. 1,013;
- (e) metalling portions of the Virajendrapet-Bittangal road, Rs. 1,154;
- (f) improving the Fraserpet-Sidapur road, Rs. 537.

The following works were completed during the year:—

- (i) a road from Sanivarasante to the Mysore frontier on the Bisle ghât;
- (ii) a bridge at furlong 11/3 of the Virajendrapet-Nalknad road;
- (iii) improvements to the existing track from Virajendrapet to Wontiangadi;
- (iv) a road from Suntikoppa to Jambur.

Under 'minor works,' a further sum of Rs. 1,563 was expended on (i) the construction or improvement of petty bridges and drains on lines of communication, (ii) construction of toll-gates, and (iii) supplying ferries with boats.

92. The outlay on repairs to communications amounted to Rs. 15,705, including sums of Rs. 877 expended on ferries, Rs. 292 on travellers' bungalows and Rs. 73 on toll-gates. The roads under the control of the Board were kept in fair order at an average cost of Rs. 90 per mile. The length of communications maintained during the year was 161 miles and $3\frac{1}{4}$ furlongs, of which $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles were metalled and some $136\frac{1}{2}$ miles unmetalled roads, while the remainder consisted of bridle-paths.

93. Under miscellaneous public improvements, a sum of Rs. 660 was spent in constructing (i) a slaughter-house at Gonikoppal, (ii) cattle pounds at Bhagamandala and Gowdhalli respectively, and (iii) steps to the tank at Ponnampet, while Rs. 627 was expended on petty repairs to slaughter-houses, markets, wells, camping grounds and cattle-pounds.

94. The balance of the public works expenditure is made up of the usual charges on account of establishment (Rs. 5,597), and tools and plant (Rs. 365).

95. Statements Nos. 79 to 81—*Constitution, income and expenditure of municipalities*.—The Coorg Municipal Regulation, 1907, was brought into operation during the year under report. The bye-laws framed under the previous Act, however, continued in force during the year. Municipal.
(1907-1908.)

Mercara Municipality.

96. The term of office of the elected and nominated members of the Mercara Municipality expired during the year. Of the ten members, two were nominated by the Chief Commissioner in the interests of the European and the Coorg communities and the remaining eight were elected as representatives of the Hindu and Muhammadan population. At the fourteen meetings held during the year, the average attendance of the *ex-officio* and non-official members was respectively 3 out of 5 and 5·7 out of 10.

97. The actual receipts, including a loan of Rs. 15,000 from Government for the construction of a market, amounted to Rs. 32,602 and the expenditure to Rs. 21,897 against the budget estimates of Rs. 16,240 and Rs. 18,050 respectively. The cash balance at the close of the year was Rs. 17,902 or Rs. 10,705 more than at the commencement; but this includes an unspent balance of the loan for constructing the market amounting to Rs. 9,325.

98. The gross demand including an outstanding balance of Rs. 1,579 was Rs. 33,913. The collections and remissions (Rs. 145) amounted to Rs. 32,747 leaving an uncollected balance of Rs. 1,166 at the close of the year. The important items of expenditure were Rs. 3,107 under conservancy, which included Rs. 228 spent on eradication of *lantana*, Rs. 5,175 under medical charges including vaccination, Rs. 2,439 on the maintenance of roads, Rs. 383 on the construction of a toll-house, Rs. 492 on the further excavation of the reservoir, Rs. 5,675 towards the construction of a market, and Rs. 353 on the construction of drains.

99. The numbers of in- and out-patients treated at the municipal hospital were respectively 658 and 12,943 against 426 and 12,447 in the previous year. Further medical statistics will be found in Statements Nos. 131 *et seq.*; while Statements Nos. 139 to 142 and 144 give details of the vaccination work within municipal limits.

Virajendrapet Municipality.

100. There was no change in the composition of the Committee. The average attendance at the meetings held during the year was 3 in the case of both officials and non-officials, the total strength being five and nine respectively.

101. The actual receipts for the year (Rs. 8,566) were more than the budget estimate (Rs. 8,400) and exceeded the income of the previous year by Rs. 368.

102. The total demand under all heads of revenue, including the outstanding balance at the beginning of the year, aggregated Rs. 8,728 of which Rs. 8,566 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 162 at the end of the year. The total expenditure was Rs. 8,606 or Rs. 1,254 more than that of the previous year. A sum of Rs. 3,370 was expended on the upkeep of the hospital at which 11,963 out-patients and 803 in-patients received treatment as compared with 11,518 and 624 respectively in the previous year. Full particulars of the medical work including vaccination will be found in statements cited in paragraph 99 *supra*. Towards the close of the year there was a small out-break of plague, involving 12 attacks and 9 deaths. The source of the disease was not clearly traced, but it was probably imported from the Mysore State. The expenditure in connection with plague amounted to Rs. 356, which includes however a sum of Rs. 179 spent on permanent establishment. Conservancy charges amounted to Rs. 2,144. Excluding Rs. 1,100 held in Government securities the closing balance was Rs. 4,965 against Rs. 5,005 at the end of 1906-1907. The expenditure of a portion of this sum on various improvements was proposed in the estimates submitted for 1908-1909.

Minor Municipalities.

103. The average attendance at the four meetings held by the Fraserpet Committee was 6·25, the total strength being nine. The income was Rs. 858 and the expenditure Rs. 1,414 including Rs. 670 spent on road repairs and improvements to the market-place. The closing cash balance was Rs. 447 or Rs. 554 less than that of 1906-1907.

104. The Somwarpet Committee held three meetings at which the average attendance was 6·3, the total strength being 10. The income (Rs. 1,865) fell short of the expenditure by Rs. 840 thus reducing the closing cash balance to Rs. 862. A sum of Rs. 700 is invested in Government securities. The important items of expenditure were Rs. 972 spent in sinking two wells and in making improvements to the Anekere tank, and Rs. 606 on roads.

105. At the three meetings held by the Kodlipet Committee, the average attendance was 4·3 out of a total strength of nine members. The total income was Rs. 1,094 and the expenditure Rs. 1,135, including Rs. 365 spent for sinking a well. The closing balance at the end of the year was Rs. 476 or Rs. 41 less than the opening balance.

106. The total strength of the corps on the 31st March 1908 was 256. (Volunteering.) The command was held throughout the year by Major A. Lambert, V. D., and (1907-1908.) the adjutancy by Captain E. F. S. Henderson of the Leicestershire Regiment. Camps of exercise were held early in the year, for A Company at Mercara and for B Company at Pollibetta.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION. (1907-1908.)

107. Statement No. 3—*Rainfall and climate.*—The south-west monsoon, which was considerably above normal, caused some damage to the rice and coffee crops, but this did not result in any appreciable reduction in the anticipated out-turn. The north-east monsoon was favourable. The total number of rainy days was 120 with a rainfall of 142 inches against 132 in 1906-1907 and an average of 122 for the past 15 years. Character of the seasons.

108. Statement No. 82—*Area under crops.*—The total area under cultivation was 142,176 acres against 141,083 acres in 1906-1907. Including second crop cultivation (503 acres) the area under rice rose from 79,617 to 81,121 acres, which represents 84·03 per cent. of the entire area of wet holdings, viz., 96,535 acres. The total area of dry holdings was 20,747 acres or 96 acres more than that of the previous year and the extent actually cropped was 10,277 acres, which includes 1,144 acres of second crop cultivation. The corresponding figures for the previous year were respectively 20,651 and 10,089 acres. The increase was mainly under *ragi*, due to the encouragement given to this cultivation in the northern and drier parts of the district. The extent recorded as actually cultivated with coffee, viz., 46,108 acres, declined by 285 acres on account of the abandonment of deteriorated gardens. The total area held under the coffee tenure was 99,481 acres which includes (a) 8,799 acres of coffee assessed cardamom malés, (b) 1,902 acres of orange gardens, (c) 40,180 acres of abandoned coffee or land granted for coffee but not opened up, (d) 2,492 acres planted with or devoted to rubber cultivation on lands which formerly bore profitable coffee, and (e) 694 acres of immature coffee. There is thus a nett area of 45,414 acres of coffee under bearing, of which 40,260 acres are cultivated according to the European method and 5,154 acres after the Native style against 40,598 and 4,510 acres respectively in 1906-1907. In addition to the area shown under (d) *supra*, 126 acres were granted from Government waste land during the year for rubber cultivation. Reductions of assessment amounting to Rs. 437 were sanctioned in respect of 287 acres of coffee land from which the cultivation, having ceased to be remunerative, had been removed. Area under cultivation and cropped area.

109. The 1,617 acres shown as cultivated with cardamoms are made up of (a) jama malés (382 acres), (b) leased malés (661 acres), and (c) coffee assessed malés (574 acres); the aggregate holdings under these headings being respectively 12,629, 36,720 and 8,799 acres. As there is no accurate record of the area of leased malés, the figure under (b) is only approximate.

110. The area shown under orchards and garden produce consists of 281 acres of arecanut and cocoanut, and 4,243 acres of orange groves. The latter figure, which includes the 1,902 acres referred to in paragraph 108 *supra* is 127 acres more than the extent recorded in the previous year. The cultivation of pepper on lands formerly cultivated with coffee continues to expand, and its assessment will be dealt with at the resettlement.

Irrigated area.

111. The area irrigated during the year by Government channels was 2,537 acres against 2,374 acres in 1906-1907. The area of lands irrigable or irrigated by tanks is not given as several tanks in North Coorg are under repair.

Out-turn per
acre and total
produce.

112. Statement No. 83—*Rates of rent and produce.* The rice and *ragi* crops were both slightly below normal. The coffee crop was exceptionally good in spite of the damage caused in certain localities by heavy showers. The estimated out-turn of coffee was 5,279 tons against the low figure of 1,663 tons in 1906-1907.

Prices, trade
and stocks.

113. Statements Nos. 84, 87, 88, 89 and 90—*Prices, imports, exports, coinage and paper currency.*—In spite of the enhanced out-turn as compared with 1906-1907, the price of rice—the staple food of the district—was above normal on account of the large export of paddy to Malabar and South Canara. There were no noteworthy variations in the prices of *ragi* and coffee. The import and export figures are for the most part compiled from information supplied by the toll-gate contractors and cannot be safely relied upon; nor is it possible to draw any inference as to the state of trade from the prescribed returns of coinage and paper currency.

Agricultural
stock.

114. Statement No. 86—*Live-stock.*—This is a quinquennial return, last prepared for the year 1904-1905, and gives the number of live-stock, ploughs, and carts in the province. There was no unusual mortality nor was any disease particularly prevalent.

115. Encouragement was given to the reclamation of lantana-ridden land by (a) the restriction of remissions of revenue to cases of clear or cleared land, and (b) the exemption from assessment of cultivation on such land. The extent to which cereals can be grown on dry lands in Coorg proper is still problematical, and it is probably true that such cultivation will never be more than subsidiary to the paddy crop. The progress of unprofitable coffee towards extinction continued, but in other respects the year was generally one of abundance for the planter, the coffee crop being the largest picked since 1902-1903.

Condition of the
agricultural
population.

116. Statement No. 85—*Prices of Labour.*—The labour market was well supplied and there was no noticeable variation in the rate of hire.

117. The province was visited in September 1907 by Dr. Lehmann, Agricultural Chemist to the Mysore Durbar, and received the benefit of his advice generally on agricultural matters and particularly with regard to the experimental plots maintained by the Agricultural Department. In accordance with his recommendations, four plots out of nine were closed, and proposals were framed for working the remainder on a more systematic basis. As a temporary measure, an overseer on Rs. 12-15 *per mensem* has been placed in charge of each plot.

118. Experiments were continued with products of various kinds. The doubts expressed in the last year's report as regards the possibility of growing cotton were realized and it was agreed to discontinue the cultivation of it. Potatoes and russian flax were also found to be unsuited to the Coorg climate. Late sowings of *ragi* and gram failed and, following Dr. Lehmann's advice, it was decided that these crops should be sown before the monsoon. Cholam, though sown late, was fairly successful.

119. The area of the reserved forests was 304,802 acres against 304,610 acres in 1906-1907. A cardamom jungle of 922 acres known as the Baikabbe malé was sold for arrears of revenue and purchased by the department while an area of 730 acres of the Pattighât reserve was disafforested for rubber cultivation, thus resulting in a nett increase of 192 acres. The settlement operations in connection with the reservation of the Urti and Kerti forests were completed during the year.

120. Eighteen new cairns were put up in the Kargode plantations and 883 cairns were repaired. Seventy-six miles and six furlongs of the upper boundary lines of the Ghât forests as well as of the other Reserves in North and South Coorg were cleared and demarcated in connection with the triangulation survey of the Coorg forests by the Survey of India. The total cost of this operation was Rs. 934.

121. The existing communications and buildings were kept in order at a cost of Rs. 1,969 and Rs. 2,259 respectively, and a sum of Rs. 724 was spent on the construction of huts for one forester and six guards.

122. The number of forest offences, including 39 cases of damage caused to sandal, was 61 against 62 in the previous year. Of these, 50 were compounded and the accused in 10 cases of illegal grazing were let off with a warning. One case of illicit removal of timber ended in conviction after the close of the year. There were nine forest fires affecting 1,619 acres against only one covering an area of five acres in the preceding year. The unusual dryness of the fire season is given as an explanation for the increase. Four of these fires were due to incendiarism and four to the spread of fire from adjoining land, either *paisari* or private. The cause of the ninth could not be traced.

123. The prescribed areas were as usual thrown open to grazing and the revenue derived therefrom, including the sale proceeds of grass, increased from Rs. 713 to Rs. 925. Free grazing was permitted to persons who enjoy a customary right to it.

124. The cultural operations of the year included the clearance of lantana from the plantations in North Coorg and Mercara and from the *kumris* in South Coorg, and measures for the artificial reproduction of sandal and teak. The process of uprooting sandal trees affected with "spike" was continued in North Coorg and steps were taken to prevent the spread of the disease in South Coorg. The *kumris* were weeded and cleared and the usual rewards were paid to Kurubars and others for successfully raising teak plants in them. The total expenditure incurred under this head was Rs. 5,291.

125. Departmental fellings in the reserved forests amounted to 114,206 cubic feet of timber compared with 98,420 cubic feet in the previous year, while the sales aggregated 106,868 cubic feet, a figure which includes a stock of 2,268 cubic feet of old fellings as well as timber utilized for departmental buildings. The timber felled by purchasers amounted to 75,960 cubic feet against 84,380 cubic feet in the previous year. 274 tons of sandalwood were collected at an average cost of Rs. 23-2-0 per ton and a revenue of Rs. 1,38,837 was realized from the sale of 249½ tons, the prices obtained being higher than in the previous year. The number of bamboos and reeds removed was 89,046 and 44,770 against 103,260 and 64,900 respectively in the previous year.

126. The revenue realized from cardamoms was Rs. 16,503 against Rs. 11,747 and that from minor forest produce Rs. 4,252 against Rs. 2,104 in the previous year.

127. A sum of Rs. 3,192 was recovered on account of timber growth on lands newly taken up for cultivation, against Rs. 2,629 in 1906-1907, the total number of valuations made by forest officers being 35.

128. No free grants of timber were made during the year from the reserved forests.

129. Four elephants were captured during the year, of which one is a cow and the other a female calf; all these are under training and in good condition. Nine elephants of former captures were sold for Rs. 14,630. The cost of the capture and training amounted to Rs. 896 against Rs. 919 in the previous year.

130. Including remittances to foreign treasuries and book adjustments, the total revenue and expenditure of the year amounted respectively to Rs. 2,74,756 and Rs. 1,04,808 and the nett surplus realized was Rs. 1,69,948 against Rs. 1,33,055 in the previous year. The increase is attributable chiefly to revenue realized from the sale of sandalwood and of departmental elephants as well as to profits from timber and cardamoms.

131. The department remained in the executive charge of Mr. C. D. McCarthy until he went on leave on the 8th November 1907. The Extra Assistant Conservator, Mr. E. C. M. Mascarenhas, held charge for the rest of the year.

Mines and
quarries.

132. The estimated out-turn of minerals during the year was 13,462 tons of granite and 1,029 tons of laterite. No record was maintained of the quantity of clay used for making bricks.

Manufactures.

133. There are no factories in Coorg and manufactures in the ordinary sense of the term are locally unknown.

Public Works.

134. The revenue credited to Imperial Public Works amounted to Rs. 4,796 and was realized chiefly from the sale of old materials, rents of buildings and hire of tools by contractors; Rs. 223 appertained to 'military' and the balance to civil receipts.

135. Including charges debited to military works and outlay on stock not charged against any sanctioned work, the expenditure for the year aggregated Rs. 2,59,593 out of a grant of Rs. 2,88,425. The lapse of the large balance of Rs. 28,832 was due to several adverse circumstances, among which may be mentioned, (a) heavy rains in November and December which rendered the manufacture of bricks and burning of lime impossible, (b) the unusually keen demand for labour on coffee estates, and (c) the outbreak of plague in No. II Sub-Division.

(Military.)

136. A sum of Rs. 687 out of a grant of Rs. 2,130 was spent on improvements and repairs to the armoury at Pollibetta and to the quarters of the Sergeant-Instructors of the Coorg and Mysore Rifles at Mercara and Pollibetta. The lapse was due to short expenditure on improvements to the armoury owing to the outbreak of plague at Pollibetta and to the late sanction of an estimate for the provision of stables to the quarters of the Sergeant-Instructor at Chickmagalur.

(Civil.)
Buildings.

137. The expenditure on civil buildings aggregated Rs. 79,780 against a grant of Rs. 88,023. The major works completed were:—

- (a) the Mercara hospital (Rs. 68,279),
- (b) the Virajendrapet hospital with subsidiary buildings (Rs. 58,793),
- (c) police lines for Mercara Town (Rs. 10,287),
- (d) police lines at Virajendrapet (Rs. 15,925),
- (e) a girls' school at Nalkeri (Rs. 4,459),
- (f) fitting up an installation of oil gas in the Mercara hospital (Rs. 4,693),
- (g) police lines for Mercara Taluk (Rs. 4,077),
- (h) a girls' school at Ammatti (Rs. 5,333).

The major works in progress were (i) improvements to the Mercara High School (Rs. 13,434) and the primary school (Rs. 9,533).

138. On minor works a total expenditure of Rs. 41,302 was incurred, the chief items being the construction of quarters for Sub-Inspectors at Mercara, Suintikoppa, Napoklu, Bhagamandala, Fraserpet, Jambur, Somwarpet, Kodlipet, Tavalageri-Murnad, Virajendrapet, Pollibetta, Sidapur, Ponnampet, Ammatti and Sampaji, a Subedar's rest-house (including Court room and out-houses) at Pollibetta, a police station at Ammatti, a sub-overseer's lodge at Gonikoppal, Subedar's quarters at Somwarpet, a gas house, masonry well for gas accumulation and gas producer for the Mercara hospital, a covered way to connect the hospital buildings at Mercara, drains, culverts and revetment walls on the boundary of the Mercara hospital compound, additions to the girls' school at Virajendrapet and the supply of cots and lockers for the hospitals. Rs. 12,399 were spent on repairs to civil buildings.

139. The outlay on communications was Rs. 1,16,986 against a grant of Rs. 1,18,657. The lapse was due to savings and short expenditure on many of the estimates. The outlay on original works was Rs. 26,897 against a grant of Rs. 22,100, the excess being due to the large expenditure incurred on the opening out of the Wynaad road with a view to completing the project. The major works completed were (a) realigning and metalling the Gonikoppal-Ponnampet road (Rs. 13,699), and (b) metalling the second section of the Mercara-Kodlipet road (Rs. 12,257). Communications.

140. The major works in progress were (i) the Wynaad road (Rs. 10,120), (ii) construction of a bridge across the Sanivarsante stream on the new Sanivarsante-Kodlipet road (Rs. 2,429), and (iii) construction of a bridge across the Harangi river at Kudigé on the Fraserpet-Srirangal road (Rs. 8,360). On minor works, a sum of Rs. 3,985 was spent on (a) culverts on the Mercara-Kodlipet road, the Mercara-Periambadi road, and the Anechowkur-Bittangala road, (b) wire fences around the combined circuit house and inspection bungalow at Bhagamandala and around a portion of the travellers' bungalow at Somwarpet, (c) an earthenware pipe drain at the junction of the Mercara-Fraserpet and Coorghalli estate roads, (d) addition of bullock shelters to the P. W. D. inspection bungalows, and (e) improvements to the P. W. D. inspection bungalow at Kodlipet.

141. Including the usual outlay on the up-keep of bungalows, cooly lines, and bridges, the disbursements on account of annual repairs and renewals to roads in the province amounted to Rs. 90,089. The existing roads were kept in good order, in spite of a rather unfavourable year as regards labour. 162 miles and 2 furlongs of metalled roads and 54 miles of unmetalled roads were maintained at an average cost of Rs. 512 and Rs. 132 per mile respectively.

142. A sum of Rs. 196 was spent in erecting and maintaining rain-gauges at various centres.

143. The outlay on irrigation was Rs. 14,895 against a grant of Rs. 22,588. Irrigation. The lapse was due to the absence on long leave of the Executive Engineer and the transfer of the Overseer employed on irrigation investigation to the charge of a section. The major works completed consisted of improvements to—

- (i) Nagavala Tank (Rs. 2,908),
- (ii) Tavare Tank (Rs. 3,581), and
- (iii) Dodda Kanagal Tank (Rs. 2,971).

144. The major works in progress were the construction of channels on the right and left banks of the Kiré holé stream at Devanur (Rs. 19,155), the construction of a channel on the left bank of the Balagi river (Rs. 729) and improvements to Akyatimangala dam and channel (Rs. 1,834). Expenditure was also incurred upon minor improvements to several other tanks throughout the province.

145. The expenditure on establishment, tools and plant was Rs. 47,315.

146. Mr. J. M. M. Parker, the permanent Executive Engineer, availed himself of 6½ months' leave from 2nd April 1907. During his absence Mr. F. E. Schembry, Sub-Engineer, was in charge of the department.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE. (1907-1908.)

Imperial Revenue and Finance.

Gross Revenue.

147. The gross *demand* under all heads of Imperial revenue was Rs. 7,53,923 against Rs. 6,92,431 in the previous year. The important variations were under Land Revenue (+ Rs. 2,362), Forests (+ Rs. 10,864), Excise (+ Rs. 48,506), Stamps (+ Rs. 2,678), 19A—Law and Justice (— Rs. 1,241) and sale of postage stamps (— Rs. 1,114). The increase under Land Revenue is partly due to the expansion of rice cultivation and partly due to the credit under this head of the sale proceeds of Government waste lands taken up under the Chikle hole channel for cultivation. The larger sums realized under Forests and Stamps were respectively due to enhanced receipts from the sale of sandalwood and elephants, and the improved sales of court-fee stamps; the decline under Law and Justice and under postage labels did not exceed the ordinary fluctuations under these heads. The reasons for the increase under excise are explained in paragraphs 153 and 158 *infra*.

148. Statement No. 91—*Gross and nett revenue*.—The gross receipts exhibit an increase of Rs. 56,796 as compared with those of 1906-1907, the most noticeable variation being under Excise. The expenditure charged against income rose from Rs. 2,70,906 to Rs. 2,73,911, on account of the additional cost of the settlement operations, and the nett receipts were Rs. 4,90,983 against Rs. 4,37,192 in the preceding year.

149. Statement No. 92—*Expenditure from nett income*.—The expenditure charged against nett income aggregated Rs. 4,83,683, or Rs. 48,598 less than in the previous year, the important decrease being under Public Works. The *nett* result of the Imperial transactions of the year was therefore a surplus of Rs. 7,300. If allowance be made for forest receipts on account of supplies to Government departments adjusted by book transfer, and for payments made into treasuries outside Coorg, which amounted to Rs. 3,950 and Rs. 1,52,424 respectively, the surplus rises to Rs. 1,63,674.

150. Statement No. 93—*Cash transactions*.—The total receipts rose from Rs. 23,05,313 to Rs. 24,47,222, the most important item of increase occurring under deposits, due to the fact that under a recent arrangement supply bills payable at the sub-treasuries are first nominally cashed at the district treasury, cash orders being then issued on the sub-treasuries after crediting the amount under personal deposit. The total expenditure (Rs. 26,35,693) shows an advance of Rs. 3,82,335. The increase in disbursements was specially marked in payments on account of supply bills, deposits and advances.

Land Revenue.

151. Statement No. 6—*Land Revenue*.—The gross demand including the outstanding balance (Rs. 81,226) amounted to Rs. 4,13,113. Collections and remissions aggregated Rs. 3,43,084 leaving a balance of Rs. 70,029 at the close of the year.

Salt, customs
and opium.

152. No revenue is derived in Coorg from salt or customs, and the receipts from the sale of opium are included under the head "Excise"; no opium is produced in the province.

Excise.

153. Statements Nos. 94 and 95—*Excise receipts and charges*.—The gross revenue for the year was Rs. 1,89,405 against Rs. 1,48,593 in the preceding year. The increase was chiefly due to the enhanced receipts under license fees for sale of country liquor, still-head duty, rent on toddy trees and duty on ganja. The reasons for these increases are explained in paragraphs 155 and 158 *infra*. There was no noteworthy variation in the charges, which aggregated Rs. 6,008 against Rs. 5,927 in 1906-1907. The nett surplus therefore rose from Rs. 1,42,666 to Rs. 1,83,397.

154. Statement No. 96—*Manufactories, licenses and shops*.—The distillery building near Fraserpet was, as in the previous years, used as a bonded warehouse. Wholesale sub-depôts for arrack were located at Mercara, Virajendrapet, Gonikoppal and Fraserpet. The number of wholesale foreign liquor shops was

reduced from 3 to 2 as the licensee of one of the shops at Mercara desired only the right to sell by retail. The retail shop at Somwarpet was closed during the year, thereby reducing the number of such shops to five, *viz.*, those at Mercara, Virajendrapet and Sidapur and the two wholesale shops above referred to, which enjoy the retail privilege as well. The number of arrack shops was augmented by one during the year, bringing the total to 40, as it was found that the existing shops at Virajendrapet were inadequate to meet the requirements of the population. The policy of regulating the location of toddy shops with due regard to local requirements was continued with the result that 20 shops were closed during the year, the number thus falling to 208. There was no change in the number of retail ganja shops.

155. Statement No. 97—*Duty and consumption of spirits and drugs.*—The contract for the manufacture of country arrack remained in the hands of Messrs. Parry & Co. of Madras, who imported jaggery arrack from South Arcot. The duty levied on each gallon of liquor issued from the depôt remained the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 3-13-1 per imperial gallon. The issues during the year rose by 7,525 gallons as compared with the figure for 1906-1907. The increase may be attributed to the larger influx of coolies produced by the abundance of the coffee crop and to the issue of an order in April 1907, referred to in paragraph 15 of the summary of the administration report for 1906-1907, prohibiting the employment of vendors by arrack licensees.

156. Owing to the lack of tenders the supply of opium was managed departmentally and as usual the drug was obtained from Malwa. There was a marked increase in the quantity sold during the year, which was 56 Madras seers and 54 tolas against 36 seers and 69 tolas in the preceding year. There were three retail shops, *viz.*, at Mercara, Virajendrapet, and Gonikoppal.

157. The wholesale supply of ganja remained in the hands of Government and 10 maunds of the drug were obtained during the year. The quantity sold was 323 seers and 67 tolas as compared with 214 seers in the previous year: the increase was due to the supply of a better article than in 1906-1907.

158. Statements Nos. 98 and 99—*Incidence of consumption, and demand, collection and balance of excise revenue.*—The total demand rose from Rs. 1,53,316 to Rs. 2,01,823; the increases were chiefly under (a) license fees for sale of country liquor, (b) still-head duty, (c) rent on toddy trees and (d) duty on ganja. The enhancement under (a) and (b) was due to larger issues of arrack from the bonded warehouse for the reasons given in paragraph 155 *supra*, while that under (c) may be ascribed to the keen competition among bidders during the sale of the right for drawing and selling toddy. The increase under (d) was due to the import of 10 maunds of ganja from North Arcot which gave a credit of Rs. 2,000, to the excise revenue as duty. This drug was not imported in the preceding year as there was sufficient stock.

159. Statement No. 100—*Excise offences.*—The number of prosecutions instituted (70) was 33 more than in the previous year. The number of persons convicted was 70 against 36. The nett amount of fines credited to Government after deducting rewards granted to excise officers and informants was Rs. 853 against Rs. 544 in 1906-1907. These facts are evidence of the greater vigour with which the department has lately been administered.

160. Statement No. 101—*Working of the excise establishment.*—The strength of the preventive staff remained the same. The inspection of shops was sufficient and the performance of detective duty improved.

161. The introduction of reforms approved by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Excise Committee was under consideration at the close of the year.

162. Statements Nos. 102 to 104—*Receipts and charges under Stamps.*—The receipts aggregated Rs. 42,637 and the charges Rs. 988. The nett revenue was therefore Rs. 41,649 against Rs. 39,176 in the previous year. Enhanced receipts from court-fee stamps contributed to the increase.

163. Statement No. 105—*Arrangements for the vend of stamps.*—This does not need any comment.

164. Statements Nos. 106 and 107—*Insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments and stamp prosecutions and results.*—There were two prosecutions both of which resulted in conviction. The fines levied amounted to Rs. 11 as compared with Rs. 31 in the previous year.

165. Statement No. 108—*Action taken to test valuation of estates.*—There were three applications for probate and letters of administration. Two were disposed of by the end of the year.

Income-tax.

166. Statement No. 109—*Collections of the tax from salaries, pensions, etc.*—The increase of Rs. 241 was chiefly due to the incremental additions to the salaries of certain officers in Coorg.

167. Statement No. 110—*Realizations from interest on securities.*—Rs. 51 were realized as against Rs. 71 in 1906–1907. A decrease of Rs. 52 due to a fall in the dividends on the securities of the Government of India was followed by a rise of Rs. 32 in the income-tax charged on the interest on debentures issued by the Bamboo Club. The following Government securities to the aggregate amount of Rs. 33,100 were exempted:—the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund, Rs. 13,500; the Thomson Prize Fund, Rs. 1,300; the Fraser Endowment Fund, Rs. 500; the investments of the civil dispensaries, Rs. 6,000; municipal committees, Rs. 1,800; and the District Board, Rs. 10,000.

168. Statement No. 111—*Collections of the tax from all sources.*—The increase under salaries, pensions, etc., has been explained in paragraph 166 *supra*. The rise (Rs. 392) in the revenue from the salaries, etc., paid by companies may be ascribed mainly to the payment during the year of portions of salaries withheld last year, but in part also to the prompt steps taken for the recovery of the tax. The increased collection (Rs. 1,742) under “other sources of income” is solely attributable to the recovery during the year of the tax assessed in 1905–1906 on a prize won in a sweepstake.

169. Statement No. 112—*Original and final demand and uncollected balance*—Under salaries and pensions, the final demand was Rs 7,624 against Rs. 7,759, and that on other sources of income, Rs. 2,316 against Rs. 2,497 in 1906–1907. The total number of assessees (167) fell by one and there were in all 21 objection petitions, resulting in a total reduction of Rs. 233. Of the final demand under all heads including arrears, *viz.*, Rs. 13,363, all but Rs. 872 were collected before the close of the year. Of the balance, a sum of Rs. 381 has since been recovered, leaving Rs. 491 still due.

170. The collection of the tax as usual devolved on the ordinary revenue establishment of the province and no extra expenditure was incurred on the assessment during the year under report. The First Assistant Commissioner and the Subordinate Judge continued to exercise the functions of Collectors of Income-tax.

Forests.

171. The receipts from all sources, including a sum of Rs. 1,56,374 realized outside Coorg or adjusted by book transfer, amounted to Rs. 2,74,756 and the charges to Rs. 99,602 as debited in the treasury accounts. The nett surplus was thus Rs. 1,75,154 or Rs. 39,446 more than that of 1906–1907.

The District Fund.

172. The gross demand of the District Fund, together with the uncollected balance outstanding at the beginning of the year (Rs. 5,572), was Rs. 71,028. The realizations, including a sum of Rs. 207 collected in advance towards the demand of 1908–1909, amounted to Rs. 65,129 and Rs. 123 was remitted. The balance for collection at the end of the year was therefore Rs. 5,983. With the opening cash balance (Rs. 37,532) and the contribution of Rs. 7,000 from Imperial Revenues, the gross receipts of the fund aggregated Rs. 1,09,661. The expenditure was Rs. 60,983, leaving a cash balance of Rs. 48,678, of which a sum of Rs. 10,000 was held in Government securities.

173. Including an outstanding balance of Rs. 2,348 the total demand of the five municipalities amounted to Rs. 46,704. The collections and remissions aggregated Rs. 45,130 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 1,574. Together with an opening balance of Rs. 15,424 the receipts, which include a sum of Rs. 15,000 advanced by Government for the construction of a market at Mercara, amounted to Rs. 60,409 and the expenditure to Rs. 35,757. The closing cash balance was thus Rs. 24,652.

174. The gross receipts of the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund together with the opening balance of Rs. 2,720, aggregated Rs. 10,350. The expenditure in connection with the upkeep of the plantation and the educational establishment amounted to Rs. 4,113 leaving a closing cash balance of Rs. 6,237. As the committee found from the experience of recent years that the coffee estate could not be worked profitably, it was sold for Rs. 12,000. The amount will be deposited in Government securities, thus raising the investment to Rs. 25,000. It is hoped that the interest on this sum will cover the usual expenditure on education.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

175. Statement No. 113—*Particulars of births, deaths and marriages in towns.*—The excess of deaths over births was chiefly due to the mortality among immigrant coolies admitted into the municipal hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet. (1907.)

176. Statement No. 114—*Births registered.*—Of the total number registered (4,304), 270 births are reported to have occurred in families not permanently resident in the province. As compared with the previous year, there was a marked fall (409) in the number of births recorded. Male births were slightly in excess of female births.

177. Statement No. 115—*Births and deaths registered.*—6,349 deaths (35·15 *per mille*) were recorded against 5,285 in 1906; of these, 803 occurred among families not permanently resident in the province. The rise in mortality was chiefly due to a greater prevalence of fever and dysentery, which were responsible for 602 and 234 additional deaths respectively. Cholera, chiefly confined to the centre and south of Coorg, also contributed to the increase. The death-rate among females was as usual higher than among males.

178. Statement No. 116—*Deaths registered during each month.*—The death-rate was highest in May, June and July, the last two months comprising the period of maximum rainfall. The healthiest season of the year was the last quarter.

179. Statement No. 117—*Deaths registered according to age.*—Excluding infants, deaths were more numerous in the age groups from 20 to 30 and 30 to 40, which contained the bulk of the immigrant cooly population.

180. Statement No. 118—*Deaths registered according to class.*—Owing in part perhaps to more complete registration, the mortality in the category of 'other classes' appears to have been particularly high, while the death-rate among Coorgs was 36·05 *per mille* as compared with the general average 35·15.

181. Statement No. 119—*Deaths registered from different causes in towns and districts.*—There was a rise in the mortality under all but two heads, and, as usual, the cause of the greatest number of deaths (4,868) was fever, the one marked local exception being Virajendrapet, where a death-rate from that cause of only 1·87 *per mille* was recorded. The high mortality in municipal areas is largely attributable to the deaths among immigrant coolies brought in for treatment in the two municipal hospitals.

182. Statements Nos. 120 and 121—*Deaths from cholera and small-pox.*—Cholera, which prevails between March and June, accounted for 187 deaths against 10 in 1906. There were 211 deaths from small-pox during the year.

183. Statement No. 122—*Deaths from fevers.*—The ratio *per mille* rose from 23·62 to 26·95. The mortality was highest in May, June and July and lowest in February.

184. Statement No. 123—*Deaths from dysentery and diarrhœa.*—The mortality ascribed to this cause was higher than in 1906 by 234.

185. Statement No. 124—*Deaths from plague.*—There were two deaths from plague at the close of the year, both occurring in the vicinity of Pollibetta. The infection was probably derived from Hunsur.

186. Statement No. 125—*Deaths from respiratory diseases.*—The rate of deaths *per mille* from this cause rose from 0·24 to 0·43 during the year under report.

187. Statements Nos. 126 and 127—*Ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhœa, and comparative statement of mortuary and meteorological statistics with prices of food-grains.*—From the latter return, it will be observed that the mortality recorded during the period under report, following the rain-fall, was higher than in any of the five preceding years.

Emigration and
immigration.
(1907-1908.)

188. There are no recruiting stations in Coorg and no record is kept of emigration or immigration. There are few or no emigrants from the province, but many thousands of coolies come in from Malabar, South Canara and Mysore, to work on the coffee estates and rice fields at the commencement of the monsoon, returning home as the demand for labour slackens. It has not been found practicable to compile accurate statistics as to the extent of this recurring immigration.

Medical relief.
(1907.)

189. Statement No. 128—*Hospitals and dispensaries.*—The Mercara Jail Hospital is excluded from this statement as it is dealt with separately. Of the ten institutions, three are of a private character, *viz.*, the two dispensaries maintained in the "Bamboo" district by the South Coorg Medical Relief Fund and that opened by Messrs. Matheson & Co. in the same neighbourhood for the treatment of coolies employed on their coffee estates.

190. Statements Nos. 129 to 133—*Accommodation, number of patients treated during the year and the rate of mortality among in-patients.*—A portion of the new hospital at Mercara was occupied in February 1907, and by September all the wards were in use, providing accommodation for 70 in-patients, or 32 more than could be received at the old hospital. At Somwarpet the new hospital of 14 beds, built in connection with the existing dispensary, was opened in June. These extensions were no doubt in part the cause of the increased attendance, due also perhaps to the severe season. As compared with the record of the previous year, there was a rise of 3,459 in the total number of patients (52,520) treated in the municipal and local fund dispensaries, while 4,019, as against 3,879, received treatment in the three private institutions in South Coorg. The in-patients—all of whom were treated in the public institutions—numbered 1,293, or 262 more than in the preceding year; the rate of mortality was also higher, *viz.*, 20·65 per cent. as against 18·72. The chief causes of death among in-patients were malarial fevers, dysentery and diarrhœa.

191. Statement No. 134—*Patients under treatment according to sex and race.*—This calls for no remarks.

192. Statement No. 135—*Operations performed.*—The percentage of successful operations again slightly rose, being 98·55 compared with 97·38.

193. The sale of quinine to the public through the agency of the post offices was continued; 47,738 seven-grain powders or 4,018 more than in the previous year were disposed of, an increase probably due to the exceptional prevalence of fever.

194. Statement No. 136—*Income and expenditure of hospitals and dispensaries.*—Excluding the pay and allowances of the Civil Surgeon and the reserve hospital assistant, which are not debitable to any specific institution, the total expenditure on medical relief was Rs. 14,641, or Rs. 2,377 more than in the previous year. The increase is due to (a) the increased number of in-patients at the Mercara Civil Hospital and (b) the opening of an in-patient hospital at Somwarpet. The sanctioned strength of hospital assistants (9) remained the same as in 1906.

195. The question of the entertainment of a sanitary inspector was under consideration. All the *pettas* were inspected during the year from a sanitary point of view by the Civil Surgeon, who is also the Sanitary and Health officer, and by the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners. Steps were taken to improve the market places, to employ additional sweepers and to light the more important towns. The capacity of the reservoir at Mercara was increased and the construction of V shaped drains in the municipality was continued during the year at a cost of Rs. 492 and Rs. 353 respectively. Sanitation.
(1907-1908.)

196. Statement No. 138—*Sanitary works and comparison of mortality prior and subsequent to the construction of the Mercara water-works.*—No safe inference can be drawn from the comparison as among the deaths were those of many immigrant coolies brought to the hospital in a dying condition. The water supplied is of excellent quality and the quantity available was ample for all except a short period of the year.

197. Statement No. 139—*Summary of vaccination work.*—10,904 operations were performed during the year as against 10,884 in 1906-1907. Of these, 8,452 were primary cases and 2,452 re-vaccinations; excluding operations the results of which were not ascertained, the percentage of successful cases was 93.47 and 78.79 respectively, as against 93.22 and 75.54 in the preceding year. Only calf lymph was used. Vaccination.
(1907-1908.)

198. Statement No. 140—*Cost of the vaccine department.*—There was no change in the establishment, which consisted of eight vaccinators. The total cost, including supervision charges, amounted to Rs. 2,773, or Rs. 21 more than in the previous year.

199. Statement No. 141—*Dispensary vaccination.*—246 cases were dealt with by the staff of the Jail hospital and the dispensaries of the province as against 348 in the preceding year. Of these, 88 were primary cases and 158 re-vaccinations; the percentage of success in each case was higher than in 1906-1907.

200. Statements Nos. 142 and 143—*Number and result of primary vaccinations during the last decade and verification of vaccinations.*—4.52 per cent. of the cases were inspected by the Civil Surgeon and 39.52 per cent. by the Inspector of Vaccination and the Assistant Surgeon as against 5.35 and 40.76 respectively in the previous year.

201. Statement No. 144—*Infantile vaccinations in municipal areas.*—From October 1906 to September 1907 212 infants were born, of which 53 died during the year. The total number vaccinated during that period was 212.

202. Statement No. 145—*Statistics of vaccination and mortality from small-pox during the past fifteen years.*—The number of successful vaccinations was above the average.

VII.—INSTRUCTION. (1907-1903.)

203. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed at pages 22 and 23 of the administration report for the year 1906-1907, under the heading "General System of Public Instruction." General system
of public
instruction.

Education—
Preliminary
remarks.

204. The educational arrangements of the province underwent no material changes during the year under report. The reorganization of the staffs of the High School and the Training School at Mercara sanctioned by the Government of India in 1906, and the establishment of the hostel to be provided for the teachers under training could not be brought into force as the new buildings were not ready for occupation. It has since been found desirable to revise the scheme and the question is under correspondence.

General
summary.

205. Statements Nos. 146 and 148—*General statistics of attendance*.—On the 31st of March 1908, there were in all 89 public schools with 4,543 pupils in attendance compared with 90 and 4,355 respectively in 1906–1907. The local fund school at Kirugur was closed in consequence of the fall in attendance. The number of private schools remained stationary while their strength fell, as far as can be ascertained, from 510 to 461. The percentage of pupils under instruction to the total population of the school-going age (as shown by the census of 1901) was 11·19 as against 10·88 of the previous year, the percentage being slightly higher in the case of both boys and girls.

206. The educational institutions in the province were one training school and one upper secondary school at Mercara, one lower secondary school at Virajendrapet and 86 primary schools throughout the province. English was taught as an optional subject in twelve of the primary schools. These figures exclude the 29 private institutions referred to in the preceding paragraph, all of which were elementary.

207. Statements Nos. 150 and 151—*Stages of instruction and results of examination*.—There was an increase of pupils under all the stages except the upper primary in which there was a decrease of fifteen. It is a noteworthy feature that the number of pupils in the very lowest stages has more than doubled itself. The results of examinations are dealt with in paragraphs 216 and 224 *infra*.

208. Of the 89 public institutions, eleven were managed by Government, 66 were under the control of the District Board, five were maintained by Municipal Committees, and seven by private bodies, of which six were Missionary institutions and the seventh a Hindustani school.

209. Statement No. 154—*Scholars according to sex, race or creed*.—As usual, non-Brahmin Hindus (4,226) formed the predominating element among the school-going population and included no less than 2,549 Coorgs. There were no Europeans or Eurasians under instruction during the year. There was a decline in the number of Muhammadans, Buddhists and Parsis, while the number of other scholars increased.

210. An examination of the social position of the parents of children attending public institutions shows that the great majority (75 per cent.) were dependent on agriculture. The percentages recorded as belonging to the poorer, middle and richer classes were 76·51, 22·30 and 1·20 respectively against 76·10, 23·20 and 0·70 in 1906–1907.

211. Ninety-three per cent. of the pupils were protected from small-pox.

Financial
summary.

212. Statements Nos. 147, 149 and 152—*Expenditure on education*.—The total expenditure was Rs. 51,185 or Rs. 2,019 more than in the previous year, the distribution according to the source of income being as follows:—Imperial funds 47·90 per cent., local funds 22·40 per cent., municipal funds 2·00 per cent., fees 22·80 per cent. and other sources 4·90 per cent. The increased expenditure was partly due to the improvement made in the pay and position of the Sub-Assistant Inspector and the addition of a clerk to his office and partly to the appointment of an agricultural instructor in the training school.

213. The private funds which contributed to the outlay on expenditure consisted of subscriptions in aid of the Missionary schools and the Hindustani school and of the income from the Mercara High School Endowment Plantation Fund. During the year a total sum of Rs. 808 was disbursed from this fund, chiefly for scholarships and the up-keep of the boarding house attached to the school. The average cost of educating each pupil in the primary and secondary

schools was Rs. 8-10-4 and Rs. 37-14-8 against Rs. 6-10-7 and Rs. 34-8-4 respectively in the previous year while the cost of education at the Government training school rose from Rs. 112-1-11 to Rs. 312-1-5 owing to the reorganization of the school.

214. A visit of inspection was paid to the province by Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, the Inspector of Schools, in November 1907. A largely attended meeting of the Teachers' Association was held at Virajendrapet, under the presidency of the Inspector and was very successful. The bulk of the supervision devolved on the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, who inspected 144 schools and also attended the educational exhibition in Mysore and the conference of inspecting officers at Cannanore. The Supervisor of primary schools was on tour for 178 days, examining 110 schools. Revenue officers from Subedars upwards paid frequent visits of inspection to the schools. Controlling agencies.

215. There are no colleges in Coorg, but a sum of Rs. 1,520 was spent on scholarships in Arts colleges. Collegiate education.

216. The number of secondary schools remained the same but the attendance rose from 431 to 452. The average number on the rolls decreased by 37 and the income from fees was Rs. 1,159 less. Eight candidates were sent up for the Matriculation examination from the Mercara High School, of whom three passed. Secondary education.

217. Mr. C. A. Wilkinson, B.A., was in charge of the High School till August 1907 when he was succeeded by Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T.

218. The school at Virajendrapet, continued to do good work under M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rau. A boarding house in connection with this institution has been opened in an existing building and 28 students were in residence during the year.

219. The number of primary schools decreased by one for the reasons given in paragraph (205) *supra*, but the attendance rose from 3,897 to 4,072. In many of these schools in addition to the compulsory subjects, geography, elements of hygiene and outlines of Indian history and civics are taught, while garden work, clay modelling and other manual occupations are employed to relieve the monotony. Primary education.

220. In teaching many of the subjects, kindergarten methods, in which the children learn by doing things themselves, are adopted. During the year, the agricultural instructor attached to the Mercara Training School was sent on a tour through the province both with a view to familiarising himself with the system of agriculture prevalent in Coorg and also to enable him to make any suggestions for the better working of the school gardens. His notes of inspection were forwarded to the headmasters concerned. Too much, however, cannot be expected from these gardens. They are in no way intended to be experimental farms or to provide any training in scientific agriculture to the pupils. With the limited time and appliances at the disposal of the headmasters, all that is hoped for at present from the gardens is (1) to make the school premises attractive to the children, (2) to provide a useful recreation in relief of the tedium of school work, (3) to secure specimens for the study of nature and (4) to awaken an interest in the operations of their future calling.

221. Coorg contributed a number of exhibits in the shape of drawings, embroidery work, clay modelling, ropes, models of ploughs, etc., to the educational exhibitions held at Madras and Mysore during the year and a medal and a certificate were gained for good work thus done in the primary schools.

The establishment of a fund to be known as the "Teachers' Mutual Benefit Fund," for the benefit of the teachers employed in Coorg, was under consideration.

222. The system of village school committees or panchayets was revived during the year with the object of promoting the cause of education in village schools. Panchayetdars from three to five in number have been nominated to each school. They are expected to use their influence to increase the attendance and to exercise a general supervision over the work of the school, reporting any irregularities to the school authorities.

Training
schools.

223. The only institution of this nature is the Government training school at Mercara which provides the provincial supply of primary schoolmasters.

224. Sixteen students out of 21 passed the written test and have been provided with appointments as primary schoolmasters.

225. The school has been recently supplied with improved fittings and apparatus for the teaching of elementary practical mathematics and nature study.

226. M.R.Ry. N. Dasappa continued in charge of the school and did good work.

Technical
education.

227. There are no technical schools in Coorg.

Female
education.

228. There were five schools (four Government and one aided) exclusively appropriated to girls. The total number of girls under instruction in all classes of schools rose from 1,118 to 1,210. Sixteen were studying in the secondary schools while four were undergoing training in the training school.

European
education.

229. There are no separate schools for Europeans and Eurasians in Coorg.

Muhammadan
education.

230. There were three schools intended solely for Muhammadans, one being an aided institution at Ammatti maintained by private persons while the other two were the municipal schools at Mercara and Virajendrapet. The number of pupils on the rolls of these schools was 150 boys and eight girls while 32 Muhammadans were attending other non-sectarian schools.

Special classes.

231. There were nine schools for Panchamas including Holeyas, Madigas, Pales and Yeravas. In two of the schools caste boys are also admitted. Out of a total of 238 Panchama boys, 206 boys attended the schools for the special classes while 32 were on the rolls of the caste schools.

Private
institutions.

232. These schools are mostly unaided institutions of the primary grade. They are ill housed and poorly equipped.

Educational
conferences.

233. Twelve meetings of the Teachers' Association were held during the year, eight of which were presided over by the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools. These meetings were very well attended. Most of the teachers gave lectures and model lessons and took part in the discussions held on educational subjects. Several of them also made use of the lending library opened in connection with the association.

234. A large number of exhibits have been collected to form a permanent educational museum at Mercara for the use of primary school teachers.

235. M.R.Ry. M. Raghunatha Rau who has since left Coorg on promotion was in charge of the primary schools during the whole of the year and his work throughout was characterised by energy and earnestness, two qualities which have won for him the distinction of "Rai Bahadur."

Preparation and
distribution of
Text-books.

236. There is a Government book depôt at Mercara with five branch depôts, the operations of which are confined to the supply and distribution of text-books to primary schools.

There is no Text-book Committee for Coorg.

The Press.

237. The only printing press in the province is the Coorg District Press at Mercara. The total charges amounted to Rs. 3,183-13-11. The recorded value of the work was Rs. 4,136 and the cash receipts were Rs. 722, as compared with Rs. 3,977 and Rs. 542, respectively for the previous year.

Literary
societies.

238. Statement No. 156—*Literary Societies*.—These three institutions foster the study of literature through the medium of libraries and reading rooms.

VIII.—ARCHÆOLOGY. (1907-1908.)

239. No archæological work of importance was carried out during the year. Precautions were however taken for the protection of the neolithic tombs known as "Pandava Pare Kallu," and to be found in various localities in Coorg, from wilful destruction. The revision of the list of archæological remains was in progress at the end of the year. Archæology.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS. (1907-1908.)

240. The standing information which concerns this chapter is printed at page 48 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, under the heading "Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction." Ecclesiastical jurisdiction.

241. Statement No. 157—*Religious institutions*.—There were no important variations during the year except the revival of one church at Fraserpet by the French Roman Catholic Mission. Ecclesiastical.

242. The total contributions paid by Government during the year to the indigenous religious institutions in the province amounted to Rs. 18,686, made up of cash payments (Rs. 7,060), deductions from the land revenue demand (Rs. 992) and endowments in land (Rs. 10,634). Of the total sum, Rs. 11,862 forms the endowment to minor temples under the management of the village communities, while the remaining Rs. 6,824 related to the grants made to the temples under the management of the Committee constituted under the Coorg Temple Funds Management Regulation, 1892. This body held seven general meetings during the year, the average attendance being 7.5 members. There were two vacancies in the *personnel* of the Committee at the close of the year. With an opening balance of Rs. 986 the income amounted to Rs. 18,260. The expenditure, which included Rs. 6,737 paid by Government towards the upkeep of the *chattrams*, was Rs. 16,136 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 2,124. The main source of income was the Government grant of Rs. 13,561 added to which were voluntary offerings by pilgrims and contributions of grain which amounted respectively to Rs. 1,626 and Rs. 745. Of the outstanding debts due to the Committee Rs. 466 were recovered and Rs. 625 were remitted leaving a balance of Rs. 3,418 at the end of the year. The expenditure was chiefly incurred on the performance of the customary religious services and ceremonies and on the purchase of food-grain for pilgrims. Rs. 463 were spent on repairs to buildings.

243. Statement No. 158—*Charitable institutions*.—The four aided *chattrams* at Mercara, Bhagamandala and Irpu are under the control of the Temple Management Committee and enjoy a Government endowment of Rs. 6,737, while the two unaided institutions of this description which are located at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet are maintained by private charity. Charitable institutions.

244. The supply of articles of stationery to Government offices in Coorg is arranged for in communication with the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras. Stationery.

245. The work of sorting records was continued throughout the year and the compilation of rules for the destruction of records was completed. The progress made was satisfactory considering the fact that no additional staff was employed. Condition of records.

246. Including one society registered during the year, there were twelve societies in the province, with an aggregate membership of 1,061. With the opening balance of Rs. 3,519 and a Government loan of Rs. 5,055 the gross receipts of the fund amounted to Rs. 38,285. The outgoings aggregated Rs. 30,551 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 7,734. Advances made were repaid with an increased punctuality, a sum of only Rs. 5,945, compared with Rs. 13,902 for the previous year, being outstanding. A separate report will as usual be published on the working of these societies. Co-operative credit societies.

247. No proceedings were taken under the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, during the year under report. Treasure Trove.

PART III.

STATISTICAL APPENDICES.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Total area of the province of Coorg for the year 1907-1908.

Presidency or Province.	Coorg.	
Total area.	Acres.	
1. Area according to professional survey ...	1,012,200	Note.—This statement corresponds with Form A—1 of the Tables of Agricultural statistics.
2. Deduct { (a) Feudatory States ... (b) Area for which no returns exist ...	...	
3. Nett area by professional survey ...	1,012,200	
4. Corresponding area by village papers ...	1,012,200	

(2). Character of Surface.

1. Forests	357,704	Note 1.—This statement is Form A—2 of the Agricultural Tables. A detailed description of the character of the surface will be found in paragraphs 1 to 11 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, vide pp. 1-3.
2. Not available for cultivation ...	353,773	
3. Culturable waste other than fallow ...	22,119	
4. Current fallows	136,488	
5. Nett area cropped during the year ...	142,176	Note 2.—The area shown as not available for cultivation consists of (a) unculturable Government waste and (b) unculturable banés, estimated respectively at 140,416 and 213,357 acres.
Total ...	1,012,200	
6. Irrigated during { (a) Government canals ... the year. (b) Private canals ... (c) Tanks ... (d) Wells ... (e) Other sources ...	2,537	Note 3.—Item 3 is the estimated area of culturable Government waste. Note 4.—Item 4 is composed of (a) the estimated area of culturable banés (9,804 acres) and (b) the difference between the nett area cropped and the gross holdings other than banés. It thus includes unculturable extents under actual holding, the area of which there is no means of ascertaining.
Total area irrigated...	2,537	
7. Crops irrigated. { (a) Rice ... (b) Other cereals and pulses ... (c) Miscellaneous food-crops ... (d) Miscellaneous non-food crops ...	2,537	
Total ...	2,537	

(3). Climate, 1907.

Place at and year for which observation taken.	January to May.		June to September		October to December		Total.		Normal rainfall.	Average temperature in the year.				Prevailing winds.		
	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall		Months.	Maxi- mum.	Mini- mum.	Mean.	January to May.	June to Sep- tember.	October to December.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Mercara, 1907.	15	8.82	91	125.51	14	7.97	120	142.30	122 *	{ May. July. Dec.	81.5	63.8	72.6	{ E. & N. E. S. W.	S. W.	W. & N. W.
											69.6	61.0	63.5			
											74.2	59.7	66.9			

* Average of the past 15 years.

(4).

Civil Divisions of British

Name of province.	District.		Number of sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.	Number of villages.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
COORG.	Coorg	<i>Civil</i> —District Judge (1) Subordinate Judge (1) Assistant Commissioner (1) } ... Munsiffs (2) } <i>Criminal</i> —Sessions Judge (1) District Magistrate (1) First-Class Magistrate (1) } ... Second-Class Magistrates (7) } <i>Revenue</i> —Commissioner (1) Assistant Commissioners (3) } ... Subedars (5) }	2 7 6	1,582.80	180,607	Mercara, 6,732	522

Notes.—Col. 2. The whole province constitutes a single district.

Col. 3. (a) This does not show the Chief Commissioner who forms the highest revenue court and in his capacity as Judicial Commissioner is also the highest civil and criminal court.

(b) Under Assistant Commissioners has been included the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture, who is invested with the powers of an Assistant Commissioner.

Col. 4. The civil, criminal and revenue sub-divisions are, respectively, the local areas in charge of (a) the munsiffs (b) the second-class magistrates and (c) the European Assistant Commissioner and the subedars. The powers of the other officers named in column 3 extend to the whole province.

Col. 8. Only 484 villages are shown in the census tables, but 522 are recognized as units for the purpose of revenue collections.

Territory in the Coorg Province for the year 1907-1908.

How many civil and revenue judges of all sorts.	How many magistrates of all sorts.	Number of police.	Total cost of administration.	Land Revenue and Rates.	REMARKS.
9	10	11	12	13	14
					* Total of Col. 12. Details:— 3—Land Revenue—District Administration. Rs. 70,436 Dist. Funds—General Administration. 1,494 6—Stamps ... 732 7—Excise ... 5,893 19A—Law and Justice—Courts ... 50,805 Less receipts ... 4,958 45,847 19B—Law and Justice—Jails ... 10,548 Less receipts ... 1,561 8,987 20—Police 58,986 + 1,387 = 60,373 Less receipts ... 3,411 56,962 22—Education 32,990 + 13,714 = 46,704 Less receipts ... 10,755 35,949 24—Medical 25,343 + 5,819 = 31,162 Less receipts 153 + 1,252 = ... 1,405 29,757 45—Civil Works:—(Local). P. W. expenditure on roads... 32,946 Bungalow, Toll Estab. &c. ... 1,347 Total ... 34,293 Less receipts under— Tolls ... 18,105 Ferries ... 1,804 Bungalows ... 521 Miscellaneous ... 31 20,461 13,832 Total cost of Administration ... 2,69,886
Civil Revenue ... 8	Nine.	Town Police ... 257 Rural Police ... 4,324 Total ... 4,581	Rs. 2,69,886*	Rs. 3,77,739	† Total of Col. 13. Details:— Land Revenue 3,42,142 + 5,277 ... 3,47,419 Stamps ... 42,637 Excise ... 1,89,405 Provincial Rates ... 30,320 Income-tax ... 9,310 Registration ... 3,553 Interest ... 1,230 Law and Justice—Courts ... 4,958 Do. —Jails ... 1,561 Police ... 3,411 Education 8,502 + 2,253 ... 10,755 Medical 153 + 1,252 ... 1,405 Scientific and other minor departments... Stationery and Printing ... 785 Miscellaneous ... 379 Public Works ... 13,517 Coorg District Funds not included in the above. 22,616
Grand Total—Rs.			2,69,886	3,77,739	
Gross revenue of the province—Rs.				6,83,251†	Gross Revenue ... 6,83,251

(5). Population of the province of Coorg enumerated at
the census on 1st March 1901.

1. Number of inhabited houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,580 *
2. Population according to sex and age	{	Men	...	...	...	...	...	79,445
		Women	...	...	...	...	...	59,259
		Children under 10 years	{	Boys	...	...	...	20,813
				Girls	...	...	...	21,090
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	180,607
3. Number per square mile	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114
4. Classification of population according to religion	{	Christians	{	Europeans	...	...	...	228
				East Indian and other mixed classes	...	...	...	295
				Natives	...	...	...	3,160
		Hindus	{	Coorgs	...	...	...	36,091
				Other Hindus	...	...	...	123,726
		Muhammadans	...	...	...	...	...	13,654
		Animists	...	...	...	...	...	3,805
		Jains	...	...	...	...	...	107
5. Occupation	{	Parsis	...	...	...	...	...	41
		Agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	147,690
6. Prevailing languages	{	Non-agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	32,917†
		Canarese, Kodagu, Malayalam, Yerava, Tulu, Hindustani, Tamil, Kuruba, Telugu, Konkani, Marati, English, German, Portuguese.						

Note.—Coorg being an inland province there is no emigration or immigration by sea.

* Statistics as to the number of tiled and thatched buildings are not available.

† Includes 807 individuals enumerated as partially dependent on agriculture.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

(6). Land Revenue for the year 1907–1908.

Description of revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Nett collections during the year	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Causes of increase and decrease.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
From settled estates bearing revenue in the previous year ...	3,25,281	2,46,500	3,23,422	2,54,960	9,271	3,41,759	Rs. For 1907-1908. 68,756* For previous years. 1,273† Total ... 70,029	160	2,099	
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the year ...	4,202		3,871							
Total ...	3,29,483		3,27,293							
Settled estates taken off revenue roll in the year ...	6,061		3,185							
Nett for the year...	3,23,422		3,24,108							
Collection from Government estates	...	...	...	...						
Income from sale of Government estates	720	680	2,736	2,736						
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	5,384	5,384	5,043	5,043						
Total ...	3,29,526	2,52,564	3,31,887	2,62,739						

* The current balance consists chiefly of (a) assessment due in respect of coffee exported to Europe, the collection of which is postponed until the end of May, and (b) the March instalment of the ordinary demand which does not fall due until the 20th of that month.

† All the old arrear balance except Rs. 558 had been adjusted by the end of June 1908.

(7). Statement showing the value of assignment of land revenue
for the year 1907-1903.

Purpose.	Assessment actually paid on assigned lands.	Assessment payable if land had not been so assigned.	Value of assignments (column 3 minus column 2.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
I. For maintenance of public servants.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Village servants	1,755	4,056	2,301	* Jama ryots.
(2) Rural police *	67,183	1,34,367	67,184	
Total	68,938	1,38,423	69,445	
II. On other grounds.				
A. Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Individuals as reward for past service†	6,041	30,421	24,380	† Jagir, Umbli and Jodi.
(2) Individuals for religious service ‡ ...	...	781	781	‡ Bhattamanya Jagir,
(3) Institutions for religious service § ...	5,032	14,869	9,837	§ Jodi, &c.
Total	11,073	46,071	34,993	
B. Cash payments to religious institutions.	...	...	8,476 ¶	¶ Includes Rs. 1,008 being pay- ments by deduction from land revenue.
Total of A and B	11,073	46,071	43,474	
Total of I and II	80,011	1,84,493	1,12,959	

(8). Incidence of the land revenue on area and population
in the financial year 1907-1908.

Nature of tenure.		Total area by survey less feudatories.	Deduct.		Balance, i.e. fully assessed area for which returns are available.		Total land revenue (excluding cesses) of district.	Population of district.	Land revenue per head of popu- lation (columns 5 and 6.)	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area (column 4(a)).	Incidence per- acre of land reve- nue (column 8) on fully assessed area (column 4).	
District.	Nature of tenure.		(1) Area not fully as- sessed.	(2) Area for which re- turns, so far as required for this Table, are not available.	Total.	Culti- vated.					For total area.	For cultivated area.
1		2	3(a)	3(b)	4(a)	4(b)	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. A.P.	Rs.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Coorg	... Ryotwari.	1,012,260	893,821	...	118,439	*	3,31,887	180,607	1 13 5	2,31,634	1 15 3	*

Note.—This statement is Form C. of the agricultural tables prepared quinquennially. The figures were compiled for the year 1907-1908.

* The entry in column 4 (a) represents the areas held (i) under the *sagu* tenure, (ii) under the coffee tenure excluding free allowances, (iii) for orange, arecanut and cardamom cultivation. Figures as to the proportion of these areas actually cultivated are not available. Of the total holdings (268,560 acres)—whether fully assessed or not—142,176 acres were cultivated during the year.

(9). Register of transfers of landed property during
the year 1907-1908.

District and nature of tenure, ¹	Number of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
COORG.	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
Proprietors, { Revenue paying ...	147	418	508	2,950
{ Wholly or partially revenue free...	26	13	189	203
Total ...	173	431	697	3,153
Total of previous year ...	209	412	690	3,723

Note 1.—There are no tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognized) powers of transfer.

(10). Capital account of advances actually made by Government during the year 1907-1908.

	Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	15,480	14,602	15,041	526

(11). Account of Local Government with Agriculturist Borrowers for the year 1907-1908.

	Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal ...			
Outstanding at commencement of the year ...	10,428	5,052	15,480
Advanced during the year ...	3,925	4,120	8,045
Total advanced ...	14,353	9,172	23,525
Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears)...	7,310	5,540	12,850
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	5,271	3,652	8,923
Total remitted and collected ...	5,271	3,652	8,923
Balance outstanding at the end of the year ...	9,082	5,520	14,602
Amount suspended by competent authority ...	70	30	100
Amount overdue ...	1,969	1,858	3,827
Interest ...			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year ...	504	184	688
Interest falling due within the year ...	828	434	1,262
Total interest for collection within the year ...	1,332	618	1,950
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	834	379	1,213
Total remitted and collected ...	834	379	1,213
Suspended by competent authority ...	...	...	...
Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year...	498	239	737
Total principal and interest.			
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	6,105	4,031	10,136
Under suspension at the end of the year ...	70	30	100
Overdue at the end of the year ...	2,467	2,097	4,564

(12). Financial results of Loan operations in Coorg for the year 1907-1908.

	Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding shown in Statement I ...	341	185	526
2. Interest at 6½ per cent. collected during the year ...	834	379	1,213
3. Balance of interest accruing to Government after deduction of (1) from (2) ...	493	194	687
4. Remissions of principal during the year ...	...	...	...
5. Nett result (profit) for the year 1907-1908 ...	463	194	657
6. Nett result for previous years ...	...	...	...
1906-1907...	193	119	312
1905-1906...	270	81	351
1904-1905...	291	123	414
1903-1904...	115	234	119
1902-1903...	331	455	786
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private works, or on establishments for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takkavi transactions ...	...	...	...

(13).

Survey and settlement.

Area previously surveyed and settled.		Cost per square mile.		Surveyed and finally examined during 1907-08.
Topographical survey.	Revenue.	Topographical, inclusive of village boundaries demarcated and surveyed.	Revenue.	Revenue survey.
1	2	3	4	5
522 villages = 1,581·61 square miles.	(1) Special surveys prior to the general survey of the province square miles. (a) Coffee estates... 174·64 (b) Devarakadus... 24·22 Total... 198·86 (2) Revenue survey of the province completed in 1892. 506 villages = 963·12 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The general survey completed in 1892 includes areas shown under (1). (3) Special surveys subsequent to 1892 = 161·01 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—These consist chiefly of re-surveys to correct errors; also of sub-divisions. (4) Settlement in 1894-95 = 17 villages = 46·10 square miles. Summary Settlement in 1896-97 = 485 villages = 762·62 square miles. Total... 502 villages = 808·72 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The remaining 20 villages in the province are abandoned villages or blocks of reserved forests.	Rs. 95	Rs. 136	Special surveys = 2·18 square miles.

III.—PROTECTION.



III.—PROTECTION.

(14). Statement of the Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting
the province of Coorg during the year 1907–1908.

Title of Act.	Object and character of the Act.	Date of commencement.
1	2	3
The Local Authorities Loan (Amendment) Act, 1907.	An Act further to amend the Land Authorities Loans Act, 1879.	18th October 1907.
The Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1907.	An Act to make better provision for the prevention of public meetings likely to promote sedition or to cause disturbance of public tranquillity.	1st November 1907.
The Legal Practitioners (Amendment) Act, 1908.	An Act further to amend the Legal Practitioners Act, 1879.	3rd January 1908.
The Indian Tariff (Amendment) Act, 1908.	An Act further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1894.	3rd January 1908.
The Indian Trusts (Amendment) Act, 1908.	An Act further to amend the Indian Private Trusts Act, 1882.	14th February 1908.

(15).

Return of cognizable cases

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending from previous year.	Number reported in the year.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice.</i>				
3	231 to 254 ...	Offences relating to coin ...	...	1
7	212 to 216, 216A ...	Harbouring an offender ...	...	...
8	224, 225, 225B and 226 ...	Other offences against public justice ...	...	1
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	1	...
10	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>				
11	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ...	...	2
12	307 ...	Attempts at murder ...	...	2
13	304, 308 ...	Culpable homicide ...	2	1
14	376 ...	Rape by a person other than the husband ...	...	1
15	377 ...	Unnatural offence ...	...	...
16	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	...	...
17	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at and abetment of suicide ...	...	1
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt ...	...	3
19	328 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	...	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324 ...	Hurt ...	1	8
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371	Kidnapping or abduction, selling, &c., for prostitution and dealing in slaves ...	...	4
22	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	...	5
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against person and property or against property only.</i>				
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402 ...	Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	5
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393 ...	Robbery ...	...	5
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...	9
28	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	...	11
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	...	57
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>				
31	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	...	4
32	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	...	...
33	374 ...	Compulsory labour ...	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>				
34	379 to 382 ...	Theft ... { of cattle ... ordinary ...	...	20
35	406 to 409 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	7	154
36	411 to 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	1	32
37	419, 420 ...	Cheating ...	3	7
38	447, 448 and 453 and 456.	Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	...	4
39	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacle ...	...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>				
40	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	...	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and nuisances punishable under local laws.	Public nuisances ...	1	3
42		Offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable *	...	105
Total ...			16	445
Total of previous year ...			22	413

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

for the year 1907.

Number in which investigation was refused.	Number remaining for investigation. (Columns 4 + 5 - 6).	Number proved or declared to be false.	Number due to mistakes of law or fact or declared non-cognizable.	Number pending at end of year.	TRUE CASES.				Total magistrates' true cases.	Total magistrates' cases ending in conviction.	Grand total of true cases (columns 14 + 15.)	REMARKS.
					Convicted.	Discharged or acquitted.	Not detected or apprehended.	Total true cases (columns 6 + 11 + 12 + 13).				
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	3	
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	
...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	
...	3	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	2	1	3	
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	
...	3	...	...	...	1	2	...	3	4	...	4	
...	9	1	3	...	1	4	...	5	4	...	9	
...	4	...	2	...	1	1	...	2	1	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
...	5	...	1	...	1	3	...	4	3	1	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	1	2	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	2	
...	5	1	...	...	...	3	1	4	3	...	7	
...	9	1	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	...	6	
...	11	...	3	...	4	3	1	8	...	...	8	
2	55	10	3	6	15	3	18	38	...	...	38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	4	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	18	...	1	...	12	4	1	19	2	...	21	
1	160	9	29	23	82	8	9	100	10	2	110	
1	32	2	8	11	10	1	...	12	6	...	18	
...	10	...	...	1	7	2	...	9	...	5	9	
...	4	...	...	...	2	2	...	4	19	1	23	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	3	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
...	105	...	...	...	105	...	...	105	7	7	112	
6	455	26	58	50	252	37	32	327	75	20	402	
3	432	26	61	16	238	75	16	332	78	22	410	

(16).

Return of persons concerned in

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons in custody, pending trial or investigation or on bail under section 170, C. P. C. at beginning of year, as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the police.
1	2	3	4
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.</i>			
3	231 to 254 ...	... Offences relating to coin	...
7	212 to 216, 216A	... Harbouring an offender	...
8	224, 225, 225B & 226.	... Other offences against public justice	...
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159	... Rioting or unlawful assembly	11
10	140, 170, 171	... Personating public servant or soldier	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>			
11	302, 303, 396	... Murder	...
12	307	... Attempts at murder	...
13	304, 308	... Culpable homicide	6
14	376	... Rape by a person other than the husband	...
16	317, 318	... Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...
17	305, 306, 309	... Attempt at, and abetment of suicide	...
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335	... Grievous hurt	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324	... Hurt	2
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371	... Kidnapping or abduction, selling, etc., for prostitution and dealing in slaves	...
22	346 to 348	... Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357	... Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against person and property, or against property only.</i>			
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402	... Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity	...
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393	... Robbery	...
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	... Serious mischief and cognate offences	...
28	428, 429	... Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal	...
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>			
31	341 to 344	... Wrongful restraint and confinement	...
32	336, 337	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...
33	374	... Compulsory labour	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>			
34	379 to 382	... Theft ... of cattle	...
35	406 to 409	... Criminal breach of trust	1
36	411 to 414	... Receiving stolen property	3
37	419, 420	... Cheating	4
38	447, 448 & 453 & 456	... Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>			
40	295 to 297	... Offences against religion	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 254	... Public nuisances	...
	Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and nuisances punishable under local laws.		
42		Offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable *	3
Total			30
Total of previous year			22

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

cognizable cases for the year 1907.

Arrested by the police during the year.	Released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code.	Released by magistrates' order before trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons evading arrest at close of year.	Number in custody pending trial or investigation or on bail at end of year.	Persons concerned in magistrates' cases.			Remarks.
								Number arrested.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 pending.
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	
...	...	...	11	11	...	...	...	13	6	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	4	1	3	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	...	5	1	4	...	...	2	...	2	
5	...	...	7	2	5	...	...	14	...	14	
4	...	...	4	1	3	...	...	2	2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	3	
4	...	...	4	1	3	...	...	3	1	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	1	...	1	
4	...	...	4	1	3	...	...	3	...	3	
10	...	...	10	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	
38	...	...	38	26	12	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	4	...	26	20	6	...	...	4	...	4	
152	3	...	150	132	18	...	...	16	2	14	
12	...	...	15	14	1	...	...	8	...	8	
12	...	...	16	7	9	...	...	...	5	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	
6	...	...	6	2	4	...	...	70	29	41	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	
...	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
109	...	...	112	110	2	...	...	7	7	...	
411	7	...	434	350	84	...	...	177	54	119	4
529	22	5	524	338	150	6	30	217	46	170	1

(17).

Return of non-cognizable

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Cases reported in the year.	Total for disposal (columns 4 and 5).	Number dismissed without trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.</i>					
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229 ...	Offences against public justice ...	...	14	14	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants ...	...	4	4	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property... Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes, and falsifying accounts ...	4	14	18	4
7	465 to 477A...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	10	10	1
8	64 to 267 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	3	3	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160 ...					
	<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>					
12a	376 ...	Rape by the husband ...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>					
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	...	3	3	1
	<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>					
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	6	160	166	4
17	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt...	1	42	43	4
	<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>					
18	417, 418 ...	Cheating ...	1	5	6	...
19	403 to 405 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	...	5	5	...
20	426, 427, 434...	Mischief (simple) ...	1	38	39	3
	<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>					
23	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage ...	...	5	5	...
24	500 to 503 ...	Defamation ...	1	...	1	...
25	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation, insult and annoyance ...	4	136	140	12
26	371 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288 and 290 ...	Public and local nuisances ...	...	3	3	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII (A) C. P. C. ...	Security for keeping the peace on conviction ...	...	1	1	...
29	Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C. ...	Security for good behaviour ...	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XXV & XXXV, C. P. C. ...		...	3	3	...
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C. ...	Maintenance of wives and children ...	...	2	2	2
	<i>Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognizable by the police.</i>					
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514 ...		...	10	10	...
	Do. Section 193 ...		...	1	1	...
	Do. Section 178 ...		...	1	1	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859 ...		6	406	412	16
	The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 ...		...	27	27	4
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ...		...	2	2	...
	Municipal Bys-laws ...		...	47	47	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878 ...		...	51	51	...
	Excise Act, 1890 ...		3	49	52	...
	Forest Act, 1878 ...		...	2	2	...
	Prisons Act ...		...	1	1	...
	Explosives Act ...		...	3	3	...
	The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878 ...		...	3	3	...
	Total ...		27	1,051	1,078	51
	Total of previous year ...		36	1,137	1,173	136

cases for the year 1907.

Cases in which, accused died, escaped or became insane during trial, or in which charges were abandoned, compounded, or withdrawn (sections 247, 248, 259, 338, 345 and 494, C. P. C.).	Number of cases tried to a conclusion and ending in.		Number pending at close of year.	Number declared by the court never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a cognizable offence was committed.	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.	REMARKS.
	Discharge or acquittal.	Conviction.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
...	2	9	3	...	...	...	
...	...	4	...	...	...	...	
...	6	6	2	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	7	1	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
107	40	13	2	...	...	...	
11	18	10	...	...	...	1	
1	3	2	...	...	...	...	
...	1	4	...	...	...	...	
22	8	4	2	...	...	...	
4	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
81	30	11	6	...	...	...	
...	...	1	2	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	10	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
39	257	97	3	...	...	...	
13	6	3	1	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
4	7	36	...	...	...	...	
...	9	41	1	...	...	...	
...	8	41	3	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
284	400	316	27	...	...	1	
545	729	280	27	1	...	...	

(18). Return of persons concerned in non-cognizable cases for the year 1907.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz. under trial or against whom process had issued).	Persons against whom process issued.		Persons not arrested because they absconded, or evaded or failed to comply with summons during the year, and persons against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Persons who appeared before the courts.	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried.		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (columns 5 & 6).	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded, or withdrawn, and number who died, escaped or became insane during trial.	Number of those in col. 11 convicted of cognizable offences.	Persons died, escaped, or were transferred before appearance.
				On complaint.	On magistrate's own motion or information from the police.				Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14a	14b	14c
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.</i>															
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229	Offences against public justice ...	...	15	...	...	15	...	3	9	60.00	3	...	...	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants ...	...	6	...	...	6	...	...	6	100.00	...	...	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims, & fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	13	10	...	...	23	12	9	...	...	2	...	...	...
7	465 to 477A	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes and falsifying accounts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	5	5	...	10	1	1	7	70.00	1	...	...	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.	...	3	6	...	9	1	2	6	66.66	...	...	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>															
12a	376	Rape by the husband ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>															
13	384 to 389	Extortion ...	...	10	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>															
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force... ..	21	314	...	...	335	1	311	18	5.73	3	221	...	2
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	3	86	6	...	95	15	64	16	17.39	...	53	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>															
18	417, 418	Cheating ...	2	5	...	1	6	3	1	1	20.00	...	...	...	1
19	403 to 405	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	...	8	...	...	8	...	2	6	75.60	...	1	...	...
20	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple) ...	1	77	...	...	78	...	54	20	25.96	4	35	...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>															
23	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage ...	...	5	...	...	5	...	4	...	...	1	4	...	...
24	500 to 502	Defamation ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation, insult and annoyance	14	247	...	1	260	6	224	22	8.90	8	194	...	...
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, and 290...	Public and local nuisances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chap- ter VII(A), C. P. C. Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction... .. Security for good behaviour	...	...	3	...	3	...	2	1	33.33	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XXV & XXXV C.P.C.	...	...	3	2	...	5	...	...	5	100.00	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chap- ter, XXXVI C.P.C.	Maintenance of wives and children.	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognisable by the police.</i>															
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514	...	...	11	...	...	11	...	...	11	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Do. Section 193	...	...	5	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do. Section 178	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859	...	4	460	...	18	446	16	306	114	24.78	10	251	...	...
	Cattle Trespass, Act, 1871	...	...	58	...	...	58	3	43	10	17.24	2	37	...	...
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1879	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Bye-Laws	...	...	42	2	...	51	...	14	37	72.55	...	8	...	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	...	...	37	...	...	57	...	9	47	82.45	1	1	2	...
	Excise Act, 1890	...	3	76	1	...	80	...	9	66	84.61	5	...	...	...
	Forest Act, 1878	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...
	Prisons Act	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Explosives Act	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	5	100.00	...	...	...	...
	The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878.	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	3	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	63	1,526	25	20	1594	65	1072	414	26.69	40	806	2	3
	Total of previous year	...	80	1,578	20	2	1678	59	1190	306	22.90	63	873	...	3

(19). Property stolen and recovered—1907.

Offence.		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
(A).—Cognizable.					Rs.	Rs.	
1. Theft	a. In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	42	15	35·71	1,908	537	41·05
	b. In conjunction with receiving of stolen property.	10	7	70·00	70	40	57·14
	c. Other thefts	139	94	67·62	1,695	1,299	76·63
2. Robbery	a. Dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...
	b. Other robbery	4	1	25·00	30	30	100·00
3. Criminal breach of trust		...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent		22	10	45·45	1,138	283	24·86
Total		217	127	58·52	4,241	2,189	51·61
Total of previous year		161	142	88·20	4,001	2,454	61·33
(B).—Non-cognizable.							
5. Extortion		...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Criminal misappropriation		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...

(20). Statement showing sanctioned strength and cost of police in the year 1907.

District.	Number of Inspectors-General and Deputy Inspectors-General.	Number of superintendents.	Number of assistant superintendents.	Number of deputy superintendents.	Number of inspectors.	Number of sub-inspectors.	Number of sergeants.	Number of head constables.			Number of constables.			Total.	Total cost payable from imperial and provincial revenues.
								Foot.	Water.	Mounted.	Foot.	Water.	Mounted.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Coorg	...	...	1	...	4	22	...	28	...	...	212	...	...	267	54,806
Previous year	...	...	1	...	4	22	...	28	...	...	212	...	...	267	54,984

Continued.

District.	Total cost payable from other sources than imperial and provincial revenues.	Grand total cost (columns 16 and 17).	Area of district in square miles.	Population of district.	Urban population of district.	Number of police stations.	Number of outposts.	Proportion of police		Total amount of cognizable crime investigated.	Proportion of cognizable crime investigated to the police force.
								To area.	To population.		
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Coorg	...	54,806	1,581·66	180,607	15,249	16	3	1 to 6·15 square miles.	1 to 703	455	1 to 1·77
Previous year	...	54,984	1,581·66	180,607	15,249	16	3	1 to 6·33 square miles.	1 to 722	432	1 to 1·73

(21). Return showing the equipment, discipline and general internal management of the police force for the year 1907.

District.	Total strength.					Armament of the force.			Punishments.												Rewards.		
	Sanctioned.		Actual.			Number of rifles. Number of smooth-bores. Number of revolvers.			Dismissed.				Punished departmentally otherwise than by dismissal.				Punished judicially by a Magistrate or Sessions Court.				Rewarded during the year.		
	Officers.		Men.	Officers.					Men.	Under Police Act.		Under sections 330, 331, 343, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.		Other offences.							
										Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	By promotion.	
Coorg	26	240	16	240	...	40	...	...	4	21	126	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	48	By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.	
Previous year	26	240	13	236	...	40	...	2	10	7	141	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	36		

District.	Education.		Number of constables.					Number who have left the force during the year.				Percentage to total actual strength of		Remarks.				
	Number of police who can read and write.		Of one year and under three years' service. Of three years and under ten years. Of ten years and under 17 years. Of 17 years and over.					On pension or gratuity. By resignation without pension or gratuity. By dismissal. By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.				Admissions into hospital. Daily average number of men absent from duty on account of sickness.						
Coorg	16	227	24	59	85	29	8	4	11	4	...	...	5	47.53	19.80	2.08		
Previous year	23	192	31	53	85	31	11	1	11	13	...	...	6	41.72	3.47	.02		

(22). Statement showing the religion or caste of officers and men employed in the police in 1907.

Province.	Religion or caste.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
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Coorg	Christians.						2	Muhammadans.						3	Brahmans.						4	Rajputs.						5	Gurkhas.						6	Sikhs.						7	Coorgs.						8	Hindus of all other castes.						9							10							11	Christians.						12	Muhammadans.						13	Brahmans.						14	Rajputs.						15	Gurkhas.						16	Nairs.						17	Coorgs.						18	Hegadais.						19	Gonds.						20	Hindus of all other castes.						21							22							23							24																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															

(23). Statement showing the number of judicial divisions and the number of officers exercising appellate or original jurisdiction on the last day of the year 1907 with the cost of tribunals.

Name of province.	Area.	Population.	Number of divisions for courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of districts.	Number of sub-districts.	Number of districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction.					Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the courts.	Total charges of the courts.	Remarks.
						Judges of Chief Court of province.	Judges of other courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other subordinate courts.	Original.		Appeals.				
											Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Province of Coorg.																	
	{ Civil ... Territory subject to the Criminal High Court. Revenue...	1,581.65 square miles															

* Include the figures of the Judicial Commissioner's Court.

(24). Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each class of offence during the year 1907.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons.				
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Offences against the public tranquillity Chap. VIII	6	6	7	38	10	28	...	...
Offences by or relating to public servants „ IX	4	4	4	6	...	6	...	...
Contempts of the lawful authority of public-servants ... „ X	15	15	17	18	6	9	...	3
False evidence and offences against public justice ... „ XI	20	16	17	23	11	11	...	1
Offences relating to coin and Govt. stamps „ XII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures „ XIII	10	10	10	10	2	7	...	1
Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals „ XIV	5	5	5	5	...	3	...	2
Offences relating to religion ... „ XV	1	1	1	16	16	...	...	...
Offences affecting human body, Chapter XVI.	Offences affecting life ...	6	2	4	9	9	...	...
	Hurt ...	60	50	52	121	100	21	...
	Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	6	3	3	12	6	2	...
	Criminal force and assault ...	176	162	106	335	314	18	...
	Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery & forced labour	6	3	3	6	3	3	...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII.	Rape ...	3	3	3	4	2	2	...
	Theft ...	208	134	140	280	62	157	5*
	Extortion ...	3	2	2	10	10	...	...
	Robbery and dacoity	17	7	8	26	18	2	...
	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	5	5	5	8	2	6	...
	Criminal breach of trust ...	41	25	16	33	14	12	...
	Receiving of stolen property.	13	13	15	21	6	11	...
	Cheating ...	6	5	9	10	4	6	...
	Mischief ...	59	46	51	87	63	20	...
	Criminal trespass	52	34	37	76	42	31	...
Offences relating to marriage ... „ XX	5	4	4	4	4	...	...	...
Defamation ... „ XXI	...	...	1	2	2	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance ... „ XXII	147	135	140	257	226	22	1*	8
<i>Offences under Special and Local laws.</i>								
The Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859 ...	408	377	417	517	393	114	...	10
The Police Act, 1861 ...	103	103	103	129	5	124	...	...
The Gambling Act, 1867 ...	3	3	3	6	1	5	...	...
The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 ...	28	26	26	55	43	10	...	2
The Indian Forest Act, 1878 ...	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	...
The Indian Arms Act, 1878 ...	51	51	51	57	9	47	...	1
The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878.	2	2	3	4	...	3	...	1
The Prisons Act IX, 1894 ...	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
The Indian Explosives Act IV, 1884 ...	3	3	3	3	...	3	...	...
The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890...	5	5	5	5	...	5	...	...
The Excise Act, 1896 ...	68	66	67	91	20	66	...	5
The Indian Fisheries Act, 1897 ...	1	1	1	5	2	3	...	...
The Indian Stamp Act, 1899 ...	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Municipal Bye-Laws ...	49	49	49	51	14	37	...	...
Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
—security for good behaviour	1	1	1	3	2	1	...	...
Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514 ...	11	11	11	12	...	12	...	...
Total ...	1,611	1,392	1,474	2,309	1,414	818	6	71
Total of previous year ...	1,601	1,388	1,434	2,312	1,439	750	12	111

* Escaped.

Note.—The Chapters referred to in column 1 are those of the Indian Penal Code.

(25). Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code during the year 1907.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the courts during the year.		Number of persons concerned.		Number of persons discharged.		Number of persons convicted.		Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Proceedings against witnesses under chapter VI ...	2	7	2	7	1	...	...	...	...
2. Proceedings under chapter VIII ...	1	8	2	8	1	...	...	...	...
3. Possession, chapter XII ...	1	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
4. Frivolous or vexatious accusations, summarily dealt with under chapter XX, section 250 ...	10	10	...	...	10	...	...	...	...
5. Contempts of Court under chapter XXXV ...	2	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
6. Maintenance, chapter XXXVI ...	7	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	...
7. Forfeiture of bail or recognizances under chapter XLVI ...	11	12	...	...	12	...	...	...	...
Total ...	34	43	11	32	...	...	...	...	...
Total of previous year ...	35	36	5	31	...	...	...	...	...

(26). Statement showing the general result of criminal trials in the tribunals of various classes in the province of Coorg during the year 1907.

Class of courts.	Persons whose cases were disposed of.																	Remarks.
	Total number of persons under trial.	Convicted.																
		Died, escaped, or transferred to another province.		Discharged or acquitted.		On regular trial.						On summary trial.						
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Subordinate Magistrates exercising second or third class power ...	2,041	6 *	1,301	677	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	1,141	10	2,459	* Escaped.	
First Class Magistrate ...	103	...	43	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	81	15	237		
Chief Magistrate of the District...	163	...	70	73	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	13	62	12	408		
Court of Session ...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	22	28		
Total ...	2,309	6	1,414	811	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	71	1,286	...	3,132	+ Seven died and five escaped.	
Total of previous year ...	2,312	12 +	1,439	742	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	111	1,383 +	...	3,034	+ Four cases in which the accused died or escaped have been omitted.	

* Escaped.

† Seven died and five escaped. Four cases in which the accused died or escaped have been omitted.

(27). Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various criminal tribunals during the year 1907.

Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to										Detail of punishment.										Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a reformatory school.		
		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
								Persons sentenced to				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
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Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
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Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
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		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
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Class of tribunal.		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.				Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace or sureties for good behaviour.												
		Persons sentenced to						Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.																

* 22 persons were sentenced to fine and imprisonment.
+ 4 " " whipping and imprisonment.

INote.—Under the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859, 89 persons were ordered to work out their contract and 27 to repay advances; these cases have been excluded from this statement. Two persons were released under section 562, Criminal Procedure Code.

(28). Statement showing the particulars of whippings inflicted during 1907 in lieu of other punishments, sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in sections 378 to 381, I.P.C. ...	...	15	5	20
2	Receiving stolen property under section 411, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
3	Do. section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	16	5	21
	Total of previous year ...	1	14	1	16

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(29). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1907 in addition to other punishments, sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in sections 378 to 381, I.P.C. ...	...	3	1	4
2	House breaking, under section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	3	1	4
	Total of previous year ...	...	6	...	6

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(30). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1907 on juveniles, section 5, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, under section 378, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Do. section 380, I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Total ...	...	2	...	2
	Total of previous year ...	1	2	...	3

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(31). Statement showing relative number of times whipping was awarded during 1907 as compared with other punishments.

No.	Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1	Total number of whippings awarded ...	* 23	*This is the number awarded in lieu of other punishments and not in addition to other punishments.
2	Total number of other punishments in which whipping might have been awarded ...	62	
	Total ...	85	
3	Percentage of whipping ...	27.06	

(32). Statement showing the general result of the trial of European British subjects during the year 1907.

Description of offence.	Persons whose cases were disposed of												Of the total number of persons shown in																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
	By District Magistrates and other 1st Class Magistrates.			By Courts of Session			By High Court.		Total for all Courts.		Columns 2 to 5.			Columns 6 to 8.		Columns 6 to 10.		Columns 11 to 13.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
	Committed.			Acquitted or discharged.			Convicted.			Transferred to High Court under section 449 (2) of the Code.			Convicted.		Acquitted.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		No. who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 451 (1) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		No. of those in col. 13 whose cases were transferred under section 451 (9) of the Code.		No. who claimed a mixed number of assessors, section 450 (2) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		No. who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 450 (1) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		Being European British subjects.		Other than European British subjects.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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(35). Statement showing the nature and amount of accommodation for each class of prisoners in the Mercara Jail at the close of the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Serial number.	Name of jail.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1907 in the part of the jail devoted to—														Superficial area per prisoner in square yards in the enclosure (ward and work shop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year 1907.	
			Hospital.		Simple prisoners.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand Total.		By Jail department.	By Public Works department.
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F							
1	Mercara Jail.	Cells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	8	291 square yards.	...	Rs. 743
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	6	85	143			
		Do without ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total ...	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	8	91	151			
		Total average population	1.19	...	0.31	...	3.10	...	6.50	0.08	...	...	...	0.98	76.87	89.03			

(36). Statement showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.	Received during the year.	Total.	Discharged from all causes.	Remaining at end of the year.	Daily average number of each class.
			M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.
Coorg.	Mercara Jail.	Convicts ...	84 1 85	160 8 168	244 9 253	177 5 182	67 4 71	78.23 0.98 79.21
		Under-trial ...	19 ... 19	128 2 130	147 2 149	136 2 138	11 ... 11	6.64 0.08 6.72
		Civil ...	4 ... 4	28 ... 28	32 ... 32	32 ... 32		3.10 ... 3.10
		Total ...	107 1 108	316 10 326	423 11 434	345 7 352	78 4 82	87.97 1.06 89.03
	Taluk Lock-ups.	Convicts ...	...	148 6 154	148 6 154	148 6 154	...	1.56 ... 1.56
		Under-trial ...	8 ... 8	271 14 285	279 14 293	275 14 289	4 ... 4	5.80 0.17 5.97
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	8 ... 8	419 20 439	427 20 447	423 20 443	4 ... 4	7.30 0.17 7.47
		Grand Total ...	115 1 116	735 30 765	850 31 881	768 27 795	82 4 86	95.27 1.23 96.50
		Grand total of previous year ...	.85 3 88	700 32 732	785 35 820	670 34 704	115 1 116	99.14 2.42 101.56

(37). Statement showing the particulars regarding prisoners under-trial in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Serial number.	Jails.	Number remaining at the close of previous year	Number received	Total.	Average daily number.	Released.	Convicted and sentenced.	Transferred.	Escaped.	Died.	Remaining on 31st Dec. 1907.
		M F	M F	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F Total.	M F	M F	M F	M F Total.
1	Mercara Jail	19 ...	128 2	147 2 149	6.64 0.08 6.72	92 1 93	44 1 45	...	...	...	11 ... 11
2	Taluk Lockups	8 ...	271 14	279 14 293	5.80 0.17 5.97	142 10 152	131 4 135	2 ...	...	...	4 ... 4
	Total	27 ...	399 16	426 16 442	12.44 0.25 12.69	234 11 245	175 5 180	2 ...	...	...	15 ... 15
	Total of previous year.	6 ...	335 21	341 22 363	9.26 0.49 9.75	159 15 174	139 6 145	14 1 15	1 ...	1 ...	27 ... 27

(38). Statement showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6				7	8				9				10				11	12	13	14	15	16
Serial number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.	Imprisoned during the present year.	Total.	Received by transfer.				Grand total.	Transferred to other jails.				Released during the year.				Transported beyond seas.	Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.	Escaped.	Executed.	Died.	Remained at the end of present year.	Daily average number.			
					A	B	In transit for transportation or to other jails.	To undergo sentence.		A	B	A	B	C	D	By order of Government.	(a)								(b)	On account of sickness.	On Commutation day.

(41). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907 and those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

Serial number.	Jails.	*Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Numbers according to length of sentence.																				Total.			
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I							J
			Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two and not exceeding five years.		Above five and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.			
																			A		B					
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	2	3	4																				5			
1	Mercara Jail	...	A	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
			B	43	5	37	1	46	1	7	1	15	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	154	8	162	
			C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			D	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	
	Total of admissions.	...		44	5	38	1	49	1	8	1	15	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	160	8	168
	Total remaining on the 31st Dec. 1907†	...		...	1	4	1	17	1	4	1	17	...	18	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	4	71	
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	A	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
			B	88	5	20	1	31	...	1	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	6	152	
	Total of admissions.	...		90	5	20	1	31	...	1	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	6	154	
	Total remaining on the 31st Dec. 1907.	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

*A—Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.
B—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.
C—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
† D—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
† Classes A. B. C. D. should be amalgamated for this total.

(42). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907 who had been previously convicted.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.								Ratio per cent. of column 4 D to column 3.			Youthful offenders under 15 years of age (Reformatory Schools' Act, 1897).								
					A		B		C		D					A			B					
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.					Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.					
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.		
1	2	3			4								5			6								
1	Mercara Jail..	160	8	168	19	...	2	...	1	...	22	...	22	13.75	...	13.10	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2	Taluk Lock-ups	148	6	154	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	0.68	...	0.65	...	...	...	...	...	...		

(43). Statement showing the number of habitual offenders admitted into the Mercara Jail during the year 1907

Serial number.	Jails.	Number of convicts admitted during the year.	Number of convicts in column 3 identified before re-conviction as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act, and whose previous convictions appear in the records of proceedings at the trial.	Number of convicts in column 3 not so identified before re-conviction, and whose previous convictions did not so appear, but who were, after arrival in jail, so identified.	Total number of convicts admitted who have been identified, either before or after re-conviction, as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Mercara Jail	168	5	17	22

Note.—The figures in Statements Nos. 41 and 42 have not been totalled since particulars regarding convicts first admitted to a taluk lock-up and subsequently transferred to the Mercara Jail appear twice over.

(47). Statement showing the working of the mark system in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.
Form to be used by Inspectors-General.

1	2	3	4										5										6												
Serial number	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission under the mark system.										Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year.										Average remission gained by the convicts entered in column 4.												
			Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—												
			One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.
1	Mercara Jail.	...	5	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	40	81	106	172	...	193	...	361	...	...	...	36	81	106	172	...	193	...	361	...	...		

(48). Statement showing the employment of convicts as prison officers in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Serial No.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Average number employed as prison officers.		Ratio per cent. of column 4 to column 3.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Mercara Jail	...	...	78.23	0.98	3.92	...	5.01	...	*4	...

* Two reduced and fined marks, one fined marks and one given penal diet with solitary confinement for three days.

(49). Statement showing the escapes and re-captures of convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
Serial number.	Jails.	Remaining uncaptured on the 31st December 1907 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Re-captured during the year.			Remained uncaptured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From inside the jail.	From outside the jail.	Total.	Of those who escaped in previous ten years.	Of those who escaped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years.	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Mercara Jail	...	*5	...	...	*1	...	1	4	...	4	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	5	...	...	1	...	1	4	...	4	...	...	...

* This includes a convict who escaped in 1894 and was recaptured in 1907.

(50). Statement showing the scales of diet in force in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Diet scale of labouring prisoners.	Diet scale of non-labouring prisoners.	Punishment diet scale.	Note of any change effected in diet scales during the year.
1	2	3	4
Mercara Jail	...	Detailed statements of all diets are printed in Statements Nos. 51-53	Nil.

(51). Diet scale for all classes of native convicts in use in the Mercara Jail.

1	2							3							4						
	For men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.							Simple, women and under-trial.							Juvenile prisoners.						
Articles.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Rice ...	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	20	10	20
Ragi ...	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	10	20	20	20	10	20
Dhal ...	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Meat (with bone) ...	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Curds ...	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	5	5	5	5	5	5
Gingelly oil ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	16	16	16	16	16	16
Ghee ...	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1
	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Tamarind ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Salt ...	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Curry powder.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Onions ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Garlic ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Vegetables ...	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood ...	1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.						

Notes—1. Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of dhal and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.
2. Two drams of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.

(52). Diet scale for European and Eurasian prisoners in use in the Mercara Jail.

1								2								3							
Articles.								Sunday.	Monday	Tues- day.	Wednes- day.	Thurs- day.	Friday.	Satur- day.	Remarks.								
Bread ...								oz. 16	oz. 16	oz. 16	oz. 16	oz. 16	oz. 16	oz. 16	Medium labouring diet—								
Meat ...								10	10	10	10	10	10	10	12 oz. bread.								
Rice ...								8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8 „ meat.								
Vegetable ...								10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8 „ vegetables.								
Salt ...								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Other ingredients are the same.								
Onions ...								$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$									
Curry powder ...								$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$			Non-labouring, under-trial diet—								
Pepper ...									$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	12 oz. bread.								
Dhal ...								1		1		1		1	6 „ meat.								
Wheat flour ...								4							8 „ vegetables.								
Salt ...								$\frac{1}{2}$							Other ingredients are the same.								
Ghee ...								1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$									
Tamarind ...								$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{1}{2}$	For females—								
Lime pickle ...								$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	Full diet 12 oz. bread.								
Sugar ...								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8 „ meat.								
Coffee ...								1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Medium 12 „ bread.								
Milk ...															6 „ meat.								
Firewood ...								A quarter of a pint daily. Two pounds daily.															

(53). Scale for hospital diet in use in the Mercara Jail.

1	2	3																			
No.	Classes of diet.	Ingredients.																			
		Rice.	Ragi.	Dhal.	Meat.	Gingelly oil.	Ghee.	Tama- rind.	Salt	Curry powder without chilly.	Onions	Garlic.	Vege- tables.	Pep- per.	Milk.	Curds.	Suji.	Sugar.	Fire- wood.		
		lb	oz	lb	oz	oz	oz	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	seer	seer	oz	oz	dr	lb
1	Spoon... { Porridge ... { Rice ...	...	12	...	4	1	4	...	2	4	5	2	4 ½	6	...	½	½	2	1	...	1½ lbs. daily per sick. 10 " " during monsoon.
2	Milk and rice ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	½	...	...	1	...		
3	Sore mouth ...	...	12	...	4	1	...	...	8	...	5	...	2 ½	8	½	½	...	...	8		
4	Ordinary rice or ragi diet ...	1	4	1	4	3	4	4	4	8	10	5	8	1	6	...	...	½	...		
5	Malagaitanni and rice.	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	8	10	4	8	1	...	...	...	...	...		
6	Kanji diet ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

(56). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907 according to the length of original sentence.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding three years.			Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.			Above 7 years.			Total.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
1	Mercara Jail.	33.17	6	180.89	7.64	...	...	18.08	2	110.62	16.87	2	118.55	3.45	1	289.86	79.21	11	138.87
	Previous year.	41.59	6	144.27	11.61	2	172.27	12.57	...	...	16.12	...	...	3.55	...	...	85.44	8	93.63

*NOTE.—The yearly average number is obtained by a census taken on the last day of each month, the monthly results being added together and the total divided by 12.

(57). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907 according to the length of time passed in jail.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months in jail.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding two years.			Above two years and not exceeding three years.			Above three years and not exceeding seven years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
1	Mercara Jail	...	32.32	6	185.64	20.08	3	149.40	11.04	...	5.83	1	171.53	9.94	1	100.60	...	...	...
	Previous year	...	36.29	8	220.45	21.27	...	...	11.99	...	9.00	...	...	6.89	...	...	...	...	...

(58). Statement showing the condition of the convicts discharged from the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number discharged during the year.	Number who had neither lost nor gained weight in jail.	Number who had gained weight.					Number who had lost weight.					Remarks.
				a	b	c	d	Total.	a	b	c	d	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5					6					7
1	Mercara Jail	182	12	28	56	18	8	110	9	26	7	6	48	Discharged 182 of whom 11 died and 1 released on appeal while prisoner was at Rajahmundry in connection with a case before the joint Magistrate there, whose weights were not taken.
	Previous year	205	12	32	74	30	11	147	7	23	5	3	38	

(59). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the
excluding the cost of building new jails

1	2	3				4			
Serial number.	Jails.	Daily average number of prisoners.				Establishment.			
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	A	B	C	D
						Perma-nent.	Tempo-rary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
1	Mercara Jail ...	79.21	6.72	3.10	89.03	Rs. 4,056	Rs. 59	Rs. 4,115	Rs. 46.22
2	Taluk Lock-ups ...	1.50	5.97	...	7.47	36	...	36	4.82

Continued

7		8					9			
Clothing and bedding of prisoners.		Sanitation charges.					Charges for moving prisoners.			
A	B	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D
Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Charges for conservancy, cleansing, and purifying.	Charges for water supply.	Extraordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 124	Rs. 1.44	Rs. 54	Rs. 48	...	Rs. 102	Rs. 1.15	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued

12							
Contingencies.							
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Rents, rates and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegrams and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 129	Rs. 9	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	...	...	Rs. 138	Rs. 1.55
...	...	...	...	...	...	31	4.15

Note.—The expenditure is shown in this statement in rupees and decimals of a rupee.

prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1907.
and of additions, alterations and repairs.

5						6						
Dieting charges.						Hospital charges.						
A	B	C	D	E	F	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, &c.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
Rs. 4,688	Rs. 42	...	...	Rs. 4,730	Rs. 55.04	Rs. 49	...	Rs. 30	...	Rs. 79	Rs. 0.89	Rs. 66.39
404	...	...	...	404	54.08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

continued.

10								11	
Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.	
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B
For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for re-captures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 128	Rs. 71	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 17	Rs. 216	Rs. 2.43	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

continued.

13											14	
Extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plant likely to last for 3 years and upwards.											Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K		
Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	Dietary dead-stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead-stock.	Disciplinary dead-stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	Dairy, live-stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep, which goes under 10 F).	Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 9,504	Rs. 106.75
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	471	63.05

(60). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the years 1904-1907 excluding the cost of building new jails, and of additions, alterations and repairs.

Serial number.	Jail.	Class of expenditure.	Cost per head of average strength in the year.			
			1904	1905	1906	1907
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara	(a) Establishment	Rs. 63'06	Rs. 51'75	Rs. 46'27	Rs. 46'22
		(b) Dieting charges	48'70	47'65	51'23	55'04
		(c) Hospital charges	1'79	0'83	0'91	0'89
		(d) Clothing and bedding	1'42	3'14	1'18	1'44
		(e) Sanitation	1'02	1'14	1'05	1'15
		(f) Charges for moving prisoners	...	...	...	...
		(g) Miscellaneous	9'74	3'78	6'81	2'43
		(h) Travelling allowance	...	...	...	...
		(i) Contingencies	2'64	1'70	1'49	1'55
		(j) Extraordinary charges	...	0'06	...	...
		Total Expenditure		127'30	108'36	106'58

Note.—The average cost per head under item (b) is arrived at after excluding civil prisoners, whereas the average total expenditure includes that class.

(61). Statement showing the employment of convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Serial number.		Name of jail.	Average number not sentenced to labour.	Average number under sentence of labour on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	Average number not employed for other reasons.	Average number employed on working days.														Ratio per cent. on column 4 of those employed on working days as					
								A	On prison duties.					On jail buildings.		K	L										
									B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.	New jails.		Public Works, D-J Circular No. 19-1200, dated 12th September 1884.	Public Works (vide H. D-J Circular No. 19-1200, dated 12th September 1884.									
																		G	H	I	J					Number of prisoners hired out to municipalities, private individuals or departments other than the P. W. Department.	
								On unremunerative labour.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in jails, e. g., wheat grinding, manufacturing of prison clothing, &c.	Jail repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.		Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures (8 K).					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8												9	10						
1	Mercara Jail	0'32	78'89	1'04	...	...	0'76	3'92	10'00	4'13	7'96	17'43	...	...	...	...	11'73	21'16	...	0'76	4'97	12'68	14'87				
	Previous year...	1'08	84'36	1'41	...	...	0'78	2'81	12'01	4'65	11'78	8'73	...	...	...	...	13'23	28'33	...	0'63	3'33	14'24	15'68				

(62). Statement showing the nett cash earnings of convicts sentenced to labour in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Average number sentenced to labour.	Average number employed on jail manufactures.	Cash balance on manufacturing account in hand on the 1st January 1907.	Cash drawn on manufacturing account during the year.	Total.	Paid into treasury on manufacturing account.	Cash balance in hand on manufacturing account on the 31st December 1907.	Total.	Cash earnings (being total of column 10 less total of column 7).	Average earning per head calculated on column 3.	Average earning per head calculated on column 4.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	78.89	33.65	...	576	576	3,570	...	3,570	2,994	37.95	88.97	
	<i>Previous year</i> ...	<i>84.36</i>	<i>42.19</i>	...	<i>1,151</i>	<i>1,151</i>	<i>4,105</i>	...	<i>4,105</i>	<i>2,954</i>	<i>35.02</i>	<i>70.02</i>	

Note.—For the purposes of this Statement the heading “jail manufactures” is construed as including employment under the P. W. D. or private individuals as shown in cols. 8L and 9 of Statement No. 61.

(63). Statement showing the nett cost of the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the year 1907.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Total cost of maintenance (column 14, Statement No. 59).	Average cost of maintenance per head (column 14, Statement No. 59).	Total cash earnings (column 11 of Statement No. 62).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	9,504	106.75	2,994	33.63	6,510	73.12	
	<i>Previous year</i> ...	<i>10,114</i>	<i>106.58</i>	<i>2,954</i>	<i>31.13</i>	<i>7,160</i>	<i>75.45</i>	

(64). Statement showing the number and description of civil suits instituted in the civil courts during the year 1907.

Class of courts.	Suits under the Rent Law.							Title and other suits.								Grand Total.		Remarks.	
	Suits for money or moveable property.	Arrears of rent with or without ejectment.	Enhancement or abatement of rent.	For penalties or damages or compensation for wrongful act on the part of land-lord or tenant.	For ejectment or recovery of possession alone.	All other suits under Rent Law.	Total.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for specific relief.	Suits to establish a right of pre-emption.	Mortgage suits.	Suits relating to religious and other endowments.	Matrimonial suits.	Testamentary suits.	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Munsiffs' Courts	571	...	...	...	...	...	571	31	11	...	75	...	1	...	11	129	700		
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	1,229	...	...	...	...	...	1,229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,229		
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Subordinate Judge's Court	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	6	...	...	...	3	13	16		
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total	1,803	...	...	...	...	...	1,803	32	14	...	81	...	1	...	14	142	1,945		
Total of previous year	1,824	...	...	...	...	...	1,824	22	15	...	54	...	...	...	10	101	1,925		

(65). Statement showing the number and value of suits instituted in the civil courts during the year 1907.

Class of courts.	Number of suits instituted in the different courts.										Remarks.
	Not exceeding.										
	Rs. 10.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 5,000.	Rs. 10,000.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Of which the value cannot be estimated in money.	Total value of suits.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Munsiffs' Courts	4	32	374	257	21	...	...	...	12	89,494	
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	175	1,054	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29,468	
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	38,825	
Subordinate Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	179	1,086	374	257	21	15	1	...	12	1,57,787	
Total of previous year	193	1,036	396	252	24	13	...	2	10	1,80,491	

(66).

Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil suits

Class of courts.	Total number of suits before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro-mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	793	...	98	54	91
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	1,323	...	167	162	135
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	25	...	1	3	2
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,146	...	266	159	228
Total of previous year	2,071	...	228	145	276

(67).

Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil miscellaneous

Class of courts.	Total number of cases before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro-mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	636	...	212	5	14
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	44	...	26	...	...
District Judge's Court	29	...	17	...	...
Total	709	...	255	5	14
Total of previous year	669	...	259	3	14

(68).

Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of courts.	Total number of appeals before the courts.	Decisions confirmed, Section 551, C. P. C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for default, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	37	...	...	2	1	...
District Judge's Court	3	...	...	...	...	...
Total	40	...	...	2	1	...
Judicial Commissioner's Court.	1	...	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from original decrees	13	2	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate decrees	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	14	2	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	54	2	...	2	1	...
Grand Total of previous year	63	3	...	...	...	1

(69).

Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of courts.	Miscellaneous cases before appellate courts.	Decisions confirmed section 551, C.P.C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for default, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	9	1	...	...	2	...
District Judge's Court	6	...	...	...	...	...
Total	15	1	...	...	7	...
Judicial Commissioner's Court.	2	1	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from original orders	2	...	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate orders	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	4	1	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	19	2	...	...	7	...
Grand Total of previous year	15	2	...	1	...	...

in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1907.

suits disposed of.							Average duration of suits.	Remarks.			
contest.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.		Pending at the close of the year.			Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Contested.	Uncontested.
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plain-tiff.	For defend-ant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defend-ant.						
7	8	9	10	11	12						
252	2	1	...	176	31	93	7	86	36		
535	5	...	...	232	35	112	2	38	29		
...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	167	42		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
739	7	1	...	412	71	213	13	...	...		
739	8	...	...	377	97	201	10	...	...		

cases in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1907.

cases disposed of.							Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remarks.
contested.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.		Pending at the close of the year.		Contested.	Uncontested.	
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
7	8	9	10	11	12					
276	9	...	...	43	51	21	1	30	14	
...	...	...	...	9	6	3	...	41	...	
...	1	...	...	3	3	5	3	29	34	
276	10	...	...	60	60	29	4	...	...	
206	11	...	...	85	74	17	1	...	...	

courts during the year 1907—Regular appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	...	20	3	3	1	6	...	84	3	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	
1	...	23	3	3	1	6	...	...	3	
...	...	5	...	1	...	5	...	76	...	
...	...	5	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	
1	...	23	3	4	1	12	...	...	3	
...	...	33	4	5	1	11	...	...	4	

courts during the year 1907—Miscellaneous appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	45	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	
1	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	91	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	111	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	
1	...	3	1	1	3	1	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	

(70). Statement showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of decrees of the civil courts during the year 1907.

Class of courts.	Applications disposed of				7	8	9	10	11	On which moveable property		On which immovable property		On which possession was given.		19	20	21	22	Remarks.
	By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.						Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently released.	Was sold.	Was dealt with under sections 305, 322 or 326, Act XIV of 1882.	Of moveables.	Of immoveables.					
	Total number of applications for the execution of decrees before the courts.				Pending at the end of the year	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amount realized.		On which the judgment debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested, but released without imprisonment.						On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than in the preceding columns.		
1	2	3	4	5	6						12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
Munsiffs' Courts ...	3,001	...	390	298	1,789	524	Rs. 49,143	24	240	95	245	32	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	
First Assistant Commissioner's Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Judge's Court	73	...	11	8	39	15	11,513	1	3	...	10	6	1	2	...	4	...	...	...	
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	3,074	...	401	306	1,828	539	60,656	25	243	95	255	38	1	2	...	30	...	...	...	
Total of previous year	2,884	...	348	298	1,801	437	74,548	26	232	101	200	32	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	

(71). Statement showing the number and result of applications and proceedings under Chapter XX, Act XIV of 1882, during the year 1907.

Class of courts.	Applications for a declaration of insolvency.										Amount of creditors' claims dealt with during the year.		Gross amount of insolvents' assets realized and disbursed.		Remarks.
	Total number for hearing	Transferred to another province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted.		Rejected.			Penling at the close of the year.			Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized during the year.	Disbursed during the year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Munsif's Court, Mercara	29	17	1	1	15	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Do Virajendrapet	20	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Subordinate Judge's Court	2		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total	51	19	1	1	25	1	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total of previous year	34	11	1	1	16	1	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	

(72.) Statement of instruments registered, and of the value of property transferred by registered instruments, for the year 1907.

District.	Number of registration offices.	Registrations affecting immoveable											
		Compulsory.											
		Instruments of gift, section 17, clause (a).		Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100, sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act.		Instruments of mortgage.		Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c).		Instruments of perpetual lease, section 17, clause (d).	
		No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Value of annual rents.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		
Coorg ...	9	6	1,325	344	1,36,835	220	11,180	1083	2,53,268	107	45,534	...	...
Total of previous year ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

property, Book I—Continued.

Compulsory—Continued.										Optional.								
Instruments of lease (other than of perpetual leases).		Premium or fine paid on leases.	Total of compulsory registrations.		Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.		Instruments of mortgage.		Instruments of lease.		Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) & (b).		Awards, section 17, clause (i).		Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of court.		Certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	
No.	Value of annual rents.	Amount.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.
15	16	...	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
23	Rs. 3,739	250	1783	Rs. 4,52,131	...	...	...	...	9	Rs. 595	...	...	...	...	13	Rs. 671	1	1,005
...	...	...	1709	7,83,795	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I—Continued.				Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.										Number of written authorities to adopt registered, other than those conferred by wills, Book III.			
Optional—Continued.				Compulsory.		Instruments of sale, &c., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).		Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).		All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).		Total of registrations in Book IV.				Number of wills registered, Book III.	
Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property.				Instruments of gift of moveable property, section 123, clause (2), of the Transfer of Property Act.													
No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.				
36	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46				
23	Rs. 2,271	...	...	21	Rs. 3,409	40	Rs. 6,165	46	Rs. 28,822	107	Rs. 38,396	3	...				
25	1,457	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	22,809	8	...				

(73). Statement of income, namely, fees realized on registrations and all other receipts, for the year 1907.

District.	Fees on registrations affecting							
	Compulsory.							
	Instruments of gift, section 17, clause (a).	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100. sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of mortgage.	Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c).	Instruments of perpetual lease, section 17, clause (d).	Instruments of lease (other than of perpetual leases).	Total fees on compulsory registrations.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg	Rs. 11	Rs. 946	Rs. 156	Rs. 13,52	Rs. 369	...	Rs. 42	Rs. 2,876
Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,643

Continued.

Immoveable property, Book I—continued.

Optional.							
Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage.	Instruments of lease.	Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) and (b).	Awards, section 17, clause (i).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Total fees on optional registrations.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	...	Rs. 9	...	...	Rs. 10	6	Rs. 25
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 2,901
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,669

Continued.

Fees on registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.							
Compulsory.	Instruments of gift of moveable property, section 123, clause (2), of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of sale, etc., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).	Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).	All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).	Total fees on registrations affecting moveable property.	Fees on registration of wills in Book III.	Fees on registration of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will. Book III.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
...	Rs. 21	Rs. 28	Rs. 107	Rs. 156	Rs. 12	...	Rs. 3,069
...	...	...	...	112	31	...	3,803

Continued.

Receipts other than fees on registrations.						
Fines under sections 24 and 34.	Fees on commissions issued, sections 33 and 38.	Fees on visits paid, sections 31, 32 and 38.	Fees for inspection of Books I and II, and the indexes to Book I, section 57.	Copying fees credited to Government.	All other receipts.	Total receipts.
27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Rs. 33	...	Rs. 60	Rs. 149	Rs. 108	Rs. 149	Rs. 492
...	...	...	...	...	...	382
...	...	...	...	...	...	4,185

(74). Statement of expenditure on registration for the year 1907.

District.	Fixed sala- ries of regis- tering officers.	Percentage paid to registering officers.	Cost of establishments.			Other items of expenditure.	Total expenditure.
			Permanent.	Temporary.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg ...	Rs. 1,260	Rs. 809	Rs. 437	...	Rs. 437	Rs. * 55	Rs. 2,561
Total of previous year ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,784

* Includes refunds of excess registration fees and penalty levied under sections 24 and 31 of the Registration Act.

(75). Statement of principal operations other than registrations in Books I, III and IV for the year 1907.

District.	Covers containing wills deposited, section 42.	Covers containing wills withdrawn, section 44.	Covers containing wills opened, section 45.	Wills removed to courts under section 259 of the Indian Succession Act, copy being kept in Book III under section 45.	Powers of attorney authenti- cated.	Registra- tions under section 24.	Registra- tions under section 34.	Refusals to register, sections 71 and 76.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg ...	4	2	...	...	19	5	5	9
Total of previous year.	1	...	1	...	31	1	5	3

Continued.

Appeals against such refusals (Sec. 72), and applications under section 73 regarding such refusals.		Registration ordered by civil court, section 77.	Prosecu- tions, section 83.	Number of orders and certificates filed in Book No. I, under section 89 of the Registration Act.				Searches or applica- tions for copies.
Registra- tion ordered.	Registra- tion refused.			Under Land Im- provement Loans Act.	Under Agricul- turists' Loans Act.	Under section 316, Code of Civil Pro- cedure.	Granted by revenue officers.	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	...	...	...	14	82	27	...	106
...	...	...	...	11	33	9	...	95

(76). Statement showing the constitution of the District Board in Coorg
for the year 1907-1908.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of members on the Board.			
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Regulation No. VI of 1900.	1,581.66	180,607	5	9	2	16

Continued.

Number of members on the Board—cont.				Number of meetings held.	Average attendance at each meeting.			Remarks.
Officials.	Non-officials.	European and Eurasians.	Natives.		Officials.	Non-officials.	Total.	
10	6	7	9	3	6.6	4.3	10.9	

(77). Statement showing the income of the District Board in Coorg
for the year 1907-1908.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—Land Revenue.	VI.—Provincial Rates.	XII.—Interest.	XVII.—Police.	XIX.—Education.
			Mohatarfa paid by non-agriculturists.	Local rate.	Interest on investments.	Receipts under the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.	School fees. Primary schools.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 27,532 *	Rs. 5,277	Rs. 30,320	Rs. 349	Rs. 3,411	Rs. 2,253
	Previous year	Rs. 26,005 *	Rs. 5,130	Rs. 30,200	Rs. 349	Rs. 2,933	Rs. 2,261

Continued.

XX.—Medical.			XXV.—Miscellaneous.				XXXII.—Civil Works.						Contribution.	Total income excluding opening balance.	Total income including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balance) per head of population.
Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by Civil Surgeon.	Total.	Market fees.	Sale of manure.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	In charge of Civil Officers.						From provincial to local.				
							Tolls on ferries.	Tolls on roads.	Staging-bungalow fees.	Miscellaneous.	Total.						
Rs. 1,095	Rs. 157	Rs. 1,252	Rs. 1,590	Rs. 157	Rs. 59	Rs. 1,806	Rs. 1,804	Rs. 18,105	Rs. 521	Rs. 31	Rs. 20,461	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 72,129	Rs. 99,661	Rs. 0	Rs. 3	Rs. 2
1,069	134	1,203	1,672	297	...	1,969	1,922	18,980	681	40	21,623	7,000	72,668	98,673	0	3	2

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

* This figure differs from the actual balance shown in Statement No. 76 for 1906-1907 for the reason that certain supplemental book adjustments were not communicated by the Comptroller, India Treasuries, until long after the close of the year.

(78). Statement showing the expenditure of the District Board in Coorg
for the year 1907-1908.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	I.—Refunds and drawbacks.	18.—Administration.			
				Local rate and Mohatarfa tax refunds.	General establishment of Local Funds.			
					Office establishment.	Office contingencies (stationery locally purchased).	Travelling allowance to Board members.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 27,532	Rs. 72,129	Rs. 15	Rs. 1,070	Rs. 169	Rs. 255	Rs. 1,494
	Previous year	26,005	72,868	14	976	79	279	1,334

Continued.

20.—Police.				22.—Education.				24.—Medical.			29.—Superannuation allowances and pensions.
Cattle-pound charges.				Maintenance and management Primary schools.	Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Total.	General medical establishment.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Total.	Pensions.
Establishment.	Contingencies.	Refunds.	Total.								
Rs. 1,270	Rs. 117	Rs. 8	Rs. 1,395	Rs. 12,825	Rs. 769	Rs. 120	Rs. 13,714	Rs. 1,249	Rs. 4,070	Rs. 5,319	Rs. 165
1,349	46	6	1,401	12,404	483	160	13,047	732	2,322	3,054	...

Continued.

32.—Miscellaneous.				45.—Civil Works.							
Rewards for the destruction of dogs.	Other petty establishment and charges (conservancy).	Contingencies.	Total.	In Charge of Civil Officers.						Buildings.	
				Original works.	Repairs.	Miscellaneous public improvements.	Staging bungalows and serai establishment charges.	Refunds.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.
Rs. 20	Rs. 568	Rs. 279	Rs. 867	Rs. 200	Rs. 2,560	Rs. 460	Rs. 1,347	Rs. 1	Rs. 4,568	Rs. 1,689	Rs. 434
13	453	...	466	388	...	39	1,593	..	2,020	461	601

Continued.

45.—Civil Works—Continued.							Contributions.		Balance.		
Communications.		Water-supply and water works. Repairs.	Other works of improvement.	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to Public Works.	Tools and plant.	Total.	To other Boards.	Total Expenditure.	Deposit.	Actual balance.	Total.
Original works.	Repairs.										
Rs. 7,869	Rs. 15,705	Rs. 137	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 5,597	Rs. 365	Rs. 32,946	Rs. 500	Rs. 60,983	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 38,678	Rs. 48,678
16,562	13,483	...	847	6,576	429	38,959	500	60,755	10,000	27,878	37,878

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

(79). Statement showing the constitution of the municipal committees during the year 1907-1908.

Name of district.	Serial number of municipality.	Name of municipality.	Act under which constituted.	Population within municipal limits.	Number of members of committee.						
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(h)
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.	Officials.	Non-officials.	Natives.
1	2	3	4	5	6						
Goorg.	1	Mercara	...	6,732	5	2	8	15	5	10	11
	2	Virajendrapet	...	4,383	4	10	...	14	5	9	12
	3	Fraserpet	...	1,745	3	6	...	9	3	6	9
	4	Somwarpet	...	1,600	3	7	...	10	3	7	10
	5	Kodlipet	...	889	3	6	...	9	3	6	9
			Total ...	15,249	18	31	8	57	19	38	51

(80). Statement showing the income of the municipalities during the year 1907-1908.

[illegible]

Statement showing the expenditure of the municipalities during the year 1907-1908.

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
Serial number of municipality		Name of district.		Name of municipality.		General administration and collection charge.		Public safety.		Public health and convenience.		Pounds.		Registration of births and deaths.		Veterinary charges.		Arboriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.		Dak bungalows and serais.		Total.	

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(82). Total area under crops for the year 1907–1908.

English or Vernacular names.				Acres.	Note.—This is Form A-3 of the tables of agricultural statistics.
Cereals and pulses.	1. Rice ..	...	...	81,121	
	2. Wheat ..	...	...	...	
	3. Barley ..	...	...	...	
	4. Cholam or Jowar (millet) ..	...	...	4	
	5. Cumbu or Bajra (millet) ..	...	...	...	
	6. Ragi ..	...	...	6,866	
	7. Maize ..	...	...	...	
	8. Gram (pulse) ..	...	...	1,371	
	9. Other food-grains including pulses ..	...	...	997*	* The details are—
Total ..				90,359	
Oilseeds.	10. Linseed ..	...	...	2	Acres. Dhall .. 89 Todagani .. 36 Uddu .. 31 Save .. 1 Hesaru .. 2 Beans .. 305 Bengal gram .. 531 Vegetables .. 2
	11. Til or gingelly ..	...	...	506	
	12. Others ..	...	...	53	
	Total ..	...	...	561	
Sugar.	13. Condiments and spices ..	...	...	2,039†	† This figure includes 1,617 acres under cardamom crop.
	14. Sugarcane ..	...	...	13	
	15. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	2,052	
Fibres.	16. Cotton ..	...	...	16	
	17. Jute ..	...	...	...	
	18. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	16	
Dyes.	19. Indigo ..	...	...	...	
	20. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	...	
Drugs and narcotics.	21. Opium ..	...	...	...	
	22. Coffee ..	...	...	46,108	
	23. Tea ..	...	...	...	
	24. Tobacco ..	...	...	26	
	25. Cinchona ..	...	...	176	
	26. Indian hemp ..	...	...	1	
	27. Others ..	...	...	...	
	Total ..	...	...	46,311	
28. Fodder crops ..				...	
29. Orchards and garden produce ..				4,524	
30. Miscellaneous crops { Food ..				...	
{ Non-food ..				...	
Total ..				4,524	
31. Grand Total ..				143,823	
32. Area cropped more than once ..				1,647 †	† Double crop rice .. 503 acres. Second dry crops .. 1,144 „
33. Nett area cropped during the year ..				142,176	

(83). Rates of rent and produce of the principal crops during the year 1907–1908.

Principal crops.	Average rent per acre.		Estimated out-turn per acre.		Estimated normal yield per acre in lbs.	Estimated total produce in lbs.
	Maximum.	Minimum.	Current year	Previous year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Rice ..	RS. A. P. 4 0 0	RS. A. P. 1 8 0	1,430	1,430	1,600	116,003,000
Ragi ..	1 12 0	0 3 0	881	950	1,000	6,048,900
Coffee ..	2 4 0	0 8 0	260	80	224	11,825,717

(84). Prices at harvest time of the principal crops during the year 1907–1908.

Principal crops.	Harvest prices per maund of 28 lbs.		
	Current year	Previous year.	Normal.
	1	2	3
Rice ..	RS. A. P. 1 7 0	RS. A. P. 1 2 0	RS. A. P. 0 14 0
Ragi ..	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 12 0
Coffee ..	8 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0

(85). Price of labour for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Wages per diem.		Cart per day	Camel per day	Donkeys per day.	Boat per day.
	Skilled	Unskilled.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg Re.	1 0 0	0 6 0	1 8 0	...	...	...

(86). Statement of live-stock, ploughs and carts for the year 1904-1905.

	No.	Note.—This is Form A-4 of the tables of agricultural statistics prepared quinquennially.
1. Bulls and bullocks	51,653	
2. Cows	42,077	
3. Male buffaloes	16,230	
4. Cow buffaloes	10,167	
5. Young stock (calves and buffalo calves)	40,194	
6. Sheep	310	
7. Goats	2,782	
8. Horses and ponies	229	
9. { Mules	...	
{ Donkeys	316	
10. Camels	...	
11. Ploughs	34,237	
12. Carts	763	

(87). Imports for the year 1907-1908.

Major head.	Quantity.	Value.	Place from which imported.
1	2	3	4
		Rs.	
Agricultural implements	...	15,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Animals living	...	1,82,000	Mysore.
Apparel including haberdashery and millinery	...	14,300	Madras and Bombay.
Arms and ammunition	...	5,000	Do
Books and printed matter including maps and charts.	...	2,500	Mangalore, Bangalore and Madras.
Building and engineering materials	...	9,000	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore, & Tellicherry.
Candles	...	3,500	Madras and Mangalore.
Coir manufactured	...	4,900	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Cotton	...	2,500	Mysore and Madras.
Manufactured piece-goods	...	1,60,000	Madras, Bombay, Madras, Salem & Mysore.
Drugs and other medicines	...	19,600	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Mangalore.
Earthenware	...	9,000	Mysore.
Flax manufactures including ropes	...	2,200	Madras and Calcutta.
Fruits and vegetables	...	45,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Glass and glassware	...	15,200	Madras and Bombay.
Grains	...	3,56,500	Mysore and Mangalore.
Gums and resins	...	2,000	Mysore and Madras.
Hardware and cutlery	...	21,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Leather manufactures	...	3,500	Madras, Mangalore, Mysore & Tellicherry.
Liquors	...	42,000	Madras and Mangalore.
Machines and small works	...	5,000	Madras and Bombay.
Metals	...	17,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Oils	...	3,05,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Paper and paste-boards	...	4,000	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore & Tellicherry
Provisions... ..	...	1,51,000	Madras, Mysore, Tellicherry & Mangalore.
Salt	...	1,52,000	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Spices	...	73,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Sugar and saccharine produce	...	1,54,000	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Silk	...	3,000	Madras and Mysore.
Tobacco	...	32,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Umbrellas... ..	...	17,000	Madras and Bombay.
Wood and timber manufactures	...	20,500	Mysore, Madras, Cannanore and Mangalore.
Wool and woollen manufactures	...	30,000	Madras, Bombay, Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Sundries	...	1,90,500	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Treasure	...	14,08,000	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Tellicherry.
Government stores	...	36,300	Madras, Bombay and Mangalore.
Total	...	35,19,000	

(88). Exports for the year 1907-1908.

Major head.						Quantity.	Value.	Place to which exported.
1						2	3	4
Coffee	...	...	...	...	...	Tons. 5,270	Rs. 31,62,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,100	Mangalore and Bangalore.
Fruits	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,900	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Grain and pulse	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,01,000	Tellicherry and other places in Malabar.
Hides and horns	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,000	Mysore and Tellicherry.
Cardamoms and spices	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,200	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Wax	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	Mysore
Wood	...	...	...	...	...	...	99,000	Mysore, Mangalore, Malabar & Madras.
Sandalwood	...	...	...	...	...	249	1,38,800	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Total						...	37,72,900	

(89). Coinage for the year 1907-1908.

1	2						3	4
District.	Bullion and coins imported during the year in lbs.						Sovereigns imported during the year.	Remarks.
	Gold.		Silver.		Copper.			
	State.	Private	State.	Private.	State.	Private.		
Coorg	...	...	19,050	...	13,988	...	Rs. 42,000	There is no mint in Coorg and there are no reliable data to form even an approximate estimate of the value of coins in circulation.

(90). Paper currency for the year 1907-1908.

1						2	3	4				5		
Notes in treasury at the beginning of the year.						Total value of notes received during the year.	Total value of notes issued during the year.	Notes in treasury at the end of the year.				Remarks.		
Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.		Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.				Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.			Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.	
No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	There are no data from which to form any estimate of the amount of notes in circulation in the province.
485	4,440	1015	95,700	18	11,500	7,54,340	7,66,990	821	6,090	745	72,900	23	20,000	

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(91). Account of the gross and nett revenue for the year 1907–1908.

Sources of revenue.	Gross receipts.	Charges against income.					Total.	Nett receipts.	Deficit.
		Refunds and draw-backs.	Charges of collection including cost of salt, opium and maintaining reproductive works.	Allowances and assignments under treaty and engagements.	Allowance of district and village officers and inamdars and charitable grants.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Land revenue ...	3,42,142	61	1,10,821	2,864	23,308	1,37,054	2,05,088	...	
Forest ...	1,18,382	...	99,602	...	...	99,602	18,780	...	
Excise on spirits and drugs.	1,89,405	118	5,890	...	...	6,008	1,83,397	...	
Total ...	6,49,929	179	2,16,313	2,864	23,308	2,42,664	4,07,265	...	
Assessed taxes--Income-tax	9,310	8	...	...	...	8	9,302	...	
Total ...	9,310	8	...	...	...	8	9,302	...	
Stamps. { General ...	10,497	222	468	...	...	690	9,807	...	
{ Court fees ...	32,140	34	264	...	...	298	31,842	...	
Law and Justice. { Refunds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ Real fines ...	4,286	223	...	...	...	223	4,063	...	
{ Miscellaneous ...	672	120	...	...	...	120	552	...	
Interest ...	1,220	...	...	...	...	...	1,220	...	
Miscellaneous ...	370	3	...	...	...	3	367	...	
Jails ...	1,561	...	...	...	...	...	1,561	...	
Registration ...	3,553	...	2,499	...	...	2,499	1,054	...	
Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Education ...	8,502	...	...	...	...	...	8,502	...	
Medical ...	153	...	...	...	...	...	153	...	
Stationery and printing ...	785	...	...	...	...	...	785	...	
Cemetery funds ...	9	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	
Postage and service labels.	27,400	...	27,406	...	...	27,406	...	366	
Public Works. { Refunds ...	13,517	...	...	...	...	...	13,517	...	
{ Sales ...									
{ Real ...									
Military fund ...	794	...	...	...	...	...	794	...	
Electric telegraph ...	556	...	...	...	...	...	556	...	
Total ...	1,05,655	602	30,637	...	...	31,239	74,782	366	
Total Imperial ...	7,64,894	789	2,46,950	2,864	23,308	2,73,911	4,91,349	366	
Incorporated Local Funds.									
Coorg District Fund ...	65,129	24	4,135	...	...	4,159	60,970	...	
Total ...	65,129	24	4,135	...	...	4,159	60,970	...	
Excluded Local Funds.									
Municipal Funds ...	44,985	45	1,078	...	...	1,123	43,862	...	
School Plantation Fund ...	7,630	...	3,172	...	...	3,172	4,458	...	
Total ...	52,615	45	4,250	...	...	4,295	48,320	...	
Total Local ...	1,17,744	69	8,385	...	...	8,454	1,09,290	...	
Gross Receipts ...	8,82,638	858	2,55,335	2,864	23,308	2,82,365	6,00,639	366	

(92). Accounts of expenditure from nett income for the year 1907-1908.

Heads of expenditure.							Amount last year, 1906—1907.	Amount present year, 1907—1908.
							Rs.	Rs.
Civil and political establishments and contingencies	...	...	...	...	...	...	38,195	39,088
Judicial charges	...	{ Courts	...	...	...	...	47,626	50,805
	...	{ Prisons	...	...	...	...	10,620	10,548
Police charges	...	...	...	...	...	...	54,213	58,986
Military	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,675	14,663
Ecclesiastical	...	...	...	...	...	...	168	168
Superannuation and retired allowances	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,895	13,235
Public works	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,13,186	2,57,402
Education	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,581	32,990
Stationery and printing	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,199	3,464
Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,932	2,334
						Total Imperial	5,32,281	4,83,683
						Local.		
District Roads and other expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	...	56,489	56,048
Municipal and School Plantation Funds expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	...	26,927	35,576
						Total Local	83,416	91,624
						Grand total	6,15,697	5,75,307
						Surplus	...	24,966
						Deficit	89,843	...

(98). Account of cash receipts and disbursements of the treasuries
for the year 1907-1908.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash balance of last year	5,46,190	Expenditure as per Statements Nos. 91 and 92	8,57,672
Nett revenue as per Statement No. 91 deducting Rs. 2,776 being sale proceeds of lands separately shown	5,97,497	Re-payment of loans, railways & interest.	12,635
Receipts on account of loans and railways ...	...	Advances	30,891
Service Funds	...	Re-payment of deposits	2,77,263
Re-payment of advances, etc.	13,030	Bills of other treasuries paid ...	9,49,134
Deposits	3,99,822	Expenditure on account of other Govts ...	6,865
Prize money	...	Remittances to State treasuries ...	4,01,263
Sale proceeds of waste lands	2,776		
Bills drawn on other treasuries	2,75,932		
Family remittances	...		
Remittances from other treasuries	8,75,800		
Add amount deducted as per Statement No. 91 ...	2,82,365		
Total ...	29,93,412		
Disbursements ...	26,35,693		
Cash balance at the end of the year ...	3,57,719	Total ...	26,35,693

(94).

Excise Revenue and

District.	Detail of gross receipts during											
	Import- ed liquors.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at differ- ent rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).			Country spirits and fermented liquor.				Opium.			
	License fees.	Duty.	License fees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Rent on toddy trees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Gain on opium.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Coorg ...Rs.	840	134	150	284	1,50,108	9,779	24,496	1,84,383	...	653	54	707
Total of previous year...Rs.	960	185	135	320	1,20,045	8,174	16,852	1,45,071	...	827	350	1,177

(95).

Excise charges

Name of district, circle or other division.	Detail of charges during			
	Establishments.	Travelling allowance.	Supplies and services.	Contingencies.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg Rs.	4,658	1,001	80	151
Total of previous year ... Rs.	4,494	1,041	23	202

(96).

Manufactories, licenses, and shops

District.	Manufacture of liquor.			Vend of					
	Number of			Number of wholesale licenses for sale of					
	Breweries.	Distilleries for the manufacture of spirit paying duty at higher rates than ordi- nary country spirits.	Country spirits distilleries.	European liquors imported or manufactured in India.		Country spirits.	Country ferment- ed liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its prepar- ations.	Drugs other than opium
			Central dis- tilleries pub- lic or private	Import- ed.	Manu- factured	Arrack.	Toddy.	Opium.	Ganja
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Coorg.	...	...	1	2	...	4	...	...	...
Total of previous year.	...	...	1	3	...	4	...	1	...

nett revenue for 1907-1908.

the year from

Drugs other than opium.				Fines, forfeitures and miscellaneous.			Grand total.	Total charges	Nett revenue in the year.	
Ganja.				Rent of building.	Miscellaneous.	Total.				
Duty.	License fees.	Gain on ganja.	Total.							
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
2,000	132	658	2,790	275	126	401	1,89,405	6,008	1,83,397	
...	196	412	608	300	157	457	1,48,593	5,927	1,42,666	

for 1907-1908.

the year.

Refunds.	Grand total charges.	Remarks.
6	7	8
118	6,008	
167	5,927	

for 1907-1908.

Liquor and drugs.

Number of shops licensed to sell by retail.												
European liquors imported or manufactured in India.			Country spirits.	Country fermented liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its preparations.				Drugs other than opium.			
Imported.	Manufactured.	Total.			Raw opium.	Madak and Chandu and other preparations of opium.	Total of columns 16 and 17.	For medical purposes (drug-gist's permits and the like).	Ganja.	Charas.	Bhang.	Total.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
5*	1	6	40	208	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5
6	1	7	39	228	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5

* This includes the two wholesale shops where the retail sale is also authorized.

(97).

Duty and consumption of

District.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at different rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).		Country spirits issued from central distilleries, public or private.		
	Issues in Imperial gallons.		Issues in Imperial gallons.		Rates of duty () per proof gallon.
	Issues strength of () degrees, Imperial gallon.	Rate of duty per Imperial gallon of () London proof.	At strength of 20 degrees under proof.	Equivalent at London proof.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Coorg ...	1,072	...	39,620	31,696	Rs. A. P. 4 12 4
Total of previous year ...	1,480	...	32,095	25,676	4 12 4

(98).

Incidence of consumption

District.	Population.				Number of persons per retail shop for sale of			
					Liquors.		Drugs.	
	Hindus.	Coorgs.	Christians and others.	Total.	Country spirits column 14 of Statement 96.	Country fermented liquors column 15 of Statement 96.	Opium and its preparations column 18 of Statement 96.	Other drugs column 23 of Statement 96.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg ...	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,315	868	60,202	36,121
Total of previous year ...	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,631	792	60,202	36,121

(99).

Statement of demand, collection and

Head of revenue.	Demand of year.	Arrears outstanding.	Total demand.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
License fees (foreign and country liquors) ...	10,627	...	10,627
Still head duty ...	1,62,969	...	1,62,969
Rent of toddy trees ...	24,127	3,757	27,884
Opium license fees ...	516	187	653
Gain on opium ...	54	...	54
Duty on ganja ...	2,000	...	2,000
Ganja license fees ...	132	...	132
Gain on ganja ...	658	...	658
Distillery rent ...	300	...	300
Miscellaneous ...	126	...	126
Beer license fee ...	180	...	180
Duty on beer ...	134	...	134
Total.....	2,01,828	3,894	2,05,717
Total of previous year...	1,53,316	1,659	1,54,975

spirits and drugs for 1907-1908.

Opium.				Other drugs.			Remarks.
Issues in seers from Government treasuries (or in districts where the supply is not derived entirely from treasuries amount sold by retail).				Amount sold by retail in seers.			
Prices per seer.							
Wholesale price at which opium is issued from the treasury.		Retail average price at which retail vendors sell.		Ganja.	Charas.	Bhang.	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Seers.	Tolas.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Seers Tola.			
56	54	20 0 0 Per Madras seer.	45 0 0 Per Madras seer.	323—67	...	...	
36	69	57 8 0	60 0 0	214—0	...	...	

for 1907-1908.

Gross excise receipts per ten thousand of total population to nearest rupee.			Nett excise revenue from all sources per ten thousand of total population. See column 23 of Statement 94.	Remarks.
From spirits and fermented liquors, total of columns 2, 5 & 9 of Statement 94.	From opium column 13 of Statement 94.	From drugs other than opium column 17 of Statement 94.		
10	11	12	13	14
Rs. 10,271	Rs. 39	Rs. 154	Rs. 10,154	
8,103	65	34	7,899	

balance of excise revenue for 1907-1908.

Collections made during the year against total in column 4.			Advance collections made in previous year against current demand	Remissions and amounts written off as irrecoverable.	Realizable balance (column 4 minus columns 7, 8 and 9.	Advance collections for coming year.	Total realizations in year (columns 7 and 11).
Current.	Arrear.	Total.					
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
10,619	...	10,619	...	...	8	...	10,619
1,50,108	...	1,50,108	10,453	...	2,408	...	1,50,108
20,738	3,758	24,496	...	...	3,388	...	24,496
516	137	653	...	...	...	...	653
54	...	54	...	...	...	...	54
2,000	...	2,000	...	...	...	...	2,000
132	...	132	...	...	...	...	132
658	...	658	...	...	...	...	658
275	...	275	...	...	25	...	275
126	...	126	...	...	...	...	126
150	...	150	...	...	30	...	150
134	...	134	...	...	...	...	134
1,85,510	3,895	1,89,405	10,453	...	5,859	...	1,89,405
1,36,481	1,659	1,38,140	12,940	...	3,895	10,453	1,48,593

(100). Comparative statement of excise offences in 1907-1908.

Year.	Prosecutions.		Convictions.		Acquittals.		Fines realized.	Reward to excise officers.	Reward to informants.	Balance.	Remarks.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.					
1907-08.	70	94	61	70	9	14	Rs. 1,213	Rs. 237	Rs. 123	Rs. 853	
1906-07.	37	45	31	36	6	9	Rs. 613	Rs. 23	Rs. 46	Rs. 544	

The details are as follow :—

						1907-08.	1906-07.
1.	Under sec. 45 of the Excise Act	(For illicit distillation of paddy arrack)	...	28	13		
2.	Do.	48 do. (For cultivating hemp without license)	...	3	2		
3.	Do.	49 do. (For selling toddy or arrack without license)	...	22	11		
4.	Do.	51 do. (For illegally possessing arrack or toddy)	...	5	10		
5.	Do.	52 do. (For breach of condition of license)	...	12	1		

(101). Statement of the working of the excise department for 1907-1908.

No.	Names.	Designation.	Number of shops visited and miles travelled.							
			Arrack.	Toddy.	Opium.	Ganja.	Beer.	Methy- lated spirits.	Total.	Miles.
1	Kongandra Timmayya and S. V. Krishnayya.	Inspector, North Coorg } South Coorg ...	287	609	20	32	16	93	1,057	1,891
2	Cheppudira Kariappa.		255	496	29	29	...	54	863	2,583
3	Aichetti Appachu ...	Tester, Kiggatnad Taluk circle.	210	545	18	17	...	64	854	2,592
4	Mukkatira Kalappa ...	Padinalknad Taluk circle.	201	550	24	24	...	...	799	2,257
5	Apparandra Appayya..	North Coorg ...	271	504	19	40	11	67	912	1,473

(102). Statement showing the abstract of receipts and charges under stamps for the year 1907-1908.

	Receipts.	Charges.				Nett receipts.	Cost of general supervision.	Cost of stamps and plain paper supplied from Central Depot.
		Discount and establishment for sale of stamps.	Refunds.	Other charges.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Under the Stamp Act ...	10,497	468	232	...	690	9,807	...	} Not known.
Under the Court Fees Act.	32,140	264	34	...	298	31,842	...	
Total ...	42,637	732	256	...	988	41,649	...	...
Total of previous year ...	39,958	702	80	...	782	39,176	...	...

(103). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of judicial stamps for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Sale of court fee stamps.	Sale of stamps for copies.	Sale of plain paper used with court fee labels.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	31,524	...	60	556	32,140
Total of previous year ...	29,074	...	83	719	29,876

(104). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of non-judicial stamps for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Impressed stamps.	Impressed labels.	Hundis or inland bills of exchange.	Duty on impressing documents.		Total.
				Duty on embossing one anna receipt and check forms	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	10,250	...	154	...	93	10,497
Total of previous year ...	9,843	...	94	...	145	10,082

(105). Statement showing the arrangements for the vend of stamps for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Number of Vendors.	Discount allowed to Vendors.			
		On judicial stamps.	On plain paper.	On non-judicial stamps.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	9	262	2	468	732
Total of previous year ...	10	252	3	447	702

(106). Statement showing the insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments on which duty and penalty were levied by Civil courts and Collectors for the year 1907-1908.

District.	By Civil court under section 34 of Act II of 1899.		By Collector under sections 25, 27, 40 and 41 of Act II of 1899.	
	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg	119	Rs. 595	10	Rs. 44
Total of previous year ...	130	764	22	103

(107). Statement showing the stamp prosecutions for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Number of cases instituted.	Number of persons.			Amount of fines imposed.	Amount of rewards disbursed.	Remarks.
		Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg	2	2	2	...	Rs. 11	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	4	5	5	...	31	...	

(108). Statement showing the result of action taken by Collector to test valuation of estates for which applications for probate and letters of administration were put in, for the year 1907-1908.

District.	Number of cases reported to Collector.	Number of such cases in which inquiries were instituted.	Amount of court fee originally paid in cases inquired into.	Amount of deficit court fee required.	Penalty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg	3	3	Rs. 734	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	3	3	300	...	...	

(109). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from salaries, pensions, annuities and gratuities paid by Government in the year 1907-1908.

Class.	Income.		Paid by Government.					
			Salaries.		Pensions and annuities.		Total.	
			No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8
I	Ra. 500 but less than	Ra. 750 ...	...	Ra. ...	...	Ra. ...	...	Ra. ...
II	750 " "	1,000 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	1,000 " "	1,250 ...	9	167	1	34	10	201
IV	1,250 " "	1,500 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
V	1,500 " "	1,750 ...	6	164	...	...	6	164
VI	1,750 " "	2,000 ...	2	75	...	...	2	75
Total I to VI ..			17	406	1	34	18	440
VII	2,000 " "	2,500 ...	1	53	...	...	1	53
VIII	2,500 " "	3,000 ...	5	473	1	76	6	549
IX	3,000 " "	3,500 ...	4	616	...	...	4	616
X	3,500 " "	4,000 ...	2	634	...	...	2	634
XI	4,000 " "	4,500 ...	1	569	...	...	1	569
XII	4,500 " "	5,000 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIII	5,000 " "	5,500 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIV	5,500 " "	6,000 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XV	6,000 and more ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total VII to XV ..			13	2,345	1	76	14	2,421
Grand total ...			30	2,751	2	110	32	2,861
Grand total of previous year ...			26	2,542	3	78	29	2,620

(110). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from interest on securities in the year 1907-1908.

Class.	Rate of tax.	Securities of the Government of India.		Securities of Local Authority or Company.		Total.	
		Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I to VI	At 4 pies in the rupee ...	Ra. ...	Ra. ...	Ra. ...	Ra. ...	Ra. ...	Ra. ...
VII to XV	At 5 pies in the rupee ...	14,000	13	9,150	33	18,150	51
Total ...		14,000	13	9,150	33	18,150	51
Total of previous year ...		92,500	65	3,700	6	99,200	71

(111).

Statement showing the collections of the tax

Class.	Amount of income.	Salaries, pensions, annuities, and gratuities paid by Government.		Salaries, pensions, annuities and gratuities paid by local authorities.		Salaries, &c., paid by companies, public bodies, associations, and private employers. Tax levied under Section 9 (1).Section 9 (2).				Profit of companies.	
		No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
I	Rs. 500 but less than 750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II	750 " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	1,000 " "	10	201	1	12	8	183	4	90	...	...
IV	1,250 " "	...	...	...	...	2	58	1	28	...	...
V	1,500 " "	6	164	...	...	2	61	1	33	...	...
VI	1,750 " "	2	75	...	...	2	70	3	99	...	...
Total I to VI		18	440	1	12	14	372	9	250	...	...
VII	2,000 but less than 2,500	1	58	...	...	2	117	7	392	...	...
VIII	2,500 " "	6	549	...	...	19	1,744	7	503	...	...
IX	5,000 " "	4	616	...	...	3	484	6	925	...	...
X	10,000 " "	2	635	...	...	...	...	1	227	...	...
XI	20,000 " "	1	569	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII	30,000 " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIII	40,000 " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIV	50,000 " "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XV	1,00,000 and more	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total VII to XV		14	2,422	...	...	24	2,345	21	2,047	...	...
Total I to XV		32	2,862	1	12	38	2,717	30	2,297	...	...
Less commission		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	...
Grand Total		32	2,862	1	12	38	2,717	30	2,297	...	...
Grand total of previous year		29	2,620	2	35	37	2,830	34	1,732	...	...

(112).

Statement showing the original and final demands and uncollected

Part of the Act under which the income is assessed.	Original demand.		Revision by Collec- tor.		Revision by Com- missioner.		Final demand.		Pro- cess by Collec- tor.		Fines by magis- trate.		Arrears of pre- vious year.	Total of columns 9, 11, 13 and 14.	Collec-	
	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.			Tax.	Procegs.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Salaries and Pensions. Chapter III S. A and Part I, Schedule II.	101	Rs. 7,624	...	...	...	...	101	7,624	6	6	...	...	Rs. 1,340	Rs. 8,970	Rs. 6,604	Rs. 6
Profits of Companies. Chapter III B and Part II, Schedule II	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on Securities. Chapter III C and Part III, Schedule II.	...	51	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	...	...	...	...	51	51	...
Other sources of Income. Chapter III D and Part IV, Schedule II.	72	2,549	21	2,316	...	...	66	2,316	26	26	...	...	2,000	4,342	2,316	26
Total	173	10,224	21	2,316	...	...	167	9,991	32	32	...	...	3,340	13,363	8,971	32
Total of previous year	175	10,519	16	2,497	...	...	168	10,327	24	24	...	...	3,180	13,531	8,850	24

under Act II of 1886 in the year 1907-1908.

Interest on securi- ties.	Other sources of income.		Total collections of tax.		Process by Collector.	Fines by magistrate.	Total of columns 17, 18 and 19.	Refunds.	Nett collections.	Remarks.
	Amount of tax.	No. of asses- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of asses- sees.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	31	620	54	1,106	16	...	1,122	...	1,122	
...	5	136	8	222	3	...	225	...	225	
...	16	560	25	618	4	...	822	...	822	
...	...	...	7	244	...	...	244	...	244	
...	52	1,316	94	2,390	23	...	2,413	...	2,413	
...	7	347	17	909	2	...	911	...	911	
...	8	602	40	3,398	7	...	3,405	...	3,405	
...	...	...	13	2,025	...	...	2,025	...	2,025	
...	...	...	3	862	...	...	862	...	862	
...	...	...	1	569	...	...	569	...	569	
51	...	...	...	51	...	...	51	...	51	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	2,051	1	2,051	...	...	2,051	...	2,051	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
51	16	3,000	75	9,865	9	...	9,874	...	9,874	
51	68	4,316	169	12,255	32	...	12,287	...	12,287	
...	...	...	...	60	...	...	60	...	60	
51	68	4,316	169	12,195	32	...	12,227	...	12,227	
71	66	2,574	168	9,862	24	...	9,886	2	9,884	

balances of sums due under Act II of 1886 in the year 1907-1908.

tions.				REMARKS.
Fines.	Arrears.	Total.	Balance.	
18	19	20	21	22
...	Rs. 1,224	Rs. 7,834	Rs. 872 (a)	(a) Amount shown in column 15 ... Rs. 13,363 Deduct— Rs. 1. Collection in column 20 ... 12,227 2. Commission to companies, &c., under section 9 (2) ... 60 3. Tax on amount deducted from sala- ries on account of insurance premia. 172 4. Amount ordered to be written off 32 12,491 Balance ... 872 of which Rs. 381 have since been recovered, leaving a balance of Rs. 491.
...	...	51	...	
...	2,000	4,342	...	
...	3,224	12,227	72	
...	1,012	9,886	3,340	

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

(113). Return showing births, deaths and marriages among the population of any place or in any class in respect of which particulars may have been ascertained during the year 1907 and the average age at which death occurred.

Race or class.		1	2	3	4	5	6
			Population of place or number of class.	Number of marriages during the year.	Number of births during the year.	Number of deaths during the year.	Average age at time of death.
Mercara	...	...	6,732	41	44	228	25
Virajendrapet	...	...	4,283	29	86	294	25
Fraserpet	...	...	1,600	6	27	61	24
Sonwarpet	...	...	1,745	9	30	61	35
Kodipet	...	...	889	6	28	28	23
Total	...		15,249	91	215	672	26

(114). Statement showing the births registered

No.	District and rural circles.			Population according to census of 1901.			Number of births registered.		
				Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3			4		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk...	...	16,938	11,682	28,620	268	223	491
		Padinalknad ,,	...	15,355	13,265	28,620	553	522	1,075
		Yedenalknad,,	...	25,448	17,964	43,412	396	400	796
		Kiggatnad ,,	...	20,083	17,152	37,235	496	429	925
		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	22,434	20,286	42,720	522	495	1,017
		Total	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,235	2,069	4,304
		Total of previous year	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,324	2,389	4,713

(115). Statement showing births and deaths registered

Serial number.	District and rural circles.			Area in square miles.	Average population per square mile.	Population (census of 1901).			Births.		Number of deaths registered.		
						Male.	Female.	Total.	Total number.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3	4	5			6		7		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk	...	216.30	132	16,938	11,682	28,620	491	17.15	578	430	1,008
2		Padinalknad ,,	...	399.90	72	15,355	13,265	28,620	1,075	37.56	621	645	1,266
3		Yedenalknad ,,	...	201.45	215	25,448	17,964	43,412	796	18.34	776	575	1,351
4		Kiggatnad ,,	...	410.45	91	20,083	17,152	37,235	925	24.84	639	549	1,188
5		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	354.71	120	22,434	20,286	42,720	1,017	23.81	839	697	1,536
		Total	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,304	28.83	3,453	2,896	6,349
		Total of previous year	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,713	26.10	2,875	2,410	5,285

during the year 1907.

Ratio of births per 1,000 of population.			Number of males born to every 100 females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of births per 1,000 during previous five years.		
Male.	Female.	Total				Male.	Female.	Total.
5			6	7	8	9		
9.36	7.79	17.15	120.18	...	18.06	9.65	9.92	19.57
19.32	18.24	37.56	105.94	...	6.67	18.85	17.95	36.80
9.12	9.21	18.34	99	...	12.78	9.52	9.29	18.81
13.32	11.52	24.84	115.62	...	7.06	12.63	12.94	25.57
12.92	11.59	23.51	105.45	...	12.15	12.50	13.02	25.52
12.37	11.46	23.83	108.02	...	11.32	12.37	12.39	24.76
12.87	13.23	26.10	97.28	...	3.17	11.66	11.65	23.31

during the year 1907.

Number of deaths of males to every 100 deaths of females.	Deaths per 1,000 of population from											Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 during previous five years.		
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	All causes.			Male.	Female.	Total.
									Male.	Female.	Total.			
8	9											10		
134.43	1.05	3.25	...	25.33	1.25	.80	.24	3.26	34.12	36.81	35.22	28.40	31.22	29.61
96.28	2.41	2.66	...	35.95	.90	...	.07	2.24	40.44	46.62	44.23	28.58	27.19	27.93
134.96	1.15	.39	.05	18.87	2.87	1.20	.05	6.54	30.49	32.01	31.12	24.76	26.49	25.47
116.39	.91	.03	...	24.57	4.08	.05	...	2.26	31.81	32.01	31.90	24.54	25.11	24.80
120.37	.09	.56	...	32.30	.82	...	.05	2.13	37.40	34.35	35.95	32.79	32.83	32.81
119.23	1.04	1.17	.01	26.95	2.08	.48	.07	3.41	34.44	36.04	35.15	27.72	28.62	28.12
119.29	.06	1.29	...	23.62	.73	.24	.13	3.14	28.63	29.99	29.26	29.35	29.83	29.57

(116).

Deaths registered during

1	2	3					
No.	District.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	Coorg	383	379	612	543	704	756
	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in each month.	2.12	2.10	3.38	3.00	3.90	4.19

(117).

Deaths registered according to age

No.	District.	Under 1 year.		1 year and under 5.		5 and under 10.		10 and under 15.		15 and under 20.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
1	Coorg	677	527	349	326	140	14	112	83	124	119
2	Population on which ratio is calculated.	2,762	2,818	6,809	7,076	11,242	11,196	11,885	10,385	9,743	7,745
	Ratio per 1,000 living.	245.11	187.01	51.26	46.07	12.45	13.31	9.42	7.99	12.73	15.36

Note.—The ratios are worked out from the census figures of 1901.

(118).

Deaths registered according to classes

1	2	3			
No.	District.	Population according to census of 1901.			
		Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
1	Coorg	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607
	Previous year ...	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607

(119).

Deaths registered from different causes in the towns

No.	Districts and towns.	Population according to census of 1901.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Injuries.					
								Suicide.		Wounding or suicide.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.	
								Males.	Females.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8						
1	<i>A. Districts.</i>												
	Mercara Taluk ...	21,888	30	80	...	599	9	5	2	...	...	1	3
	Padinalknad Taluk ...	28,620	69	76	...	1,029	26	...	...	1	...	1	2
	Yedenalknad „ ...	39,129	44	13	2	811	51	...	1	...	...	...	1
	Kiggatnad „ ...	37,235	34	1	...	915	152	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Nanjarajpatna „ ...	38,486	4	23	...	1,250	34	...	...	...	1	1	2
	Total ...	165,358	181	193	2	4,604	272	7	3	1	1	3	8
2	<i>B. Towns.</i>												
	Mercara ...	6,732	...	13	...	126	28	18	2	1	...	1	4
	Virajendrapet ...	4,283	6	4	...	8	74	52	...	1	...	...	1
	Fraserpet ...	1,600	...	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Somwarpet ...	1,745	...	1	...	49	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kodlipet ...	889	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ..	15,249	6	18	...	264	103	70	2	2	...	1	5
Total for the province ..		180,607	187	211	2	4,868	375	77	5	3	1	4	13
Total of previous year ...		180,607	10	234	...	4,266	141	43	10	1	9	4	24

each month of the year 1907.

3—Continued.						4
July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total deaths registered during the year.
648	527	521	395	398	483	6,349
3.59	2.92	2.88	2.19	2.21	2.67	35.15

during the year 1907.

20 and under 30.		30 and under 40.		40 and under 50.		50 and under 60.		60 and upwards.		Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
8		9		10		11		12		13	
452	507	635	413	463	312	257	235	244	225	3,453	2,896
22,363	17,024	18,628	11,102	9,923	6,522	4,476	3,851	2,427	2,630	100,258	80,540
20.21	29.78	34.09	37.20	46.66	47.84	57.42	61.02	100.54	85.55	34.44	36.04

during the year 1907.

4				5			
Number of deaths registered.				Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			
Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.	Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
463	5,497	389	6,349	33.91	34.40	54.51	35.15
328	4,629	328	5,285	24.02	28.96	45.96	29.26

and districts during the year 1907.

All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.									
		Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
										For the year	Mean of previous 5 years
9	10	11									
54	780	1.37	3.65	...	27.37	.41	.23	.14	2.47	35.64	28.85
64	1,266	2.41	2.66	...	35.95	.91	...	.07	2.24	44.23	27.93
135	1,057	1.12	.33	.05	20.73	1.30	...	.03	3.45	27.01	22.01
84	1,188	.91	.03	...	24.57	4.08	.05	...	2.26	31.91	24.80
73	1,386	.10	.60	...	32.48	.88	...	.05	1.90	36.01	33.07
410	5,677	1.09	1.17	.01	27.84	1.64	.04	.05	2.48	34.33	27.15
39	298	...	1.93	...	18.73	4.16	2.67	.59	5.79	33.87	32.09
149	204	1.40	.93	...	1.87	17.28	12.14	.23	34.79	68.64	57.11
8	61	...	...	...	33.13	...	...	...	5.00	38.13	36.00
10	61	...	.57	...	28.68	.57	...	...	5.73	34.96	25.10
...	28	...	...	...	31.50	...	...	...	...	31.50	30.82
206	672	.39	1.17	...	17.31	6.75	4.59	.33	13.51	44.07	38.65
616	6,349	1.04	1.17	.01	26.95	2.08	.43	.07	3.41	35.15	28.12
567	5,285	.06	1.29	...	23.62	.78	.24	.13	3.14	29.26	29.57

(124). Deaths registered from plague during each month of the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	District.	Circles of registration. Number in each district. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Villages. Number in each district. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.
1	Coorg	10	1	502	...	...	...

(125). Deaths registered from respiratory diseases during each month of the year 1907.

1	2			3	4		5					6		7			8								
No.	District.			Number in each district. Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Circles of registration.	Number in each district. Number from which deaths from respiratory diseases were reported.	Villages.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.			
1	Coorg	...	...	10	4	502	...	5	14	6	7	8	5	5	9	1	7	2	63	14	77	63	17	43	12

(126). Statement showing ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 of living population during the year 1907.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	District.	Name of circle.	Population.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from fever per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 living.
1	Coorg	<i>A. Municipal Towns.</i>				
		Mercara	6,732	1.93	18.72	4.16
		Virajendrapet	4,283	.93	1.87	17.28
		Fraserpet	1,600	...	33.13	...
		Somwarpet	1,745	.57	28.08	.57
		Kodlipet	889	...	31.50	...
		<i>B. Rural circles.</i>				
		Mercara Taluk	21,268	3.65	27.37	.41
		Padinalknad,,	28,620	2.66	35.95	.91
		Yedenalknad,,	39,129	.33	20.73	1.30
		Kiggatnad,,	37,235	.03	24.57	4.08
		Nanjarajpatna,,	38,486	.60	32.48	.88

(127). Comparative statement showing the mortuary and meteorological statistics together with the prices current of the chief food-grains for 1907 and five years preceding it.

1	2	3	4				5	6	7	8	9									
District.	Popula- tion.	Total deaths.	Deaths from				Temperature in shade.			Mean humidity.	Wind.		Rainfall (in inches).	Average quantity in seers per rupee of the chief food-grains in general use in the district.						
			Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Maximum	Minimum.	Mean.		Prevailing direction.	Mean velocity (in miles).		Wheat	Barley.	Rice, best.	Rice, common	Ragi.	Gram.	Salt.
Coorg. {	1902...	4,887	...	19	4,116	106	89.0	59.2	69.2	88	...	4.5	120.65	6.2	6.5	8.1	13.7	27.9	25.2	11.0
	1903...	5,675	...	43	4,770	137	92.0	51.1	68.8	88	...	5.4	139.48	6.2	6.4	8.1	12.1	28.8	24.4	10.8
	1904...	4,808	...	16	4,054	90	85.0	51.0	68.1	87	...	6.0	126.17	7.4	7.4	9.3	12.0	26.2	10.4	11.0
	1905...	4,739	...	132	3,876	96	92.0	50.6	69.2	83	...	4.1	101.89	7.8	7.7	7.9	9.12	15.15	11.12	14.0
	1906...	5,285	10	234	4,266	141	91.5	53.1	69.4	86	...	3.9	132.36	6.17	6.12	7.12	9.17	15.14	12.6	14.7
	1907...	6,349	187	211	4,868	375	88.5	51.0	69.0	89	...	3.6	142.30	6.5	6.3	8.1	10.3	19.2	16.10	15.8

(128).

Statement showing the number of hospitals and

Population of the province.	Hospitals and dispensaries.
1	2
180,607	II. State Aided III. Local Fund V. Private non-aided Total Total of previous year

(129).

Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients

Name of district.	Name of dispensary.	Of what class.	In-door												
			a					b	c	d	e	f	g		
			Total treated during the year.					Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged other-wise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per-cent. to total treated.	Number of beds available		
			Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.						Men.	Women.	
1	2	3	4												
Coorg	Mercara Civil Hospital	III.	444	101	13	15	573	438	23	20	92	16.06	42	28	
	Virajendrapet Civil Hospital	Do.	541	75	3	9	628	438	22	11	157	25.00	16	6	
	Apparandra Napoklu Dispensary	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Mukkati Aiyappa's Gonikoppal do	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Somwarpet Civil Dispensary	Do.	78	10	2	...	90	72	...	1	17	18.89	8	6	
	Suntikoppa do	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
	Sidapur do	Do.	...	1	1	...	2	1	...	...	1	50	2	2	
	Total	...	...	1063	187	19	24	1,293	949	45	32	267	20.65	70	44
Total of previous year		...	...	334	169	14	14	1,021	723	62	53	193	18.72	40	20

(130).

Statement showing the diseases of the in-door and out-door patient

Number.	Name of dispensary.	General diseases.														Local					
		Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.		Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.	Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.
													Carcinoma.	Sarcoma.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
													a	b							
1	Mercara Civil Hospital	26	...	283	3,413	10	...	75	68	1,059	...	48	...	...	201	256	263	143	201	19	34
2	Virajendrapet do.	4	6	120	3,685	32	6	52	29	1,034	...	48	...	...	343	225	333	149	229	27	24
3	Apparandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	10	4	79	410	12	...	1	...	564	...	4	...	...	20	149	82	25	58	4	16
4	M. Aiyappa's Goni-koppal do.	...	15	133	1,173	4	...	13	14	325	...	16	...	...	127	59	107	30	83	12	11
5	Somwarpet do.	...	3	...	118	1,813	...	50	43	637	...	37	...	...	100	187	233	66	91	11	8
6	Suntikoppa do.	...	2	...	141	1,346	24	...	34	25	251	4	121	...	230	169	426	60	141	17	42
7	Sidapur do.	...	3	5	60	1,227	5	...	10	18	213	...	220	...	68	47	128	47	98	22	6
Total		48	71	934	13,067	88	6	234	198	4,023	4	1,844	...	...	1059	1,092	1,572	523	901	112	141
Total of previous year..		28	2	1,025	12,992	79	7	285	209	3,336	2	1,707	...	...	912	1,242	1,382	501	661	183	151

Note.—There are no State public hospitals in Coorg though the Mercara municipal hospital includes a special police ward—vide Statement No. 132 *infra*. The same institution and the Virajendrapet Hospital are included under the heading "III Local Fund".

dispensaries during the year 1907.

Number open on 31st Dec. 1907.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
3	4	5	6	7
...	...	...	...	
7	...	...	7	
3	...	...	3	
10	...	...	10	
10	...	...	10	

treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1907.

patients.						Out-door patients.												Total number of patients treated both in-door and out-door.
h						a	b	c					d					
Daily average number.						Number treated.						Average daily attend- ance.						
Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.	At- tended per- sonally.	Repre- sented by friends.	Total treated					Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.		
		Male.	Female.				Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.			Male.	Female.			
4—continued						5												6
15-26	4-44	52	51	20-73	9,046	3,723	6,945	2,658	1,809	1,357	12,769	38-29	15-24	9-50	7-28	70-31	13,342	
15-49	3-53	09	20	19-31	8,076	4,196	6,771	2,818	1,496	1,187	12,272	32-53	15-30	7-24	6-14	61-21	12,900	
...	...	...	...	...	1,547	1,706	1,556	585	647	469	3,253	5-73	2-13	1-86	1-49	11-21	3,253	
...	...	...	...	...	3,159	1,316	2,839	787	487	362	4,475	11-82	3-50	1-77	1-35	18-44	4,475	
4-90	53	07	...	5-50	4,429	2,491	4,522	993	815	592	6,928	19-12	4-51	2-95	2-02	28-60	7,018	
...	...	...	...	...	4,678	2,095	4,467	1,134	590	582	6,773	22-43	6-37	3-18	3-36	35-34	6,773	
...	0-02	0-08	...	0-10	3,257	1,500	3,074	815	447	421	4,757	11-73	3-11	1-63	1-53	18-00	4,759	
35-65	8-52	0-76	0-71	45-64	34,192	17,035	30,171	9,795	6,391	4,970	51,227	141-65	50-16	28-13	23-17	243-11	52,520	
24-62	6-16	0-38	0-49	31-65	31,387	16,643	28,799	8,946	5,896	4,389	48,030	138-12	44-93	25-12	19-21	227-38	49,061	

treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1907.

diseases.																	General and local.			Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the re- spiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lym- phatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the ur- inary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the con- nective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.				
																	Opium.	Other poisons.			
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	
1,452	353	322	233	1,476	350	45	...	25	...	138	51	103	524	1,169	2	597	...	20	13,342	146	
1,158	243	308	146	988	378	63	...	39	18	97	23	154	449	1,616	...	427	...	5	12,900	220	
276	47	56	57	361	73	4	...	45	...	17	17	30	83	559	...	106	...	...	3,253	110	
244	75	88	99	547	172	24	...	13	...	25	4	48	177	510	...	179	...	2	4,475	111	
541	38	69	34	541	153	54	...	12	1	19	64	92	179	1,140	64	276	...	...	7,018	75	
632	93	125	46	908	462	28	...	18	...	61	55	88	375	672	...	175	...	2	6,773	100	
433	51	108	26	640	138	27	...	14	...	42	71	24	172	530	...	306	...	...	4,759	66	
4,736	905	1076	641	5,461	1,726	245	...	166	19	399	285	533	1,959	6,196	66	2,066	...	29	52,520	828	
3,123	690	885	735	6,003	1,504	221	...	167	5	420	250	495	2,478	4,838	39	2,001	...	14	49,061	808	

(131). Return showing the diseases treated and the death from each class of

Names of dispensaries.				Number of each class of												
				Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever intermittent.	Fever remittent.	Fever continued.	Fever typhoid.	Fever typhus.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen disease.
<i>Mercara Civil Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	28	9	...	...	...	4	15	26	2
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,737	1419	194	3	...	...	349	331	199	384
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	64	43	36	2	...	...	40	32	30	53
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,715	1404	167	1	...	...	313	314	195	333
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,779	1447	203	3	...	...	353	346	225	386
<i>Virajendrapet Civil Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,453	52	21	1	...	...	408	342	2	486
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	112	...	2	...	...	...	91	59	2	38
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	3,363	52	19	1	...	...	320	285	...	448
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	3,475	52	21	1	...	...	411	344	2	486
<i>Apparandra Napokla Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	298	51	51	2	...	...	85	63	54	71
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	298	51	51	2	...	...	85	63	55	71
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	298	51	51	2	...	...	85	63	55	71
<i>Mukkatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	2	...	...	...	...	3	5	3	3
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	786	232	84	...	...	...	145	85	98	162
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	808	234	84	...	...	...	148	90	101	163
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	808	234	84	...	...	...	148	90	101	165
<i>Somwarpet Civil Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	7	...
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,786	3	140	2	...	...	120	61	24	164
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	2	...	12	3	5	4
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,787	2	133	...	...	...	109	59	26	160
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,787	3	142	2	...	...	121	62	31	164
<i>Suntikoppa Civil Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	6	3	...	...	...	4	4	7	7
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,457	44	14	...	...	...	2	135	123	493
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,497	50	17	...	...	...	2	139	132	47
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,497	50	17	...	...	...	2	139	132	47
<i>Sidapur Civil Dispensary.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,354	...	...	...	...	...	64	120	22	173
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,367	...	...	...	...	...	64	122	22	175
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,367	...	...	...	...	...	64	122	22	175
<i>Grand Total of all the dispensaries.</i>																
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	140	36	14	...	...	...	15	30	43	14
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,871	1801	504	8	...	...	21306	1130	439	1,933
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	176	44	47	4	...	...	143	94	37	95
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	10,835	1793	471	4	...	...	21178	1066	445	1,852
	Grand Total	...	...	...	...	...	11,011	1837	518	8	...	...	21321	1160	482	1,947
<i>Total of previous year</i>				...	...	...	13,851	704	662	22	...	...	41097	911	702	1,632

disease in the public hospitals and dispensaries during the *official year* 1907-1908.

Disease 1906-1907.											Deaths from each disease.																								
Respiratory disease.	Phtisis pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral disease.	Eye disease.	Abscess and ulcers.	Wounds & accidents.	All other causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever intermittent.	Fever remittent.	Fever continued.	Fever typhoid.	Fever typhus.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen disease.	Respiratory disease.	Phtisis & pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Veneral disease.	Eye disease.	Abscess and ulcers.	Wounds & accidents.	All other causes.	Total.	
15	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	7	43	196	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1309	14	37	...	468	147	191	694	660	5,248	13,405	...	3	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	9	16	2	10	...	4	...	...	2	...	5	6	26	90	
29	5	11	...	9	39	8	41	36	166	653	...	3	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	9	16	2	10	...	4	...	...	2	...	5	6	26	90	
1295	9	26	...	464	108	183	653	631	5,125	12,943	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1324	14	37	...	473	147	191	694	667	5,291	13,601	...	3	...	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	9	16	2	10	...	4	...	...	2	...	5	6	26	90	
6	...	...	...	4	8	...	3	...	25	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
783	18	103	...	461	72	133	620	470	5,246	12,693	1	2	12	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	28	2	2	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	6	2	67	162
12	3	19	...	10	21	3	56	24	345	803	1	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	28	2	2	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	6	2	67	150
777	15	84	...	455	59	130	567	446	4,926	11,963	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
789	18	103	...	465	80	133	623	470	5,271	12,766	1	2	12	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	28	2	2	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	6	2	67	162
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
262	15	46	...	49	2	22	120	104	1,832	3,145	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
262	15	46	...	49	2	22	120	105	1,832	3,147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
262	15	46	...	49	2	22	120	105	1,832	3,147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	...	...	5	1	1	4	5	18	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
198	6	25	...	152	30	37	162	180	1,898	4,286	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
207	6	25	...	157	31	38	166	185	1,916	4,367	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
207	6	25	...	157	31	38	166	185	1,916	4,367	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	...	...	...	2	6	1	...	2	16	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
544	4	27	...	406	87	161	246	305	3,005	7,087	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	8	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	20
24	4	14	...	5	6	1	14	8	11	125	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	8	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	20
532	...	13	...	403	87	161	232	299	3,010	7,013	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
556	4	27	...	408	93	162	246	307	3,021	7,138	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	8	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	20
31	4	...	...	2	...	3	2	6	127	247	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
623	17	19	4	110	65	71	446	211	3,105	6,986	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
654	21	19	4	112	65	74	448	217	3,232	7,233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
654	21	19	4	112	65	74	448	217	3,232	7,233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	3	38	81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
502	5	8	...	234	25	53	179	333	2,083	5,158	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
519	5	8	...	239	25	53	180	336	2,121	5,237	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
519	5	8	...	239	25	53	180	336	2,121	5,239	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
90	4	...	...	23	15	5	10	24	267	731	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4221	79	265	4	1880	428	668	2,467	2,263	22,417	52,760	1	7	12	8	4	2	...	...	...	...	36	44	2	10	14	1	4	...	9	4	...	12	8	95	273
65	13	44	...	24	66	12	111	68	522	1,588	1	7	...	8	4	2	...	...	...	...	36	44	2	10	14	1	4	...	9	4	...	12	8	95	261
4246	71	221	4	1879	377	661	2,360	2,219	22,162	51,903	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4311	83	265	4	1903	443	673	2,477	2,287	22,654	53,491	1	7	12	8	4	2	...	...	...	...	36	44	2	10	14	1	4	...	9	4	...	12	8	95	273
3240	69	213	2	1663	444	472	2,953	1,934	20,220	50,887	32	8	...	16	3	...	...	...	...	...	23	31	4	3	32	1	22	...	1	...	12	8	49	245	

(132). Annual statement of patients treated in the

Number.	Class of patient.	Number of beds.		Number of in-door patients treated.		Number of out-door patients treated.		General diseases.														
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.		Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.
																			Carcinoma.	Sarcoma.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	≥0	21	22	
																			a b			
1	In- and out-patients.	4	...	13	...	194	...	...	...	3	53	1	...	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	3	...

(133). Statement of in- and out-patients treated in the private

Number.	Name of dispensary.	Number of beds.		No. of in-door patients treated.		No. of out-door patients treated.		General diseases.															
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Plague.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.		Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.
																				Carcinoma.	Sarcoma.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		22	23
																				a	b		
1	Elkhill dispensary (Sidapur) ...	...	...	...	...	986	213	...	5	...	20	396	...	...	9	7	31	...	52	1	...	102	9
2	Beechlands dispensary (Pollebetta) ...	...	...	...	...	910	104	1	...	...	41	201	...	...	10	11	33	...	53	...	...	141	9
3	Dispensary at Messrs. Matheson's Estate (Sidapur) ...	...	...	...	...	1,376	430	4	1	137	346	20	...	11	20	16	2	72	...	2	145	75	
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	3,272	747	5	6	198	943	20	...	30	38	80	2	177	1	2	388	93	
	Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	3,044	836	...	4	...	54	942	8	...	39	52	52	...	236	...	2	228	135

police ward of the Mercara hospital during the year 1907.

Local diseases.																							General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.				
																						Opium.	Other poisons.			
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	
1	..	..	..	..	19	7	7	17	44	6	1	..	..	..	2	1	3	2	15	1	15	..	..	207	..	

non-aided dispensaries during the year 1907.

Local diseases.																					General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.	
Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Poisons.			
																						Opium			Other poisons.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
16	21	6	5	6	101	24	60	4	48	79	5	...	4	10	...	...	...	33	81	35	29	...	...	1,199	...
17	14	4	1	3	189	21	12	21	18	81	5	...	3	7	...	...	...	45	23	31	19	...	...	1,014	...
20	8	21	...	12	231	49	59	44	76	156	29	...	11	4	10	55	...	79	53	22	115	...	...	1,806	36
53	43	31	6	21	521	94	131	69	142	316	39	...	18	21	10	55	...	157	157	88	163	...	...	4,019	36
66	42	14	5	6	375	105	101	44	223	279	43	...	15	4	32	...	...	257	202	159	155	...	...	3,879	12

(134). Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients, according

No.	Class of dispensary.	Europeans and Eurasians.				Hindus.			
		Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Mercara Civil Hospital ..	83	47	27	37	4,956	1,592	1,163	869
2	Virajendrapet do. ...	69	19	9	14	4,903	1,722	996	500
3	Apparandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	2	...	...	...	1,345	511	612	444
4	Mukkatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Civil Dispensary.	29	27	5	13	2,010	547	368	279
5	Somwarpet do. ...	36	2	1	2	3,170	743	708	480
6	Suntikoppa do. ...	122	51	45	48	2,015	421	228	259
7	Sidapur do. ...	33	18	32	6	1,652	446	243	228
	Total ...	374	164	119	120	20,051	5,982	4,318	3,359
	Total of previous year ...	526	178	110	103	19,117	5,291	3,880	2,787

(135). Statement showing the result of the surgical operations performed

CLASS.				NATURE OF OPERATIONS.			
1				2			
Abcess	...	...	...	Opened	...	...	...
Ascitis	...	...	...	Tapped	...	...	...
Boil	...	...	...	Opened	...	...	...
Bubo	...	...	...	Do.	...	...	...
Carbuncle	...	...	...	Incised	...	...	...
Cellulites	...	...	...	Do.	...	...	...
Dislocation	...	...	...	Reduced	...	...	...
Displacement of uterus	...	...	...	Do.	...	...	...
Foreign body	...	...	...	Removed	...	...	...
Fracture	...	...	...	Set up	...	...	...
Gum boil	...	...	...	Lancetted	...	...	...
Hand presentation	...	...	...	Perforic extract	...	...	...
Hernia	...	...	...	Reduced	...	...	...
Hydrocele	...	...	...	Tapped and injected	...	...	...
Hemorrhoids	...	...	...	Excised	...	...	...
Loose tooth	...	...	...	Extracted	...	...	...
Placenta	...	...	...	Removed	...	...	...
Paraphimosis	...	...	...	Reduced	...	...	...
Phimosis	...	...	...	Circumcised	...	...	...
Prolapse of rectum	...	...	...	Reduced	...	...	...
Ranula	...	...	...	Excised	...	...	...
Retention of urine	...	...	...	Catheterised	...	...	...
Sinus	...	...	...	Slit opened	...	...	...
Tumour	...	...	...	Removed	...	...	...
Uterine inertia	...	...	...	Delivered by forceps	...	...	...
Whitlow	...	...	...	Incised	...	...	...
Wounds	...	...	...	Sutured	...	...	...
				Total ...			
				Total of previous year ...			

to class and sex, treated in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1907.

Muhamamadans.				Others.				Total treated.
Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.		
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1,188	508	282	256	1,160	613	351	210	13,342
1,322	592	274	207	1,018	560	220	175	12,906
140	60	32	23	65	14	3	2	3,253
449	125	74	50	351	88	40	20	4,475
409	66	22	61	986	197	86	49	7,018
501	157	99	73	1,824	505	238	197	6,773
297	53	23	24	1,092	299	150	163	4,759
4,306	1,561	806	694	6,406	2,276	1,078	816	52,520
4,032	1,428	950	702	5,959	2,216	973	810	49,061

in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1907.

Number of patients remaining from last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated on in columns 4 to 6.	Result of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining at close.
	Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	248	...	248	248	248	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	1	3	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
...	7	...	7	7	7	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	8	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	...
...	8	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	...
...	74	...	74	74	74	...	...	...	...
1	33	...	33	33	29	...	2	...	2
...	21	...	21	21	21	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	313	...	313	313	313	...	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
...	14	...	14	14	14	...	...	...	...
1	14	...	14	14	14	...	...	...	...
...	5	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
1	7	...	7	7	6	...	...	...	1
...	11	...	11	11	10	...	...	...	1
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	16	...	16	16	15	...	...	...	1
1	20	...	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
5	828	...	828	828	816	5	2	...	5
5	803	...	803	803	782	12	1	3	5

of the local fund hospitals and dispensaries for the year 1907.

EXPENDITURE.										Closing balance.
Salaries.			Medicines.		Diet.	Miscellaneous charges.	Buildings or repairs.	Investments.	Total expendi- ture.	
Medical officers.	Nurses.	Inferior servants.	European.	Bazaar.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs. 1,341	Rs. 284	Rs. 1,136	Rs. 796	Rs. 61	Rs. 1,657	Rs. 389	Rs. 123	Rs. ...	Rs. 5,787	Rs. ...
844	...	696	754	96	732	111	...	...	3,233	...
600	...	96	35	10	...	48	...	...	789	...
615	...	96	56	9	...	45	...	...	821	...
720	...	276	111	4	186	414	...	...	1,711	...
600	...	268	503	11	...	129	...	...	1,511	...
480	...	101	58	6	5	139	...	...	789	...
5,200	284	2,669	2,313	197	2,580	1,275	123	...	14,641	...
5,119	377	2,353	1,603	151	1,647	865	149	...	12,264	...

hospitals and dispensaries for the year 1907.

Invested during the year.	Total.	Securities sold.	Deposits withdrawn.	Balance on 31st December.
Rs. ...	Rs. 4,000 2,000	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 4,000 2,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000

water supply, as distinguished from money spent annually on conservancy and other during the year 1907.

Date of completion of work of		Average annual death rate since the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.	Average annual death rate for the 5 years preceding the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.
Drainage.	Water-supply.		
2		3	4
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	1897	31.06	27.44

(139).

Statement showing particulars of

No.	Circles and districts.	Popula- tion of district according to census of 1901.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of of vacci- nators em- ployed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average number of per- sons vacci- nated by each vac- cinator.	Primary	
									Total.	Suc- Under one year.
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9
					M.	F.	Total.			
1	Mercara taluk ...	21,888	102.62	1	854	530	1,384	1,334	958	42
2	Padinalknad „ ...	28,620	71.57	1	1,242	802	2,044		1,504	56
3	Yedenalknad „ ...	39,129	197.17	1	1,337	673	2,010		1,876	101
4	Kiggatnad „ ...	37,235	90.72	1	1,167	436	1,603		1,321	36
5	Nanjaraipatna „ No. I } ...	38,486	109.12	{ 1	659	470	1,129		1,066	109
6	Do „ No. II } ...				551	561	1,112		979	207
7	Inspector of vaccination ...	...	...	1	22	34	56		43	9
	Total of taluks ...	165,358	105.00	7	5,832	3,506	9,338	1,334	7,747	541
1	Mercara municipality ...	6,732	2,244.00	1	683	355	1,038	313	239	48
2	Virajendrapet „ ...	4,283	1,427.67	1	296	106	402		345	120
3	*Fraserpet „ ...	1,600	2,133.33	...	21	27	48		46	15
4	*Somwarpet „ ...	1,745	2,326.67	...	32	24	56		53	18
5	*Kodlipet „ ...	889	1,778.00	...	10	12	22		22	11
	Total of municipalities ...	15,249	1,906.18	2	1,042	524	1,566	313	705	212
	Grand total of the province ...	180,607	114.11	9	6,874	4,030	10,904	1,211	8,452	753
	Total of previous year ...	180,607	114.11	9	7,217	3,667	10,884	1,209	9,013	916

* Government vaccinators carry out vaccination in these three municipalities and show the work performed therein in their taluk returns.

(140).

Statement showing the cost of the vaccine

No.	Circles and districts.	Expenditure.									
		European supervising officers.	Pay.	Native supervising off- cers.	Pay.	Vaccinators.	Pay.	Clerks.	Pay.	Peons, &c.	Pay.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Taluks of Coorg ...	...	...	1	Rs. 480	6	Rs. 1,080	...	...	...	...
	Total of taluks ...	...	...	1	480	6	1,080	...	...	...	...
2	Mercara municipality ...	...	...	...	...	1	180	...	...	...	...
3	Virajendrapet do. ...	...	...	...	...	1	180	...	...	...	...
	Total of municipalities ...	...	...	...	...	2	360	...	...	...	...
	Grand total of the province ...	...	...	1	480	8	1,440	...	...	...	...
	Total of previous year ...	...	...	1	480	8	1,438	...	...	...	...

(141).

Statement showing dispensary vaccination

Dispensaries.	Number of dispen- saries in each dis- trict to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensary during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary	
					Total.	Suc- Under one year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mercara jail hospital ...	...	These cases were vaccinated by medical subordi- nates.	210	210	68	...
Do. civil dispensary ...	...		2	2	2	...
Virajendrapet do. ...	...		...	...	...	...
Apparandra Napoklu do. ...	...		...	...	...	...
M. Ayyappa's Gonikoppal do. ...	...		11	11	9	...
Somwarpet civil dispensary ...	...		13	13	5	1
Suntikoppa do. ...	...		2	2	2	...
Sidapur do. ...	...		8	8	2	...
Total ...	...	...	246	246	88	1
Total of previous year ...	...	...	348	348	153	3

vaccination during the year 1907-1908.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
Successful.	Total of all ages.	Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary	Re-vaccination		Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Number	Ratio per 1,000	Number	Ratio per 1,000
Over one and under 6 years.														
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
605	893	15	426	346	16	94.70	84.39	56.61	1.57	3.76	1,155.60	52.80	19.40	00.89
805	1,356	55	540	387	45	93.58	78.18	60.90	3.66	8.33	1,594.00	55.70	8.00	00.28
643	1,543	131	134	85	16	88.42	72.03	41.61	6.98	11.94	1,493.60	38.17	23.60	00.60
663	1,266	13	282	229	3	96.79	82.08	40.15	00.98	1.06	1,543.00	41.44	20.40	00.55
679	1,023	1	63	30	...	96.06	47.62	53.24	{ 00.09	{ 2.76	2,416.20	62.78	26.80	00.70
489	888	27	133	108	5	93.28	84.38							
7	40	...	13	11	...	93.02	84.62	00.31	...	...	106.40	00.64	...	...
3,891	7,009	242	1,591	1,196	85	93.39	79.42	49.62	3.12	5.34	8,308.80	50.25	88.20	00.53
124	224	2	799	597	31	94.51	77.73	121.95	00.84	3.88	667.80	99.20	2.80	00.42
93	318	7	57	41	2	94.08	74.55	83.82	2.03	3.51	350.40	81.81	5.20	1.21
27	44	...	2	2	...	95.65	100.00	28.75	...	...	73.40	45.88	1.00	00.63
19	47	4	3	3	...	95.92	100.00	28.65	7.55	...	55.80	31.98	00.20	00.11
7	20	...	...	...	...	90.91	...	22.50	...	...	42.40	47.69	00.40	00.45
270	653	13	861	643	33	94.36	77.66	84.99	1.84	3.83	1,189.80	78.02	9.60	00.63
4,161	7,662	255	2,452	1,839	118	93.47	78.79	52.61	3.02	4.81	9,498.60	52.59	97.80	00.54
4,812	8,267	145	1,871	1,331	109	93.22	75.54	53.14	1.61	5.83	9,305.00	51.52	110.80	00.61

department during the year 1907-1908.

				Paid from—						Number of successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
Total pay of establishment.	Travelling allowances.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Imperial funds.	Provincial funds.	Local funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.	Total.		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs. As. P.
1,560	229	393	2,182	...	2,182	...	...	...	2,182	8,321	0 4 2
1,560	229	393	2,182	...	2,182	...	...	...	2,182	8,321	0 4 2
180	...	77	257	...	...	...	257	...	257	821	0 5 0
180	...	153	333	...	...	...	333	...	333	359	0 14 10
360	...	230	590	...	...	...	590	...	590	1,180	0 8 0
1,920	229	623	2,773	...	2,182	...	590	...	2,773	9,501	0 4 8
1,918	224	610	2,752	...	2,167	...	585	...	2,752	9,598	0 4 7

during the year 1907-1908.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Remarks.
Successful.		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	
One year and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	64	2	142	117	14	96.97	91.41	2.94	9.86	
2	2	...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	9	...	2	2	...	100.00	100.00	...	...	
1	4	1	8	2	3	100.00	40.00	20.00	37.50	
2	2	...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...	...	
...	2	...	6	...	...	100.00	...	...	...	
14	83	3	158	121	17	97.65	85.82	3.41	10.76	
29	130	5	195	130	15	87.85	72.22	3.27	7.69	

(143). Statement showing particulars of vaccination verified by inspecting officers during the year 1907-1908.

1	2		3		4		5		6							
District.	Total number of persons vaccinated.		Total number inspected.		Percentage of inspections to total number vaccinated.		Percentage of cases found successful to total number inspected.		Percentage of success reported by vaccinators.							
	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.										
Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.							
Coorg ...	8,540	2,610	377	127	3,491	915	4.41	4.87	40.88	35.06	94.16	90.55	92.61	84.15	90.69	75.10

(144). Statement relating to the number of children under one year of age in towns available for vaccination and the number of successful operations performed on them in the year 1907-1908.

Number.	Town.	Number of births during the year ending 30th September 1907.	Number of deaths amongst children under one year during the year ending 30th September 1907.	Number available for vaccination after deducting the numbers who have died as shown in column 4.	Number of successful vaccinations on children under one year during the year.	Date of extension of Vaccination Act to town.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara ...	45	16	29	48	12th June 1883. Do. Do. Do. 1st December 1891.
2	Virajendrapet ...	96	19	77	120	
3	Somwarpet ...	29	5	24	18	
4	Fraserpet ...	23	7	16	15	
5	Kodlipet ...	19	6	13	11	
	Total ...	212	53	159	212	
	Total of previous year.	296	72	224	234	

(145). Comparative statement showing the annual successful vaccination and the annual ratio of deaths from small-pox.

Years.	Annual successful vaccinations.	Annual ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 of population.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1892-1893 ...	10,491	5.27	
1893-1894 ...	8,738	1.24	
1894-1895 ...	6,585	0.20	
1895-1896 ...	8,627	0.05	
1896-1897 ...	8,628	0.14	
1897-1898 ...	10,299	0.31	
1898-1899 ...	5,098	0.20	
1899-1900 ...	9,466	0.24	
1900-1901 ...	10,863	2.88	
1901-1902 ...	8,876	1.43	
1902-1903 ...	10,551	0.10	
1903-1904 ...	8,791	0.26	
1904-1905 ...	9,689	0.14	
1905-1906 ...	10,015	1.14	
1906-1907 ...	9,853	1.07	
1907-1908 ...	9,705	00.97	
Average total for 16 years 1892-1908 ...	9,142	00.98	

Note.—The entries in column 3 of Statement No. 145 differ from those in previous returns in consequence of the correction of errors detected in the course of revising the Coorg Gazetteer.

VII.—INSTRUCTION.

(146).

Abstract return of colleges, schools and scholars at the end

Area and population.				Public institutions.			
Total area in square miles.	Number of towns and villages.	Population		University education.		School education, general.	
				Arts colleges	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Institutions.	{ For males ...	...	2	81
				{ For females ...	...	...	5
				Total ...	...	2	86
	{ Towns 5	{ Males 100,258	Scholars.	{ Males ...	...	436	2,929
	{ Villages 479	{ Females 80,349		{ Females ...	...	16	1,143
	Total 484	Total 180,607		Total ...	...	452	4,072
				Total of previous year ...	...	431	3,897

(147).

Abstract return of expenditure on public instruction

		Total direct expenditure on public instruction.						
		University education.		School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.
		Arts colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Training schools.	All other special schools.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1. Institutions	{ For males ...	...	...	14,559	23,042	3,433	...	41,034
	{ For females ...	...	...	...	3,356	...	...	3,356
	Total	...	...	14,559	26,398	3,433	...	44,390
2. (a)	Percentages of provincial expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total provincial expenditure on public instruction...	...	...	33.08	23.75	14.01	...	75.84
(b)	Percentages of local fund expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total local fund expenditure on public instruction...	...	...	...	98.95	...	...	98.95
(c)	Percentages of municipal expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total municipal expenditure on public instruction...	...	...	...	100	...	...	100
(d)	Percentages of total expenditure in columns 2—17 to total expenditure on public instruction...	...	...	28.44	51.57	6.71	...	86.72
3. Average annual cost of educating each pupil in—				R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Government institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	21 1 8	6 9 9	312 1 3	...	13 11 3
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	...	0 1 7	...	...	0 1 1
	Total cost	...	...	37 14 8	9 2 1	312 1 5	...	20 9 1
Local Fund schools.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	...	4 1 11	...	...	4 1 11
	{ Cost to local funds ...	...	...	...	5 1 3	...	...	5 1 3
	Total cost	...	...	...	4 10 6	...	...	4 10 6
Municipal schools.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	...	1 14 9	...	...	1 14 9
	{ Cost to municipal funds ...	...	...	...	7 9 4	...	...	7 9 4
	Total cost	...	...	...	0 12 2	...	...	0 12 2
Aided institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	...	3 8 11	...	...	3 8 11
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	...	9 10 10	...	...	9 10 10
	Total cost	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 14 8
	Unaided institutions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	21 1 8	2 4 11	312 1 5	...	4 2 9
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	...	4 0 11	...	...	2 12 6
	Total cost	...	...	37 14 8	8 10 4	312 1 5	...	9 15 8

for the year 1907-1908.

School education, special.		Total of public institutions.	Private institutions.		Grand total.	Percentage of—	Remarks.
Training schools.	All other special schools.		Advanced.	Elementary.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	...	84	...	29	113	Institutions to number of towns and villages. { 23.35 1.03	Male population of the school-going age ... 23,127 do. ... 21,581 Female do. ... 44,708
...	...	5	...	...	5		
1	...	89	...	29	118	24.38	
15	...	3,380	...	414	3,794	Male scholars to male population of school-going age. ... 16.41	
4	...	1,163	...	47	1,210	Female scholars to female population of school-going age. ... 5.61	
19	...	4,543	...	461	5,004	11.19	
27	...	4,355	...	510	4,865	10.88	

for the year 1907-1908.

Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.								
University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and apparatus	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total expenditure on public instruction.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	3,516	2,721	...	...	558	6,795	51,185
...	...	3,516	2,721	...	...	558	6,795	51,185
...	...	14.35	8.68	...	...	1.12	24.15	100.00
...	...	...	1.05	...	...	...	1.05	100.00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100.00
...	...	6.87	5.32	...	...	1.09	13.28	100.00

(148).

Return of colleges, schools and

Objects of expenditure.		Public institutions.																
		Under public management.													Under private			
		Managed by Govern- ment.				Managed by local fund and municipal boards.				Managed by Native States.		Aided by Govern- ment or by local fund or municipal boards.						
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
University Education.	Arts Colleges.																	
	English ...																	
	Oriental ...																	
	Law ...																	
	Medicine ...																	
	Engineering ...																	
	Teaching ...																	
	Agriculture ...																	
	Total ...																	
	School Education, General.	Secondary Schools.																
For boys { High Schools ...		1	306	257	241	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ Middle { English ...		1	146	127	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
{ Schools { Vernacular ...																		
For girls { High Schools ...																		
{ Middle { English ...																		
{ Schools { Vernacular ...																		
Total ...		2	452	384	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Primary schools.																		
For boys ...		4	535	564	442	71	2,774	2,799	2,076	...	...	...	...	...	5	865	331	294
„ girls ...	4	324	297	220	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	28	27	16	
Total ...	8	859	861	663	71	2,774	2,799	2,076	...	...	...	...	...	6	393	358	310	
School Education, Special.	Schools for special instruction.																	
	Training schools for masters...	1	19	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Training schools for mistresses																	
	Schools of Art ...																	
	Law schools ...																	
	Medical schools ...																	
	Engineering & surveying schools ...																	
	Industrial schools ...																	
	Other schools ...																	
	Total ...	1	19	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total of colleges and schools for public instruction...		11	1,330	1,256	1,033	71	2,774	2,793	2,076	...	...	...	...	6	393	358	310	
Total of previous year ...		11	1,317	1,250	1,039	72	2,638	2,651	1,994	...	...	...	...	6	364	354	284	
Private institution ..		1. Advanced teaching (a) Arabic or Persian (b) Sanscrit (c) Any other oriental classic																
		2. Elementary, teaching a vernacular only or mainly. { For boys... „ girls...																
		3. Elementary, teaching the koran ... { „ boys... „ girls...																
		4. Other schools not conforming to departmental standards { „ boys... „ girls...																
		Total ...																
Grand total ...		Grand total of previous year ...																

scholars for the year 1907-1908.

management.				Grand total of public institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st March.	Number of scholars on the 31st of March learning.						Remarks.
Unaided.						English.		A classical language.		A vernacular language.		
Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24		25		26		27
...	...	...	...	1	306	298	8	...	...	298	8	
...	...	...	...	1	146	138	4	...	...	138	8	
...	...	...	...	2	452	436	12	...	...	436	16	
1	46	35	27	81	3,720	552	33	...	...	2,924	796	
...	...	...	...	5	352	...	...	...	...	...	347	
1	46	35	27	86	4,072	552	33	...	...	2,924	1,143	
...	...	...	...	1	19	...	...	...	...	15	4	
...	...	...	...	1	19	...	...	...	...	15	4	
1	46	35	27	89	4,543	988	45	...	...	3,380	1,163	
1	36	36	23	90	4,355	928	45	1	...	3,291	1,063	
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...	29	461	58	...	...	...	414	47	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	29	461	58	...	...	...	414	47	
...	...	...	...	118	5,004	1,046	45	1	...	3,794	1,210	
...	...	...	...	119	4,865	1,022	50	1	...	3,746	1,118	

(149).

Return of expenditure on public instruction

Objects of expenditure.		Public													
		Under public management.													
		Managed by Government.							Managed by local fund and municipal boards.						
		Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<i>Arts and Professional Colleges.</i>		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
University Education.	English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Teaching	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Agriculture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Secondary schools.</i>															
School Education, General.	For boys ... { High Schools ...	6,793	...	...	4,376	...	50	11,119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Middle { English ...	1,310	...	...	2,130	...	...	3,440	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Schools { Vernacular.														
	„ girls... { High Schools ...														
	{ Middle { English ...														
	{ Schools { Vernacular.														
	Total	8,103	...	...	6,406	...	50	14,559	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	<i>Primary schools.</i>														
	For boys	2,749	...	84	2,088	...	...	4,921	1,080	10,572	452	2,480	...	...	14,584
	„ girls	2,940	...	...	...	...	...	2,940	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		5,689	...	84	2,088	...	...	7,861	1,080	10,572	452	2,480	...	...	14,584
<i>Schools for special instruction.</i>															
School Education, Special.	Training schools for masters ...	3,433	...	...	...	...	...	3,433	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Training schools for mistresses ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Schools of Art	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering & surveying schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Other schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		3,433	...	...	...	...	...	3,433	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only) ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
University Direction		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
University Inspection		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in	Arts colleges	1,520	...	...	...	...	...	1,520	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Professional colleges	...	120	...	...	...	300	420	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary schools	606	...	...	...	...	175	781	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Primary schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Special schools other than training schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Boarding house attached to the High School at Mercara.	240	...	...	...	...	283	523	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		2,366	120	...	...	...	758	3,244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total expenditure on public instruction ...		19,591	120	84	8,494	...	808	29,097	1,080	10,572	452	2,480	...	...	14,584
Total of previous year ...		18,039	160	84	9,003	...	909	28,195	1,440	10,143	207	2,499	...	...	14,280

for the year 1907-1908.

institutions.																Total expenditure from—										Grand total.			
Under private management.																													
Managed by Native States.						Aided by the Government or by local fund or municipal boards.								Unaided.															
Local Funds in Native States.						Provincial revenues.								Provincial revenues.				Local funds.				Municipal funds.					Other sources.		
Municipal funds raised in Native States.						Local funds.								Local funds.				Municipal funds.				Fees.		Public.			Private.		
Fees.						Subscriptions.								Subscriptions.				Subscriptions.				Fees.				Public.		Private.	
Endowments and other sources.						Endowments and other sources.								Endowments and other sources.				Endowments and other sources.				Fees.				Public.		Private.	
Total.						Total.								Total.				Total.				Total.				Public.		Private.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					

(150).

Return of the stages of instruction of pupils in public schools

Class of schools.		Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March.	High stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the matriculation examination.		
				Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6
Secondary schools—						
For boys	Departmental ... { English Vernacular	2	452	88	...	88
For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total secondary schools		2	452	88	...	88
Primary schools—						
For boys	Departmental	4	535	...	...	...
	Local Fund	66	2,554	...	...	...
	Municipal	5	220	...	...	...
	Aided	5	365	...	...	...
	Unaided	1	46	...	...	...
Total		81	3,720	...	...	...
For girls	Departmental	4	324	...	...	...
	Local Fund	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	1	28	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	5	352	...	...	...
Total primary schools		86	4,072	...	...	...
Grand Total		88	4,524	88	...	88
Grand total of previous year		82	4,328	88	...	88

(151).

Return showing the result of prescribed

Nature of examination.	Number of institutions sending examinees.				Number of		
	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions (private).	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions (private).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Arts Colleges—							
1. Master of Arts							
2. Bachelor of Arts							
3. B. Sc.							
4. { First B. A.							
{ First B. Sc.							
{ First Arts.							
{ Previous examination... ..							
Colleges for professional training—							
Law—							
1. Doctor of Laws							
2. Bachelor of Laws							
Medicine—							
1. M. D.							
2. M. B.							
3. L. M. S.							
4. { First M. B.							
{ First L. M. S.							
Engineering—							
1. M. C. E.							
2. B. C. E.							
3. L. C. E.							
4. First L. C. E.							
Schools of general education—							
Matriculation	1	...	...	1	8	...	...
Higher examination for women							
III Form examination ... { English	}	*					
{ Vernacular							
IV Class examination ... { English							
{ Vernacular							
Schools of special instruction—							
1. Training school { Lower Secondary	}	1	...	...	1 {	11	...
examination for masters. { Upper Primary							
2. Training school examination { Upper							
for mistresses. { Lower							
3. Schools of Art examination							
4. Vernacular Medical examination							
5. Examination in Engineering							
6. Examination in Surveying							
7. Industrial School examination							

* The III Form and IV class examinations are not public or compulsory.

(152).

Return showing distribution of local fund and municipal

Expenditure of local fund boards on public instruction.													
Objects of expenditure.	In institutions managed by local fund boards.										In institutions.		
	Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Local rates or cesses.	Municipal grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions, Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The Government.	Municipal Boards.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
<i>Arts Colleges.</i>													
University Education.	English					Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.		
	Oriental												
	<i>Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training.</i>												
	Law												
	Medicine												
School Education, General.	Engineering												
	Total												
	<i>Secondary schools.</i>												
	For boys ... { English												
	For girls ... { Vernacular												
School Education, Special.	For boys ... { English												
	For girls ... { Vernacular												
	Total												
	<i>Primary schools.</i>												
	For boys	66	2,554	2,567	1,900	...	10,572	204	2,253	...	13,029	...	...
School Education, Special.	For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	66	2,554	2,567	1,900	...	10,572	204	2,253	...	13,029	...	...
	<i>Schools for special instruction.</i>												
	Training schools for masters												
	Training schools for mistresses												
School Education, Special.	Schools of Art												
	Law schools												
	Medical schools												
	Engineering and Surveying schools												
	Industrial schools												
School Education, Special.	Other schools												
	Total												
	<i>Inspection.</i>												
	Arts colleges												
	Professional colleges Training colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...
Scholarships held in	Secondary schools												
	Primary schools												
	Special schools other training schools (for gymnastics)												
	Buildings												
	Furniture and apparatus (special grants only).												
Scholarships held in	Miscellaneous												
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...
	Grand Total	66	2,554	2,567	1,900	...	10,572	204	2,253	...	13,029	120	...
	Grand total of previous year	67	2,415	2,447	1,851	...	10,143	204	2,261	...	12,608	160	...

(153).

Return showing the attendance and expenditure in hostels

Class of hostels or boarding houses.	Number of	
	Hostels or boarding houses.	Boarders.
1	2	3
1. Managed by Government...	1	63
2. Do. local or municipal boards		
3. Aided by Government or by local or municipal boards		
4. Unaided by do. do.	1	28

expenditure on public instruction for the year 1907-1908.

Expenditure of municipal boards on public instruction.																			Remarks.
Private persons or associations. Total Local fund expenditure on public instruction.		In institutions managed by municipal boards.										In institutions managed by—							
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Municipal rates.	Local fund grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The Government.	Local Fund Boards.	Private persons or associations.	Total municipal expenditure on public instruction.	Total expenditure of local fund & municipal boards on public instruction.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
769	13,798	5	220	232	175	1080	452	...	227	...	...	1,759	84	204	120	2,167	15,965		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	180	180		
769	13,798	5	220	232	175	1080	452	...	227	...	...	1,759	84	204	300	2,347	16,115		
...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120		
769	13,918	5	220	232	175	1080	452	...	227	...	...	1,759	84	204	300	2,347	16,265		
483	13,047	5	223	204	143	1440	3	...	238	...	...	1,681	84	204	300	2,269	15,316		

or boarding houses for the year 1907-1908.

Number of boarders who are students of				Expenditure from				
Arts colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenue.	Local or municipal funds.	Subscriptions and endowments.	Fees.	Total expenditure.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
...	49	14	...	Rs. 240	...	Rs. 283	...	Rs. 523
...	22	6	...	...	...	...	...	...

(155). Annual return of the printing presses for the year 1907-1908.

1	2	3	4	
District.	Name of press.	Name of proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Coorg ...	Coorg District Press.	Government ...	Nil.	The Coorg District Gazette is published on the 1st of each month.

(156). Annual return of scientific and literary societies for the year 1907-1908.

1	2	3				4				5	
Name.	Objects.	Income from				Members or visitors.				When established.	
		Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Juveniles.	Total.		Registered or not.
1. The Book Club, Mercara.	For the benefit of the European and native societies in Coorg.	...	Rs. ...	Rs. 731	Rs. 731	45	...	...	45	Not registered	1st January 1874.
2. The Cosmopolitan Club, Mercara.	To promote the social, physical and intellectual improvement of the members.	...	...	197	197	12	...	...	12	Do.	19th October 1899.
3. The Victoria Reading Room, Virajendrapet.	The social and literary improvement of the members.	...	108	179	287	41	2	...	43	Do.	18th June 1887.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

(157). Return of persons according to religious denominations
for the year 1907–1908.

Denomination.	Number of persons.		Number of ministers or priests.	Number of churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Native.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	
Church of England ...	10 *	197 *	1	2 †	Rs. 168	
Church of Scotland ...	...	...	...	1 †	...	
Protestant Dissenters ...	...	...	...	1 †	...	
Roman Catholics ...	2,072	140	3	6	240	
Greek Church ...	...	...	...	...	...	
American ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Syrian ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Basel Evangelical Missionary Society ...	365	22	3	3	...	
Parsi ...	41 *	...	...	...	...	
Hindu ...	163,122 *	...	723	1,336	18,571	In cash ... Rs. 7,060 Payments by deduction from land revenue ... 992 Land endowments ... 10,519 Total ... 18,571
Muhammadans...	13,654 *	...	15	16	52	Land endowments 36 Payments by deduction from land revenue 16 Total ... 52
Jains ...	107 *	...	2	2	63	Endowment in land.
Total ...	179,371	359	747	1,364	19,094	

* Census figures.

† These figures include one church shared by members of the Churches of England and Scotland and the Wesleyan community.

(158).

Charitable institutions for the year 1907-1908.

Class and order of institution.	Number of institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided in the year.	Income.			Subscription and sale of medicines.	In what shape relief is given.
				Paid by Govern- ment, &c. *	From endowment.			
					In land.	In money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Civil Dispensary, Mercara...	1	98.2	13,601	Rs. 23,955	Rs. ...	Rs. 140	Rs. 485	Medicine, food and clothing.
Do. Virajendra- pet...	1	76.25	12,766	3,291	...	70	67	Do.
Do. Napoklu (Apparandra)..	1	10.98	3,147	842	...	...	...	Medicine only.
Do. Gonikoppal, (M. Ayyappa's.)	1	17.61	4,367	1,022	...	...	28	Do.
Do. Somwarpet ...	1	34.86	7,138	1,547	...	...	362	Medicine, food and clothing.
Do. Sunkoppa ...	1	37.18	7,233	618	...	...	351	Medicine only.
Do. Sidapur ...	1	19.53	5,239	958	...	...	16	Do.
Grants to Chattrams.	4†	156.93	57,279	6,737	...	...	...	Lodging and food.
Government institu- tions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Poor-houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
General ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Lepers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Supported by general public to relieve paupers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hindus	2‡	39.05	14,255	...	...	...	...	Lodging and food.

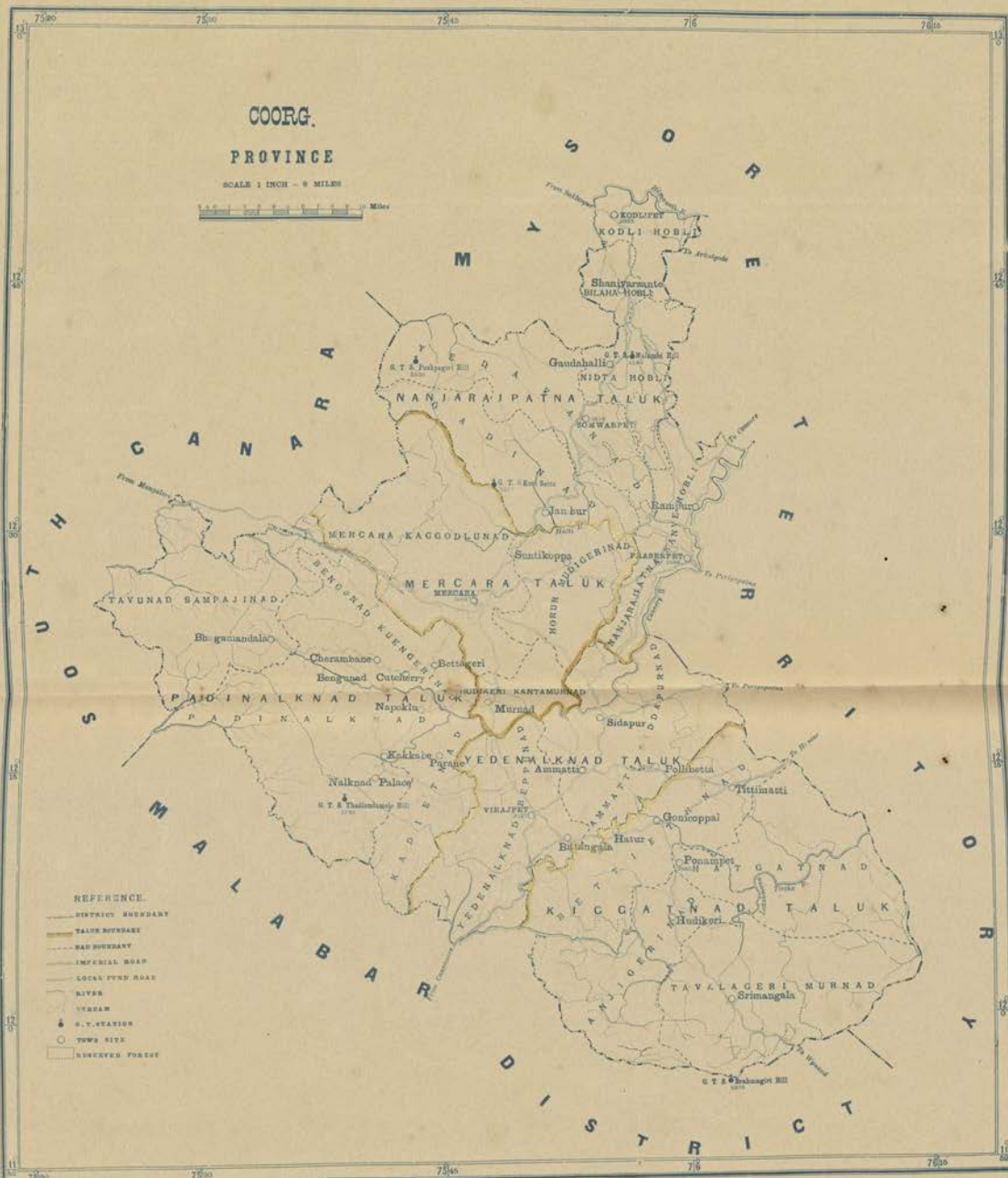
* Name of dispensary.	Mercara.	Virajen- drapet.	Napoklu.	Gonikoppal.	Somwarpet	Sunkoppa	Sidapur.	Total.
Paid by Government Rs.	20,032 +	958	528	554	480	300	307	23,159
„ District Funds „	1,549	200	314	438	1,067	318	651	4,567
„ Municipal „	2,374	2,133	...	...	...	...	...	4,507
Total „	23,955	3,291	842	1,022	1,547	618	958	32,233

† Including the pay and allowances drawn by the Civil Surgeon and reserve hospital assistant.

‡ The four chattrams under the management of the Temple Committee.

§ Chattrams at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet erected by the private charity of Messrs. Kolayandra Ayyappa and D. Chikkabasappa Shetti.

|| This figure includes the charges incurred in connection with plague.



REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF COORG

FOR THE YEAR

1908—1909.



Agents for the sale of Government publications.

In India.

COMBRIDGE & Co., Bombay.
GOPAL NARAYEN & Co., Bombay.
THACKER & Co., Bombay.
D. B. TARAPOREVALA SONS & Co., Bombay.
MRS. RADHABAI ATMARAM SAGOON, Bombay.
SUNDER PANDURANG, Bombay.
COMBRIDGE & Co., Madras.
HIGGINBOTHAM & Co., Madras.
V. KALYANARAMA IYER & Co., Madras.
S. MURTHY & Co., Madras.
G. A. NATESAN & Co., Madras.
P. R. RAMA IYAR & Co., Madras.
TEMPLE & Co., Madras.
THOMPSON & Co., Madras.
A. CHAND & Co., Punjab.
RAI SAIB M. GULAB SINGH & SONS, Lahore.
R. CAMBRAY & Co., Calcutta.
S. K. LAHIRI & Co., Calcutta.
B. BANERJEE & Co., Bengal.
BABU S. C. TALUKDAR, Cooch Behar.
N. B. MATHUR, Allahabad.
A. R. PILLAI & Co., Trivandrum.
A. M. & J. FERGUSON, Ceylon.

In England.

E. A. ARNOLD, 41 and 43, Maddox Street, Bond Street, W.
CONSTABLE & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W. C.
T. FISHER UNWIN, 1, Adelphi Terrace, W. C.
GRINDLAY & Co., 54 Parliament Street, S. W.
HENRY S. KING & Co., 65 Cornhill, E. C.
P. S. KING & SON, 2 and 4 Great Smith Street, Westminster, S. W.
KEGAN PAUL, TRENCH, TRÜBNER & Co., 43 Gerrard Street, Soho, W.
LUZAC & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, W. C.
B. QUARITCH, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.
W. THACKER & Co., 2 Creed Lane, E. C.
B. H. BLACKWELL, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.
DEIGHTON BELL & Co., Cambridge.

On the Continent.

FRIEDLANDER & SOHN, 11 Carlstrasse, Berlin.
OTTA HARRASSOWITZ, Leipzig.
KARL W. HIERSEMANN, Leipzig.
ERNEST LEROUX, 98 Rue Bonaparte, Paris.
MARTINUS NIJHOFF, The Hague.
RUDOLF HAUPT, 1, DOBRIENSTRASSE, Leipzig, Germany.

Errata.

—:0:—

PART II.

Page 19, paragraph 160, line 3 :—*For* “2,01,823” *read* “2,02,138.”

PART III.

Pages LXXIV & LXXV, Statement No. 96, Column 15:—*For* “212 ”
read “208.”

Pages LXXVI & LXXVII, Statement No. 97, Column 5 :—*For*
“29,080.” *read* “27,269.”

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PART I.

SUMMARY OF THE ADMINISTRATION.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

SECTION I.—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. The Hon'ble Mr. S. M. Fraser, C.I.E., I.C.S., held the office of Chief ^{General} Commissioner throughout the year and paid one visit to Coorg in January and February which lasted a month and included Fraserpet, Sanivarsante, Somwarpet, Mercara, Napoklu and other less important camps. The re-settlement, revenue collections and sandalwood were the chief subjects discussed.

2. Mr. L. T. Harris, I.C.S., was Commissioner throughout the year but took three months' privilege leave during the monsoon, and Mr. A. J. Curgenvin, I.C.S., officiated, his place as District Magistrate being taken by Mr. W. A. Doig, I.C.S.

SECTION II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

3. The salient feature of the year from an agricultural and land revenue point of view was the failure of the north-east monsoon which is so essential to the well being of the province. The all important paddy crop was, however, sufficient, with the help of the high price which it realized, to stave off distress and the agricultural solvency of the country may be gauged by the fact that, in spite of this adverse season, the actual arrear balance of revenue at the end of March, the cost of process serving and the receipts levied on account of process fees were, in each case, less than in any other year of the past decade.

Realization of the revenue and agricultural advances. [Part II, pages 1-3.]

The number of land revenue sales held during the year—referring, of course, almost entirely to the arrears of the *previous* year—was the smallest on record.

Transactions under the Loans Acts amounted to Rs. 11,910 and benefited 213 ryots, neither of which figures have been previously reached: the collection of outstandings was cautiously proceeded with and, in consideration of the past harvest, suspensions were somewhat freely granted.

In two respects procedure in connection with loans has been improved—(1) arrangements have been made for making the allotment, or part of it, available at a more seasonable time and (2) the date for repayments has been advanced from 20th March to 20th February, when the ryot has most money on hand or can most easily realize it. Other minor improvements have been effected which will, it is hoped, tend to check the delay in distribution which is everywhere so inimical to the popularity of the system.

The Co-operative Credit Societies, their number increased to 14, continued to do good work. The movement is yet in its infancy and can do little to supplant the Moplah money lender with his exorbitant rates of interest (working out at times to about 200%): this, however, should be its ultimate object, and impartiality, simplicity and promptitude must be its watch words.

(Re-settlement). The re-settlement enquiry of one more taluk (Padinalknad) was completed and that of a third (Nanjarajpatna) commenced.

Special attention has been paid to the simplification of the work of the nad offices and a very sensible reduction of clerical work has been secured.

SECTION III.—PROTECTION.

Police.
[Part II,
pages 4-5.]

4. From a police stand point the year was not particularly eventful. Two noteworthy dacoities constituted the really serious crime—both committed by persons residing beyond the Coorg frontier. The number of cognizable offences and the percentage of convictions were normal, while the above mentioned dacoities have reduced the percentage of property recovered to the low figure of 31%.

The introduction of the reforms advocated by the Police Commission is practically complete and the results are as evident in the improved efficiency of the superior staff as in the increased (by nearly 50% since 1900) cost of the department.

The proportion of literate constables, as well as of those who are Coorgs by race, shows an increase, and the comparatively small number of punishments points to departmental discipline. The general conduct of the force has been satisfactory.

Criminal
Justice.
[Part II,
pages 5-6.]

5. The number of criminal cases brought to trial was more than 10% less than the average of the past five years, while the percentage of convictions, remained comparatively high. The number of appeals decreased proportionately, and the number successful was small.

The conferring of 1st Class Magisterial powers on the Assistant Commissioner was a new departure made during the year.

The work of the courts was promptly disposed of and, judged by the criterion of the number of successful appeals, was satisfactorily performed.

Prisons.
[Part II,
pages 7-8.]

6. The record of prison administration calls for little comment. The high price of food-grains enhanced the cost of the Mercara Jail, while its receipts slightly decreased: the management of jail labour is now receiving careful attention, and some improvement may result therefrom. The escape of a notorious criminal from the under-trial ward has exposed the insecurity of the jail premises and a scheme for their improvement is now being carried out. The situation of the jail is such that improvement beyond a certain degree is impossible: it should, however, be possible to render it safe in practice, if not in theory.

7. The main feature presented by the statistics of civil suits is again the increase in the number of suits and the decrease in the total value. The average value has fallen steadily from Rs. 182 per suit in 1903 to Rs. 77 in 1908. Civil Justice.
[Part II,
pages 8-9.]

Contracting credit seems to be the only possible explanation of this, and may be welcomed as likely to afford a check to the extravagance which has been the bane of the agricultural population in the past.

The number of first appeals (34) was exceptionally small, but the number successful (12) was proportionally high. The pendency at the end of the year was about 10% of the suits filed, and compares favourably with the figures of past years.

8. A further increase is noticeable in the number of documents registered: it has risen steadily in the past eight years from 1,393 to 2,028, while the average value has fallen from Rs. 434 to Rs. 323. It seems unnecessary to look for an explanation of these figures, beyond the fact that the people are being gradually educated to the security afforded by the registration even of petty documents. The surplus realized by the department was Rs. 1,232—a normal figure. Registration.
[Part II,
page 9.]

9. The year was uneventful so far as the District Board was concerned, but the normal functions were effectively performed. The total revenue was Rs. 3,500 in excess of the budget estimate—a result largely due to the increase in market fees which accrued on account of the revision of the scale of fees and the improvement of the market places. District Board.
[Part II,
pages 10-11.]

Of the works carried out, the Somwarpet-Banavara road will be of great advantage to the central portions of the Nanjarajpatna taluk by affording an easy means of communication with the Mysore plain country, while the bridging of the Shettimane and Chedukar streams will, with the addition of another bridge now in progress, make the locality near Bhagamandala accessible at all seasons.

A considerable amount (about Rs. 6,000) was well spent on slaughter-houses, pounds, wells, bridle-paths, lighting and minor sanitation in various out-of-the-way places which frequently do not receive their fair share of the advantages of Local self-Government.

10. The only work of importance undertaken during the year was the construction of the Mercara market. Although certain minor portions of the work remain for completion, the market proper was available for occupation for the last nine months of the official year, and bids fair to fully justify its existence. Apart from this work, which was carried out with money lent by Government, the municipalities and notified areas were compelled by financial reasons to confine themselves to sanitation and to the maintenance of existing institutions and works. Municipal.
[Part II,
pages 11-13.]

The issue of a set of bye-laws by the Central Provinces Government, whose recent Municipal Act Coorg has adopted, is still being awaited before attempting to draw up bye-laws for Coorg.

SECTION IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

Weather and
crops.
[Part II,
pages 13-14.]

11. It would be no exaggeration to say that the agricultural prosperity of Coorg hinges on the north-east monsoon: expressed more generally, it is the distribution and not the amount of rainfall which shapes the ryots' fortunes.

The south-west monsoon of 1908, though late, was sufficient: but the north-east rains failed almost entirely, and, though the total rainfall for the year (125 inches) was normal, the agricultural season was an exceptionally bad one.

Transplantation of paddy was delayed by the unpunctuality of the south-west rains, and the crop therefore needed an ample and somewhat late north-east monsoon, but received exactly the contrary. The harvest was consequently very light and in some high lying lands it was very poor indeed: the hill streams which run into very many of the paddy flats were responsible for the saving of what was harvested.

Wet cultivation is steadily increasing throughout the province, especially in the vicinity of the irrigation channels (Devanur, Rangasamudra, Chikle hole, Balaji, etc.) which have recently been repaired or constructed, and several new channels are under consideration, one of which—the Harangi project—will irrigate some 5,000 acres.

12. It was only natural that, after the exceptional crop (5,279 tons) of 1907-1908, the coffee crop should fall below normal: it shared, though to a less extent, the misfortune of the paddy, and the late heavy south-west and meagre early north-east rains reduced the crop to 2,532 tons.

The area under coffee is still falling, but the amount of immature coffee shows that planting is still going on. The process of the survival of the fittest has evidently not yet eliminated the neglected and worthless cultivation: but this must inevitably take place in the course of a few years.

No separate statistics of pepper are yet available, but its cultivation is certainly being extended and the results are profitable.

13. The area under oranges has been considerably reduced by the removal from the accounts under this head of certain areas which were found to be covered with lantana to an extent which rendered the orange trees valueless. No satisfactory solution of the problem of transporting and selling the fruit has yet been discovered, but the subject is still receiving serious consideration, though with lamentably little assistance from those chiefly interested.

14. Rubber cultivation now covers an area of 3,000 acres and planting is being cautiously continued, but as none of the trees are yet mature the prospects of the industry in Coorg are still a matter of speculation. The same remark applies to fibre cultivation—the aloes grow well enough, but it is the proportion of fibre to bulk which will determine their value, and decortication has not yet commenced.

15. The area under cardamoms, so far as it can be relied upon, is stationary, but in the seclusion of the remote and leech infested ghât jungles it is somewhat secure from the prying curiosity of the revenue official. Satisfactory arrangements have recently been made in view to securing a greater fixity of tenure for the *mallegar* of the leased mallé, and thereby a greater inducement to agricultural efforts. The re-settlement of the jama cardamom mallés has occupied considerable attention, and the proposals are now before the Government of India.

16. The Government experimental farms have succeeded in raising some good crops of *ragi* and *cholum* in localities where such cultivation is not indigenous—and that, too, in an unfavourable agricultural year: but the ryots have not yet shown much inclination to follow suit.

17. The forests suffered severely from the drought which followed the failure of the north-east monsoon and 18 fires resulted, covering an area of 12,164 acres: the damage was confined to the eastern reserves and was specially severe in those northern tracts where *lantana* has established itself and has covered the ground with a layer of highly inflammable matted undergrowth which burns so fiercely as to defy all ordinary precautionary measures: in these jungles the forest has lost about 30 years' growth.

Forests.
[Part II,
pages 14-15.]

The nett surplus amounted to Rs. 1,24,722 to which sales of sandalwood contributed Rs. 1,09,376. The revised system of working the ghât forests has not yet fully developed, but will, in course of time, considerably enhance the revenue.

18. The expenditure on public works amounted to Rs. 2,82,952, including the maintenance of existing communications which were kept in excellent order and are a credit to the province.

Public works.
[Part II,
pages 16-17.]

The chief original work on hand was the construction of an iron bridge over the Harangi river at Kudige: this was nearly completed during the year and is now open to traffic. The Wynaad road was completed, and improvements involving expenditure of Rs. 30,000 were carried out in connection with the Mercara schools.

The work of reconstruction and improvement of irrigation sources was continued and the chief channels and tanks are now in excellent working order. This paragraph would be incomplete without a recognition of the immense improvement which has been effected in regard to irrigation in Coorg under the regime of Mr. Parker, the Executive Engineer, who is shortly leaving the province on transfer.

SECTION V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

19. The gross demand under all heads was Rs. 54,000 less than in the preceding year, the decrease being due to the falling off in forest receipts. The nett surplus, account being taken for receipts credited outside Coorg, was Rs. 53,474.

Gross revenue.
[Part II,
pages 17-18.]

Excise.
[Part II,
pages 18-19.]

20. Numerous excise reforms were still under correspondence but effect was given to only three during the year—the strength of the arrack issued for retail sale was reduced to 25° U.P., the right of retail vend was sold by public auction, while the duty was raised from Rs. 4-12-4 to Rs. 5-10-0 per gallon of London proof. The Excise staff remained the same as before, though its revision has since been sanctioned: the toddy system (since revised) was under consideration: and enquiry was set on foot regarding the proposal to sell arrack at 50° U.P. as well as at 25° U.P. The excise revenue increased by Rs. 13,000.

In considering the result of the innovations in the light of the statistics of the year, it must be remembered that agricultural conditions have been unfavourable and the price of food-grains high: there was therefore a smaller balance for the ryot to spend in the arrack shop.

The auction sales realized Rs. 11,225 against Rs. 9,787 (vend fees at 4 annas a gallon) in the previous year—this was a moderate increase. The amount of arrack issued fell by 3,270 gallons or 8% of last year's issues—this was to be expected in a bad agricultural year. The arrack shop-keepers made very large profits and the result was very keen competition at the sales held in March last: at the close of the current lease readjustment will be needed lest the consumer be driven to illicit practices.

The number of prosecutions for excise offences was small (42)—a fact which must be attributed to the inefficiency of the staff which is, however, now under close control by the newly appointed Excise Inspector and will probably produce better results.

There was no change in the toddy leasing system or in the number of shops: reforms have since been effected but the subject appertains to next year's report.

The sales of both opium and ganja increased, but exhibited no abnormal tendencies.

Stamps.
[Part II,
page 19.]

21. The sales of stamps have been practically stationary for the past five years.

Income-tax.
[Part II,
pages 19-20.]

22. The number of income-tax assesseees rose by about 10% and the tax on other sources of income by about 20%—a result of the revival of trade which followed the agricultural prosperity of last year.

Local Funds.
[Part II,
page 20.]

23. The condition of the District Board and Municipal Funds has been referred to in the preceding paragraphs.

The funds of the Mercara School Endowment were invested in Government paper and the disbursements contained no unusual element.

SECTION VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

Births and
deaths.
[Part II,
pages 21-22.]

24. The reasons for not implicitly trusting vital statistics in Coorg have been given in numerous former reports: they still hold good. So far, however, as the figures may be relied on, those for 1908 show more births and fewer deaths than in 1907: compared with previous years the death rate (34.94) was high and the birth rate (24.17) normal. Judged by these figures, the population of Coorg should be gradually vanishing, but there is no other reason for holding such an opinion. Its final disproof must be entrusted to the ensuing census.

25. Fever was responsible for the exceptionally large number of 5,028 deaths—but ‘fever’ is the generic term for most diseases that are not pronounced cholera from the stand point of the villager.

Cases of plague and cholera were sporadic, but nothing more.

26. The result of the opening of the new hospitals is apparent in the figures Medical relief. regarding the attendance of in- and out-patients: the former rose by nearly 41% [Part II, page 22.] and the latter by 10% while the number of operations was about 15% more.

There was a fall in the sale of quinine.

27. No elaborate sanitary improvements were undertaken but the general Sanitation. cleanliness of the villages was attended to by the District Board through the [Part II, page 23.] Revenue staff. A Sanitary Inspector was under training in Madras, but did not commence duty until after the close of the year.

28. The vaccination figures exhibit no noticeable variation, and the province Vaccination. was comparatively free from small-pox. [Part II, page 23.]

SECTION VII.—INSTRUCTION.

29. The establishment and management of educational affairs continued Education. unchanged during the year under report, while the number of schools increased [Part II, pages 23-27.] by one and the number of scholars by nearly 800, or 17%.

The results of the Matriculation examination from the Mercara High School were very satisfactory, eight boys passing out of eleven who appeared for the examination. It is to be regretted that only two of these were Coorgs by race—the educational attainments of that community do not advance very rapidly, although their attendance at the schools shows a great improvement, and their practical interest in educational matters is frequently in evidence.

Arrangements have been made to enlarge the hostel at the Mercara school and to build a hostel at Virajendrapet, the latter being largely due to the generosity of Rai Bahadur Kodandera Kuttayya.

The generosity of other Coorg gentlemen—the late Mr. Cheppudira Somayya, R.B., and Mr. Koravandra Nanjappa—has also made possible the establishment of an aided Girls’ Lower Secondary school, with hostel attached, at Mercara: Government has afforded liberal assistance and it is hoped that the institution—believed to be unique in India—will commence work on September 1st, 1909.

The attendance at the existing primary girls’ schools has risen more than 25% during the past year, and, given liberal and tactful management, the success of the Lower Secondary school under the management of the Nuns should be ensured.

SECTION IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Lantana.

30. The revenue executive continued to pay special attention to the eradication of *lantana*—more particularly to the removal of regrowth from areas cleared in previous years: but their task daily becomes more arduous and it is probable that those who needed the greatest persuasion have realized that, until legislation becomes a fact rather than a prospect, they can reject advice with impunity. Those who have effected complete clearance admit the advantages that they have gained in increased grazing and immunity from insect pests and wild animals. It appears, therefore, most desirable that, at this stage, some form of permissive legislation should be resorted to, lest the good work already done be lost. The details of the measures already adopted and results obtained have been recorded in an annual *lantana* review.

Reference may be made to paragraph 17 *supra* which proves the disaster which *lantana* has brought upon the forests: this will probably result in a determination to eradicate the *lantana* from reserve forest, and will throw into prominence the necessity for removing it from other lands.

Records.

[Part II,
page 28.]

31. Complete rules have now been framed to guide the destruction and retention of both revenue and judicial records: progress made in giving retrospective effect to these rules is however slow, and it has been found necessary to apply for a special staff for the purpose.



PART II.

DEPARTMENTAL CHAPTERS.

PART II.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed in the administration report for the year 1901–1902 under the following headings :—

	PAGE.
Physical features of the country ...	1
Area	3
Climate	3
Chief staples	3
Historical summary	4
Form of administration	5
Character of land tenure	7
System of survey and settlements	8
Civil divisions of the British territory	9
Details of the last census	10
Tribes and languages	11

Standing
information and
geographical
statistics.

Other statistical information will be found in the Coorg District Gazetteer, Volume B. Statements Nos. 1 to 5 exhibit the prescribed statistics regarding the area, character of the surface, climate, civil divisions and population of the province.

2. There were no changes in the form of administration during the year under report.

Changes in the
administration.

3. Mysore is the only foreign State adjoining Coorg and the relations therewith were satisfactory.

Relations with
Native States.

4. Public health during the period under report was not good and the mortality registered was 17·5 per cent. higher than the average for the previous five years though slightly less than in 1907. Malarial fever accounted for nearly 80% of the deaths. The out-turn of the principal staple food-grain crops was much below normal, and prices ruled high: there was also unusual mortality among cattle from rinderpest. These causes affected the general condition of the middle and lower classes, while the planting community suffered from a very poor coffee crop—2,532 tons against an average of 3,908 tons for the previous five years.

Condition of the
people.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND. (1908–1909.)

5. Statement No. 6—*Land revenue*.—The demand for the year was Rs. 3,32,868 as compared with Rs. 3,31,887, or a nett increase of Rs. 981. The important variations were under wet and dry assessment (+Rs. 1,075), coffee assessment (+Rs. 266) and miscellaneous or fluctuating land revenue (—Rs. 360). The increases under the first two items were partly due to the levy of full assessment on the holdings hitherto held under privileged or reduced rates and partly to new lands being taken up for cultivation. Including an outstanding balance of Rs. 70,029 at the beginning of the year, the gross demand amounted to Rs. 4,02,896. Of this sum Rs. 3,31,291 were collected and Rs. 282 remitted leaving an arrear balance of Rs. 71,323. Of the current arrear (Rs. 70,961) Rs. 59,925 were due from coffee planters, who are allowed to defer payment until 31st May. The actual balance was therefore Rs. 11,036.

Realization of
the revenue.

6. Statement No. 7—*Assignment of land revenue*.—The total value amounted to Rs. 1,05,340, or Rs. 151 less than in the previous year.

7. The acreage held under the principal tenures is shown in the following table, which includes the corresponding figures for the previous year :—

Years.	Sagu.		Jama.		Jodi.		Umbli.		Jágir.	
	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.	Wet.	Dry.
1907-1908 ...	41,587	18,460	40,088	193	3,789	1,145	7,488	38	3,583	911
1908-1909 ...	42,260	18,906	40,025	191	3,762	1,135	7,481	38	3,583	911

Continued.

Years.	Coffee.	Orange.	Cocoanut and arecanut.	Cardamom.	Rubber.	Agave.	Total.
1907-1908 ...	99,481	2,341	281	52,395 *	126	...	271,906
1908-1909 ...	99,832	2,025	281	54,124	395	135	275,084

* The 49,349 acres shown in the report for 1907-1908 was a clerical mistake for 52,395 acres.

The important increase under cardamom is due to the lease of certain new mallés. 269 acres for rubber and 135 acres for agave cultivation were granted during the year under the new rules.

8. Statement No. 8—*Incidence of land revenue on area and population*.—This is a quinquennial return and was last prepared in 1907-1908 (*vide* paragraph 8 of the report for that year).

9. Statement No. 9—*Transfers of landed property*.—Of the 82 transfers by order of the courts, 79 cases refer to sales for arrears of revenue. In 25 instances the lands were resumed to Government and in 54 cases transferred to the auction purchasers. The above figures include 23 sales of privileged lands covering an aggregate extent of 167 acres: on transfer to the auction purchasers the privileged tenure lapsed.

Agricultural
advances.

10. Statements Nos. 10, 11 and 12—*Transactions under the Land Improvement and Agriculturists' Loans Acts*.—The total amount advanced to cultivators under both the Acts during the year was Rs. 11,910 against Rs. 8,045 in the previous year. This, together with the outstanding balance (Rs. 14,602) at the commencement of the period under review brought the gross amount for recovery to Rs. 26,512. The realizations aggregated Rs. 7,455 leaving a balance of Rs. 19,057, made up of (a) Rs. 5,155, being the amount which became due but was not realized before the close of the year, and (b) Rs. 13,902 consisting of instalments not payable during the year. Out of the arrear of Rs. 5,155, Rs. 4,167 together with the interest due thereon, have since been recovered. In regard to this arrear it must, however, be explained that loan instalments have hitherto been repayable only by the 20th March, the date of the last revenue kist. Under the recently revised rules this date has been advanced to the 20th February and it may be safely anticipated that instalments of loans granted in future will be more easily collected within the appropriate financial year. The arrear for the year under report is also due in part to the fact that owing to the prevalence of rinderpest and the failure of the north-east monsoon it has been found advisable to grant suspensions in several cases until next year. The nett income to Government from these loan operations was Rs. 224 as compared with Rs. 687 in the preceding year. The decline is entirely due to the non-realization of the instalments on the due dates as is evidenced by the fact that Rs. 618 have been collected towards interest alone since the close of the year as compared with Rs. 365 for the corresponding period of the previous year.

11. The sum advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, was Rs. 6,850 as compared with Rs. 3,925 in 1907-1908 distributed among 69 ryots in sums varying from Rs. 20 to Rs. 300. The amount falling due for recovery during the year (including arrears) was Rs. 6,860 and the percentage of collection was 59·77 against 72·00 in the previous year.

12. The advances under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, amounted to Rs. 5,080 or Rs. 960 more than in the preceding year. The number of ryots actually benefited was 144 and the sums distributed ranged from Rs. 15 to Rs. 250. The realizations of the year fell from 65·92 to 58·35 per cent.

13. In pursuance of the orders of the Government of India a set of new rules governing the disbursement of takavi loans was issued during the year. Special measures have been adopted with a view to familiarising the ryots with the policy and procedure of Government in this respect and every endeavour is being made to grant all deserving applications, as far as funds permit, with as little delay as is consistent with safeguarding the interests of Government. Both the amount distributed and the number of ryots benefited during the year are the highest on record, and there is every indication that this progress will be maintained.

14. Statement No. 13—*Survey and Settlement*.—Nine village plans were re-published and 47 were revised during the year. Topographical maps for four nads (Bettietnad, Hatgatnad, Anjigerinad and Tavalgerimurnad) were issued. Surveys, settlements and land records.

15. One hundred and sixty-seven land disputes were settled by the Settlement Officer and his Assistant as against 31 in the previous year. The increase is due to enquiries instituted in view of the re-settlement operations. Eighty-eight crop experiments were conducted, of which 47 were in connection with the settlement in progress.

16. Work in connection with the settlement steadily continued under Mr. Haller. The field work in the Padinalknad taluk was completed and that in the Nanjarajpatna taluk was begun. The latter taluk is expected to be completed by the end of November 1909.

17. The demarcation of field boundaries was stopped during the year. The question as to its applicability to all holdings was considered and it has been decided that demarcation is necessary only in the case of private holdings adjoining Government lands. Rules based on this decision have been drafted and are under consideration.

18. The Department of Land Records and Agriculture continued to be under the control of the Commissioner but the executive charge vested in Mr. Gustav Haller, assisted by Mr. Kambeyandra Subbayya, Assistant Settlement Officer.

19. The progress made by the Land Record Department was satisfactory. The separation of the duties of the clerks and shanbogs attached to the nad offices has materially facilitated the efficient working of the department.

20. A survey school was held at Fraserpet during the monsoon and twenty-one candidates were declared to have qualified in surveying.

21. The area of land sold under the Waste Land Rules during the year was 114·64 acres. Excluding timber growth, the value realized was Rs. 1,426, the average price per acre being Rs. 12-8-1. The corresponding figures for the average of the last five years are 64 acres at Rs. 8 per acre. Waste lands.

22. There were two wards under the official guardian during the year. Including Government Promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 200 held on behalf of one of the minors, the opening balance was Rs. 512. A sum of Rs. 7 was realized during the year on account of interest, which raised the closing balance to Rs. 519. Wards' estates.

Revenue and
rent-paying
classes.

23. There are no *zamindaris* in Coorg and the great bulk of the holdings are *ryotwari*, the ordinary tenure being known as *sagu*, though there are one or two separate villages held as *jágirs*. Particulars have been given in paragraph 7 *supra* of the holdings under the various classes of tenure, a description of which will be found in paragraphs 23—31 of the administration report for the year 1901–1902. Owing to the circumstance that individual ryots frequently hold land under more than one tenure it is impracticable to compile statistics of the several rent-paying classes. Reference has been made in paragraphs 6 and 8 *supra* to the revenue foregone in respect of the several privileged tenures and to the incidence of the land revenue demand on the population, while information as to the average assessment is furnished in Statement No. 83.

III.—PROTECTION.

Standing
information.

24. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed at page 14 of the administration report for the year 1901–1902 under the heading “Legislating Authority.”

Course of
legislation.
(1908–1909.)

25. Statement No. 14—*Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting Coorg*.—The Civil Procedure Code, V of 1908, and the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, were extended to Coorg during the year under the Scheduled Districts Act. No special regulations were promulgated under 33 Victoria, Chapter 3.

Police.
(1908.)

26. Statements Nos. 15 and 16—*Cognizable crime*.—The number of cognizable offences reported (415) was 30 less than in the previous year. The decrease was mainly under breaches of special and local laws and under serious offences against person and property. Police investigation was refused only in two cases as against six in 1907.

27. The percentage of convictions obtained in cognizable cases investigated by the police was 78·08 as against 78·50 in the previous year. Of 443 persons arrested by the police, 332 were convicted, the figures for 1907 being 411 and 350 respectively.

28. Six cases of murder were reported during the year, of which only one ended in conviction. Owing to ill-treatment by her husband a woman attempted to drown herself with her child, but only succeeded in causing the death of the child. The sentence of transportation for life passed on her by the Sessions Court was, on the recommendation of that court, commuted to one of rigorous imprisonment for six months by the Chief Commissioner. In another case a woman was found murdered in her own house and her property stolen. Five persons were charged under section 396, I. P. C., but owing to the want of sufficient evidence they were discharged. A third case in which a man murdered his wife and a neighbour as the result of some quarrel could not be proceeded with as the murderer committed suicide immediately after the crime. One case was struck off the file as, the murder, if any, being committed beyond the jurisdiction of the Coorg Police, no investigation was possible. Of the remainder, one was found to be only a case of suicide and the other a mistake of fact.

29. There were in all six cases of dacoity, including one pending from the previous year particulars of which were given in the last year's report. Of the remaining five, one was struck off as due to mistake of fact. One of the two cases which were pending at the close of the year has since been returned as false. In the other some Moplahs of North Malabar with the help of a local Tiyan broke into the house of a Sivachar of Tavalagerimurnad and decamped

with 1,348 rupees' worth of property. On communicating with the North Malabar Police 10 persons were arrested and some property was recovered. All the accused have since been convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment ranging from three to ten years. Another case, in which a house of a wealthy Brahman was broken into and about 350 rupees' worth of property was removed, could not be detected owing to the inability of the complainant to identify any of the suspected persons. The last case which ended in conviction was only a technical dacoity.

30. Only two prosecutions for preferring false charges were instituted during the year and both of them resulted in the discharge of the accused.

31. Statement No. 19—*Property stolen and recovered*.—Property recovered is considerably less than in the previous year, the percentage being 31·32 against 51·61 in 1907. This is due to the fact that in the dacoity cases only a small portion of the property was recovered.

32. Statement No. 20—*Sanctioned strength and cost*.—The total expenditure was Rs. 59,592 as against Rs. 54,806 in the previous year. The increase was mainly due to the cost of clothing purchased for 1907 being debited to the accounts for 1908. The average annual cost was Rs. 233 per head of police as compared with Rs. 219 in the previous year. The cost per head of population was Rs. 0-5-3 against Rs. 0-4-10 in 1907.

33. Statement No. 21—*Equipment, discipline, and internal management*.—The actual strength of the police was 254 against 256 in the previous year. One Sub-Inspector was recruited and sent to Vellore for training. As one of the Sub-Inspectors was promoted to the Inspector's post in the place of the late Mr. Mandepandra Somayya who retired from service, the number of Sub-Inspectors remained the same (12) as in the preceding year. Nine out of the sixteen stations were under the charge of Sub-Inspectors. The number of policemen judicially punished was 3 as against 2, and 115 were departmentally dealt with against 147 in 1907. Three men were dismissed during the year. The conduct of the police force was on the whole satisfactory. The number of men who are literate in Canarese was 228, the previous year's figure being 227. The training school at Mercara was open throughout the year for the instruction of recruits, and 19 men passed through it. The number of Coorgs in the department was 142.

34. The number of processes issued during the year was 6,598 as against 7,510 in 1907; of the total number, four were pending execution at the close of the year.

35. Eleven suicides were reported as compared with six in the previous year and the number of accidental deaths rose from 16 to 35.

36. Mr. G. S. P. Percival was in charge of the department throughout the year.

37. Statement No. 23—*Number of criminal courts and trials conducted*.—Criminal
Justice.
(1908.)Mr. A. J. Curgenvin, I.C.S., the permanent District Magistrate, held charge of that office except for two months and 29 days, during which period Mr. W. A. Doig, I.C.S., officiated for him. With the object of relieving the Subordinate Judge of the bulk of his magisterial work, the Assistant Commissioner was, in the month of June, created a First Class Magistrate with jurisdiction over the Mercara and Padinalknad taluks. Several acting arrangements were necessitated by the absence on leave during the year of the Subordinate Judge, Mr. Chennayya, and of the Subedars of Nanjarajpatna and Mercara.

38. Statement No. 24—*Particulars regarding the trial of offences.*—The number of cases brought to trial was 1,268 or 206 less than in the previous year, while the number of offences reported (1,522) declined by 89. The differences are distributed fairly uniformly throughout the various classes of offences, and may be due in part to the peculiarities of the agricultural year. Under the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, (Act XIII of 1859), 389 cases involving 497 persons were filed, against 417 cases concerning 517 persons in 1907. Excluding this class of cases, the criminal trials during the year resulted in the discharge or acquittal of 878 persons and the conviction of 562, of whom one was dealt with summarily. The percentage of convictions was thus 39·00 compared with 40·81 and 37·58 in the two preceding years. Excluding petty cases of hurt, assault, mischief and insult, most of which are only technically criminal, the percentage of persons convicted is 64·79 against 66·21 in the previous year. Offences against public tranquillity and justice numbered 30, those against the person 226, and those against property 250, while there were 127 other offences under the Indian Penal Code, and 635 breaches of special and local laws and miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code. These figures do not call for any particular notice. Sixteen persons were found guilty of offences classed as heinous crime. The sole conviction for murder was against an unfortunate woman who, owing to domestic unhappiness, attempted to drown herself with her child, but succeeded only in causing the death of the child. Her sentence was commuted to one of six months' rigorous imprisonment. One person was convicted of attempt to murder, thirteen of dacoity and one of robbery. Of the two offences of dacoity only one, involving six persons, was committed by persons who would ordinarily be classed as dacoits. The robbery was not of a serious nature.

There were no cases of opium smuggling in Coorg during the year.

39. Statement No. 25—*Miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code.*—Four persons were ordered to pay compensation under section 250; Criminal Procedure Code, compared with ten in the previous year. No orders were made under the security sections.

40. Statement No. 26—*General result of criminal trials.*—The average duration of each case was thirteen days both in the District Magistrate's court and in the subordinate courts.

41. Statements Nos. 27 to 31—*Punishments inflicted by the various courts.*—Only one person was sentenced to transportation and this was afterwards commuted to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Whipping was awarded to 29 persons as against 27 in the previous year. The aggregate amounts of fines imposed and of compensation paid was Rs. 4,843 and Rs. 704 respectively as compared with Rs. 7,416 and Rs. 670 in the preceding year. The percentage of realizations was 95, the same as last year. Of three old offenders who were convicted, one was ordered to notify his residence under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code.

42. Statement No. 33—*Result of appeal and revision.*—Thirty-nine appeals were presented before the District Magistrate. In two cases convictions were set aside and in three sentences were reduced. Fifteen appeals were dealt with by the Sessions Judge, of which one was summarily rejected, twelve were dismissed and one was partially successful, one being pending at the close of the year. The Judicial Commissioner received three appeals against convictions, all of which were dismissed. There were 29 applications for revision as against 40 in the previous year. Of these, 8 were preferred to the Judicial Commissioner: in three cases the orders passed by the lower court were upheld, four applications were rejected, and one was successful.

43. Statement No. 34—*Juries and assessors.*—The only trial before the Sessions Court was conducted with the aid of assessors with whom the judge agreed.

44. The records and registers of all subordinate courts were inspected by the District Magistrate during the year.

45. Statements Nos. 35 to 63—*Detailed statistical information regarding the administration of the jail department during the year 1908.*—The particulars for the Mercara District Jail and the four lock-ups attached to the taluk offices at Somwarpet, Napoklu, Virajendrapet and Ponnampet, are given separately. (1908.)

46. The bulk of the jail population is confined in the District Jail and the lock-ups are used only for under-trial prisoners, persons sentenced to periods of imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, and convicts temporarily detained pending transfer to the District Jail.

Sub-jails.

47. The total number of admissions to lock-ups during the year under report was 417, or 22 less than in the previous year. The number of convicts included in this total fell from 154 to 117, of whom 72 were for transfer to the District Jail. Forty-five convicts were confined in the lock-ups as against 60 in the previous year. The maximum period of detention in the case of under-trial prisoners was 45 days, the average being 9 days. The expenditure on dieting charges *per annum* per head of average strength again rose from Rs. 54 to Rs. 61 in consequence of the specially high prices of grains which prevailed during the year. The ordinary allowance per man is one seer of rice and five pies' worth of curry stuff.

District Jail.

48. The accommodation available was the same as in 1907. The wards provide for the custody of 151 prisoners of all classes. The largest number in custody on any one day was 107. In the male under-trial ward there was slight overcrowding, which was met by using some other empty wards.

49. Statements Nos. 36 to 43—*Number and disposal of jail population, classification according to religion, age, offences, etc.*—The daily average strength including under-trials and civil prisoners rose from 89.03 to 91.51. The total jail population (414), included 230 convicted prisoners, 179 under-trials and 5 civil debtors: the figures for 1907 were 253, 149 and 32 respectively while those for 1906 were 290, 148 and 36.

50. Seventy-one convicts were in custody on 31st December 1907 and 159 were admitted during the year. Of these, 121 were released on expiry of sentence, twenty under remission rules, four on Empire day and one, who was found to be insane, under the orders of the Local Government. One was transferred to the Madras criminal leper ward and five died. There were thus 78 convicts in confinement on 31st December 1908.

51. Of the under-trials, 55 were subsequently convicted, 108 were released, one died, one escaped and 14 remained in custody at the close of the year.

52. Statements Nos. 44 to 49—*Particulars regarding jail discipline.*—The number of offences committed by convicts fell from 52 to 17 which is the lowest figure on record for the last five years. Three offences related to work, two to receiving and possessing prohibited articles, seven to assaults and five to other breaches of jail discipline. One under-trial prisoner escaped from the jail by climbing up the water pipe on to the roof of the ward and he has not yet been recaptured. The convict who escaped in 1902 and the three who escaped in 1905 were not re-arrested. Corporal punishment was inflicted in six cases against four in 1907, once for refusing to work in out-door gang and five times for assaults. Of the total number of jail offences, 35.29 per cent. were committed by habitual offenders though their proportion to the entire jail population was only twenty per cent. Prisoners of this class were kept as usual in cubicles at night, and in separate gangs at meal time, and were not appointed to the post of maistry. Twenty convicts were released under the mark rules during the year, the maximum remission earned being 236 days by a convict under sentence of imprisonment for five years. Twenty-one convicts were awarded special marks for exemplary behaviour.

53. Statements Nos. 50 to 53—*Scales of diet*.—Diet was, as usual, supplied departmentally in accordance with the authorized scale and the result was satisfactory. The quality of the food was good and the quantity sufficient to keep the prisoners in good health. The daily cost per head was two annas and five pies, or one pie more than in the previous year owing to high prices. The gross outlay on articles of food was Rs. 5,065 (excluding Rs. 35 expended on extras for patients in the jail hospital) against Rs. 4,730 in the preceding year.

54. A sum of Rs. 200 was spent in purchasing clothing for the prisoners.

55. Statements Nos. 54 to 57—*Detailed statistics of health*.—Water is supplied from the Mercara reservoir. The latrines are on the dry earth system. The conservancy and drainage arrangements are adequate and satisfactory. The health of prisoners was satisfactory, the rate of sickness *per mille* of average strength being 12·57 as against 13·37 in the previous year. The mortality fell from 123·55 to 65·57.

56. Statement No. 58—*Gain and loss in weight of the prisoners*.—Of the 152 convicts discharged from jail, 115 had gained in weight while 20 had lost, the variation in the case of 14 of the latter being under five pounds. No convict was released on medical grounds.

57. Statement No. 59—*Expenditure on guarding and maintaining prisoners*.—The gross expenditure was Rs. 10,579 against Rs. 9,504 in the previous year. The increase is chiefly due to the biennial supply of clothing to the warders which fell due during the year and also to the high prices of food stuffs. The gross average cost per prisoner (Rs. 116) was higher by Rs. 9 than in the previous year.

58. Statement No. 61—*Employment of convicts*.—The work of prisoners was, as usual, carefully arranged with reference to class, sex and health. In-door labour consisted chiefly of sawing wood, grinding *rāgi* and carpentry.

59. Statement No. 62—*Nett cash earnings of convicts*.—The total receipts from jail manufactures were Rs. 3,525 against Rs. 3,570 in the previous year. As usual the bulk of the receipts was from carpentry. The expenditure on materials was Rs. 832 as compared with Rs. 576 in 1907 and the nett profit to Government was thus Rs. 2,693 as against Rs. 2,994 in the previous year. Taking this profit into consideration, the nett expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 7,886 against Rs. 6,510 in 1907 and the average nett cost per prisoner rose from Rs. 73 to Rs. 86.

60. The jail was visited by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg during his tour and was periodically inspected by the local official visitors. Lieutenant-Colonel D. S. E. Bain, I.M.S., was in charge of the jail up to the 16th May 1908 when he was relieved by Major J. L. Macrae, I.M.S.

Civil Justice.
(1908.)

61. There was no change in the number of civil courts (5) or their jurisdiction.

62. Statement No. 64—*Number and description of suits instituted*.—The number filed (2,003) was the highest figure reached during the present century. The increase (58) was under original suits, which rose by 63, while there was a decrease (5) under small causes.

63. Statement No. 65—*Number and value of suits instituted*.—There was a decrease of Rs. 4,271 (about 2·70 per cent.) in the value of suits. The total value was Rs. 1,53,516, which is the lowest sum recorded of recent years.

64. Statement No. 66—*General result of the trial of original cases*.—The number of cases decided was 2,005 against 1,933 in 1907, while the arrears decreased from 213 to 211. The bulk of the work as usual devolved on the two Munsiffs, who together disposed of 769 suits and 1,225 small causes, and the fact that, in spite of the larger number filed, the arrears have decreased testifies to the promptitude of their work.

65. The number of suits decreed *ex-parte* was 767, of which 24 were re-filed. Of the twelve applications for review of judgment which were put in, seven were granted, and five rejected. Five applications to sue *in forma pauperis* were received and of these three were successful.

66. The total number of witnesses who attended the courts was 2,247 against 1,835 in 1907. Eleven witnesses were detained for more than three days, while 2,009 were discharged on the first day of attendance.

67. Statement No. 67—*General result of the trial of miscellaneous cases.*—The number of miscellaneous applications filed was 714; 702 cases were decided, including 17 applications under the Guardian and Wards' Act, 1890, and one for probate and letters of administration.

68. Statements Nos. 68 and 69—*Regular and miscellaneous appeals.*—The number of regular appeals filed was 21: including six pending from the previous year there were for disposal 27 against 40 in 1907; seven were successful. There were 13 miscellaneous appeals against fifteen in the previous year and five were successful. The Judicial Commissioner decided nine appeals out of twelve preferred to his court: in six cases the orders of the lower courts were upheld. There were three miscellaneous appeals; in two cases the orders of the lower court were confirmed and one is pending.

69. Statement No. 70—*Particulars of execution proceedings.*—The number filed was 326 less than in 1907. Wholly infructuous applications accounted for 75·28 per cent. of the total disposals. The decrease in the number of execution applications was due to the late harvest. Several applications were filed after the close of the year.

70. Statement No. 71—*Results of insolvency applications.*—Out of 31 applications filed, 5 were pending at the close of the year.

71. The total number of processes issued by all courts during the year was 14,907, the realizations from process fees being Rs. 6,600.

72. The quarterly returns of the subordinate courts were scrutinized by the District Judge throughout the year and all the courts were inspected by that officer. There were 8 first-grade and 15 second-grade pleaders practising in the province.

73. Mr. K. Nanjappa, Munsiff of Mercara, was granted six months' furlough and Mr. C. N. Muttanna, Bar-at-law, was appointed as acting Munsiff. The Subordinate Judge having in the meanwhile applied for six months' furlough, Mr. Nanjappa was recalled and appointed as acting Subordinate Judge.

74. The title of Rai Sahib was conferred on Mr. Gopala Rau, in recognition of his good work for a period of nearly 22 years as Munsiff of Virajendrapet. He retired on 1st April 1909.

75. Statements Nos. 72 to 75—*Working of the Registration Department.*—Registration.
(1908.) The total number of documents registered rose from 1,916 in the previous year to 2,028 in the year under report; this is the highest number recorded during the last eight years. There was a corresponding increase (Rs. 1,63,178) in the value of property concerned. The surplus realized (Rs. 1,232) from the working of the department was also more than that of the previous year. The average surplus for the last eight years has been Rs. 1,175.

76. The number of documents pending delivery at the end of the year was 17 against 15 in the previous year, and the average time taken to register each document is 23 hours. Registration was refused in four cases and there was one unsuccessful appeal.

77. All the sub-registry offices were inspected by the Registrar and that of the Registrar by the Inspector-General.

District Board.
(1908-1909.)

78. Statement No. 76—*Constitution of the District Board.*—There was no change in the *personnel* of the Board during the year.

79. Statement No. 77—*Income of the District Board.*—Excluding the opening balance, the total revenue amounted to Rs. 75,869 against a budget estimate of Rs. 72,300. The noticeable increases were under market fees (+ Rs. 1,085), and pound fees (+ Rs. 719).

80. Statement No. 78—*Expenditure of the District Board.*—The total expenditure was Rs. 72,536 against a budget estimate of Rs. 76,600. The reduced expenditure is due to a lapse of Rs. 4,064 (Rs. 1,427 in the Civil budget and Rs. 2,637 in the Public Works budget; the latter item is explained in paragraph 85 *infra*).

81. The number of schools (66) under the management of the Board remained the same as in last year, but the attendance rose from 2,554 to 3,205. English was taught in three schools to 180 pupils against 130 in 1907-1908. Out of the total number of 2,327 boys and 878 girls, 1,354 boys and 677 girls are Coorgs by race. The percentage of children protected from small-pox fell from 94.36 to 93.00.

The school opened during 1906-1907 at Nalavattokkalu in Yedenalknad taluk for the education of Palés was closed as the community left the village to settle elsewhere; in its place, however, a school for Panchamas was started at Channayanakote in the same taluk. There were eight schools in all for the education of Panchamas of whom 212 were under instruction against 164 in the previous year.

In encouragement of technical education, a special grant of Rs. 100 was made to the Ammatti Weaving Institution managed by the Muhammadans of that place, and a fly-shuttle loom was supplied to the school at Sanivarsante where more than half of the population is of the weaver class.

The total outlay on education was Rs. 14,382 against Rs. 13,714 in 1907-1908, a percentage of 19 of the total income.

82. There was no change in the number of local fund dispensaries (5). The total number of out-patients treated was 29,322 against 26,997 during the previous year. At the Somwarpet dispensary which was converted last year into an in-patient hospital, 191 in-patients were treated against 125. The principal ailments treated were malaria, diseases of the spleen and respiratory organs, rheumatism, abscesses, ulcers and wounds. The gross expenditure (Rs. 6,414) was Rs. 1,095 more than in the previous year and includes the charges (Rs. 608) of erecting a permanent plague shed at Pollibetta.

The proposal to open temporary dispensaries at Fraserpet, Bhagamandala and Srimangala, in order to ascertain the need for permanent institutions was given effect to during the year. The dispensary was first located at Fraserpet where 3,483 out-patients were treated during 7 months.

83. The principal pettas were provided with rubbish receptacles and street lamps. The appointment of a Sanitary Inspector for Coorg was sanctioned and a candidate was selected and sent to Madras to undergo necessary training.

84. The number of travellers' bungalows (4) and of shelter houses for the use of immigrant coolies (4) remained the same as last year. The fees realized from the bungalows (Rs. 643) as usual, failed to cover the outlay incurred in the shape of establishment charges (Rs. 1,103). In addition to these charges a sum of Rs. 900 was expended for supplying the bungalows with crockery and furniture.

The nett revenue from tolls amounted to Rs. 19,242 against Rs. 18,105 in the preceding year. The toll-gate at Kyathe was closed during the year in favour of a gate established by the Mysore Durbar at Kerode. There was no change either in the number (26) or the working of the ferries; but the revenue realized again fell from Rs. 1,804 to Rs. 1,759.

A sum of Rs. 1,500 was spent in building roofed market stalls at Sanivarsante, Suntikoppa, Sidapur and Gonikoppal. Village communications and bridle-paths were repaired at a cost of Rs. 700, and Rs. 270 was spent in acquiring certain lands at Pollibetta for an *Uruguppe* (village site).

85. The grant for public works under the control of the Board was Rs. 45,000 and the expenditure Rs. 42,363; the lapse of the balance is reported by the Executive Engineer to be mainly due to the illness of the subordinates in charge of certain works.

86. Under *civil buildings*, an expenditure of Rs. 1,807 was incurred on improvements, coming under the category of original works, to all the local fund dispensaries and Hospital Assistants' quarters; the ordinary annual repairs to local fund buildings account for a further outlay of Rs. 343.

87. As usual the bulk of the expenditure was devoted to communications. On *original* works, the gross outlay was Rs. 13,850, of which the greater part was spent on the following works:—

- (i) opening out a road from Somwarpet to Konanur, Rs. 5,875;
- (ii) metalling portions of the Gonikoppal-Pollibetta road, Rs. 3,891;
- (iii) constructing a bridge across the Shettimane stream, Rs. 2,582;
- (iv) constructing a bridge across the Chedukar stream, Rs. 1,244.

Under 'minor works,' a further sum of Rs. 1,564 was expended on (i) the construction or improvement of petty bridges and drains on lines of communication, and (ii) supplying ferries with boats.

88. The outlay on repairs to communications amounted to Rs. 14,280, including sums of Rs. 877 expended on ferries, Rs. 807 on bridle-paths, Rs. 203 on travellers' bungalows and Rs. 64 on toll-gates.

The length of communications maintained during the year was 167 miles $4\frac{1}{4}$ furlongs, of which 4 miles and 1 furlong were metalled and $141\frac{1}{4}$ miles unmetalled roads, while the remainder consisted of bridle-paths. The roads under the control of the Board were kept in order at an average cost of Rs. 82 per mile.

89. Under miscellaneous public improvements, a sum of Rs. 2,055 was spent in constructing (i) slaughter-houses at Sanivarsante, Ammatti and Sidapur, (ii) cattle pounds at Bhagamandala, Goudhalli and Hudgur, and (iii) a well at Sanivarsante, while Rs. 446 was expended on petty repairs.

90. The balance of the public works expenditure represents the usual charges on account of establishment (Rs. 7,528), and tools and plant (Rs. 490).

91. Statements Nos. 79 to 81—*Constitution, income and expenditure of municipalities*.—Pending the receipt of a copy of the Central Provinces Bye-laws none have yet been framed under the Coorg Municipal Regulation, 1907, and the old bye-laws continued in force. Municipal.
(1908-1909.)

Mercara Municipality.

92. There was no change in the composition of the Committee. At the thirteen meetings held during the year, the average attendance of the *ex-officio* and non-official members was respectively 2·46 out of 5 and 5·69 out of 10.

93. The actual receipts including a generous contribution of Rs. 3,500 by the late Mr. Cheppudira Somayya, R.B., for putting up a gate and laying out a flower garden in front of the market, amounted to Rs. 20,326, and the expenditure to Rs. 32,444 against the budget estimates of Rs. 14,440 and Rs. 15,390 respectively. The difference is due to the figures relating to the construction of the market not being included. The cash balance at the close of the year was Rs. 5,784.

94. The gross demand including an outstanding balance of Rs. 1,166 was Rs. 21,524. The collections and remissions (Rs. 220) amounted to Rs. 20,546 leaving an uncollected balance of Rs. 978 at the close of the year. The assessment and collection work though somewhat better than in previous years, leaves much to be desired, and steps are now being taken to improve it. In this respect the work in Mercara has compared unfavourably with that in Virajendrapet.

95. The important items of expenditure were Rs. 3,485 under conservancy including Rs. 196 spent on eradication of *lantana*, Rs. 914 on the maintenance of roads, Rs. 18,409 on the construction of a general market, Rs. 1,024 on the further excavation of the reservoir and Rs. 99 on the construction of side drains.

96. The general market was completed during the year and opened for use at the end of June: it has been much appreciated and the financial results have been quite satisfactory.

97. The management of the hospital was taken over by Government with effect from 1st April 1908.

Virajendrapet Municipality.

98. There was no change in the composition of the Committee. The average attendance at the meetings held during the year was three in the case of official and five in the case of non-official members, the total strength being five and nine respectively.

99. The actual receipts of the year (Rs. 8,706), though they fell short of the budget estimate by Rs. 414, exceeded the income of the previous year by Rs. 140. The total demand under all heads of revenue including the outstanding balance at the beginning of the year (Rs. 162) amounted to Rs. 8,901. The collections and remissions (Rs. 2) aggregated Rs. 8,708 leaving a balance of Rs. 193 at the close of the year.

100. The total expenditure was Rs. 8,173. This includes a sum of Rs. 1,046 spent on side drains. An effort to sink a well proved unsuccessful as a substratum of impenetrable rock was found at the site selected.

101. Ten cases of plague were reported during the year of which five proved fatal. The expenditure in connection with plague was Rs. 341 including Rs. 110 spent on permanent establishment.

102. The cash balance at the close of the year, excluding Rs. 1,100 held in Government securities, was Rs. 5,498 against Rs. 4,965 last year.

Notified Areas.

103. The minor municipalities of Somwarpet, Fraserpet and Kodlipet were converted into "Notified Areas" under section 163 of the Coorg Municipal Regulation, II of 1907, with effect from the 1st April 1908, but the Committees appointed under the municipal regime remained in office.

104. The Somwarpet Committee held nine meetings at which the average attendance was six. The total income for the year was Rs. 2,185 and the expenditure Rs. 1,798. Rs. 487 were spent on the construction of a meat market and a slaughter-house, Rs. 572 on conservancy and Rs. 200 on roads. Excluding Rs. 700 held in Government securities, the cash balance at the close of the year was Rs. 1,249.

105. The average attendance at the six meetings held by the Fraserpet Committee was 3.83, the total strength being nine. The income was Rs. 740 and the expenditure Rs. 833. The closing cash balance was Rs. 354.

106. At the three meetings held by the Kodlipet Committee, the average attendance was four. The total income was Rs. 1,119 and the expenditure Rs. 939. The closing balance at the end of the year was Rs. 656.

107. The incomes of these latter two areas did not admit of more than the maintenance of the usual sanitary and lighting establishments.

108. The total strength of the corps on the 31st March 1909 was 257. The command was held up to the end of June 1908 by Major A. Lambert, V. D., who went on leave out of India, and was succeeded by Major G. R. Pearse, V. D., on 1st July 1908. Captain E. F. S. Henderson of the Leicestershire Regiment held the adjutancy throughout the year. A combined camp of exercise for the corps was held in October 1908 at Sanivarsante, and a special camp for B Company at Hunsur in the month of March 1909.

109. Very shortly after the close of the year the sad news was received of the death in England of Major A. Lambert, V. D., who had been an active member of the corps for 24 years, and its Commandant since 9th December 1905.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION. (1908-1909.)

110. Statement No. 3—*Rainfall and climate*.—In consequence of the deficiency in the north-east monsoon and the unfavourable distribution of the south-west monsoon the wet and dry crops were considerably affected. Some damage was also done to the cardamom crop by the incessant rain in July and August. The total rainfall of the year was 125 inches against an average of 123 inches for the past 15 years.

Character of the
seasons.

111. Statement No. 82—*Area under crops*.—The total area cropped during the year was 138,392 acres against 142,176 acres in 1907-1908, the decrease being due to the ill-distributed rains which checked dry cultivation. Including second crop cultivation the area under rice (81,149 acres) was 28 acres more than that of the previous year. The percentage of cultivated area to gross holdings (97,111 acres) was 83·56. The total area of dry holdings was 21,181 acres, the extent actually cropped being 8,651, the lowest figure during the past decade. The extent recorded as actually cultivated with coffee fell from 46,108 to 44,316 acres. The total extent held under what is known as the "coffee tenure" was 99,832 acres, which includes (a) 8,799 acres of ryotwari cardamom mallés, (b) 1,837 acres of orange gardens, (c) 42,352 acres of abandoned coffee or land granted for coffee but not planted, (d) 2,528 acres planted with rubber and (e) 731 acres of immature coffee. There is thus a nett area of 43,585 acres of coffee in bearing, of which 39,166 acres are cultivated according to the European method and 4,419 acres after the Native style. In addition to the area shown under (d) *supra*, 395 acres were cultivated with rubber. This figure includes 132 acres of Government waste and 137 acres of forest land granted during the year. An area of 135 acres of Government waste was also given out in North Coorg for *agave* cultivation. Reductions of assessment amounting to Rs. 212 were sanctioned in respect of 185 acres of coffee land from which the cultivation, having ceased to be remunerative, had been removed.

Area under
cultivation and
cropped area.

112. The area which is roughly estimated as being cultivated with cardamoms, *viz.*, 1,607 acres, is made up of (a) jama mallés (382 acres), (b) leased mallés (651 acres) and (c) coffee assessed mallés (574 acres); the aggregate holdings under these heads being 12,629, 41,495 and 8,799 acres respectively (total 62,923).

113. The area shown under orchards and garden produce consists of 281 acres of arecanut and cocoanut and 3,862 acres of orange groves. The latter figure includes the 1,837 acres referred to in paragraph 111 *supra*. The cultivation of pepper on lands formerly cultivated with coffee continues to expand, but has not been separately calculated.

114. The area irrigated during the year was 4,350 acres, of which 2,850 derived water from Government channels and the remaining 1,500 from Government tanks. The areas irrigable from these sources are roughly estimated at 3,372 and 1,728 acres respectively, but in many cases the land has not yet been prepared for cultivation. Extension in this direction is, however, steady and has been specially so in the case of the Chikle hole channel the irrigated area under which for the last four years has been 65, 124, 193 and 256 acres respectively.

Irrigated area.

Out-turn per
acre and total
produce.

Prices, trade
and stocks.

115. Statement No. 83—*Rates of rent and produce.* The rice, *ragi* and coffee crops were below normal. The estimated out-turn of coffee was 2,532 tons against an average of 3,908 tons for the previous five years.

116. Statements Nos. 84, 87, 88, 89 and 90—*Prices, imports, exports, coinage and paper currency.*—The failure of crops elsewhere coupled with the partial failure of the local crops resulted in exceptionally high prices of all food-grains. The price of coffee in the local market was higher than usual, but European prices showed little change. The principal exports are coffee, cardamoms, rice, oranges, timber, sandalwood and hides; and the chief imports are *ragi*, gram, pulses, live stock, sugar, salt, oils and piece-goods. The figures under these heads are for the most part compiled from the information supplied by the toll-gate contractors and cannot be implicitly trusted; nor is it possible to draw any inference as to the state of trade from the prescribed returns of coinage and paper currency.

Agricultural
stock.

117. Statement No. 86—*Live-stock.*—This is a quinquennial return. The figures were compiled for the year 1904-1905. The mortality among cattle from all causes amounted to 8,630. Of this number 3,222 were due to rinderpest, which was prevalent throughout the province during the year. The services of a veterinary assistant were secured from the Mysore Durbar for a period of three weeks for inoculating cattle against rinderpest. Three hundred and thirty-four head of cattle were inoculated during his short stay and a sum of Rs. 163 was paid on account of his pay and travelling allowances.

118. It is hoped that in future the Veterinary Department, which has been inaugurated since the end of the year under report, will be able to organize a successful campaign against this scourge, which threatens to cripple the resources of the middle and lower agricultural classes.

Condition of the
agricultural
population.

119. Statement No. 85—*Prices of Labour.*—The labour market was well supplied and there was no variation in the rate of hire.

120. Considering the fact that the season was most unfavourable for dry crops, the results obtained from cultivation of *ragi* on the Government experimental plots were satisfactory, the out-turn in the Sidapur and Gonikoppal stations being especially good. The results of other experiments in horse-gram, bengal-gram and cholum were poor owing to the deficiency of the north-east monsoon, but the plots were put into thorough working order and much valuable experience was gained.

Forests.

121. The area of the reserved forests at the commencement of the year was 304,802 acres. It received an addition of 28,164 acres in consequence of the reservation of the Urti and Kerti forests, and of 179 acres by the purchase of the Chooti mallé, an enclosure within the Padinalknad Ghât reserve which was sold for arrears of assessment. A small area of 40 acres irrigable by the Chikle hole channel was excluded from the Anekad reserve and sold for wet cultivation. The area at the close of the year was therefore 333,105 acres.

122. Six hundred and forty old cairns were repaired and 445 new cairns put up in connection with the survey by the Survey of India. Twenty-three miles of lines were cleared for purposes of preliminary demarcation in the Patti and Kadamakal Ghât blocks, and 40 miles of these lines, including work done last year in the Brahmagiri block, were widened to 10 feet. The total cost under this head was Rs. 933.

123. The existing roads and buildings were kept in repair at a cost of Rs. 1,542 and Rs. 930 respectively. A new Range office was constructed at Murkal and guard's huts at Fraserpet, Hunsur, Periambadi and Anekad at a total cost of Rs. 505.

124. The total number of offences reported during the year was 53, as against 61 in the preceding year. Of these, 45 were compounded on payment of compensation by the delinquents: four cases were withdrawn with a warning, being chiefly due to grazing: and four prosecutions were instituted of which one ended in conviction and three were pending at the close of the year.

125. Owing to the failure of the north-east monsoon the fire season was an exceptionally severe one, resulting in 18 fires covering an area of 12,164 acres as against nine and 1,619 acres in the preceding year. Eight of these were due to incendiarism, seven to fire accidentally crossing from adjoining *paisaris*, two to carelessness in burning fire lines and one to fire crossing from the adjoining Mysore forests.

126. The prescribed areas were, as usual, open to grazing and the revenue realized, including the sale of grass, amounted to Rs. 966 as against Rs. 925 in the previous year. Free grazing was permitted to the persons who enjoy a customary right to it.

127. The sandal plantations in North Coorg were kept clear of lantana, as were the *kumris* in South Coorg. 63,219 teak plants were raised in *kumris* and rewards paid for well established plants. Sandal trees affected with 'spike' were uprooted. Weeding was carried on in the *kumris* and inferior species of trees cut out. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 4,843 as against Rs. 5,291 in the previous year.

128. The quantity of timber felled departmentally in reserved forests was 112,568 cubic feet as against 114,206 cubic feet in the previous year and all this quantity was sold. The timber felled by purchasers amounted to 44,430 cubic feet as against 75,960 cubic feet, the decrease being due partly to the absence of demand for poles and partly to the change of system lately introduced in the working of the Ghât forests. 241 tons of sandalwood were collected at an average cost of Rs. 22-12-3 per ton, of which 234 tons were sold and realized Rs. 1,09,376, as against 249½ tons for Rs. 1,38,857 in 1907-1908. The prices obtained were lower than in the preceding year, but they were better than those obtained in the adjoining province of Mysore. 70,725 bamboos and 41,600 reeds were removed by purchasers as against 89,046 and 44,770 respectively in 1907-1908.

129. The revenue realized from cardamoms was Rs. 16,180 against Rs. 16,503 and that from minor forest produce Rs. 2,155 as against Rs. 4,252 in the previous year.

130. A sum of Rs. 5,722 was recovered on account of timber growth on lands newly taken up for cultivation against Rs. 3,192 in 1907-1908, the total number of valuations made by forest officers being 50 as against 35.

131. No free grants were made from the reserved forests during the year.

132. Six elephants, including two calves, were captured during the year. All the animals are under training and in good condition. Four elephants of previous captures were sold for Rs. 5,450. The cost of the capture and training amounted to Rs. 881 as against Rs. 896 in the previous year.

133. Including receipts in foreign treasuries and book adjustments, the total revenue and expenditure of the year amounted respectively to Rs. 2,24,317 and Rs. 99,595 and the nett surplus realized was Rs. 1,24,722 against Rs. 1,69,948. The decrease is due to a slack market for sandalwood.

134. During the absence of Mr. C. D. McCarthy on leave up to 22nd July 1908, the Extra Assistant Conservator Mr. E. C. M. Mascarenhas held charge of the department; Mr. McCarthy resumed charge on his return.

135. The estimated out-turn of minerals during the year was 16,369 tons of granite and 25 tons of laterite. No record was maintained of the quantity of clay used for making bricks. Mines and
quarries.

136. There are no factories in Coorg and manufactures in the ordinary sense of the term are locally unknown. Manufactures.

Public works.

137. The revenue credited to Imperial Public Works amounted to Rs. 6,200 and was realized chiefly from the sale of old materials, rents of buildings and hire of tools by contractors; Rs. 7 appertained to 'military' and the balance to civil receipts.

138. Including charges debited to military works and outlay on stock not charged against any sanctioned work, the expenditure for the year was Rs. 2,82,952 out of a grant of Rs. 2,90,000. The lapse was mainly under irrigation and was due to want of labour in consequence of the situation of tanks in remote places far away from villages. Works under other heads were in several cases interrupted by outbreaks of cholera.

(Military.)

139. A sum of Rs. 1,409 out of a grant of Rs. 1,500 was expended on improvements to the quarters of the Sergeant-Instructor at Mercara and to the armoury at Pollibetta and on the construction of stables for the quarters of the Sergeant-Instructor at Chikmagalur.

(Civil.)
Buildings.

140. The expenditure on civil buildings aggregated Rs. 66,222 against a grant of Rs. 65,757. Under major works there was an excess expenditure of Rs. 1,064 which was incurred mostly on improvements to the high school and primary school buildings at Mercara and on the construction of additional police lines at Sidapur. In all these cases work had to be rapidly pushed on. The major works completed were (a) improvements to the high school, Mercara (Rs. 13,634), and (b) improvements to the primary school, Mercara (Rs. 16,214). The major works in progress were (i) the construction of a police station at Mercara (Rs. 1,745), (ii) additional police lines at Sidapur (Rs. 1,844), (iii) Subedar's quarters at Somwarpet (Rs. 1,594), and (iv) conversion of one of the old military buildings into a bonded warehouse (Rs. 2,424).

141. On minor works a total outlay of Rs. 39,086 was incurred, the chief items being the construction of quarters for sub-inspectors of police at Tavalageri-Murnad, Ponnampet, Ammatti, Mercara, Somwarpet, Jambur, Bhagamandala, Sampaji and Kodlipet, a covered way between the ward for women and the administration block at the Mercara hospital, a police station at Ammatti, and the conversion of the non-commissioned officers' quarters into quarters for a sub-inspector of police, Mercara. Rs. 12,122 were spent on repairs to civil buildings.

Communications

142. The outlay on communications aggregated Rs. 1,36,327 against a grant of Rs. 1,34,947, the excess being chiefly due to the construction of a bridge across the Harangi river being vigorously pushed on with a view to its early completion. The outlay on original works was Rs. 48,900 against a grant of Rs. 46,922. The major works in progress were (a) opening out the Gonikoppal-Wynaad road (Rs. 3,210), (b) construction of a bridge across the Harangi river near Kudige on Fraserpet-Sirangal road (Rs. 29,218), (c) construction of a bridge across the Sanivarsante stream (Rs. 3,011), (d) metalling the first section of the Mercara-Kodlipet road (Rs. 2,660), (e) opening out a new metalled road from Kudige to the Somwarpet-Fraserpet road (Rs. 3,941), and (f) metalling a portion of the Somwarpet-Fraserpet road (Rs. 1,357). On minor works a sum of Rs. 5,175 was spent on (i) the construction of a two vent slab culvert on the Mercara-Kodlipet road, (ii) the construction of out-houses for the combined circuit house and P. W. D. inspection bungalow at Bhagamandala, (iii) the construction of a well in the compound of the inspection bungalow at Napoklu, and (iv) the fencing of the right approach of the bridge across the Cauvery river at Sidapur.

143. Including the usual outlay on the up-keep of bungalows, cooly lines, and bridges, the disbursements on account of repairs amounted to Rs. 87,427. The existing communications were kept in good order. 168 miles and 4 furlongs of metalled roads and 48 miles of unmetalled roads were maintained at an average cost of Rs. 475 and Rs. 165 per mile respectively.

144. A sum of Rs. 37 was spent in erecting and repairing rain-gauges at various centres.

145. The final grant under irrigation was Rs. 27,000 of which only Rs. 21,798 were spent. The lapse was due to want of labour as explained in paragraph 138 *supra*. Major works in progress were (i) the improvements to Abyatimangala dam and channel (Rs. 2,686), and (ii) the construction of a channel on the left bank of the Balaji river (Rs. 2,510). Expenditure was also incurred upon minor improvements to several tanks in various parts of the province. Irrigation.

During the year the investigation of the Harangi irrigation project was completed.

146. The expenditure on establishment, tools and plant was Rs. 61,234, and a sum of Rs. 338 related to suspense account.

147. With effect from 1st July 1908 the Coorg public works department was placed under the control of the public works department of Madras and was attached to the fourth circle, the Superintending Engineer of which was made the controlling officer and professional adviser to the Chief Commissioner.

148. Mr. J. M. M. Parker, the Executive Engineer, continued to be in charge of the department.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE. (1908-1909.)

Imperial Revenue and Finance.

149. The gross demand under all heads of Imperial revenue was Rs. 6,99,289 as compared with Rs. 7,53,923 in the previous year. The important variations were under Forests (— Rs. 59,173), Excise (— Rs. 4,797), Registration (+ Rs. 1,024), Medical (+ Rs. 6,094), and sale of postage stamps (+ Rs. 3,420). The decrease under Forests was under the head of timber and sandalwood and is explained in paragraphs 128 and 133 *supra*. The increase under Medical is due to the credit under this head of the contributions received from local funds on account of the Mercara and Virajendrapet hospitals which were transferred to Imperial control. The reason for the decrease under Excise is explained in paragraph 160 *infra*. The increases under Registration and sale of postage stamps did not exceed the ordinary fluctuations under these heads. Gross Revenue.

150. Statement No. 91—*Gross and nett revenue*.—As compared with the figures of 1907-1908 the gross receipts (Rs. 7,14,712) show a decline of Rs. 50,182, which is chiefly under Forest. The expenditure charged against income was Rs. 2,96,173 being an increase of Rs. 22,262 over that of the preceding year, chiefly due to the additional cost in connection with the India Survey party, which was working in the province during the greater part of the year, and the nett receipts were Rs. 4,18,539 or Rs. 72,444 less than in the previous year.

151. Statement No. 92—*Expenditure from nett income*.—The expenditure charged against nett income amounted to Rs. 5,26,467 against Rs. 4,83,683 in 1907-1908, the increase being mainly due to outlay on Public Works and in connection with the maintenance of hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet which were taken under Government management from the beginning of the year. The nett result of the Imperial transactions was thus a deficit of Rs. 1,07,928. If allowance be made, however, for forest receipts, on account of supplies to Government departments adjusted by book transfer and for payments made into treasuries outside Coorg, which amounted to Rs. 5,627 and Rs. 1,55,775 respectively, there is a surplus of Rs. 53,474.

152. Statement No. 93—*Cash transactions*.—The total receipts (Rs. 34,76,795) as compared with those of previous year show an advance of Rs 10,29,573, the most important items of increase occurring under “deposits,” “bills drawn on

other treasuries ” and “ remittances from other treasuries.” The total expenditure (Rs. 31,73,400) exhibits an increase of Rs. 5,37,707 over that of 1907-1908, the important items of increase being payment on account of deposits, supply bills and remittances to other treasuries.

Land Revenue.

153. Statement No. 6—*Land Revenue*.—The gross demand, including the outstanding balance (Rs. 70,029), amounted to Rs. 4,02,896, of which Rs. 3,31,291 were collected and Rs. 282 were remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 71,323 at the end of the year.

**Salt, customs
and opium.**

154. No revenue is derived in Coorg from salt or customs, and the receipts from the sale of opium are included under the head “Excise.” No opium is produced in the province.

Excise.

155. Statements Nos. 94 and 95—*Excise receipts and charges*.—The gross revenue for the year was Rs. 2,02,908 which is the highest figure for the last eight years. The increase was chiefly due to the recovery of arrears under (a) still-head duty (+ Rs. 7,666), (b) enhanced receipts under license fees for the sale of country liquor (+ Rs. 2,285) and (c) duty on ganja (+ Rs. 2,000). The charges amounted to Rs. 6,336 against Rs. 6,008. The surplus was thus Rs. 1,96,572 as against Rs. 1,83,712 in 1907-1908.

156. Statement No. 96—*Manufactories, licenses and shops*.—The distillery building near Fraserpet was again used as a bonded warehouse, but it was decided to locate the warehouse at Mercara as being more central, and an existing Government building has now been adapted for the purpose. Wholesale shops were located at Mercara, Virajendrapet, Gonikoppal and Fraserpet. The number of wholesale foreign liquor shops (2) and retail shops (5) remained the same as in the previous year. There was one beer tavern situated at Mercara. The number of arrack shops was reduced by 3 and the total number open was thus 37 as against 40 in the year 1907-1908. The licenses for the sale of arrack in these shops during the year under report were for the first time disposed of by auction in accordance with the instructions issued by the Government of India on the recommendations of the Excise Committee: the auctions realized Rs. 11,225. The vend fee of 4 annas per gallon, formerly levied from the shop-keepers, was abolished. The number of shops for the sale of toddy (208) as well as the number of opium and ganja shops remained unchanged.

Arrangements have been made to obtain the necessary information regarding sales of foreign spirits and fermented liquors, but it is not available for the current year: particulars will be given in the reports of future years.

157. Statement No. 97—*Duty and consumption of spirits and drugs*.—The contract for the wholesale supply of country jaggery arrack was undertaken by Messrs. A. Narayanaswami Mudaliar & Co. of Bangalore. The duty levied per gallon of arrack was raised, with effect from the beginning of the year, from Rs. 3-13-1 to Rs. 4-3-6 as recommended by the Excise Committee, and at the same time the strength was reduced from 20 to 25 degrees under proof. The issues during the year fell by 3,270 gallons as compared with the figure for 1907-1908. This must be attributed to the combined effects of (1) increased duty, (2) reduced strength and (3) unfavourable agricultural conditions. Frequent complaints were made by consumers regarding the reduction in strength.

158. The supply of opium remained in the hands of Government owing to the lack of tenders, and as usual the drug was obtained from Malwa. The quantity sold during the year was 64 Madras seers, 59 tolas—the highest figure for the past 8 years. The increase may be attributed to the assimilation of the retail price with that current in Mysore, thus removing the inducement for smuggling and for importing supplies for personal consumption by travellers.

159. The wholesale supply of ganja was managed departmentally and 20 maunds of the drug were obtained during the year. The quantity sold was 484 seers and 15 tolas as compared with 323 seers and 67 tolas. There has been a steady increase in the sale of ganja for the last 3 years owing to the superiority of the drug supplied.

160. Statements Nos. '98 and 99—*Incidence of consumption, and demand, collection and balance of excise revenue.*—The total demand declined from Rs. 2,01,823 to Rs. 1,97,026. The decrease was chiefly under still-head duty due to a falling off in issues. The total incidence of still-head duty and license fees per gallon of London proof was Rs. 6-0-6.

161. Statement No. 100—*Excise offences.*—The number of prosecutions instituted (23 regarding arrack and 19 regarding toddy) declined by 28, and the number of persons convicted was 40 against 70. This cannot be taken to point to the commission of fewer offences, but rather to inadequacy and inefficiency of the detective staff, which is, however, now being reorganised and will in future, it is hoped, show better results. The newly sanctioned appointment of an Excise Inspector with jurisdiction throughout the province was a great desideratum. The nett amount of fines credited to Government after deducting rewards granted to excise and police officers was Rs. 804 against Rs. 853 in 1907-1908.

162. Statement No. 101—*Working of the excise establishment.*—The strength of the preventive staff remained the same. The inspection of shops was sufficient and the revision of the existing establishment, as well as the connected question of co-operation between the Excise and Police Departments, were under consideration.

163. The question of the revision of the toddy leasing system was under enquiry during the year and has since been tentatively effected by the separate sale of shops and a considerable reduction in their number. It is doubtful whether, for reasons connected with the physical features of the province and the scattered nature of the population, it will be possible or desirable to introduce the tree-tax system. The location of both arrack and toddy shops was regulated with due regard to local requirements and the wishes of the villagers, and a scheme for the reduction or redistribution of the liquor shops in accordance with the principles laid down by the Government of India is under preparation. With the exception of Mercara, which is the only town with a population of over 6,000 inhabitants, the rest of the province will be regarded as a rural tract.

164. Statements Nos. 102 to 104—*Receipts and charges under Stamps.*—The receipts and charges aggregated Rs. 41,883 and Rs. 959 respectively giving a nett revenue of Rs. 40,924 against Rs. 41,649 in the preceding year. The fall in the receipts from court-fee stamps accounts for the decrease.

165. Statement No. 105—*Arrangements for the vend of stamps.*—This needs no comment.

166. Statements Nos. 106 and 107—*Insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments and stamp prosecutions and results.*—There was only one prosecution, which resulted in conviction. The fine levied was Rs. 15 against Rs. 11 in the previous year.

167. Statement No. 108—*Action taken to test valuation of estates.*—One application for probate and letters of administration was disposed of during the year.

168. Statement No. 109—*Collections of the tax from salaries, pensions, etc.*—Income-tax. The small decrease of Rs. 39 was chiefly due to reductions in the salaries of certain officers while they were on leave.

169. Statement No. 110—*Realizations from interest on securities.*—The amount collected (Rs. 88) was Rs. 37 more than in the previous year. The following Government securities to the aggregate amount of Rs. 41,100 were exempted :—the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund, Rs. 21,500; the Thomson Prize Fund, Rs. 1,300; the Fraser Endowment Fund, Rs. 500; the investments of the civil dispensaries, Rs. 6,000; municipal committees, Rs. 1,800; and the District Board, Rs. 10,000.

170. Statement No. 111—*Collections of the tax from all sources.*—The small decrease of Rs. 39 under salaries, pensions, etc., paid by Government has been explained in paragraph 168 *supra*. No taxable salary or pension was paid by any local authority during the year. The decrease of Rs. 526 in revenue collected from salaries, etc., paid by companies and private employers is mainly due to a fall in the arrears outstanding from previous years. The collections under “other sources of income” also show a decrease of Rs. 1,781 which is due to a similar cause, there having been an abnormal item collected in the previous year.

171. Statement No. 112—*Original and final demand and uncollected balance.*—Under salaries and pensions, the final demand was Rs. 7,444 as against Rs. 7,624 and the aggregate assessment on other sources of income was Rs. 2,831 as against Rs. 2,316 in 1907–1908. An improvement in the conditions affecting agriculture and the consequent revival of trade generally account for the increase of the demand under other sources of income. The total number of assessees rose from 167 to 182. There were in all 21 objection petitions, resulting in a total reduction of Rs. 163. Of the final demand under all heads including arrears, *viz.*, Rs. 11,265, all but Rs. 1,230 was collected before the close of the year.

172. The collection of the tax as usual devolved on the ordinary revenue establishment of the province and no extra expenditure was incurred on the assessment during the year under report. The First Assistant Commissioner alone exercised the functions of Collector of Income-tax, the appointment of the Subordinate Judge as Collector having been cancelled during the year as it was found both practicable and desirable to concentrate the work under one officer.

Forests.

173. The forest receipts, including a sum of Rs. 1,61,402 realized outside Coorg or adjusted by book transfer, amounted to Rs. 2,24,317 and the charges, as debited in the treasury accounts, to Rs. 99,254. The nett surplus was thus Rs. 1,25,063, which was Rs. 50,091 less than that of the previous year.

Revenue and Finance other than Imperial.

The District Fund.

174. The gross demand of the District Fund, together with the outstanding balance at the commencement of the year (Rs. 5,983), was Rs. 80,900. Including an advance payment of Rs. 207 made in the preceding year the realizations aggregated Rs. 76,076: of this amount, however, a sum of Rs. 1,192 has to be deducted, being the advance payment on account of the demand for 1909–1910. The nett collection for the year's demand was therefore Rs. 74,884. The remissions amounted to Rs. 217 and the outstanding balance at the close of the year was thus Rs. 5,799. With the opening balance (Rs. 48,618) the gross receipts of the fund amounted to Rs. 1,24,486 and the expenditure to Rs. 72,536 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 51,950, of which Rs. 10,000 were held in Government securities.

Municipal Funds.

175. Including an outstanding balance of Rs. 1,574 the total demand of the two municipalities and the three notified areas amounted to Rs. 34,764. The collections and remissions aggregated Rs. 33,339 leaving a balance of Rs. 1,425. Together with an opening cash balance of Rs. 24,652, the receipts amounted to Rs. 57,728 and the expenditure to Rs. 44,187 leaving a closing balance of Rs. 13,541.

The Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund.

176. The opening cash balance of the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund was Rs. 6,237. The receipts, which included Rs. 7,000 received in part payment for the sale of the estate amounted to Rs. 8,929. Including the cost incurred in purchasing Government Promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 8,000, the expenditure amounted to Rs. 8,825. The closing cash balance was thus Rs. 6,341.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

177. Statement No. 113—*Particulars of births, deaths and marriages in towns.*—The excess of deaths over births was chiefly due to mortality among immigrant coolies admitted into the hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet. Births and deaths.
(1908.)

178. Statement No. 114—*Births registered.*—The number of births was 61 more than in 1907. Male births exceeded female births by 31. Of the total number of births (4,365) registered, 347 occurred in families not permanently resident in the province.

179. Statement No. 115—*Births and deaths registered.*—6,311 deaths (34·94 *per mille*) were recorded against 6,349 in 1907. Of these, 848 occurred among individuals not permanently resident in the province. Though the rate of deaths *per mille* was 34·94 against 35·15 in the preceding year, it compares unfavourably with the mean ratio (29·74) during the previous five years. This is chiefly attributable to the increased prevalence of malarial fever and dysentery and diarrhoea, which accounted for 5,028 and 408 deaths respectively. The death-rate among females was as usual slightly higher than among males.

180. Statement No. 116—*Deaths registered during each month.*—The mortality was as usual heaviest in the months of June, July and August. The most healthy season was as usual the last quarter.

181. Statement No. 117—*Deaths registered according to age.*—Excluding infants, the deaths were more numerous in the age groups from 20 to 30 and 30 to 40, which comprised the bulk of the immigrant cooly population.

182. Statement No. 118—*Deaths registered according to class.*—The mortality in the category of 'other classes' was particularly numerous, being almost double that of the previous year, the figures being 103·70 against 54·51 in 1907. The death-rate among Coorgs was 35·74 *per mille* as compared with the general average 34·94.

183. Statement No. 119—*Deaths registered from different causes in towns and districts.*—As usual fever caused the greatest number of deaths (5,028), while dysentery and diarrhoea were responsible for 408. Deaths from 'other causes' were higher in Mercara and Virajendrapet, a circumstance chiefly attributable to the mortality among immigrant coolies under treatment at the two hospitals.

184. Statements Nos. 120 and 121—*Deaths from cholera and small-pox.*—There were 114 deaths from cholera against 187 in the previous year. Deaths from small-pox fell from 211 to 38.

185. Statement No. 122—*Deaths from fevers.*—Number of deaths from fevers (5,028) exceeded that in the previous year by 160, the ratio *per mille* being 27·85 against 26·95. The mortality was highest in June, July and August and lowest in November.

186. Statement No. 123—*Deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea.*—The mortality ascribed to this cause was highest in May and June and the total number was 408 as against 375 in 1907.

187. Statement No. 124—*Deaths from plague.*—There were 26 deaths from plague against two in the previous year. Of these, 14 occurred in Virajendrapet alone.

188. Statement No. 125—*Deaths from respiratory diseases.*—The rate of deaths *per mille* from this cause fell from 0·43 to 0·12 during the year under report.

189. Statements Nos. 126 and 127—*Ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhœa, and comparative statement of mortuary and meteorological statistics with prices of food-grains.*—From the latter return it will be observed that the mortality was a little lower than in 1907, but was higher than in any of the previous four years. Prices of food-grains ruled high, especially towards the end of the year.

Emigration and
immigration.
(1908-1909.)

190. There are no recruiting stations in Coorg and no record is kept of emigration or immigration. There are few or no emigrants from the province, but many thousands of coolies come in from Malabar, South Canara and Mysore to work on the coffee estates and rice fields at the commencement of the monsoon, returning home as the demand for labour slackens. It has not been found practicable to compile accurate statistics as to the extent of this recurring immigration.

Medical relief.
(1908.)

191. Statement No. 128—*Hospitals and dispensaries.*—The Mercara Jail hospital is excluded from the statement as it is dealt with separately. The municipal hospitals at Mercara and Virajendrapet were transferred to imperial control in the beginning of the year. The question of opening a permanent dispensary either at Fraserpet, Srimangala or Bhagamandala being under consideration, Fraserpet was taken up first and as an experimental measure a dispensary was opened there for seven months with effect from 1st September 1908. Out of the three private dispensaries, one opened by Messrs. Matheson & Co. was closed during the year and the other two are maintained in the "Bamboo" district by the South Coorg Medical Relief Fund.

192. Statements Nos. 129 to 133—*Accommodation, number of patients treated during the year and the rate of mortality among in-patients.*—The new hospital at Virajendrapet was opened in March 1908, providing accommodation for 56 in-patients, or 34 more than could be received at the old hospital. The total number of patients treated in the imperial and local fund dispensaries, during the year was 58,368 or 5,848 more than in the previous year, while 4,431 patients received treatment in the two private institutions against 4,019 in 1907. The number of in-patients (1,830) increased by 537 and the mortality fell from 20·65 to 15·09. All the in-patients were treated in public institutions. The chief causes of death among in-patients were malarial fevers, dysentery, diarrhœa and diseases of the digestive and respiratory systems.

193. Statement No. 134—*Patients under treatment according to sex and race.*—This calls for no remarks.

194. Statement No. 135—*Operations performed.*—Operations numbered 951 against 828 and the percentage of success was 96·74 against 98·55 in 1907.

195. The sale of quinine to the public through the agency of the post offices was continued; the number of seven-grain powders sold during the year was 41,928 or 5,810 less than in the previous year.

196. Statement No. 136—*Income and expenditure of hospitals and dispensaries.*—Excluding the pay and allowances of the Civil Surgeon and the reserve hospital assistants, which are not debitable to any specific institution, the total expenditure on medical relief was Rs. 20,514, or Rs. 5,873 more than in the previous year. The increase is due to the entertainment of additional staff at the Mercara and the Virajendrapet hospitals and to the treatment of increased number of in-patients. The sanctioned strength of hospital assistants (9) remained the same as in 1907. In the year under report an Assistant Surgeon and an Apothecary were appointed for the Mercara and Virajendrapet hospitals respectively.

197. Lieutenant-Colonel D. S. E. Bain, I.M.S., was in charge of the medical department till 15th May 1908, when he took two years' combined leave and was succeeded by Major J. L. Macrae, M.B., I.M.S.

198. The appointment of a Sanitary Inspector for Coorg was sanctioned and a candidate was selected and sent to Madras to undergo necessary training. All the *pettas* were inspected during the year from a sanitary point of view by the Civil Surgeon, who is also the Sanitary and Health officer, as well as by the Commissioner and the Assistant Commissioners. A few roofed stalls were constructed in the shandy places at Sanivarsante, Suntikoppa, Sidapur and Gonikoppal as a tentative measure: should these prove popular more will be added. The capacity of the reservoir at Mercara was again increased at a cost of Rs. 1,024 and V shaped drains were constructed at Mercara and Virajendrapet municipalities at a cost of Rs. 99 and Rs. 1,046 respectively. The construction of a general market at Mercara was almost complete at the close of the year, a loan of Rs. 15,000 having been sanctioned by Government for the purpose.

Sanitation.

199. Statement No. 138—*Sanitary works and comparison of mortality prior and subsequent to the construction of the Mercara water-works.*—No safe inference can be drawn from the comparison as among the deaths were those of many immigrant coolies brought to the hospital in a dying condition. The water supplied is of excellent quality and the quantity available was ample for all except a short period of the year: the capacity is being increased annually by excavation.

200. Statement No. 139—*Summary of vaccination work.*—The number of vaccinations performed during the year was 10,250 as compared with 10,904 in the previous year. Of these, 8,446 were primary cases and 1,804 were re-vaccinations, against 8,452 and 2,452 in the previous year, during which a severe small-pox epidemic resulted in numerous re-vaccinations. Excluding operations the results of which were not ascertained, the percentage of successful cases was 92.43 and 73.68 respectively, as against 93.47 and 78.79 in 1907-1908. Only calf lymph was used.

Vaccination.

201. Statement No. 140—*Cost of the vaccine department.*—There was no change in the establishment, which consisted of eight vaccinators. The total cost, including supervision charges, amounted to Rs. 2,809, or Rs. 37 more than in 1907-1908.

202. Statement No. 141—*Dispensary vaccination.*—232 vaccinations were performed by the staff of the Jail hospital and the dispensaries of the province as against 246 in 1907-1908. Of these, 63 were primary cases and 169 were re-vaccinations; the percentage of successful cases was 90.32 and 89.09 respectively, as against 97.65 and 85.82 in the preceding year.

203. Statements Nos. 142 and 143—*Number and result of primary vaccinations during the last decade and verification of vaccinations.*—2.12 per cent. of the cases were inspected by the Civil Surgeon and 39.19 per cent. by the Inspector of Vaccination and the Assistant Surgeon as against 4.52 and 39.52 respectively in the previous year.

204. Statement No. 144—*Infantile vaccinations in municipal areas.*—From October 1907 to September 1908, 244 infants were born, of which 72 died during the year. The total number vaccinated during that period was 193.

205. Statement No. 145—*Statistics of vaccination and mortality from small-pox during the past fifteen years.*—The number of successful vaccinations was slightly above and the number of deaths from small-pox considerably below the average.

VII.—INSTRUCTION. (1908-1909.)

206. The standing information which should be incorporated in this chapter is printed at pages 22 and 23 of the administration report for the year 1906-1907, under the heading "General System of Public Instruction."

General system
of public
instruction.

Education—
Preliminary
remarks.

207. The educational arrangements of the province underwent no material changes during the year under report. The reorganization of the staffs of the High School and the Training School, Mercara, sanctioned by the Government of India in 1906, and revised once again, was given effect to after the close of the year. The hostel intended for the teachers under training was occupied.

General
summary.

208. Statements Nos. 146 and 148—*General statistics of attendance.*—On the 31st of March 1909, there were in all 90 public institutions with 5,316 pupils in attendance, compared with 89 and 4,543 respectively in 1907–1908. The local fund Palé school at Nalavattokkalu in Yedenalknad taluk was closed during the year as a number of Palés died from cholera and the rest left the village. Two new Panchama schools were opened during the year, one, a local fund school at Chennayanakote and the other, a municipal school at Virajendrapet. Both these schools are fairly well attended and are popular. The number of private schools fell from 29 to 24, while the attendance was almost stationary, being 476 as against 461 of the previous year. The percentage of pupils under instruction to the total population of school-going age (as shown by the census of 1901) was 12·95 as against 11·19 of the previous year, the percentage being higher both in the case of boys and girls.

209. The educational institutions in the province were one training school and one upper secondary school at Mercara, one lower secondary school at Virajendrapet and 87 primary schools throughout the province. English was taught as an optional subject in twelve of the primary schools. These figures exclude the 24 private institutions referred to in the preceding paragraph, all of which were elementary.

210. Statements Nos. 150 and 151—*Stages of instruction and results of examination.*—The number of pupils in the upper and lower secondary stages of instruction fell below that of last year, while there has been a very satisfactory increase in the upper and lower primary classes, showing the increased appreciation of elementary education on the part of the people of Coorg. The results of examinations are dealt with in paragraphs 219 and 231 *infra*.

211. Of the 90 public institutions, eleven were managed by Government, 66 were under the control of the District Board, six were maintained by Municipal Committees, and seven by private bodies, of which six were Missionary institutions and the seventh a Hindustani school.

212. Statement No. 154—*Scholars according to sex, race or creed.*—As usual, non-Brahmin Hindus (4,902) formed the predominating element among the school-going population and included no less than 3,453 Coorgs. There were no Europeans or Eurasians under instruction during the year. An increase of 78 pupils among Panchamas is a noteworthy feature. The number of Muhammadan pupils under instruction decreased by 7.

213. An examination of the social position of the parents of children attending public institutions shows that the great majority (75·47) were dependent on agriculture. The percentages recorded as belonging to the poorer, middle and richer classes were 77·51, 21·66, and 0·83 respectively against 76·51, 22·30 and 1·20 in 1907–1908.

214. The percentage of pupils who were protected from small-pox was 93·5. This low figure was due to the large number of unprotected children in the private unaided institutions.

Financial
summary.

215. Statements Nos. 147, 149 and 152—*Expenditure on education.*—The total expenditure was Rs. 52,992 or Rs. 1,807 more than in the previous year, the distribution according to the source of income being as follows:—Imperial funds 48·62 per cent., local funds 22·15 per cent., municipal funds 1·49 per cent., fees 22·58 per cent. and other sources 5·16 per cent. The increased expenditure was due to the grant to teachers of grain compensation allowances and bonus on account of the 50th anniversary of the assumption of the Government of India by the Crown.

216. The private funds which contributed to the outlay on expenditure consisted of subscriptions in aid of the Missionary schools and the Hindustani school and of the income from the Mercara School Endowment Plantation Fund. During the year a total sum of Rs. 481 was disbursed from this fund for scholarships to students studying in Arts colleges and for the upkeep of the boarding house attached to the school. The average cost of educating each pupil in the primary and secondary schools was Rs. 6-8-5 and Rs. 36-14-4 against Rs. 8-10-4 and Rs. 37-14-8 respectively in the previous year. Owing to the larger number of students in attendance the cost of education at the Government training school was Rs. 195-14-1 against Rs. 312-1-5 of the previous year.

217. A visit of inspection was paid to the province by Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, the Inspector of Schools, Eighth Circle, in November 1908. The two secondary schools and the training school, together with a few of the elementary schools in the province, were inspected and a well attended meeting of the Teachers' Association under the presidency of the Inspector was held at Virajendrapet. Advantage was also taken of the visit to discuss with teachers and the local educational officers some of the important questions affecting the department, notably—the Teachers' "Mutual Benefit Fund" and the scheme for improving the salaries of local fund teachers. The Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools inspected 153 schools travelling a total distance of 1,607 miles. The Supervisor of primary schools was on tour for 268 days, examined 134 schools and travelled 1,065 miles. Revenue officers from Subedars upwards paid frequent visits of inspection to the schools. Controlling agencies.

218. There are no Colleges in Coorg, but a sum of Rs. 1,755 was spent on scholarships in Arts and Professional colleges. Collegiate education.

219. The number of secondary schools remained the same, but the attendance fell from 452 to 445. The average number on the rolls was 405 against 384 of the previous year, but the income from fees was Rs. 301 less. Eleven candidates were sent up for the Matriculation examination from the Mercara High School, of whom eight passed. Only two of these were Coorgs. Secondary education.

220. Mr. H. W. Callaghan, B.A., L.T., was in charge of the High School throughout the year. The headmastership of the Mercara High School has been included in the Indian Educational Service and an officer of this rank, with experience of English schools, is expected to arrive shortly. When the new mathematics L. T., who has been advertised for, is appointed, the High School classes will have a staff of graduates who have specialized in the subjects they teach.

221. In order to meet the University requirements for the Matriculation examination, the school science laboratory has to be equipped for practical work by the students, and these requirements will be attended to as funds permit.

222. The much needed extension of the High School boarding house has been taken in hand and the new wing is expected to be ready for occupation by the 1st of January, 1910. When it is completed accommodation will be available for about 90 boarders and many of the students who now occupy lodgings in the town will be able to live under the supervision of the school authorities.

223. The school at Virajendrapet continued to be under the management of M.R.Ky. M. Srinivasa Rau. It has been proposed to construct a new boarding house for this school with greatly increased accommodation and this will owe its existence to the generosity and public spirit of Rai Bahadur K. Kuttayya, retired Assistant Commissioner, who has contributed Rs. 5,000 towards its cost.

224. The number of primary schools increased by one during the year and the attendance rose from 4,072 to 4,848. In many of these schools in addition to the compulsory subjects, geography, elements of hygiene and outlines of Indian history and civics are taught, while garden work, clay modelling and other manual occupations are employed to relieve the monotony. Primary education.

225. In teaching many of the subjects, kindergarten methods, in which the children learn by doing things themselves, are adopted. The application of these methods to the various school subjects and the correlation of subjects through kindergarten work, are being frequently demonstrated to the teachers at the meetings of the Taluk Teachers' Associations. Special attention is paid to the teaching of geography and civics as subjects which would fit the children for life and tend to make them useful and loyal citizens. Stories from the Ramayana and the Mahabharata are a regular feature of the curriculum in most primary schools, and a good deal of moral instruction is combined with the telling of these stories.

226. Games and sports including indigenous dances and exercises are being encouraged in the boys' as well as girls' primary schools, and cricket and football sets to the boys' schools, and table tennis and badminton sets to some of the girls' schools, were recently supplied.

227. A system of manual training suited to the conditions of the rural schools, being at the same time cheap and furnishing the necessary amount of hand and eye training, is difficult to fix upon. The Sloyd system as used in Mysore, is found to be too expensive to permit of its general adoption in rural primary schools. But the principles of Sloyd work, *viz.*, working to a preconceived plan and to certain definite measurements are being constantly borne in mind in the clay modelling, rope making, basket making, rattan work and carpentry, now taught in most of the rural primary schools. A full-sized fly-shuttle loom has been supplied to the local fund school at Sanivarsante and boys of the Bilimagga class are being taught weaving partly as a course in manual training, and partly as a preparation for their future calling.

228. A scheme for the improvement of the salaries of local fund teachers was under consideration during the year. Draft rules for a fund to be known as the "Teachers' Mutual Benefit Fund" for the benefit of teachers employed in Coorg have been drawn up and submitted to Government. It is hoped to attract a better class of men to the service by the improved pay and prospects that will in future be offered to them.

229. The system of village school committees or panchayats was on trial during the year and has been found to be useful in a limited number of instances in reporting irregularities on the part of teachers and in attending to the annual repairs of the village school buildings. To make these panchayats more useful, the lists have to be frequently revised, the panchayatdars being made to understand that it is not an empty honour but one involving certain duties and responsibilities.

Training
schools.

230. The only institution of this nature is the Government training school at Mercara which provides the provincial supply of primary school masters.

231. The course of training for primary as well as lower secondary teachers having been extended to two years, no students under training were relieved during the year. Three students passed the written test in December 1908.

232. The school has recently moved into new quarters which are well provided with lecture rooms and a hall for conducting criticism lessons and demonstration lessons.

233. M.R.Ry. N. Dasappa continued in charge of the school and did good work.

Technical
education.

234. There are no technical schools in Coorg.

Female
education.

235. There were five schools (four Government and one aided) exclusively appropriated to girls. The total number of girls under instruction in all classes of schools rose from 1,210 to 1,554. Twenty were studying in the secondary schools while six were undergoing training in the training school. An aided girls' school of the lower secondary type at Mercara receiving from Government a monthly grant of Rs. 275, together with a suitable building free of rent, has since been sanctioned. This school will be under the management of the nuns of the Roman Catholic Mission of Bangalore and will have a boarding house attached to it.

236. There are no separate schools for Europeans and Eurasians in the province.

European
education.

237. There were three schools intended solely for Muhammadans, one being an aided institution at Ammatti maintained by private persons, while the other two were the municipal schools at Mercara and Virajendrapet. The number of pupils on the rolls of these schools was 110 boys and 11 girls, while 62 Muhammadans were attending other non-sectarian schools.

Muhammadan
education.

238. Eleven scholarships of the total value of Rs. 29 were newly sanctioned for Muhammadan boys during the year, with a view to encourage higher education among Muhammadans.

239. There were ten schools for Panchamas including Holeyas, Madigas and Yeravas. In two of the schools caste boys are also admitted. Out of a total of 316 Panchama children, 272 attended the schools for the special classes while 44 were on the rolls of the caste schools.

Special classes.

240. These schools are mostly unaided institutions of the primary grade. They are ill-housed and poorly equipped.

Private
institutions.

241. Eight meetings of the Teachers' Association were held during the year, five of which were presided over by the Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools. These meetings were very well attended. Most of the teachers gave lectures and model lessons and took part in the discussions held on educational subjects. Several of them also made use of the lending library opened in connection with the association.

Educational
conferences.

242. M.R.Ry. A. Rama Rau, B.A., Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, was in charge of the primary schools throughout the year.

243. There is a Government book depôt at Mercara with five branch depôts, the operations of which are confined to the supply and distribution of text-books to primary schools.

Preparation and
distribution of
Text-books.

There is no Text-book Committee for Coorg.

244. The only printing press in the province is the Coorg District Press at Mercara. The charges amounted to Rs. 4,275 and included an expenditure of Rs. 700 on new type. The recorded value of the work done for the several offices was Rs. 4,106 and the cash receipts amounted to Rs. 547 as compared with Rs. 4,136 and Rs. 722 respectively for the previous year.

The Press.

245. Statement No. 156—*Literary Societies*.—The Mercara Book Club is intended to foster the study of literature, while the other two institutions—the Cosmopolitan Club, Mercara, and the Victoria Reading Room, Virajendrapet—are meant for the intellectual and social improvement of their members.

Literary
societies.

VIII.—ARCHÆOLOGY. (1908-1909.)

246. No archæological work of importance was carried out during the year. The list of archæological remains has been under revision, but it has been decided that materials at present are not sufficiently complete to justify a revised issue.

Archæology.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS. (1908-1909.)

247. The standing information which concerns this chapter is printed at page 48 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, under the heading "Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction."

Ecclesiastical
jurisdiction.

248. Statement No. 157—*Religious institutions*.—There were no changes during the year except that the Basel Evangelical Missionary Society abandoned the church at Fraserpet.

Ecclesiastical.

249. The contributions paid by Government to the indigenous religious institutions in the province aggregated Rs. 18,888, made up of cash payments (Rs. 7,245), deductions from the land revenue demand (Rs. 1,008) and endowments in land (Rs. 10,635). Of this sum Rs. 12,064 form the endowment of minor temples under the management of the village communities concerned, while the remaining Rs. 6,824 related to the grants made to the temples under the management of the Committee constituted under the Coorg Temple Funds Management Regulation, 1892. This body held eight general meetings during the year and the average attendance was 7.1 members. With an opening cash balance of Rs. 2,124, the income, including the sum paid by Government (Rs. 6,737) towards the upkeep of the *chattrams*, aggregated Rs. 18,404 and, as the expenditure amounted to Rs. 15,712, the closing balance was Rs. 2,692. Excepting the Government grant, the important sources of income were voluntary offerings by pilgrims and contributions of grain, which amounted respectively to Rs. 1,258 and Rs. 764. The chief items of expenditure were the purchase of food-grains for pilgrims to the value of Rs. 10,031 and the performance of the customary religious services and ceremonies.

Charitable institutions.

250. Statement No. 158—*Charitable institutions*.—The four aided *chattrams* at Mercara, Bhagamandala and Irpu are under the control of the Temple Fund Management Committee and enjoy an annual endowment of Rs. 6,737 from Government, while the two unaided institutions of this description located at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet are maintained by private charity only during a certain period of the year.

Stationery.

251. The supply of articles of stationery to Government offices in Coorg is arranged for in communication with the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras.

Condition of records.

252. Rules for the destruction of records were framed and issued under section 4 of the Destruction of Records Act, III of 1879, with the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 17, dated 11th February 1909. The work of sorting records was continued throughout the year by means of the existing establishment, but it has now been realized that unless a special establishment is entertained, the work will not be completed within a reasonable time. It covers the records of nearly three-quarters of a century.

Co-operative credit societies.

253. One society was registered during the year and another was divided into two, making a total of fourteen societies in the province, with an aggregate membership of 1,168. With the opening balance of Rs. 7,734 and a Government loan of Rs. 1,100 the gross receipts of the fund amounted to Rs. 26,447.* The outgoings aggregated Rs. 22,141,* leaving a closing balance of Rs. 4,306. A sum of Rs. 9,760 was outstanding for collection as against Rs. 5,945 in the previous year. A separate report will, as usual, be published on the working of these societies.

Treasure Trove.

254. Two cases of treasure trove were dealt with during the year. In one case some buried gold and silver jewels were found by a carpenter in Bellur village, Tavalagerimurnad, Kiggatnad taluk. A claimant who appeared in accordance with the notification published under section 5 of the Act was referred to a Civil Court under section 8 and the case adjourned. A civil suit has since been filed by him and is pending disposal. In the other case some gold coins (84 *Kantiroo hanas* and 4 *Anegundi varahas*) and ornaments of the total estimated value of Rs. 50 were found in 1908 by some coolies working on one of the coffee estates in Nokya village, Bettietnad. They divided the treasure among themselves and disposed of their shares by sale. The finders were subsequently detected and convicted under section 20 of the Act and the treasure recovered. The usual notification under section 5 was published and the case was pending disposal at the close of the year.

Fish preservation.

255. A memorandum of instructions was issued for the guidance of revenue and police officials as well as of river wardens, and five additional river wardens were appointed. February 15th to 30th June was fixed as the closed season for netting.

* Note.—These figures relate to the year 1908-1909 whereas the corresponding figures given in the last year's report included the receipts and outgoings of the societies from their commencement.

PART III.

STATISTICAL APPENDICES.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Total area of the province of Coorg for the year 1908–1909.

Presidency or Province.	Coorg.	
Total area.	Acres.	
1. Area according to professional survey ...	1,012,260	Note.—This statement corresponds with Form A—1 of the Tables of Agricultural statistics.
2. Deduct { (a) Feudatory States ... (b) Area for which no returns exist ...	...	
3. Nett area by professional survey ...	1,012,260	
4. Corresponding area by village papers ...	1,012,260	

(2). Character of Surface.

1. Forests	357,843	Note 1.—This statement is Form A—2 of the Agricultural Tables. A detailed description of the character of the surface will be found in paragraphs 1 to 11 of the administration report for the year 1901-1902, vide pp. 1–3.
2. Not available for cultivation ...	349,415	
3. Culturable waste other than fallow ...	20,114	
4. Current fallows	146,496	
5. Nett area cropped during the year ...	138,392	Note 2.—The area shown as not available for cultivation consists of (a) unculturable Government waste and (b) unculturable banés, estimated respectively at 136,058 and 213,357 acres.
Total ...	1,012,260	
6. Irrigated during the year. { (a) Government canals ... (b) Private canals ... (c) Tanks ... (d) Wells ... (e) Other sources ...	2,850 ... 1,500	Note 3.—Item 3 is the estimated area of culturable Government waste. Note 4.—Item 4 is composed of (a) the estimated area of culturable banés (9,804 acres) and (b) the difference between the nett area cropped and the gross holdings other than banés. It thus includes unculturable extents under actual holding, the area of which there is no means of ascertaining.
Total area irrigated...	4,350	
7. Crops irrigated. { (a) Rice ... (b) Other cereals and pulses ... (c) Miscellaneous food-crops ... (d) Miscellaneous non-food crops ...	4,350	
Total ...	4,350	

(3). Climate, 1908.

Place at and year for which observation taken.	January to May.		June to September		October to December		Total.		Normal rainfall.	Average temperature in the year.				Prevailing winds.		
	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall	Rainy days.	Rainfall		Months.	Maxi- mum.	Mini- mum.	Mean.	January to May.	June to Sep- tember.	October to December.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Mercara, 1908.	16	10·97	94	107·23	11	6·72	121	124·92	123 *	{ May. July. Dec.	85·0	60·5	72·7	N. N. & W.	W. S. & W.	E. N. & E.
											71·0	59·0	65·0			
											81·0	52·0	66·5			

* Average of the past 15 years.

(4).

Civil Divisions of British

Name of province.	District.	—	Number of sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.	Number of villages.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
COORG.	Coorg	<i>Civil</i> —District Judge (1) Subordinate Judge (1) Assistant Commissioner (1) } ... Munsiffs (2) } <i>Criminal</i> —Sessions Judge (1) District Magistrate (1) First-Class Magistrates (2) } ... Second-Class Magistrates (7) } <i>Revenue</i> —Commissioner (1) Assistant Commissioners (3) } ... Subedars (5) }	2 7 7	1,582·80	180,607	Mercara, 6,732	522

Notes.—Col. 2. The whole province constitutes a single district.

Col. 3. (a) This does not show the Chief Commissioner who forms the highest revenue court and in his capacity as Judicial Commissioner is also the highest civil and criminal court.

(b) Under Assistant Commissioners has been included the Assistant Director of Land Records and Agriculture, who is invested with the powers of an Assistant Commissioner.

Col. 4. The civil, criminal and revenue sub-divisions are, respectively, the local areas in charge of (a) the munsiffs, (b) the second-class magistrates, and (c) the European and the Native Assistant Commissioners and the subedars. The powers of the other officers named in column 3 extend to the whole province.

Col. 8. Only 484 villages are shown in the census tables, but 522 are recognized as units for the purpose of revenue collections.

Territory in the Coorg Province for the year 1908-1909.

How many civil and revenue judges of all sorts.	How many magistrates of all sorts.	Number of police.	Total cost of administration.	Land Revenue and Rates.	REMARKS.
9	10	11	12	13	14
					* Total of Col. 12. Details:— 3—Land Revenue—District Administration. Rs. 69,538 Dist. Funds—General Administration. 1,867 6—Stamps ... 767 7—Excise ... 5,613 19A—Law and Justice—Courts ... 49,712 Less receipts ... 4,342 45,370 19B—Law and Justice—Jails ... 11,549 Less receipts ... 1,165 10,384 20—Police 60,545 + 1,391 = 61,936 Less receipts ... 3,569 58,367 22—Education 34,124 + 14,382 = 48,506 Less receipts ... 11,013 37,493 24—Medical 32,913 + 6,914 = 39,827 Less receipts ... 7,585 32,242 45—Civil Works:—(Local). P. W. expenditure on roads... 44,939 Bungalow, Toll Estab. &c. ... 2,374 Total ... 47,313 Less receipts under— Tolls ... 19,242 Ferries ... 1,759 Bungalows ... 643 Miscellaneous ... 396 22,040 25,273 Total cost of Administration ... 2,86,414
Civil ... 5 Revenue ... 8	Ten.	Town Police ... 257 Rural Police ... 4,324 Total ... 4,581	Rs. 2,86,414*	Rs. 3,67,012	† Total of Col. 13. Details:— Land Revenue 3,31,291 + 5,254 ... 3,36,545 Stamps ... 41,683 Excise ... 2,02,908 Provincial Rates ... 30,467 Income-tax ... 7,006 Registration ... 4,577 Interest ... 814 Law and Justice—Courts ... 4,342 Do. —Jails ... 1,165 Police ... 3,569 Education 8,371 + 2,642 ... 11,013 Medical 6,247 + 1,338 ... 7,585 Scientific and other minor departments... Stationery and Printing ... 833 Miscellaneous ... 618 Public Works ... 11,028 Coorg District Funds not included in the above. 32,599
Grand Total—Rs.			2,86,414	3,67,012	
Gross revenue of the province—Rs.				6,96,952†	Gross Revenue ... 6,96,952

(5). Population of the province of Coorg enumerated at
the census on 1st March 1901.

1. Number of inhabited houses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,560*
2. Population according to sex and age	{	Men	...	...	...	...	...	79,445
		Women	...	...	...	...	...	59,259
		Children under 10 years	Boys	...	...	...	...	20,813
			Girls	...	...	...	...	21,090
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	180,607
3. Number per square mile	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114
4. Classification of population according to religion	{	Christians	Europeans	...	...	...	...	223
			East Indian and other mixed classes	...	...	...	...	295
			Natives	...	...	...	...	3,160
		Hindus	Coorgs	...	...	...	...	36,091
			Other Hindus	...	...	...	...	123,726
			Muhammadans	...	...	...	...	13,654
			Animists	...	...	...	...	3,305
5. Occupation	{	Agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	147,690
		Non-agriculturists	...	...	...	...	...	32,917†
6. Prevailing languages	{	Canarese, Kodagu, Malayalam, Yerava, Tulu, Hindustani, Tamil, Kuruba, Telugu, Konkani, Marati, English, German, Portuguese.						

Note.—Coorg being an inland province there is no emigration or immigration by sea.

* Statistics as to the number of tiled and thatched buildings are not available.

† Includes 807 individuals enumerated as partially dependent on agriculture.

II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.



II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

(6). Land Revenue for the year 1908-1909.

Description of revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Nett collections during the year	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Causes of increase and decrease.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	
From settled estates bearing revenue in the previous year ...	3,23,422		3,24,108							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the year ...	3,871		2,346							
Total ...	3,27,293	2,54,960	3,26,454	2,53,745	14,883	3,31,291	Rs. For 1908-1909. 70,961*	77	1,375	
Settled estates taken off revenue roll in the year ...	3,185		999				For previous years. 362†			
Nett for the year...	3,24,108		3,25,455				Total ... 71,323			
Collection from Government estates ...	...	...	...	...						
Income from sale of Government estates	2,736	2,736	3,241	3,241						
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	5,043	5,043	4,172	4,172						
Total ...	3,31,887	2,62,739	3,32,868	2,61,158						

* The current balance consists chiefly of (a) assessment due in respect of coffee exported to Europe, the collection of which is postponed until the end of May, and (b) the March instalment of the ordinary demand which does not fall due until the 20th of that month.

† All the old arrear balance had been adjusted by the end of June 1908.

(7). Statement showing the value of assignment of land revenue
for the year 1908-1909.

Purpose.	Assessment actually paid on assigned lands.	Assessment payable if land had not been so assigned.	Value of assignments (column 3 minus column 2.)	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
I. For maintenance of public servants.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Village servants ...	1,698	3,940	2,242	
(2) Rural police * ...	67,092	1,34,184	67,092	* Jama ryots.
Total ...	68,790	1,38,124	69,334	
II. On other grounds.				
A. Lands held at favourable rates by				
(1) Individuals as reward for past service†	6,033	30,396	24,363	† Jagir, Umbli and Jodi.
(2) Individuals for religious service ‡ ...	...	781	781	‡ Bhattamanya Jagir.
(3) Institutions for religious service § ...	5,050	14,904	9,854	§ Jodi, &c.
Total ...	11,083	46,081	34,998	
B. Cash payments to religious institutions.	...	...	8,674 ¶	¶ Includes Rs. 1,008 being pay- ments by deduction from land revenue.
Total of A and B ...	11,083	46,081	43,672	
Total of I and II ...	79,873	1,84,205	1,13,006	

(8). Incidence of the land revenue on area and population
in the financial year 1907-1908.

District.	Nature of tenure.	Total area by survey less feudatories.	Deduct.		Balance, i.e. fully assessed area for which returns are available.		Total land revenue (excluding cesses) of district.	Population of district.	Land revenue per head of popu- lation (columns 5 and 6.)	Land revenue assessed on fully assessed area (column 4(a)).	Incidence per- acre of land reve- nue (column 8) on fully assessed area (column 4).	
			(1) Area not fully as- sessed.	(2) Area for which re- turns, so far as required for this Table, are not available.	Total.	Culti- vated.					For total area.	For cultivated area.
1		2	3(a)	3(b)	4(a)	4(b)	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. A.P.	Rs.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Coorg	Ryotwari.	1,012,260	593,821	...	118,439	*	3,31,887	180,607	1 13 5	2,31,634	1 15 3	*

Note.—This statement is Form C. of the agricultural tables prepared quinquennially. The figures were compiled for the year 1907-1908.

* The entry in column 4 (a) represents the areas held (i) under the *sagu* tenure, (ii) under the coffee tenure excluding free allowances, (iii) for orange, arecanut and cardamom cultivation. Figures as to the proportion of these areas actually cultivated are not available. Of the total holdings (268,860 acres)—whether fully assessed or not—142,176 acres were cultivated during the year.

(9). Register of transfers of landed property during
the year 1908-1909.

District and nature of tenure.	Number of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5
COORG.	No.	No.	Acres.	Acres.
Proprietors. { Revenue paying ...	59	436	500	3,345
{ Wholly or partially revenue free...	23	12	167	146
Total ...	82	448	667	3,491
Total of previous year ...	173	431	697	3,153

Note 1.—There are no tenants who have statutory (or otherwise recognized) powers of transfer.

(10). Capital account of advances actually made by Government during the year 1908-1909.

Outstanding at the commencement of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
14,602	19,057	16,829	589

(11). Account of Local Government with Agriculturist Borrowers for the year 1908-1909.

	Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal ...			
Outstanding at commencement of the year ...	9,082	5,520	14,602
Advanced during the year ...	6,830	5,080	11,910
Total advanced ...	15,912	10,600	26,512
Amount due for collection within the year (including arrears) ...	6,860	5,750	12,610
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	4,100	3,355	7,455
Total remitted and collected ...	4,100	3,355	7,455
Balance outstanding at the end of the year ...	11,812	7,245	19,057
Amount suspended by competent authority ...	86	134	220
Amount overdue ...	2,674	2,261	4,935
Interest ...			
Arrears of interest suspended and overdue at commencement of the year ...	498	239	737
Interest falling due within the year ...	402	409	811
Total interest for collection within the year ...	900	648	1,548
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	425	388	813
Total remitted and collected ...	425	388	813
Suspended by competent authority ...	7	11	18
Arrears of interest overdue at the end of the year ...	468	249	717
Total principal and interest ...			
Remitted during the year ...	...	...	...
Collected during the year ...	4,525	3,743	8,268
Under suspension at the end of the year ...	93	145	238
Overdue at the end of the year ...	3,142	2,510	5,652

(12). Financial results of Loan operations in Coorg for the year 1908-1909.

	Land Improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists Loans Act.	Total both Acts.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1. Interest at 3½ per cent. on mean outstanding shown in Statement No. 10.	366	223	589	
2. Interest at 6¼ per cent. collected during the year ...	425	388	813	
3. Balance of interest accruing to Government after deduction of (1) from (2)	59	165	224	
4. Remissions of principal during the year ...	...	...	...	
5. Nett result (profit) for the year 1908-1909	59	165	224	
	1907-1908...	493	194	687
	1906-1907...	193	119	312
6. Nett result for previous years	1905-1906...	270	81	351
	1904-1905...	291	123	414
	1903-1904...	115	234	119
7. Expenditure on free grants-in-aid towards the construction of private works, or on establishments for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with takkavi transactions ...	...	...	...	

(13).

Survey and settlement.

Area previously surveyed and settled.		Cost per square mile.		Surveyed and finally examined during 1908-09.
Topographical survey.	Revenue.	Topographical, inclusive of village boundaries demarcated and surveyed.	Revenue.	Revenue survey.
1	2	3	4	5
522 villages = 1,581.61 square miles.	(1) Special surveys prior to the general survey of the province square miles. (a) Coffee estates... 174.64 (b) Devarakadus... 24.22 Total...198.86 (2) Revenue survey of the province completed in 1892. 506 villages = 963.12 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The general survey completed in 1892 includes areas shown under (1). (3) Special surveys subsequent to 1892 = 163.19 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—These consist chiefly of re-surveys to correct errors; also of sub-divisions. (4) Settlement in 1894-95 = 17 villages = 46.10 square miles. Summary Settlement in 1896-97 = 485 villages = 762.62 square miles. Total...502 villages = 808.72 square miles. <i>Note.</i>—The remaining 20 villages in the province are abandoned villages or blocks of reserved forests.	Rs. 95	Rs. 136	Special surveys = 4.89 square miles.

III.—PROTECTION.



III.—PROTECTION.

(14). Statement of the Acts of the Governor-General in Council affecting
the province of Coorg during the year 1908-1909.

Title of Act.	Object and character of the Act.	Date of commencement.
1	3	4
The Explosive Substances Act, VI of 1908 ...	An Act further to amend the laws relating to Explosive Substances.	8th June 1908.
The Newspapers (incitements to offences) Act, VII of 1908.	An Act for the prevention of incitements to murder and to other offences in news papers.	8th June 1908.
The Local Authorities Loans (Amendment) Act, VIII of 1908.	An Act to amend the Local Authorities Loan Act, 1904.	10th July 1908.
The Indian Limitation Act, IX of 1908 ...	An Act to consolidate and amend the law for the limitation of suits and for other purposes.	7th August 1908.
The Indian Salt duties Act, X of 1908 ...	An Act to make special provision for the payment of duty on salt in certain cases.	11th September 1908
The Indian Emigration (Amendment) Act, XII of 1908.	An Act further to amend the Indian Emigration Act, 1883.	30th October 1908.
The Indian Registration Act, XVI of 1908 ...	An Act to consolidate the enactments relating to the registration of documents.	18th December 1908.
The Indian Emigration Act, XVII of 1908 ...	An Act to consolidate the enactments relating to the emigration of natives of India.	18th December 1908.
The Indian Paper Currency Act, II of 1909 ...	An Act further to amend the Paper Currency Act, 1905.	5th February 1909.
The Indian Whipping Act, IV of 1909 ...	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the punishment of whipping.	22nd March 1909.
The Indian Army Act, V of 1909 ...	An Act to amend certain enactments relating to the Army.	22nd March 1909.

(15).

Return of cognizable cases

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending from previous year.	Number reported in the year.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety, and justice.</i>				
3	231 to 254 ...	Offences relating to coin ...	...	1
7	212 to 216, 216A ...	Harbouring an offender ...	...	...
8	224, 225, 225B and 226 ...	Other offences against public justice ...	...	4
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	...	3
10	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier ...	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>				
11	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ...	...	6
12	307 ...	Attempts at murder ...	1	1
13	304, 308 ...	Culpable homicide ...	2	...
14	376 ...	Rape by a person other than the husband ...	...	...
15	377 ...	Unnatural offence ...	...	...
16	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	...	1
17	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at and abetment of suicide ...	...	4
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt ...	...	15
19	328 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	...	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324 ...	Hurt ...	...	...
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371	Kidnapping or abduction, selling, &c., for prostitution and dealing in slaves ...	...	5
22	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	...	3
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against person and property or against property only.</i>				
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402 ...	Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	1	5
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393 ...	Robbery ...	...	6
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	3	3
28	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	...	5
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	6	50
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>				
31	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	1	1
32	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	...	1
33	374 ...	Compulsory labour ...	...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>				
34	379 to 382 ...	Theft ... { of cattle ... ordinary ...	...	10
35	406 to 409 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	23	148
36	411 to 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	11	38
37	419, 420 ...	Cheating ...	1	6
38	447, 448 and 453 and 456.	Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking..	...	1
39	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacle ...	...	9
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>				
40	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	...	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294. Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and nuisances punishable under local laws.	Public nuisances ...	...	1
42		Offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable *	...	83
Total			50	415
Total of previous year			16	445

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

for the year 1908.

Number in which investigation was refused.	Number remaining for investigation. (Columns 4 + 5 - 6).	Number proved or declared to be false.	Number due to mistakes of law or fact or declared non-cognizable.	Number pending at end of year.	TRUE CASES.				Total magistrates' true cases.	Total magistrates' cases ending in conviction.	Grand total of true cases (columns 14 + 15).	REMARKS.
					Convicted.	Discharged or acquitted.	Not detected or apprehended.	Total true cases (columns 6 + 11 + 12 + 13).				
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	
...	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	2	
...	3	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	1	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	6	1	2	...	1	1	1 +	3	...	...	3	
...	2	...	1	1 +	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	
...	4	...	4	1	5	...	...	3	...	...	5	
...	15	2	...	4	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
...	5	...	...	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	
...	3	...	...	1	2	...	...	2	3	1	5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	6	...	1	2	2	...	1	3	...	...	3	
...	6	...	1	...	1	3	1	5	2	...	7	
...	11	...	5	1	4	...	1	5	...	...	5	
...	5	...	2	1	1	1	...	2	1	...	3	
1	55	4	2	12	19	3	15	38	...	...	38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	4	
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	10	1	3	1	4	...	1	5	...	...	5	
1	170	9	39	24	73	14	11	99	4	...	103	
...	49	5	11	10	18	5	...	23	11	5	34	
...	7	...	...	1	6	...	...	6	...	...	6	
...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
...	9	1	4	1	2	1	...	3	10	1	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	83	...	...	2	79	2	...	81	2	2	83	
2	463	23	79	69	228	33	31	294	45	12	339	
6	455	26	58	50	252	37	32	327	75	20	402	

† Accused committed suicide.

‡ Pending since 1906.

(16).

Return of persons concerned in

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons in custody, pending trial or investigation or on bail under section 170, C. P. C., at beginning of year, as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the police.
1	2	3	4
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.</i>			
3	231 to 254 ...	... Offences relating to coin ...	...
7	212 to 216, 216A ...	... Harbours an offender ...	...
8	221, 225, 225B & 226 ...	... Other offences against public justice ...	...
9	143 to 153, 157, 158, 159 ...	... Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	...
10	140, 170, 171 ...	... Personating public servant or soldier ...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>			
11	302, 303, 396 ...	... Murder ...	...
12	307 ...	... Attempts at murder ...	...
13	304, 308 ...	... Culpable homicide ...	...
14	376 ...	... Rape by a person other than the husband ...	...
16	317, 318 ...	... Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	...
17	305, 306, 309 ...	... Attempt at, and abetment of suicide ...	...
18	329, 331, 333, 325, 326, 335 ...	... Grievous hurt ...	...
20	327, 330, 332, 324 ...	... Hurt ...	...
21	363 to 369 & 372, 373 & 371 ...	... Kidnapping or abduction, selling, etc., for prostitution and dealing in slaves ...	...
22	346 to 348 ...	... Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion ...	...
23	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	... Criminal force to public servant or woman, or an attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against person and property, or against property only.</i>			
25	395, 397, 398, 399, 402 ...	... Dacoity and preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...
26	394, 397, 398, 392, 393 ...	... Robbery ...	...
27	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ...	... Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...
28	428, 429 ...	... Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal ...	...
29	454, 455, 457 to 460, 449 to 452 ...	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt and house-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>			
31	341 to 344 ...	... Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	...
32	336, 337 ...	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	...
33	374 ...	... Compulsory labour ...	...
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>			
34	379 to 382 ...	... Theft ... { of cattle ... { ordinary ...	...
35	406 to 409 ...	... Criminal breach of trust ...	...
36	411 to 414 ...	... Receiving stolen property ...	...
37	419, 420 ...	... Cheating ...	...
38	447, 448 & 453 & 456 ...	... Criminal or house-trespass and lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>			
40	295 to 297 ...	... Offences against religion ...	...
41	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294 Section 34 of Act V of 1861 and nuisances punishable under local laws.	... Public nuisances ...	...
42		... Offences under special and local laws declared to be cognizable *	...
Total			...
Total of previous year			30

* These cases are not all strictly cognizable under section 4 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, but include those in which police officers above the rank of constable have power to arrest of their own motion.

cognizable cases for the year 1908.

Arrested by the police during the year.	Released under section 169, Criminal Procedure Code.	Released by magistrates order before trial.	Number of persons tried.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons evading arrest at close of year.	Number in custody pending trial or investigation or on bail at end of year.	Persons concerned in magistrates' cases.			Remarks.
								Number arrested.	Number convicted.	Number acquitted or discharged.	
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	
22	...	...	22	22	...	...	...	5	5	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	...	...	7	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	
9	1	...	8	6	...	...	2	7	7	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	...	...	11	...	11	...	...	4	4	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	4	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
25	9	...	16	7	2	...	7	...	...	...	
6	1	...	5	1	4	...	...	2	...	2	
6	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	4	1	1	...	2	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	2	...	33	25	4	...	4	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	...	...	12	7	1	...	4	...	...	...	
154	1	...	153	120	18	7	8	5	...	5	
24	...	...	24	19	3	1	1	10	4	6	
7	...	...	7	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
6	...	...	6	5	1	...	...	16	5	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
93	...	...	93	90	3	...	...	2	2	...	
443	14	...	429	332	59	8	30	58	29	29	...
411	7	...	434	350	84	...	...	177	54	119	4 pending

(17).

Return of non-cognizable

Serial number.	Law.	Offence.	Number pending at beginning of year.	Cases reported in the year.	Total for disposal (columns 4 and 5).	Number dismissed without trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.</i>						
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229	Offences against public justice ...	3	3	6	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants ...	...	3	3	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims, and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property...	2	4	6	2
7	465 to 477A...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes, and falsifying accounts ...	1	2	2	1
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	1	3	4	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	1	1	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>						
12a	376 ...	Rape by the husband ...	...	...	...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>						
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	...	5	5	3
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>						
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	2	216	218	39
17	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation...	...	1	1	...
	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt...	...	43	43	8
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>						
18	417, 418 ...	Cheating ...	...	4	4	2
19	403 to 405 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	...	3	3	1
20	426, 427, 434...	Mischief (simple) ...	2	46	48	16
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>						
23	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage ...	1	6	7	2
24	500 to 502 ...	Defamation ...	...	4	4	1
25	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation, insult and annoyance ...	6	77	83	14
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288 and 290	Public and local nuisances ...	2	...	2	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII (A) C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction ...	...	1	1	...
29	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property ...	...	2	2	1
30	Cases under Chapter XXV & XXXV, C. P. C.	—	...	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children ...	...	11	11	10
<i>Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognizable by the police.</i>						
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514	...	...	5	5	...
	Do. Section 193	...	...	...	...	...
	Do. Section 178	...	...	...	...	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859	...	3	464	467	13
	The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871	...	1	19	20	1
	The Indian Fisheries Act, 1897	...	...	5	5	...
	The Indian Post Office, Act, 1898	...	...	1	1	...
	Vaccination Act	...	...	2	2	...
	Municipal Bye-laws	...	1	40	40	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	...	1	19	20	...
	Excise Act, 1890	...	3	37	40	...
	Forest Act, 1878	...	...	5	5	...
	Prisons Act	...	...	1	1	...
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899	...	...	1	1	...
Total ...			27	1,033	1,060	114
Total of previous year ...			27	1,051	1,078	51

cases for the year 1908.

Cases in which, accused died, escaped or become insane during trial, or in which charges were abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (sections 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494, C. P. C.).	Number of cases tried to a conclusion and ending in.		Number pending at close of year.	Number declared by the court never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the court held that a cognizable offense was committed.	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.	REMARKS.
	Discharge or acquittal.	Conviction.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	3	2	...	...	...	...	
1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
...	4	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
113	43	14	7	2	...	...	
21	10	1	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	11	2	1	1	...	...	
2	3	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	1	...	...	...	
30	32	4	3	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
161	165	115	13	...	...	...	
9	7	3	...	...	...	...	
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	29	11	...	...	...	...	
...	1	19	...	...	...	...	
...	4	35	1	...	...	...	
1	2	2	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
364.	320	231	28	3	...	...	
284	400	316	27	...	...	1	

(18). Return of persons concerned in non-cognizable cases for the year 1908.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz. under trial or against whom process had issued).	Persons against whom process issued.		Persons not arrested because they absconded, or evaded or failed to comply with summons during the year, and persons against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Persons who appeared before the courts.	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried.		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (columns 5 & 6).	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded, or withdrawn, and number who died, escaped or became insane during trial.	Number of those in col. 11 convicted of cognizable offences.	Persons died, escaped, or were transferred before appearance.
				On complaint.	On magistrate's own motion or information from the police.				Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14a	14b	14c
Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c.															
4	172 to 190, 201 to 207, 213 to 215, 225A, 227 to 229 ...	Offences against public justice ...	3	3	...	...	6	...	4	2	66.66	...	...	...	1
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants ...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	2	50.00	2	...	1	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims, & fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	2	12	...	...	14	7	1	6	50.00	...	...	...	...
7	465 to 477A ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents, not being Government promissory notes and falsifying accounts ...	...	3	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	1	1	2	...	4	...	...	4	100.00	...	...	...	...
10	149, 153A to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class II.—Serious offences against the person.															
12a	376 ...	Rape by the husband ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class III.—Serious offences against property.															
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion ...	...	5	...	...	5	...	2	3	60.00	...	...	...	...
Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.															
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force... ..	3	420	...	2	421	71	305	34	7.38	14	223	...	...
17	325 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	73	...	2	71	16	50	5	6.85	...	32	1	1
Class V.—Minor offences against property.															
18	417, 418 ...	Cheating ...	...	5	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...
19	403 to 405 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	...	3	...	...	3	1	1	1	33.33	...	...	...	...
20	426, 427, 434 ...	Mischief (simple) ...	4	69	...	...	73	24	44	4	5.79	1	8	...	...
Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.															
21	298 ...	Offences against religion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage ...	1	8	...	...	9	3	6	...	...	...	1	...	1
24	500 to 502 ...	Defamation ...	...	12	...	...	12	7	2	...	...	3	1	...	...
25	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation, insult and annoyance	8	110	...	...	118	8	89	16	14.54	5	31	...	...
26	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, and 290...	Public and local nuisances	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Cases under Chapter VIII(A), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Cases under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	1	2	...	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter, XXXVI C.P.C.	Maintenance of wives and children.	...	10	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under other Special or Local Laws not cognizable by the police.															
	Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514	...	...	13	...	...	13	...	...	13	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Do. Section 193	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Do. Section 178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Breach of Contract Act, 1859	...	10	488	...	31	467	126	197	144	29.50	...	191	...	...
	The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871	...	2	24	...	...	26	2	21	3	11.54	...	6	...	8
	The Indian Fisheries Act, 1897	...	...	9	3	...	12	...	2	10	83.33	...	...	...	...
	The Indian Post Office Act, 1898	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	100.00	...	...	...	...
	Vaccination Act	...	...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Municipal Bye-Laws	...	...	41	...	...	41	29	12	29.27	...	...	...	...	...
	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	...	1	13	6	...	20	1	19	100.00	...	...	...	...	...
	Excise Act, 1890	...	5	79	...	...	84	9	9	65	77.38	1	...	...	...
	Forest Act, 1878	...	...	11	...	...	11	...	8	3	27.27	...	6	...	...
	Prisons Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	100.00	...	...	...	...
Total			40	1,427	13	35	1445	294	779	345	23.31	27	505	2	11
Total of previous year			63	1,526	25	20	1594	65	1072	414	26.69	40	806	2	3

(19). Property stolen and recovered—1908.

Offence.		Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
(A).—Cognizable.					Rs.	Rs.	
1. Theft	a. In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	49	17	34·69	3,081	693	23·49
	b. In conjunction with receiving of stolen property.	...	...	...	...	...	...
	c. Other thefts	158	76	48·10	2,828	1,526	53·96
2. Robbery	a. Dacoity	6	3	50·00	3,174	1,010	31·82
	b. Other robbery	6	3	50·00	1,024	43	4·26
3. Criminal breach of trust	...	38	14	36·84	1,297	300	23·13
4. Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		257	113	43·97	11,404	3,572	31·32
Total of previous year		217	127	58·52	4,241	2,189	51·61
(B).—Non-cognizable.							
5. Extortion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Criminal misappropriation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	...	...	...	...	...

(20). Statement showing sanctioned strength and cost of police in the year 1908.

District.	Number of Inspectors-General and Deputy Inspectors-General.	Number of superintendents.	Number of assistant superintendents.	Number of deputy superintendents.	Number of inspectors.	Number of sub-inspectors.	Number of sergeants.	Number of head constables.			Number of constables.			Total.	Total cost payable from imperial and provincial revenues.
								Foot.	Water.	Mounted.	Foot.	Water.	Mounted.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Coorg	...	...	1	...	4	22	...	28	...	...	212	...	...	267	59,592
Previous year	...	...	1	...	4	22	...	28	...	...	212	...	...	267	54,806

Continued.

District.	Total cost payable from other sources than imperial and provincial revenues.	Grand total cost (columns 16 and 17).	Area of district in square miles.	Population of district.	Urban population of district.	Number of police stations.	Number of outposts.	Proportion of police		Total amount of cognizable crime investigated.	Proportion of cognizable crime investigated to the police force.
								To area.	To population.		
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Coorg	...	59,592	1,581·66	180,607	15,249	16	3	1 to 6·25 square miles.	1 to 713·86	463	1 to 1·83
Previous year	...	54,806	1,581·66	180,607	15,249	16	3	1 to 6·15 square miles.	1 to 703	455	1 to 1·77

(21). Return showing the equipment, discipline and general internal management of the police force for the year 1908.

District.	Total strength.					Armament of the force.			Punishments.										Rewards.			
	Sanctioned.		Actual.			Number of rifles. Number of smooth-bores. Number of revolvers.			Dismissed. Punished depart- mentally otherwise than by dismissal.					Punished judicially by a Magistrate or Sessions Court.					By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.		By promotion.	By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		6	7	8	9	10	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	21	22	
1	2	3	4	5																		
Coorg	26	240	16	233					3			115	1							2	1	23
Previous year	26	240	16	240					4	21	126								1		43	

District.	Education.		Number of constables.					Number who have left the force during the year.					Percentage to total actual strength of			Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
	Number of police who can read and write.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
	Officers.	Men.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	9																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
			Number enlisted during the year.					On pension or gratuity.					By resignation without pen- sion or gratuity.			By dismissal.			By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.			By desertion.			By death.			Admissions into hospital.			Daily average number of men absent from duty on account of sickness.			Deaths.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																

(22). Statement showing the religion or caste of officers and men employed in the police in 1907.

Province.	Religion or caste.																								
	Officers.												Men.												
	Hindus.								Other religions				Hindus.								Other religions				
	Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Coorgs.	Hindus of all other castes.							Brahmans.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Nairs.	Coorgs.	Hegadais.	Gouds.	Hindus of all other castes.					
Coorg	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	2	...	...	6	19	2	1	...	19	123	9	37	24	...	...			
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(23). Statement showing the number of judicial divisions and the number of officers exercising appellate or original jurisdiction on the last day of the year 1908 with the cost of tribunals.

Name of province.	Area.	Population.	Number of divisions for courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of districts.	Number of sub-districts.	Number of districts.	Judges of Chief Court of province.	Judges of other courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other subordinate courts.	Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the courts.	Total charges of the courts.	Remarks.
											Original.		Appeals.				
											Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Province of Coorg.																	
	Territory subject to the High Court.	1,581.66 square miles	180,607	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	2,010	702	35 *	17 *	36,541 *	58,855 *	Officers exercising both original and appellate jurisdiction. 1 District Magistrate. 1 Sessions Judge. 1 Judicial Commissioner.
		Revenue...															

* Include the figures of the Judicial Commissioner's Court.

(24). Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each class of offence during the year 1908.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons.				
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Offences against the public tranquillity Chap. VIII	5	5	5	35	3	32	...	...
Offences by or relating to public servants ,, IX	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	2
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants ... ,, X	5	5	8	8	5	2	1‡	...
False evidence and offences against public justice ... ,, XI	7	7	8	10	4	4	2*	...
Offences relating to coin and Govt. stamps ,, XII	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures ,, XIII	3	3	4	4	...	4	...	...
Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals ,, XIV	1	1	3	3	2	1	...	...
Offences relating to religion ... ,, XV	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting human body, Chapter XVI.	Offences affecting life ...	10	5	5	5	...	5	...
	Hurt ...	63	52	52	99	81	17	...
	Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	4	3	4	11	1	7	...
	Criminal force and assault ...	172	163	163	327	291	25	...
	Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery & forced labour ...	8	8	2	9	9	...	...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII.	Theft ...	192	186	180	228	76	132	5†
	Extortion ...	6	3	2	5	2	3	...
	Robbery and dacoity ...	13	6	6	26	11	14	1‡
	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	4	4	4	7	6	1	...
	Criminal breach of trust ...	45	30	27	42	14	26	2†
	Receiving of stolen property ...	7	7	10	19	3	15	...
	Cheating ...	6	4	4	8	7	...	...
	Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	1	1	1	1	...	1	...
	Mischief ...	49	43	40	66	55	10	...
	Criminal trespass ...	38	25	26	43	26	16	...
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks ... Chapter XVIII	3	2	1	1	1	...	...	...
Criminal breach of contracts of service ,, XI	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Offences relating to marriage ... ,, XX	7	4	4	6	6	...	...	...
Defamation ... ,, XXI	5	4	3	9	6	...	...	3
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance ... ,, XXII	129	117	112	200	181	13	...	6
<i>Offences under Special and Local laws.</i>								
The Workman's Breach of Contract Act, 1859 ...	487	418	389	497	335	144	2‡	16
The Police Act, 1861 ...	73	73	73	81	2	79	...	...
The Opium Act ...	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	...
The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871 ...	21	20	20	34	31	3	...	...
The Indian Forest Act, 1878 ...	7	7	7	13	9	3	...	1
The Indian Arms Act, 1878 ...	21	21	20	20	1	19	...	...
The Madras Coffee Stealing Prevention Act, 1878 ...	4	4	3	4	...	3	...	1
The Vaccination Act, 1880 ...	2	2	2	3	3	...	...	...
The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890 ...	9	9	9	9	...	9	...	...
The Excise Act, 1896 ...	56	56	56	74	8	65	...	1
The Indian Fisheries Act, 1897 ...	6	6	6	28	2	26	...	...
The Indian Post Office Act, 1898 ...	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Municipal Bye-Laws ...	40	40	40	41	29	12	...	...
Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code—security for good behaviour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal Procedure Code, Section 514 ...	8	8	8	13	...	13	...	...
Total ...	1,522	1,307	1,268	1,991	1,213	706	13	59
Total of previous year ...	1,611	1,392	1,474	2,309	1,414	818	6	71

* Escaped.

† 3 died 2 escaped.

‡ 1 died 1 escaped.

§ Died.

Note.—The Chapters referred to in column 1 are those of the Indian Penal Code.

(25). Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code during the year 1908.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the courts during the year.					Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5				
1. Proceedings against witnesses under chapter VI ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
2. Proceedings under chapter VIII ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Possession, chapter XII ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Frivolous or vexatious accusations, summarily dealt with under chapter XX, section 250 ...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	
5. Contempts of Court under chapter XXXV ...	...	10	10	10	...	...	...	...	
6. Maintenance, chapter XXXVI ...	...	8	13	...	...	...	...	13	
7. Forfeiture of bail or recognizances under chapter XLVI ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	22	27	10	17	...	...	...	
Total of previous year ...	...	34	43	11	32	...	...	...	

(26). Statement showing the general result of criminal trials in the tribunals of various classes in the province of Coorg during the year 1908.

Class of courts.	1	Persons whose cases were disposed of.															Remarks.	
		Convicted.																
		Discharged or acquitted.		On regular trial.		On summary trial.		Committed or referred.										
		Died, escaped, or transferred to another province.	Sentence passed.	Released on probation, section 562, Criminal Procedure Code.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII of 1897.	Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian, &c.	Sentence passed.	Released on probation, section 562, Criminal Procedure Code.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII of 1897.	Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian, &c.	Sentence passed.	Released on probation, section 562, Criminal Procedure Code.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII of 1897.			
Total number of persons under trial.		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Subordinate Magistrates exercising second or third class power	...	1,846	12*	1,157	634	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	1,132	12	2,055	* Seven died and five escaped.
First Class Magistrate	...	57	...	19	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	13	37	20	338	
Chief Magistrate of the District...	...	87	1†	37	45	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	7	3	4†	13	322	† Died.
Court of Session	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	6	
Total	...	1,991	13	1,213	705	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8†	59	1,210	...	2,728	† These persons have not been shown in column 2.
Total of previous year	...	2,309	6	1,414	811	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	71	1,286	...	3,132	

(28). Statement showing the particulars of whippings inflicted during 1908 in lieu of other punishments, sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in section 379 I.P.C. ...	1	20	4	25
2	Receiving stolen property under section 411, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...
3	Do. section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	1	20	4	25
	Total of previous year ...	...	16	5	21

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(29). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1908 in addition to other punishments, sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, as defined in section 380 I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
2	House breaking, under section 457, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	1	...	1
	Total of previous year ...	...	3	1	4

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(30). Statement showing whippings inflicted during 1908 on juveniles, section 5, Act VI, 1864.

No.	Offences for which awarded.	Number of persons awarded.			Total.
		5 to 10 stripes.	11 to 20 stripes.	21 to 30 stripes.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Theft, under section 379, I.P.C. ...	1	...	...	1
	Do. section 411, I.P.C. ...	1	...	...	1
	Do. sections 457 and 380 I.P.C. ...	...	1	...	1
	Total ...	2	1	...	3
	Total of previous year ...	...	2	...	2

Note.—Heads of offences having no entries are omitted.

(31). Statement showing relative number of times whipping was awarded during 1908 as compared with other punishments.

No.	Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1	Total number of whippings awarded ...	28 *	*This is the number awarded in lieu of other punishments and not in addition to other punishments.
2	Total number of other punishments in which whipping might have been awarded ...	67	
	Total ...	95	
3	Percentage of whipping ...	29.47	

(52). Statement showing the general result of the trial of European British subjects during the year 1908.

Description of offence.	Persons whose cases were disposed of										Of the total number of persons shown in																																	
	By District Magistrates and other 1st Class Magistrates.				By Courts of Session			By High Court.		Total for all Courts.		Columns 2 to 5.				Columns 6 to 8.		Columns 6 to 10.		Columns 11 to 12.																								
	Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		To Courts of Sessions.		To High Court.		Committed.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Transferred to High Court under section 449 (2) of the Code.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		No. who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 451 (1) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		No. of those in col. 13 whose cases were transferred under section 451 (9) of the Code.		No. who claimed a mixed number of assessors, section 450 (2) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		No. who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 450 (1) of the Code.		No. who did not so claim.		Columns 6 to 10.		Columns 11 to 12.			
																																							Magistrates.		Sessions Judges.			
	Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		To Courts of Sessions.		To High Court.		Committed.		Convicted.		Acquitted or discharged.		Transferred to High Court under section 449 (2) of the Code.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Being European British subjects.		Other than European British subjects.		Being European British subjects.		Other than European British subjects.		Being European British subjects.		Other than European British subjects.		Being European British subjects.		Other than European British subjects.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23																						
Section 379 I.P.C. "	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"																						
Do. 323 I.P.C. "	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"																						
Total	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	"																						

(33). Statement showing the result of appeal and revision in criminal cases during the year 1908.

Tribunals.	Number of persons.													Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the courts.	Died, escaped, transferred to another province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.	Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
APPEALS.														
To Chief Magistrate of District	75	...	2	62	...	7	2	...	...	...	2	2	* In the case of one person the sentence was reduced by order of Government.	
By persons convicted	23	...	1	17	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	23		
By persons convicted	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
By Government from judgment of acquittal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total	105	...	3	88	...	9	2	...	...	...	3	...		
REVISION.														
By Chief Magistrate of District	18	...	...	14	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	7	† In the case of one person the unexpired portion of the sentence was remitted by order of Government.	
By Court of Session	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20		
By Judicial Commissioner's Court	8	...	4	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	21		
Total	29	...	7	17	...	2	...	...	3	...	...	...		
Grand Total	134	...	10	105	...	11	2	...	3	...	3	...		
Total of previous year	137	1	17	70	...	8	34	...	5	...	2	...		

(34). Statement showing the use of juries and assessors in the criminal courts during the year 1908.

Classes of courts in which jurors or assessors are employed.	Number of accused persons in trials with assessors.											Remarks.
	Number of accused persons in jury trials.				As to whom the Judge			As to whom the Judge			Tried.	
	Established or average number of jury or assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Approved verdict.	Did not approve of verdict.	Made reference under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.	Agreed with all the assessors.	Differed from one or more but not from all the assessors.	Differed from all the assessors.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
Court of Session { Jurors Assessors	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...		
	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...		
	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...		
Total	2	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...		
Total of previous year	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...		

(35). Statement showing the nature and amount of accommodation for each class of prisoners in the Mercara Jail at the close of the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Serial number.	Name of jail.	Description of accommodation.	Number of prisoners who could be accommodated on 31st December 1908 in the part of the jail devoted to—														Superficial area per prisoner in square yards in the enclosures (ward and work shop) to which the prisoners are ordinarily confined.	Spent on jail buildings during the year 1908.	
			Hospital.		Simple prisoners.		Civil prisoners.		Under-trial.		Europeans.		Juvenile convicts.	Female convicts.	Male convicts.	Grand Total.		By Jail department.	By Public Works department.
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F							
1	Mercara Jail.	Cells ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	8	291 square yards.	...	Rs. 1,689
		Barracks with separate sleeping accommodation ...	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	6	85	143			
		Do without ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		Total ...	14	2	4	...	9	...	14	2	4	...	3	8	91	151			
		Total average population	1.11	0.04	0.22	...	0.50	...	9.47	0.17	...	...	...	1.76	78.24	91.51			

(36). Statement showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9		
Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.		
			M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
Coorg.	Mercara Jail.	Convicts ...	67	4	71	151	8	159	218	12	230	141	11	152	77	1	78	79.37	1.80	81.17
		Under-trial ...	11	...	11	168	5	168	174	5	179	160	5	165	14	...	14	9.67	0.17	9.84
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	0.50	...	0.50
		Total ...	78	4	82	319	13	332	397	17	414	306	16	322	91	1	92	89.54	1.97	91.51
	Taluk Lock-ups.	Convicts ...	...	...	...	109	8	117	109	8	117	108	8	116	1	...	1	1.19	0.91	2.10
		Under-trial ...	4	...	4	293	7	300	297	7	304	287	7	294	10	...	10	4.89	0.11	5.00
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	4	...	4	402	15	417	406	15	421	395	15	410	11	...	11	6.08	1.02	7.10
	Grand Total ...		82	4	86	721	28	749	803	32	835	701	31	732	102	1	103	95.62	2.99	98.61
	Grand total of previous year ...		115	1	116	735	30	765	850	31	881	768	27	795	82	4	86	95.27	1.23	96.50

(37). Statement showing the particulars regarding prisoners under-trial in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12																
Serial number.	Jails.	Number remain- ing at the close of previ- ous year		Number received		Total.		Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Trans- ferred.		Es- caped.		Died.		Remain- ing on 31st Dec. 1908.				
		M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
1	Mercara Jail	...	11	...	163	5	174	5	179	9.67	0.17	9.84	107	1	108	51	4	55	...	...	1	...	1	...	14	...	14
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	4	...	293	7	297	7	304	4.89	0.11	5.00	176	1	177	107	6	113	2	...	2	...	...	...	10	...	10
	Total	...	15	...	456	12	471	12	483	14.56	0.28	14.84	283	2	285	158	10	168	2	...	3	...	1	...	24	...	24
	Total of previous year.		27	...	399	16	426	16	442	12.44	0.25	12.69	234	11	245	175	5	180	2	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	

(38). Statement showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Jails.	3		4		5		6		7		8		9				10				11		12		13		14		15		Daily average number.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		T. Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
1	Mercara Jail Taluk Lock-ups	67	4	70	4	137	8	8	...	218	12	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</

(41). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908 and those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

Serial number.	Jails.	* Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Numbers according to length of sentence.																		Total.				
			A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I					J	
			Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.		Above two and not exceeding five years.		Above five and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding 10 years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.					Sentenced to death.	
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.			
1	2	3	4																		5				
1	Mercara Jail ...	A	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3		
		B	36	5	40	2	45	1	8	...	6	...	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	147	8	155		
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1		
		Total of admissions.	38	5	41	2	45	1	8	...	7	...	5	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	8	159	
2	Taluk Lock-ups ...	A	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4		
		B	54	6	28	1	22	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	7	113		
		Total of admissions.	57	7	28	1	22	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	109	8	117		
		Total remaining on the 31st Dec. 1908.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1		

*A—Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.
B—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.
C—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
D—Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
† Classes A, B, C, D, should be amalgamated for this total.

(42). Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908 who had been previously convicted.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.								Ratio per cent. of column 4 D to column 3.			Youthful offenders under 15 years of age (Reformatory Schools' Act, 1897).										
					A		B		C		D					A			B							
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.					Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.							
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.				
1	2	3			4								5			6										
1 2	Mercara Jail.. Taluk Lock-ups	151	8	159	24	...	6	...	...	...	30	...	30	19·87	...	18·87	...	...	...	...	...	...				
		107	8	117	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	0·93	...	0·85	...	...	...	...	...	...				

(43). Statement showing the number of habitual offenders admitted into the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number of convicts admitted during the year.	Number of convicts in column 3 identified before re-conviction as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act, and whose previous convictions appear in the records of proceedings at the trial.	Number of convicts in column 3 not so identified before re-conviction, and whose previous convictions did not so appear, but who were, after arrival in jail, so identified.	Total number of convicts admitted who have been identified, either before or after re-conviction, as liable to a special sentence under section 75 of the I. P. C. or under the Whipping Act.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Mercara Jail ...	159	7	23	30

Note.—The figures in Statements Nos. 41 and 42 have not been totalled since particulars regarding convicts first admitted to a taluk lock-up and subsequently transferred to the Mercara Jail appear twice over.

(47). Statement showing the working of the mark system in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.
Form to be used by Inspectors-General.

1	2	3	4										5										6												
Serial number	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the mark system for industry, but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission under the mark system.										Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year.										Average remission gained by the convicts entered in column 4.												
			Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—										Sentenced to—												
			One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.	One year exactly.	Not exceeding 2 years.	Do 3 years.	Do 4 years.	Do 5 years.	Do 6 years.	Do 7 years.	Do 8 years.	Do 9 years.	Do 10 years.	Exceeding 10 years.
1	Mercara Jail.		7	6	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	37	86	112	144	236	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	59	111	144	230	...	...	...	...	...		

(48). Statement showing the employment of convicts as prison officers in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial No.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Average number employed as prison officers.		Ratio per cent. of column 4 to column 3.		Total number employed as prison officers.		Number of reductions or other punishments.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Mercara Jail ...	79.37	1.80	3.86	...	4.86	...	4	...	*1	...

* Reduced and fined marks.

(49). Statement showing the escapes and re-captures of convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7		
Serial number.	Jails.	Remaining un-captured on the 31st December 1908 of those who escaped during the previous ten years.	Escaped during the year.			Re-captured during the year.			Remained uncap-tured.			Unexpired portion of sentence of those who escaped during the year.		
			A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
			From inside the jail.	From outside the jail.	Total.	Of those who es-caped in previous ten years.	Of those who es-caped during the year.	Total.	Of previous years	Of the year.	Total.	Under one year.	Above one and under seven years.	Above seven years.
1	Mercara Jail	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
2	Taluk Lock-ups	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...

(50). Statement showing the scales of diet in force in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Diet scale of labouring prisoners.	Diet scale of non-labouring prisoners.	Punishment diet scale.	Note of any change effected in diet scales during the year.
1	2	3	4
Mercara Jail	...	Detailed statements of all diets are printed in Statements Nos. 51-53.	Nil.

(51).

Diet scale for all classes of native convicts in use in the Mercara Jail.

1	2							3							4						
	For men sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.							Simple, women and under-trial.							Juvenile prisoners.						
Articles.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.
Rice	oz. 26	oz. 12	oz. 26	oz. 12	oz. 26	oz. 12	oz. 26	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 10	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 20	oz. 10	oz. 20
Ragi	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Dhal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meat (with bone)	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...
Curds	...	8	...	8	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...
Gingelly oil	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ghee	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
Tamarind	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Salt	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Curry powder.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Onions	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Garlic	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vegetables	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Firewood	1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.							1½ to 2 lbs. daily.						

Notes—1. Men who do not eat meat to get 4 oz. of dhal and 8 drams of ghee on meat days.

2. Two drams of salt to be issued powdered and eaten when sprinkled over the food.

(52).

Diet scale for European and Eurasian prisoners in use in the Mercara Jail.

Articles.	1							2							3							Remarks.						
	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.							
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.							
Bread ...	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	Medium labouring diet— 12 oz. bread. 8 „ meat. 8 „ vegetables. Other ingredients are the same.						
Meat ...	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10							
Rice ...	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8							
Vegetable ...	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10							
Salt ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Onions ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Non-labouring, under-trial diet— 12 oz. bread. 6 „ meat. 8 „ vegetables. Other ingredients are the same.						
Curry powder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Pepper ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Dhal ...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Wheat flour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	For females— Full diet 12 oz. bread. 8 „ meat. Medium 12 „ bread. 6 „ meat.						
Salt ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Ghee ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Tamarind ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Lime pickle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	A quarter of a pint daily. Two pounds daily.						
Sugar ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Coffee ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							
Milk ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Firewood ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							

(53).

Scale for hospital diet in use in the Mercara Jail.

1	2	3																			
No.	Classes of diet.	Ingredients.																			
		Rice.	Ragi.	Dhal.	Meat.	Gingelly oil.	Ghee.	Tama- rind.	Salt	Curry powder without chilly.	Onions	Garlic.	Veget- ables.	Pe- per.	Milk.	Curds.	Suji.	Sugar.	Fire- wood.		
		lb	oz	lb	oz	oz	oz	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	dr	seer	seer	oz	oz	dr	lb	
1	Spoon... { Porridge ... { Rice ...	12	...	4	1	4	...	2	4	5	2	4 ½	6	...	½	½	2	1	...		
2	Milk and rice	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	½	...	...	1	...	...		
3	Sore mouth	12	...	4	1	...	...	8	...	5	...	2 ½	8	½	½	...	...	8	...		
4	Ordinary rice or ragi diet	1	4	1	4	3	4	4	8	10	5	8	6	...	...	½	...	...	...		
5	Malagaitanni and rice.	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	8	10	4	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
6	Kanji diet	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
																				14 lbs. daily per sick. 10 " " during monsoon.	

(54). Statement showing sickness and mortality among prisoners of all classes in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9																																																																																																																																																																																																										
Serial number.	Jails.	Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners, respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.	Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Ratio per mille of average strength.																																																																																																																																																																																																										
			M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	A	B	C	D																																																																																																																																																																																																							
																						Of admissions into hospital.												Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from all causes except cholera.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.																																																																																																																																																																																				
1	Mercara Jail ... { Convicts ... Under-trials ... Civil Prisoners ... Total ... Total of previous year ...	116 10 14 2 9 ... 133 12 130 12	136 16 9 151 151	73 37 9 67 0 50 89 54 87 97	1 80 0 17 ... 1 97 1 06	81 17 9 84 0 50 91 51 89 03	92 27 3	4 1	23 1 5 28 1 33 ...	21 5 ... 29 1 33	91 20 ... 1 11 1 19	04 04 ...	95 5 20 1 ... 1 15 ...	5 289 1 517 ... 6 312 ...	5 6 ... 11	5 6 ... 11	295 68 503 18 ... 316 91 370 66	11 47 20 68 ... 12 40 13 53	22 22 20 30 ...	11 70 20 33 ... 12 57 13 37	63 00 103 41 ... 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 103 41 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04		61 60 101 63 ... 65 57 123 55	 67 01 125 04	

(55). Statement showing the admissions and deaths from the chief diseases among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4
Serial number.	Jails.	Admissions	Deaths
1	Mercara Jail	...	...

(56). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908 according to the length of original sentence.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding three years.			Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.			Above 7 years.			Total.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
1	Mercara Jail.	27.85	2	71.61	6.62	1	151.06	23.16	1	43.18	21.54	1	46.43	2.00	...	...	81.17	5	61.60
	Previous year.	33.17	6	180.89	7.64	...	...	18.08	2	110.62	16.87	2	118.55	3.45	1	289.86	79.21	11	138.87

* NOTE.—The yearly average number is obtained by a census taken on the last day of each month, the monthly results being added together and the total divided by 12.

(57). Statement showing the mortality among the convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908 according to the length of time passed in jail.

Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months in jail.			Above 6 months and not exceeding one year.			Above one year and not exceeding two years.			Above two years and not exceeding three years.			Above three years and not exceeding seven years.			Above 7 years.		
		Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.	Average number.	Deaths.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average number.
1	2	3			4			5			6			7			8		
1	Mercara Jail	...	23.77	4	148.28	24.14	1	41.43	14.59	...	8.89	...	...	9.78	...	...	...	...	...
	Previous year	...	32.32	6	185.64	20.08	3	149.40	11.04	...	5.83	1	171.53	9.94	1	100.60	...	...	...

(58). Statement showing the condition of the convicts discharged from the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number discharged during the year.	Number who had neither lost nor gained weight in jail.	Number who had gained weight.					Number who had lost weight.					Remarks.
				a	b	c	d		a	b	c	d		
				Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.	Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lbs.	From 5 to 10 lbs.	Over 10 lbs.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5					6					7
1	Mercara Jail ...	152	12	20	62	25	8	115	3	11	5	1	20	Discharged 152 of whom 5 died whose weights were not taken.
	Previous year...	182	12	28	56	18	8	110	9	26	7	6	48	

(59). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the
excluding the cost of building new jails

1	2	3				4			
Serial number.	Jails.	Daily average number of prisoners.				Establishment.			
		Convicts.	Under-trial.	Civil.	Total.	A	B	C	D
						Perma-nent.	Tempo-rary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength
1	Mercara Jail ...	81.17	9.84	50	91.51	Rs. 4,231	Rs. 110	Rs. 4,341	Rs. 47.44
2	Taluk Lock-ups ...	2.10	5.00	...	7.10	36	...	36	5.07

Continued.

7		8					9			
Clothing and bedding of prisoners.		Sanitation charges.					Charges for moving prisoners.			
A	B	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D
Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding civil prisoners.	Charges for conservancy, cleansing, and purifying.	Charges for water supply.	Extraordinary charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Transfer charges and road subsistence of convicts.	Transportation charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 200	Rs. 2.20	Rs. 72	Rs. 48	...	Rs. 120	Rs. 1.31	...	...	...	...
18	2.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

12							
Contingencies.							
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Rents, rates and taxes.	Service postage.	Telegrams and telephone charges.	Current office expenses (including country stationery).	Office furniture.	Charges for registers and stationery (Stationery department charges).	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 129	Rs. 8	Rs. 8	Rs. 2	...	...	Rs. 147	Rs. 1.61
...	...	...	...	...	...	48	6.76

. Note.—The expenditure is shown in this statement in rupees and decimals of a rupee.

prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails of Coorg during the year 1908
and of additions, alterations and repairs.

5						6						
Dieting charges.						Hospital charges.						
A	B	C	D	E	F	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Rations.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, clothing, &c.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.
Rs. 5,040	Rs. 25	...	...	Rs. 5,065	Rs. 55.65	Rs. 35	...	Rs. 93	...	Rs. 128	Rs. 1.40	Rs. 111.30
434	...	...	...	434	61.13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

10								11	
Charges for other miscellaneous services and supplies.								Travelling allowances.	
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B
For lighting.	Disciplinary charges.	Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	Money payments as reward for re-captures and services.	Execution charges.	Other miscellaneous charges.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.
Rs. 129	Rs. 81	Rs. 350	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 18	Rs. 578	Rs. 6.32	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Continued.

13												14	
Extraordinary charges for live-stock and tools and plant likely to last for 3 years and upwards.												Grand total of expenditure.	Total cost per head of average strength
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L		
Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	Dietary dead-stock.	Hospital dead-stock.	Garden and agricultural plant.	Lighting dead-stock.	Disciplinary dead-stock.	Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	Dairy, live-stock and plant (excluding maintenance).	Draught cattle (excluding keep, which goes under 10 F).	Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 10,579	Rs. 115.60
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	536	75.50

(60). Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the years 1905-1908 excluding the cost of building new jails, and of additions, alterations and repairs.

Serial number.	Jail.	Class of expenditure.	Cost per head of average strength in the year.			
			1905	1906	1907	1908
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		(a) Establishment	... 51.75	46.27	46.22	47.44
		(b) Dieting charges	... 47.65	51.23	55.04	55.65
		(c) Hospital charges	... 0.83	0.91	0.89	1.40
		(d) Clothing and bedding	... 3.14	1.18	1.44	2.20
		(e) Sanitation	... 1.14	1.05	1.15	1.31
		(f) Charges for moving prisoners		...	...	...
		(g) Miscellaneous	... 3.78	6.61	2.43	6.32
		(h) Travelling allowance		...	...	...
		(i) Contingencies	... 1.70	1.49	1.55	1.61
		(j) Extraordinary charges	... 0.06	...	...	...
Total Expenditure ...			108.36	106.58	106.75	115.60

Note.—The average cost per head under item (b) is arrived at after excluding civil prisoners, whereas the average total expenditure includes that class.

(61). Statement showing the employment of convicts in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Average number not sentenced to labour.	Average number under sentence of labour on working days.	Average number sick.	Average number convalescent and infirm.	Average number not employed for other reasons.	Average number employed on working days.																Ratio per cent. on column 4 of those employed on working days as				
							A	On prison duties.					On jail buildings.			K	L										
								B	C	D	E	F	Additions and alterations.		New jails.		Public Works. Public Works (vide H. D.—J. Circular No. 19-1200, dated 12th September 1884.	Other extra-mural labour.	Number of prisoners hired out to municipalities, private individuals or departments other than the P. W. Department.								
													G	H						I	J						
						On unremunerative labour.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Gardening.	Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in jails, e. g., wheat grinding, manufacturing of prison clothing, &c.	Jail repairs.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	Manufactures.									Prison officers.	Prison servants.	On manufactures (8 E).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8																9	10			
1	Mercara Jail	0.22	80.95	0.95	...	...	1.37	3.86	11.00	4.97	7.00	9.75	...	...	...	...	15.68	24.84	...	1.53	4.77	13.59	19.37				
	Previous year...	0.32	78.89	1.04	...	...	0.76	3.92	10.00	4.13	7.96	17.43	...	...	...	...	11.73	21.16	...	0.76	4.97	12.68	14.87				

(62). Statement showing the nett cash earnings of convicts sentenced to labour in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Average number sentenced to labour.	Average number employed on jail manufactures.	Cash balance on manufacturing account in hand on the 1st January 1908.	Cash drawn on manufacturing account during the year.	Total.	Paid into treasury on manufacturing account.	Cash balance in hand on manufacturing account on the 31st December 1908.	Total.	Cash earnings (being total of column 10 less total of column 7).	Average earning per head calculated on column 3.	Average earning per head calculated on column 4.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	80.95	42.05	...	832	832	3,525	...	3,525	2,693	33.27	64.04	
	Previous year ...	78.89	33.65	...	576	576	3,570	...	3,570	2,994	37.95	88.97	

Note.—For the purposes of this Statement the heading “jail manufactures” is construed as including employment under the P. W. D. or private individuals as shown in cols. 8L and 9 of Statement No. 61.

(63). Statement showing the nett cost of the prisoners in the Mercara Jail during the year 1908.

Serial number.	Name of jail.	Total cost of maintenance (column 14, Statement No. 59).	Average cost of maintenance per head (column 14, Statement No. 59).	Total cash earnings (column 11 of Statement No. 62).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6).	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	Mercara Jail ...	10,579	115.60	2,693	29.43	7,886	86.17	
	Previous year ...	9,504	106.75	2,994	33.63	6,510	73.12	

(65): Statement showing the number and value of suits instituted in the civil courts during the year 1908.

Class of courts.	Number of suits instituted in the different courts.										Total value of suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding.											
	Of which the value cannot be estimated in money.											
	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.											
	Rs. 10.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.	Rs. 5,000.	Rs. 10,000.	8	9	10	11	12
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Munsiffs' Courts	5	36	408	278	33	...	...	...	13	Rs. 1,08,509		
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	171	1,053	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,838		
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Subordinate Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	16,119		
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total	176	1,089	408	278	33	5	1	...	...	13	1,53,516	
Total of previous year	179	1,086	374	257	21	15	1	...	...	13	1,57,787	

(66).

Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil suits

Class of Courts.	Total number of suits before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro-mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	866	...	122	94	101
Munsiffs' Courts (Small Cause Suits)	1,336	...	226	101	116
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	14	...	1	1	...
District Judge's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,216	...	349	196	217
Total of previous year	2,146	...	266	159	228

(67).

Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil miscellaneous

Class of courts.	Total number of cases before the courts.	Number of			
		Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Without trial.	Without	
				Compro-mised.	Decreed on confession.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Munsiffs' Courts	704	...	174	6	24
First Assistant Commissioner's Court	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Judge's Court	17	...	10	...	...
District Judge's Court	22	...	17	...	...
Total	743	...	201	6	24
Total of previous year	709	...	255	5	14

(68).

Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the courts.	Decisions confirmed, Section 551, C. P. C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for default, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	26	...	...	...	...	...
District Judge's Court	1	...	...	...	...	...
Total	27	...	...	...	...	...
Judicial Commissioner's Court.	2	...	1	...	...	...
{ Appeals from original decrees	10	2	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate decrees	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	12	2	1	...	...	...
Grand Total	39	2	1	...	...	...
Grand Total of previous year	54	2	...	2	1	...

(69).

Statement showing the business of the civil appellate

Class of courts.	Miscellaneous cases before appellate courts.	Decisions confirmed section 551, C.P.C.	Transferred to courts in other provinces.	Dismissed for default, or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard	
					Confirmed.	Modified.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Subordinate Judge's Court	9	...	...	1	...	...
District Judge's Court	4	...	...	...	...	...
Total	13	...	...	1	...	...
Judicial Commissioner's Court.	1	...	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from original orders	2	2	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate orders	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	3	2	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	16	2	...	1	...	...
Grand Total of previous year	19	2	...	...	7	...

in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1908.

Suits disposed of.										Remarks.
Without contest.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.		Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average duration of suits.		
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.			Contested.	Uncontested.	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
214	5	2	...	173	58	97	8	204	95	
553	5	...	...	194	30	111	1	121	73	
...	1	...	...	5	3	3	1	196	165	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
767	11	2	...	372	91	211	10	...	...	
789	7	1	...	412	71	213	13	...	...	

cases in the courts of original jurisdiction during the year 1908.

Cases disposed of.						Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remarks.
Contest.		On reference to arbitration.		With contest.				Contested.	Uncontested.	
Decreed <i>ex-parte</i> .	Dismissed <i>ex-parte</i> .	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
7	8	9	10	11	12					
322	8	...	...	65	66	39	1	115	25	
...	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	33	25	
...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	16	24	
322	8	...	...	68	73	41	1	...	...	
276	10	...	...	60	60	29	4	...	...	

courts during the year 1908—Regular appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	...	18	2	4	1	1	1	60	1	
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	
...	...	19	2	4	1	1	1	...	1	
...	...	1	...	2	...	3	...	116	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	133	1	
...	...	4	...	2	...	3	...	...	1	
...	...	23	2	6	1	4	1	...	2	
1	...	28	3	4	1	12	...	...	3	

courts during the year 1908—Miscellaneous appeals.

<i>ex-parte</i> .		Contested.				Pending.	Of these, pending more than three months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under section 561, Act XIV of 1882.	Remarks.
Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	...	4	1	2	1	...	...	26	1	
...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	33	...	
...	...	7	1	2	2	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	7	1	2	2	1	...	...	1	
1	...	3	1	1	3	1	...	...	...	

(70). Statement showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of decrees of the civil courts during the year 1908.

Class of Courts.	Total number of applications for the execution of decrees before the courts.				Applications disposed of				Pending at the end of the year				Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.				Amount realized.				Number of applications.										Remarks.
	2	3	Satisfaction obtained in full.		Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.	7	8	9	10	11	On which he was arrested, but released without imprisonment.		On which moveable property		On which immoveable property		On which possession was given.		17	18	19	20	21	22						
			By transfer.	...								...	...	Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently re-leased.	Was sold.	Was attached, but subsequently re-leased under section 306, Act XIV of 1882.	Was attached, but subsequently re-leased under section 275.	Of moveables.							Of immoveables.					
Munsiffs' Courts ...	2,793	...	321	241	1,727	504	36	Rs. 42,513	4	227	79	259	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...						
First Assistant Commissioner's Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Subordinate Judge's Court ...	57	1	8	7	34	7	1	18,025	...	2	2	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...						
District Judge's Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Total ...	2,850	1	329	248	1,761	511	37	60,538	4	229	81	260	32	2	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...						
Total of previous year ...	3,074	...	401	306	1,828	539	44	60,656	25	243	95	255	38	1	2	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...						

(72). Statement of instruments registered, and of the value of property transferred by registered instruments, for the year 1908.

[illegible]

Continued.

property, Book I—Continued.

[illegible]

Continued.

Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I—Continued.		Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.										Number of wills registered. Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt registered, other than those conferred by wills. Book III.	
Optional—Continued.		Compulsory.												
Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property.		Instruments of gift of moveable property, section 123, clause (2), of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of sale, &c., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).	Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).	All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).	Total of registrations in Book IV.								
No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.	No.	Aggregate value.			
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	
15	Rs. 833	...	...	24	Rs. 4,015	28	Rs. 5,063	72	Rs. 11,136	124	Rs. 20,214	3	...	
23	2,271	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	33,296	3	...	

(73). Statement of income, namely, fees realized on registrations and all other receipts, for the year 1908.

District.	Fees on registrations affecting							
	Compulsory.							
	Instruments of gift, section 17, clause (a).	Instruments of sale or exchange of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100, sections 54 and 118 of the Transfer of Property Act.	Instruments of mortgage.	Other instruments registered under section 17, clauses (b) and (c).	Instruments of perpetual lease, section 17, clause (d).	Instruments of lease (other than of perpetual leases).	Total fees on compulsory registrations.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg	Rs. 9	Rs. 1,145	Rs. 158	Rs. 1,268	Rs. 591	...	Rs. 87	Rs. 3,258
Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,876

Continued.

immoveable property, Book I—continued.

Optional.							
Instruments of sale or exchange of value less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage.	Instruments of lease.	Other instruments registered under section 18, clauses (a) and (b).	Awards, section 17, clause (i).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of court.	Total fees on optional registrations.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
...	...	Rs. 2	...	12	Rs. 7	3	Rs. 24
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
							2,901

Continued.

Fees on registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.							
Compulsory.	Instruments of sale, etc., of moveable property, section 18, clause (d).	Obligations for the payment of money, section 18, clause (f).	All other documents registered under section 18, clause (f).	Total fees on registrations affecting moveable property.	Fees on registration of wills in Book III.	Fees on registration of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by will, Book III.	Total of fees on all registrations.
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
...	Rs. 27	Rs. 30	Rs. 77	Rs. 134	Rs. 12	...	Rs. 3,428
...	...	...	...	156	12	...	3,069

Continued.

Receipts other than fees on registrations.							Total income.
Fines under sections 24 and 34.	Fees on commissions issued, sections 33 and 35.	Fees on visits paid, sections 31, 32 and 35.	Fees for inspection of Books I and II, and the indexes to Book I, section 57.	Copying fees credited to Government.	All other receipts.	Total receipts.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Rs. 7	...	Rs. 60	Rs. 161	Rs. 87	Rs. 174	Rs. 509	Rs. 3,937
...	...	...	...	...	...	492	3,561

(74). Statement of expenditure on registration for the year 1908.

District.	Fixed sala- ries of regis- tering officers.	Percentage paid to registering officers.	Cost of establishments.			Other items of expenditure.	Total expenditure.
			Permanent.	Temporary.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg ...	Rs. 1,373	Rs. 818	Rs. 476	...	Rs. 476	Rs. * 38	Rs. 2,705
Total of previous year ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,531

* Includes refunds of excess registration fees and penalty levied under sections 24 and 34 of the Registration Act.

(75). Statement of principal operations other than registrations in Books
I, III and IV for the year 1908.

District.	Covers containing wills deposited, section 42.	Covers containing wills withdrawn, section 44.	Covers containing wills opened, section 45.	Wills removed to courts under section 259 of the Indian Succession Act, copy being kept in Book III under section 46.	Powers of attorney authenti- cated.	Registra- tions under section 24.	Registra- tions under section 34.	Refusals to register, sections 74 and 76.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg ...	1	1	...	...	12	1	1	4
Total of previous year.	4	2	...	...	19	5	5	9

Continued.

Appeals against such refusals (Sec. 72), and applications under section 73 regarding such refusals.		Registration ordered by civil court, section 77.	Prosecu- tions, section 83.	Number of orders and certificates filed in Book No. I, under section 89 of the Registration Act.				Searches of applica- tions for copies.
Registra- tion ordered.	Registra- tion refused.			Under Land Im- provement Loans Act.	Under Agricul- turists' Loans Act.	Under section 816, Code of Civil Pro- cedure.	Granted by revenue officers.	
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	1	...	...	28	62	22	...	65
1	...	...	...	14	82	27	...	106

(76). Statement showing the constitution of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1908-1909.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Act under which constituted.	Area in square miles.	Population within the area.	Number of members on the Board.			
					Ex-officio.	Nominated.	Elected.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Regulation No. VI of 1900.	1,582.81	180,607	5	9	2	16

Continued.

Number of members on the Board—cont.				Number of meetings held.	Average attendance at each meeting.			Remarks.
Officials.	Non-officials.	European and Eurasians.	Natives.		Officials.	Non-officials.	Total.	
10	6	7	9	3	7.3	2.7	10	

(77). Statement showing the income of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1908-1909.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	I.—Land Revenue.	VI.—Provincial Rates.	XII.—Interest.	XVII.—Police.	XIX.—Education.
			Mohatarfa paid by non-agriculturists.	Local rate.	Interest on investments.	Receipts under the Cattle Tresspass Act, 1871.	School fees, Primary schools.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 38,617*	Rs. 5,254	Rs. 30,467	Rs. 349	Rs. 3,569	Rs. 2,542
	Previous year	27,533*	5,277	30,320	349	3,411	2,253

Continued.

XX.—Medical.				XXV.—Miscellaneous.				XXXII.—Civil Works.					Contribution.	Total income excluding opening balance.	Total income including opening balance.	Incidence of taxation per head of population.	Incidence of income (excluding balance) per head of population.
Hospital and dispensary receipts.	Medicines sold by Civil Surgeon.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Market fees.	Sale of manure.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	In charge of Civil Officers.					From provincial to local.				
								Tolls on ferries.	Tolls on roads.	Staging-bungalow fees.	Miscellaneous.	Total.					
Rs. 1,067	Rs. 111	Rs. 159	Rs. 1,337	Rs. 2,885	Rs. 304	Rs. 22	Rs. 3,211	Rs. 1,759	Rs. 19,242	Rs. 843	Rs. 396	Rs. 22,040	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 75,869	Rs. 1,14,486	Rs. A. P. 0 3 2	Rs. A. P. 0 6 9
1,095	157	...	1,252	1,590	157	59	1,806	1,804	18,105	521	31	20,461	7,000	72,129	99,661	0 3 2	0 6 5

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

* This figure differs from the actual balance shown in Statement No. 78 in the General Administration Report for 1907-1908 for the reason that certain supplemental book adjustments were not communicated by the Comptroller, India Treasuries, until long after the close of the year.

(78). Statement showing the expenditure of the District Board in Coorg for the year 1908-1909.

Serial No. of Board.	Name of Board.	Closing balance of last year.	Total income during the year.	I.—Refunds and drawbacks.	18.—Administration.			
				Local rate and Mohatarfa tax refunds.	General establishment of Local Funds.			
					Office establishment.	Office contingencies (stationery locally purchased).	Travelling allowance to Board members.	Total.
1	Coorg District Board	Rs. 38,617	Rs. 75,869	Rs. 62	Rs. 1,083	Rs. 704	Rs. 180	Rs. 1,367
	Previous year	27,532	72,129	15	1,070	169	255	1,494

Continued.

20.—Police.				22.—Education.				24.—Medical.			29.—Superannuation allowances and pensions.
Cattle-pound charges.				Maintenance and management Primary schools.	Grants-in-aid.	Scholarships.	Total.	General medical establishment.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Total.	Pensions.
Establishment.	Contingencies.	Refunds.	Total.								
Rs. 1,377	Rs. 14	Rs. ...	Rs. 1,391	Rs. 13,553	Rs. 574	Rs. 255	Rs. 14,382	Rs. 1,821	Rs. 4,593	Rs. 6,414	Rs. 23
1,270	117	8	1,395	12,825	769	120	13,714	1,249	4,070	5,319	165

Continued.

32.—Miscellaneous.				45.—Civil Works.							
Rewards for the destruction of dogs.	Other petty establishment and charges (conservancy).	Contingencies.	Total.	In Charge of Civil Officers.						Buildings.	
				Original works.	Repairs.	Miscellaneous public improvements.	Staging bungalows and serai establishment charges.	Refunds.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.
Rs. 14	Rs. 930	Rs. 140	Rs. 1,084	Rs. 1,830	Rs. 700	Rs. 46	Rs. 2,374	Rs. ...	Rs. 4,950	Rs. 1,807	Rs. 343
20	568	279	867	200	2,560	460	1,347	1	4,568	1,689	434

Continued.

45.—Civil Works—Continued.								Contributions.	Balance.		
Communications.		Water-supply and water works.	Other works of improvement.	Establishment and contingencies appertaining to Public Works.	Tools and plant.	Total.	To other Boards.	Total Expenditure.	Deposit.	Actual balance.	Total.
Original works.	Repairs.										
Rs. 15,414	Rs. 14,280	Rs. 245	Rs. 2,256	Rs. 7,528	Rs. 490	Rs. 42,363	Rs. 500	Rs. 72,536	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 41,950	Rs. 51,950
7,869	15,705	137	1,150	5,597	365	32,946	500	60,983	10,000	38,678	48,678

N.B.—Those headings under which there are no entries to record have been designedly omitted from this statement.

Statement showing the income of the municipalities during the year 1938-1939.

(80).

1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
Serial number of municipality.		Name of municipality.		Coorg.		Balance in hand at close of last year.		Municipal rates and taxes.		Realizations under special Acts.		Revenue derived from municipal property and powers apart from taxation.	
								</					

Statement showing the expenditure of the municipalities during the year 1908-1909.

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Serial number of municipality		Name of district.		Name of municipality.		General administration and collection charge.		Public safety.		Public health and convenience.		Total.		Grand total.		Total.		Actual balance.		Deposits.		Total disbursement.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
Name of district.		Coorg.		Name of municipality.		Total.		Annuities		Pensions and gratuities.		Refunds (other than octroi).		Survey of land.		Collection of tolls on roads and ferries.		Collection of taxes including bonded warehouses (establishment, purchase of account books, paper, money-boxes, repairs to out-posts, &c.).		General administration office establishment, inspection, honorary magistrate's establishment, &c.		Registration of births and deaths.		Veterinary charges.		Arboriculture, public gardens and experimental cultivation.		Dak bungalows and serais.		Pounds.		Markets and slaughter houses.		Vaccination.		Plague charges.		Hospitals and dispensaries.		Conservancy (including road cleaning and watering and latrines).		Drainage.		Water supply.		Establishment, repairs, &c.		Capital outlay.		Establishment, repairs.		Capital outlay.		Total.		Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.		Police (establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns, etc., repairs to out-posts).		Lighting (establishment, purchase of lamps, oil, repairs).		Fire (establishment, purchase of fire-engines, buckets, repairs).		Total.		Establishment, repairs, &c.		Capital outlay.		Establishment, repairs.		Capital outlay.		Total.		Repayment of loans.		Payment to sinking fund.		In savings bank.		In securities (other than for sinking funds.)		Total expenditure.		Total.		Other miscellaneous.		Cost of baskets, etc., purchased.		Warm clothing, belts, etc., to peons.		Furniture for office use, etc.		Revenue and postage stamps, etc.		Stationery charges.		Printing and binding charges.		Actual cost of work done for private individuals.		Rewards for killing dogs.		Interest on loans.		Interest due on account of current year.		Interest due on account of previous year.		For medical purpose.		For general purposes.		Total.		Libraries, museums, menageries, &c.		Contributions and grant in aid.		Schools and colleges.		Name of municipality.		Serial number of municipality.		Name of district.		Coorg.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
1	Mercara	...	Ra.	928	439	...	528	424	...	528	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...	536	...	1,024	...</

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(82).

Total area under crops for the year 1908-1909.

English or Vernacular names.				Acres.	
Cereals and pulses.	1.	Rice ..	...	81,149	Note.—This is Form A-3 of the tables of agricultural statistics.
	2.	Wheat ..	...	...	
	3.	Barley ..	...	...	
	4.	Cholam or Jowar (millet) ..	...	2	
	5.	Cumbu or Bajra (millet) ..	...	...	
	6.	Ragi ..	...	5,997	
	7.	Maize ..	...	...	
	8.	Gram (pulse) ..	...	980	
	9.	Other food-grains including pulses...	...	1,026*	
	Total ..		89,154		
Oilseeds.	10.	Linseed ..	...	4	
	11.	Til or gingelly ..	...	227	
	12.	Others ..	...	20	
		Total ..		251	
Sugar.	13.	Condiments and spices ..	...	1,956†	
	14.	Sugarcane ..	...	12	
	15.	Others ..	...	...	
	Total ..		1,968		
Fibres.	16.	Cotton ..	...	8	
	17.	Jute ..	...	...	
	18.	Others ..	...	...	
	Total ..		8		
Dyes.	19.	Indigo ..	...	...	
	20.	Others ..	...	...	
	Total ..		...		
Drugs and narcotics.	21.	Opium ..	...	...	
	22.	Coffee ..	...	44,316	
	23.	Tea ..	...	...	
	24.	Tobacco ..	...	15	
	25.	Cinchona ..	...	176	
	26.	Indian hemp ..	...	11	
	27.	Others ..	...	...	
	Total ..		44,518		
	28.	Fodder crops ..	...	...	
	29.	Orchards and garden produce ..	...	4,143	
	30.	Miscellaneous crops { Food ..	...	...	
		{ Non-food ..	...	...	
	Total ..		4,143		
	31.	Grand Total ..	...	140,042	
	32.	Area cropped more than once ..	...	1,650†	† Double crop rice ... 652 acres.
	33.	Nett area cropped during the year ..	...	138,392	Second dry crops ... 998 "

(83). Rates of rent and produce of the principal crops during the year 1908-1909.

Principal crops.	Average rent per acre.		Estimated out-turn per acre.		Estimated normal yield per acre in lbs.	Estimated total produce in lbs.
	Maximum.	Minimum.	Current year	Previous year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.				
Rice	4 0 0	1 8 0	1,010	1,430	1,600	81,960,500
Ragi	1 12 0	0 3 0	680	881	1,000	4,078,000
Coffee	2 4 0	0 8 0	130	260	224	5,671,600

(84). Prices at harvest time of the principal crops during the year 1908-1909.

Principal crops.			Harvest prices per maund of 28 lbs.		
			Current year	Previous year.	Normal.
1			2	3	4
Rice	...	...	RS. A. P. 1 12 0	RS. A. P. 1 7 0	RS. A. P. 0 14 0
Ragi	...	...	1 7 0	0 12 0	0 13 0
Coffee	...	...	9 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0

(85).

Price of labour for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Wages per diem.		Cart per day	Camel per day	Donkeys per day.	Boat per day.
	Skilled	Unskilled.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg Re.	1 0 0	0 6 0	1 8 0	...	...	...

(86).

Statement of live-stock, ploughs and carts for the year 1904-1905.

	No.	Note.—This is Form A-4 of the tables of agricultural statistics prepared quinquennially.
1. Bul's and bullocks	51,653	
2. Cows	42,077	
3. Male buffaloes	16,230	
4. Cow buffaloes	10,167	
5. Young stock (calves and buffalo calves)	40,194	
6. Sheep	310	
7. Goats	2,732	
8. Horses and ponies	229	
9. { Mules	316	
{ Donkeys	316	
10. Camels	...	
11. Ploughs	34,237	
12. Carts	763	

(87).

Imports for the year 1908-1909.

Major head.	Quantity.	Value.	Place from which imported.
1	2	3	4
		Rs.	
Agricultural implements	...	15,500	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Animals living	...	1,85,000	Mysore.
Apparel including haberdashery and millinery	...	14,800	Madras and Bombay.
Arms and ammunition	...	5,000	Do
Books and printed matter including maps and charts.	...	3,000	Mangalore, Bangalore and Madras.
Building and engineering materials	...	29,000	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore, & Tellicherry.
Candles	...	4,000	Madras and Mangalore.
Coir manufactured	...	5,000	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Cotton	...	2,400	Mysore and Madras.
Manufactured piece-goods	...	2,10,000	Madras, Bombay, Madras, Madras, Salem & Mysore.
Drugs and other medicines	...	19,000	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Mangalore.
Earthenware	...	10,000	Mysore.
Flax manufactures including ropes	...	2,000	Madras and Calcutta.
Fruits and vegetables	...	49,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Glass and glassware	...	16,000	Madras and Bombay.
Grains	...	3,90,000	Mysore and Mangalore.
Gums and resins	...	2,000	Mysore and Madras.
Hardware and cutlery	...	22,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Leather manufactures	...	4,000	Madras, Mangalore, Mysore & Tellicherry.
Liquors	...	40,000	Madras and Mangalore.
Machines and small works	...	5,200	Madras and Bombay.
Metals	...	16,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Oils	...	3,10,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Paper and paste-boards	...	6,000	Mysore, Madras, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Provisions	...	1,80,000	Madras, Mysore, Tellicherry & Mangalore.
Salt	...	1,50,000	Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Spices	...	71,000	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Sugar and saccharine produce	...	1,60,000	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Silk	...	3,000	Madras and Mysore.
Tobacco	...	35,000	Madras, Mysore, Mangalore & Tellicherry.
Umbrellas	...	18,000	Madras and Bombay.
Wood and timber manufactures	...	21,000	Mysore, Madras, Cannanore and Mangalore.
Wool and woollen manufactures	...	40,000	Madras, Bombay, Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Sundries	...	2,00,100	Mysore, Mangalore and Tellicherry.
Treasure	...	15,80,000	Madras, Bombay, Mysore and Tellicherry.
Government stores	...	40,000	Madras, Bombay and Mangalore.
Total	...	38,63,600	

(88).

Exports for the year 1908-1909.

Major head.						Quantity.	Value.	Place to which exported.
1						2	3	4
Coffee						Tons. 2,470	Rs. 19,76,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Drugs						...	1,000	Mangalore and Bangalore.
Fruits						...	21,000	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Mysore.
Grain and pulse						...	3,20,000	Tellicherry and other places in Malabar.
Hides and horns						...	28,500	Mysore and Tellicherry.
Cardamoms and spices						...	19,500	Mysore, Tellicherry and Mangalore.
Minor Forest produce... ..						...	2,000	Mysore
Wood						...	1,02,000	Mysore, Mangalore, Malabar & Madras.
Sandalwood						234	1,09,400	Mangalore, Tellicherry and Madras.
Total						...	25,79,400	

(89).

Coinage for the year 1908-1909.

1	2						3	4
District.	Bullion and coins imported during the year in £.						Sovereigns imported during the year.	Remarks.
	Gold.		Silver.		Copper.			
	State.	Private	State.	Private.	State.	Private.		
Coorg ...	...	...	34,475	...	6,491	...	Rs. 10,500	There is no mint in Coorg and there are no reliable data to form even an approximate estimate of the value of coins in circulation.

(90).

Paper currency for the year 1908-1909.

1						2	3	4						5
Notes in treasury at the beginning of the year.						Total value of notes received during the year:	Total value of notes issued during the year.	Notes in treasury at the end of the year.						Remarks.
Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.		Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.				Small notes under Rs. 50.		Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.		Large notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.		
No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.	There are no data from which to form any estimate of the amount of notes in circulation in the province.
821	6,090	745	72,900	23	20,000	6,05,945	5,97,305	1024	10,430	996	93,700	7	3,500	

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(91). Account of the gross and nett revenue for the year 1908-1909.

Sources of revenue.	Gross receipts.	Charges against income.				Total.	Nett receipts.	Deficit.
		Refunds and draw-backs.	Charges of collection including cost of salt, opium and maintaining reproductive works.	Allowances and assignments under treaty and engagements.	Allowance of district and village officers and in-amdars and charitable grants.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land revenue ...	3,31,291	174	1,27,558	5,808	29,105	1,62,645	1,63,646	...
Forest ...	62,915	61	99,193	...	...	99,254	...	36,339
Excise on spirits and drugs.	2,02,908	723	5,613	...	...	6,336	1,96,572	...
Total ...	5,97,114	958	2,32,364	5,808	29,105	2,68,235	3,65,218	36,339
Assessed taxes--Income-tax	7,006	4	...	...	...	4	7,002	...
Total ...	7,006	4	...	...	...	4	7,002	...
Stamps. { General ...	11,413	178	507	...	...	685	10,728	...
{ Court fees ...	30,470	14	260	...	...	274	30,196	...
Law and { Refunds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Justice. { Real fines ...	3,509	102	...	...	...	102	3,407	...
{ Miscellaneous ...	833	...	...	...	...	...	833	...
Interest ...	814	...	...	...	...	...	814	...
Miscellaneous ...	618	10	...	...	...	10	608	...
Jails ...	1,165	...	...	...	...	...	1,165	...
Registration ...	4,577	6	2,887	...	...	2,893	1,684	...
Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Education ...	8,371	...	...	...	...	...	8,371	...
Medical ...	6,247	...	...	...	...	...	6,247	...
Stationery and printing ...	833	...	...	...	...	...	833	...
Cemetery funds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Postage and service labels.	30,460	...	23,970	...	...	23,970	6,490	...
Public { Refunds ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Works. { Sales ...	11,028	...	...	...	...	...	11,028	...
{ Real ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Military fund ...	254	...	...	...	...	...	254	...
Electric telegraph ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,10,592	310	27,624	...	...	27,934	82,658	...
Total Imperial ...	7,14,712	1,272	2,59,988	5,808	29,105	2,96,173	4,54,878	36,339
<i>Local Funds.</i>								
Coorg District Fund ...	75,869	62	4,118	...	...	4,180	71,689	...
Municipal Funds ...	33,076	11	1,595	...	...	1,606	31,470	...
School Plantation Fund ...	8,929	...	...	...	...	...	8,929	...
Total Local ...	1,17,874	73	5,713	...	...	5,786	1,12,088	...
Gross Receipts ...	8,32,586	1,345	2,65,701	5,809	29,105	3,01,959	5,66,966	36,339

(93). Account of cash receipts and disbursements of the treasuries
for the year 1908-1909.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash balance of last year	8,57,719	Expenditure as per Statements Nos. 91 and 92	9,47,147
Nett revenue as per Statement No. 91 deducting Rs. 3,241 being sale proceeds of lands separately shown	5,27,386	Re-payment of loans, railways & interest.	7,223
Receipts on account of loans and railways	...	Advances	20,680
Service Funds	45	Re-payment of deposits	7,36,939
Re-payment of advances, etc.	12,516	Bills of other treasuries paid	9,59,172
Deposits	7,25,354	Expenditure on account of other Govts	10,639
Prize money	...	Remittances to State treasuries	4,91,600
Sale proceeds of waste lands	3,241		
Bills drawn on other treasuries	3,68,694		
Family remittances	...		
Remittances from other treasuries	15,37,600		
Add amount deducted as per Statement No. 91	3,01,959		
Total	38,34,514		
Disbursements	31,73,400		
Cash balance at the end of the year	6,61,114	Total	31,73,400

(94).

Excise Revenue and

District.	Detail of gross receipts during											
	Imported liquors.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at different rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).			Country spirits and fermented liquor.				Opium.			
	License fees.	Duty.	License fees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Rent or toddy trees.	Total.	Duty.	License fees.	Gain on opium.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Coorg ...Rs.	840	82	285	367	1,57,77½	12,063	25,372	1,95,210	...	626	333	959
Total of previous year...Rs.	840	134	150	284	1,50,108	9,779	24,496	1,84,383	...	447	575	1,022*

* Revised figures worked out in accordance with the instructions of the Government of India conveyed in their letter No. 1578, dated 22nd March 1909.

(95).

Excise charges

Name of district, circle or other division.	Detail of charges during			
	Establishments.	Travelling allowance.	Supplies and services.	Contingencies.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg Rs.	4,281	1,098	...	234
Total of previous year ... Rs.	4,658	1,001	80	151

(96).

Manufactories, licenses, and shops

District.	Manufacture of liquor.			Vend of					
	Number of			Number of wholesale licenses for sale of					
	Breweries.	Distilleries for the manufacture of spirit paying duty at higher rates than ordinary country spirits.	Country spirits distilleries.	European liquors imported or manufactured in India.		Country spirits.	Country fermented liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its preparations.	Drugs other than opium
			Central distilleries public or private (Bonded warehouse).	Imported.	Manufactured	Arrack.	Toddy.	Opium.	Ganja
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Coorg.	...	...	1	2	...	4	...	...	...
Total of previous year.	...	...	1	2	...	4	...	...	...

nett revenue for 1908-1909.

the year from

Drugs other than opium.				Fines, forfeitures and miscellaneous.			Grand total.	Total charges	Nett revenue in the year.	
Ganja.				Rent of building.	Miscellaneous.	Total.				
Duty.	License fees.	Gain on ganja.	Total.							
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
4,000	79	1,007	5,086	325	121	446	2,02,908	6,336	1,96,572	
2,000	132	658	2,790	275	126	401	1,89,720	6,008	1,83,712	

for 1908-1909.

the year.

Refunds.	Grand total charges.	Remarks.
6	7	8
723	6,336	
118	6,008	

for 1908-1909.

Liquor and drugs.

Number of shops licensed to sell by retail.												
European liquors imported or manufactured in India.			Country spirits.	Country fermented liquor (tari &c.)	Opium and its preparations.				Drugs other than opium.			
Imported.	Manufactured.	Total.			Raw opium.	Madak and Chandu and other preparations of opium.	Total of columns 16 and 17.	For medical purposes (drug-gist's permits and the like).	Ganja.	Charas.	Bhang.	Total.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
5 *	2	7	37	212	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5
5	1	6	40	208	3	...	3	...	5	...	...	5

* This includes the two wholesale shops where the retail sale is also authorized.

(97).

Duty and consumption of

District.	Spirits manufactured in India paying duty at different rates from ordinary country spirits (Beer).		Country spirits issued from central distilleries, public or private.		
			Issues in Imperial gallons.		Rates of duty () per proof gallon.
	Issues strength of () degrees. Imperial gallon.	Rate of duty per Imperial gallon of () London proof.	At strength of 25 degrees under proof.	Equivalent at London proof.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
Coorg	656	...	36,350	29,080	Rs. A. P. 5 10 0
Total of previous year	1,072	...	39,620	31,696	4 12 4

(98).

Incidence of consumption

District.	Population.				Number of persons per retail shop for sale of			
					Liquors.		Drugs.	
	Hindus.	Coorgs.	Christians and others.	Total.	Country spirits column 14 of Statement 96.	Country fermented liquors column 15 of Statement 96.	Opium and its preparations column 18 of Statement 96.	Other drugs column 23 of Statement 96.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coorg	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,881	852	60,202	36,121
Total of previous year	123,726	36,091	20,790	180,607	4,515	868	60,202	36,121

(99).

Statement of demand, collection and

Head of revenue.		Demand of year.	Arrears outstanding.	Total demand.
1		2	3	4
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
License fees (foreign and country liquors)	...	13,078	8	13,086
Still head duty	...	1,53,353	2,408	1,55,761
Rent of toddy trees	...	23,762	3,388	27,150
Opium license fees	...	626	...	626
Gain on opium	...	333	...	333
Duty on ganja	...	4,000	...	4,000
Ganja license fees	...	79	...	79
Gain on ganja	...	1,007	...	1,007
Distillery rent	...	300	25	325
Miscellaneous	...	121	...	121
Beer license fee	...	285	30	315
Duty on beer	...	82	...	82
Total.....		1,97,026	5,859	2,02,885
Total of previous year...		2,02,138	3,894	2,06,032

spirits and drugs for 1908-1909.

Opium.				Other drugs.			Remarks.		
Prices per seer.				Amount sold by retail in seers.					
Issues in seers from Government treasuries (or in districts where the supply is not derived entirely from treasuries amount sold by retail).				Wholesale price at which opium is issued from the treasury.	Retail average price at which retail vendors sell.	Ganja.		Charas.	Bhang.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13			
Seers.	Tolas.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	SeersTolas					
64	59	20 0 0 Per Madras seer.	45 0 0 Per Madras seer.	484—45	...	...			
56	54	20 0 0	45 0 0	323—67	...	...			

for 1908-1909.

Gross excise receipts per ten thousand of total population to nearest rupee.			Nett excise revenue from all sources per ten thousand of total population. See column 23 of Statement 94.	Remarks.
From spirits and fermented liquors, total of columns 2, 5 & 9 of Statement 94.	From opium column 13 of Statement 94.	From drugs other than opium column 17 of Statement 94.		
10	11	12	13	14
Rs. 10,875	Rs. 53	Rs. 282	Rs. 10,888	
10,271	57	154	10,172	

balance of excise revenue for 1908-1909.

Collections made during the year against total in column 4.			Advance collections made in previous year against current demand	Remissions and amounts written off as irrecoverable.	Realizable balance (column 4 minus columns 7, 8 and 9).	Advance collections for coming year.	Total realizations in year (columns 7 and 11).
Current.	Arrear.	Total.					
5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
12,805	8	12,903	...	...	183	...	12,903
1,53,853	2,408	1,55,761	...	...	...	2,014	1,57,775
21,984	3,388	25,372	...	100	1,678	...	25,372
626	...	626	...	...	...	...	626
233	...	333	...	...	...	...	333
4,000	...	4,000	...	...	...	...	4,000
79	...	79	...	...	...	...	79
1,007	...	1,007	...	...	...	...	1,007
300	25	325	...	...	...	...	325
121	...	121	...	...	...	...	121
255	30	285	...	...	30	...	285
82	...	82	...	...	...	...	82
1,95,035	5,859	2,00,894	...	100	1,891	2,014	2,02,908
1,85,825	3,895	1,89,720	10,453	...	5,859	...	1,89,720

(100). Comparative statement of excise offences in 1908-1909.

Year.	Prosecutions.		Convictions.		Acquittals.		Fines realized.	Reward to excise officers.	Reward to informants.	Balance.	Remarks.
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.					
1908-09.	42	48	40	40	2	8	Rs. 1,066	Rs. 240	Rs. 22	Rs. 804	
1907-08.	70	84	61	70	9	14	Rs. 1,213	Rs. 237	Rs. 123	Rs. 853	

The details are as follow :—

						1908-09.	1907-08.
1.	Under sec. 45 of the Excise Act	(For illicit distillation of paddy arrack)	...	23	28		
2.	Do. 48	do. (For cultivating hemp without license)	...	...	8		
3.	Do. 49	do. (For selling toddy without license)	...	19	22		
4.	Do. 51	do. (For illegally possessing arrack or toddy)	...	...	5		
5.	Do. 52	do. (For breach of condition of license)	...	...	12		

(101). Statement of the working of the excise department for 1908-1909.

No.	Designation.	Number of shops visited and miles travelled.									
		Foreign liquors.	Arrack.	Toddy.	Opium.	Ganja.	Beer.	Methy- lated spirits.	Total.	Miles.	
1	Inspector, Nanjrajpatna Taluk	...	...	148	808	...	27	...	983	2,853	
2	Tester, Mercara Taluk	...	...	393	690	44	44	25	125	1,321	1,898
3	„ Padinalknad Taluk	...	...	118	668	...	...	...	...	786	2,776
4	Inspector, Yedenalknad Taluk	...	43	212	528	43	43	28	43	940	2,120
5	Tester, Kiggatnad Taluk	...	15	298	646	40	40	...	27	1,066	2,883

(102). Statement showing the abstract of receipts and charges under stamps for the year 1908-1909.

	Receipts.	Charges.				Nett receipts.	Cost of general super-vis.on.	Cost of stamps and plain paper supplied from Central Depôt.
		Discount and establishment for sale of stamps.	Refunds.	Other charges.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Under the Stamp Act ...	11,413	507	178	...	685	10,728	...	} Not known.
Under the Court Fees Act.	30,470	260	14	...	274	30,196	...	
Total ...	41,883	767	192	...	959	40,924	...	
Total of previous year ...	42,637	732	256	...	988	41,649	...	...

(103). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of judicial stamps for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Sale of court fee stamps.	Sale of stamps for copies.	Sale of plain paper used with court fee labels.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	29,621	...	15	834	30,470
Total of previous year ...	31,524	...	80	556	32,140

(104). Statement showing the details of receipts on account of non-judicial stamps for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Impressed stamps.	Impressed labels.	Hundis or inland bills of exchange.	Duty on impressing documents.		Total.
				Duty on embossing one anna receipt and check forms	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	11,300	...	...	...	113	11,413
Total of previous year ...	10,250	...	154	...	93	10,497

(105). Statement showing the arrangements for the vend of stamps for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Number of Vendors.	Discount allowed to Vendors.			
		On judicial stamps.	On plain paper.	On non-judicial stamps.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coorg ...	9	260	...	507	767
Total of previous year ...	9	262	2	468	732

(106). Statement showing the insufficiently stamped or unstamped instruments on which duty and penalty were levied by Civil courts and Collectors for the year 1908-1909.

District.	By Civil court under section 34 of Act II of 1899.		By Collector under sections 25, 27, 40 and 41 of Act II of 1899.	
	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.	Number of cases dealt with.	Duty and penalty realized.
1	2	3	4	5
Coorg	151	Rs. 829	23	Rs. 50
Total of previous year ...	119	595	10	44

(107). Statement showing the stamp prosecutions for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Number of cases instituted.	Number of persons.			Amount of fines imposed.	Amount of rewards disbursed.	Remarks.
		Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Coorg	1	1	1	...	Rs. 15	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	2	2	2	...	11	...	

(108). Statement showing the result of action taken by Collector to test valuation of estates for which applications for probate and letters of administration were put in, for the year 1908-1909.

District.	Number of cases reported to Collector.	Number of such cases in which inquiries were instituted.	Amount of court fee originally paid in cases inquired into.	Amount of deficit court fee required.	Penalty.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Coorg	1	1	Rs. 2	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	
Total of previous year ...	3	3	734	...	...	

(109). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from salaries, pensions, annuities and gratuities paid by Government in the year 1908-1909.

Class.	Income.	Paid by Government.					
		Salaries.		Pensions and annuities.		Total.	
		No. of assesseees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesseees.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesseees.	Amount of tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. but less than Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
I	500	...	...	...	...	...	...
II	750	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	1,000	12	306	1	34	13	340
IV	1,250	2	53	...	...	2	53
V	1,500	8	264	...	...	8	264
VI	1,750	3	75	...	...	3	75
	Total I to VI	25	698	1	34	26	732
VII	2,000	2	78	...	...	2	78
VIII	2,500	6	504	1	76	7	580
IX	5,000	2	388	...	...	2	388
X	10,000	2	619	...	...	2	619
XI	20,000	1	426	...	...	1	426
XII	30,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIII	40,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIV	50,000	...	...	...	...	...	...
XV	1,00,000 and more	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total VII to XV	13	2,015	1	76	14	2,091
	Grand total	38	2,713	2	110	40	2,823
	Grand total of previous year	30	2,752	2	110	32	2,862

(110). Statement showing the collections of the tax under Act II of 1886 from interest on securities in the year 1908-1909.

Class.	Rate of tax.	Securities of the Govern- ment of India.		Securities of Local Authority or Company.		Total.	
		Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.	Amount of securities.	Amount of tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I to VI	At 4 pies in the rupee	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. ...
VII to XV	At 5 pies in the rupee	62,400	74	8,683	14	71,083	88
	Total	62,400	74	8,683	14	71,083	88
	Total of previous year	14,000	13	9,150	38	23,150	51

(111). Statement showing the collections of the tax

Class.	Amount of income.		Salaries, pensions, annuities, and gratuities paid by Government.		Salaries, pensions, annuities and gratuities paid by local authorities.		Salaries, &c., paid by companies, public bodies, associations, and private employers.				Profit of companies.	
			No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	Tax levied under					
							Section 9 (1).		Section 9 (2).			
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
I	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
II	500 but less than	750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III	750	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV	1,000	1,250	13	340	...	...	9	185	1	25	...	...
V	1,250	1,500	2	53	...	...	1	26	2	50	...	...
VI	1,500	1,750	8	264	...	...	4	100	2	43	...	...
	1,750	2,000	3	75	...	...	2	45	3	103	...	...
	Total I to VI		26	732	...	...	16	356	8	221	...	...
VII	2,000 but less than	2,500	2	78	...	...	2	70	4	200	...	...
VIII	2,500	5,000	7	580	...	...	16	1,448	12	1,117	...	...
IX	5,000	10,000	2	388	...	...	6	606	2	297	...	...
X	10,000	20,000	2	619	...	...	...	...	1	168	...	...
XI	20,000	30,000	1	426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII	30,000	40,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIII	40,000	50,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XIV	50,000	1,00,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XV	1,00,000 and more	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total VII to XV		14	2,091	...	...	24	2,124	19	1,782	...	...
	Total I to XV		40	2,823	...	...	40	2,480	27	2,003	...	...
	Less commission		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	55	...	...
	Grand Total		40	2,823	...	...	40	2,480	27	1,948	...	...
	Grand total of previous year		32	2,862	1	12	38	2,717	30	2,237	...	...

(112). Statement showing the original and final demands and uncollected

Part of the Act under which the income is assessed.	Original demand.		Revision by Collector.		Revision by Commissioner.		Final demand.		Process by Collector.		Fines by magistrate.		Arrears of previous year.	Total of columns 9, 11, 13 and 14.	Collec-	
	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of petitions or objection.	Demand after disposal.	No. of assess- sees.	Amount of tax.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.			Amount.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<i>Salaries and Pensions.</i> Chapter III S. A and Part I, Schedule II.	107	Rs. 7,444	...	...	...	...	107	Rs. 7,444	3	3	...	...	Rs. 872	Rs. 8,319	Rs. 6,414	Rs. 3
<i>Profits of Companies.</i> Chapter III B and Part II, Schedule II																
<i>Interest on Securities.</i> Chapter III C and Part III, Schedule II.	...	88	...	...	...	...	...	88	...	...	...	...	...	88	88	...
<i>Other sources of Income.</i> Chapter III D and Part IV, Schedule II.	80	2,994	21	2,831	...	...	75	2,831	27	27	...	...	...	2,858	2,535	27
Total	187	10,526	21	2,831	...	...	182	10,363	30	30	...	...	872	11,265	9,037	30
Total of previous year	173	10,224	21	2,316	...	...	167	9,991	32	32	...	...	3,340	13,363	8,971	32

under Act II of 1886 in the year 1908-1909.

Interest on securities.	Other sources of income.		Total collections of tax.		Process by Collector.	Fines by magistrate.	Total of columns 17, 18 and 19.	Refunds.	Nett collections.	Remarks.
Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.	No. of assesses.	Amount of tax.						
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	38	792	61	1,342	18	...	1,360	4	1,356	
...	...	...	5	129	...	...	129	...	129	
...	7	245	21	652	3	...	655	...	655	
...	5	210	13	438	1	...	434	...	434	
...	50	1,247	160	2,556	22	...	2,578	4	2,574	
...	10	533	18	881	3	...	884	...	884	
...	6	443	41	3,588	5	...	3,593	...	3,593	
88	2	312	12	1,691	...	...	1,691	...	1,691	
...	...	...	3	787	...	...	787	...	787	
...	...	...	1	426	...	...	426	...	426	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
88	18	1,288	75	7,373	8	...	7,381	...	7,381	
88	68	2,535	175	9,929	30	...	9,959	4	9,955	
...	...	...	...	55	...	...	55	...	55	
88	68	2,535	175	9,874	30	...	9,904	4	9,900	
51	68	4,316	169	12,195	32	...	12,227	...	12,227	

balances of sums due under Act II of 1886 in the year 1908-1909.

tions.			Balance.	REMARKS.
Vines.	Arrears.	Total.		
18	19	20	21	22
...	Rs. 837	Rs. 7,254	Rs. 934(a)	(a) Amount shown in column 15 ... Rs. 11,265 Deduct— 1. Collection in column 20 ... Rs. 9,904 2. Commission to companies, &c., under section 9 (2) ... 55 3. Tax on amount deducted from salaries on account of insurance premia. 76 4. Amount ordered to be written off ... 10,035 Balance ... 1,230 of which Rs. 1,070 have since been recovered, leaving a balance of Rs. 160.
...	...	88	...	
...	...	2,562	296	
...	837	9,904	1,230	
...	3,224	12,227	873	

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

(113). Return showing births, deaths and marriages among the population of any place or in any class in respect of which particulars may have been ascertained during the year 1908 and the average age at which death occurred.

Race or class.		1	2	3	4	5	6
			Population of place or number of class.	Number of marriages during the year.	Number of births during the year.	Number of deaths during the year.	Average age at time of death.
Mercara	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Virajendrapet	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Fraserpet	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Sonwarpet	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Kodlipet	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Total			15,249	84	229	767	...

(114). Statement showing the births registered

No.	District and rural circles.			Population according to census of 1901.			Number of births registered.		
				Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3			4		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk...	...	16,938	11,682	28,620	255	244	499
2		Padinalknad ,, ...	...	15,355	13,265	28,620	513	547	1,060
3		Yedenalknad,, ...	...	25,448	17,964	43,412	406	398	804
4		Kiggatnad ,, ...	...	20,083	17,152	37,235	480	461	941
5		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	22,434	20,286	42,720	544	517	1,061
		Total	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,198	2,167	4,365
		Total of previous year	...	100,258	80,349	180,607	2,235	2,069	4,304

(115). Statement showing births and deaths registered

Serial number.	District and rural circles.			Area in square miles.	Average population per square mile.	Population (census of 1901).			Births.		Number of deaths registered.		
						Male.	Female.	Total.	Total number.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2			3	4	5			6		7		
1	Coorg.	Mercara Taluk	...	216.30	132	16,938	11,682	28,620	499	17.44	542	381	923
2		Padinalknad ,,	...	390.90	72	15,355	13,265	28,620	1,060	37.04	579	533	1,112
3		Yedenalknad ,,	...	201.45	215	25,448	17,964	43,412	804	18.52	847	613	1,460
4		Kiggatnad ,,	...	410.45	91	20,083	17,152	37,235	941	25.27	668	548	1,216
5		Nanjarajpatna Taluk	...	354.71	120	22,434	20,286	42,720	1,061	24.83	859	741	1,600
		Total	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,365	24.17	3,495	2,816	6,311
		Total of previous year	...	1,582.81	114	100,258	80,349	180,607	4,304	23.83	3,453	2,896	6,349

during the year 1908.

Ratio of births per 1,000 of population.			Number of males born to every 100 females born.	Excess of births over deaths per 1,000 of population.	Excess of deaths over births per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of births per 1,000 during previous five years.		
Male.	Female.	Total.				Male.	Female.	Total.
5			6		8	9		
8.91	8.53	17.44	104.51	...	14.81	9.77	9.58	19.35
17.93	19.11	37.04	93.78	...	1.82	19.43	18.63	38.06
9.35	9.17	18.52	102.01	...	15.11	9.46	9.46	18.92
12.89	12.88	25.77	104.12	...	7.39	12.43	12.22	24.65
12.73	12.10	24.83	105.22	...	12.62	12.57	12.84	25.41
12.17	12.00	24.17	101.43	...	10.77	12.44	12.30	24.74
12.37	11.46	23.83	108.02	...	11.32	12.37	12.39	24.76

during the year 1908.

Number of deaths of males to every 100 deaths of females.	Deaths per 1,000 of population from											Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 during previous five years.		
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	All causes.			Male.	Female.	Total.
									Male.	Female.	Total.			
8	9											10		
142.26	0.10	0.59	...	25.61	2.10	.70	.18	2.97	32.00	32.61	32.25	29.47	32.73	30.81
108.64	0.38	0.66	...	33.93	0.73	...	.18	2.97	37.71	40.18	38.85	30.80	31.13	31.02
138.17	...	...	.41	21.88	4.67	.02	.14	6.51	33.32	34.12	33.63	26.09	27.94	26.86
121.89	2.02	0.05	.16	25.14	2.58	...	.08	2.63	33.26	31.95	32.66	26.29	26.40	26.34
115.92	0.58	...	.05	33.66	0.68	...	.09	2.39	38.29	36.53	37.45	34.10	33.86	34.04
124.11	0.63	0.21	.14	27.85	2.25	.12	.13	3.61	34.86	35.05	34.94	29.24	30.36	29.74
119.23	1.04	1.17	.01	26.95	2.08	.43	.07	3.41	34.44	36.04	35.15	27.72	28.62	28.12

(116). Deaths registered during

1	2	3					
No.	District.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	Coorg	393	425	590	509	672	814
	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in each month.	2·18	2·35	3·27	2·82	3·72	4·50

(117). Deaths registered according to age

No.	District.	Under 1 year.		1 year and under 5.		5 and under 10.		10 and under 15.		15 and under 20.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7	
1	Coorg	614	541	386	382	154	133	115	113	165	129
2	Population on which ratio is calculated.	2,762	2,813	6,809	7,076	11,242	11,196	11,885	10,385	9,743	7,745
	Ratio per 1,000 living.	222·30	191·98	56·69	53·99	13·70	11·88	9·68	10·88	16·94	16·66

Note.—The ratios are worked out from the census figures of 1901.

(118). Deaths registered according to classes

1	2	3			
No.	District.	Population according to census of 1901.			
		Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
1	Coorg	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607
	Previous year ...	13,654	159,817	7,136	180,607

(119). Deaths registered from different causes in the towns

No.	Districts and towns.	Population according to census of 1901.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.				Total.
									Suicide.		Wounding or suicide.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Males.	Females.	8		
<i>A. Districts.</i>													
1	Mercara Taluk ...	21,888	3	17	...	597	25	...	1	1	2	1	5
	Padinalknad Taluk ...	28,620	11	19	...	971	21	...	2	...	...	3	5
	Yedenalknad „ ...	39,129	...	...	4	834	133	1	...	1	1	2	4
	Kiggatnad „ ...	37,235	75	2	6	936	96	...	1	...	...	2	3
	Nanjarajpatna „ ...	38,486	25	...	2	1,309	21	...	...	1	1	2	4
	Total ...	165,358	114	38	12	4,647	296	1	4	3	4	10	21
<i>B. Towns.</i>													
2	Mercara ...	6,732	...	...	...	136	35	20	...	...	...	...	...
	Virajendrapet ...	4,283	...	...	14	116	69	...	1	...	1	...	2
	Fraserpet ...	1,600	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Somwarpet ...	1,745	...	...	...	60	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kodlipet ...	889	...	...	...	29	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	15,249	...	...	14	381	112	20	1	...	1	...	2
	Total for the province ...	180,607	114	38	26	5,028	408	21	5	3	5	10	23
	Total of previous year ...	180,607	187	211	2	4,868	375	77	5	3	1	4	13

each month of the year 1908.

3—Continued.						4
July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total deaths registered during the year.
646	607	452	389	384	430	6,311
3.58	3.36	2.50	2.15	2.13	2.38	34.94

during the year 1908.

20 and under 30.		30 and under 40.		40 and under 50.		50 and under 60.		60 and upwards.		Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
8		9		10		11		12		13	
507	510	618	337	437	254	279	193	220	224	3,495	2,816
22,363	17,024	18,628	11,102	9,923	6,522	4,476	3,851	2,427	2,630	100,258	80,349
22.67	29.96	33.18	30.35	44.64	38.95	62.33	50.12	90.65	85.17	34.86	35.05

during the year 1908.

4				5			
Number of deaths registered.				Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			
Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.	Muhammadans.	Hindus.	Other classes.	Total.
471	5,100	740	6,311	34.50	31.91	103.70	34.94
463	5,497	389	6,349	33.91	34.40	54.51	35.15

and districts during the year 1908.

All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.									
		Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
										For the year	Mean of previous 5 years
9	10	11									
27	674	.14	.78	...	27.28	1.14	...	.23	1.23	30.80	30.22
85	1,112	.38	.66	...	33.94	.73	...	.17	2.97	38.85	31.02
128	1,104	...	...	.10	21.21	3.40	.03	.10	3.27	28.21	23.14
98	1,216	2.01	.05	.16	25.14	2.58	...	.08	2.64	32.66	26.34
77	1,438	.65	...	.05	34.01	.55	...	.10	2.00	37.36	34.25
415	5,544	.69	.23	.68	28.10	1.79	.006	.13	2.51	33.53	28.79
58	849	...	...	...	20.20	5.90	2.97	...	8.62	36.99	32.74
155	356	...	...	3.27	27.08	16.11	...	.47	36.19	83.12	59.49
4	44	...	...	...	25.00	...	...	...	2.50	27.50	40.50
20	87	...	...	...	34.38	4.02	...	...	11.46	49.86	26.22
1	31	...	...	...	32.62	1.13	...	...	1.12	34.87	28.57
233	767	...	...	.92	24.98	7.35	1.31	.13	15.61	50.30	40.08
653	6,311	.63	.21	.14	27.85	2.25	.12	.13	3.61	34.94	29.74
616	6,349	1.04	1.17	.01	26.95	2.08	.43	.07	3.41	35.15	28.12

(120). Deaths registered from cholera during each month of the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.		Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.		
				January.	February.		
				March.	April.		
				May.	June.		
				July.	August.		
				September.	October.		
				November.	December.		
				Total.			
						M F T	M F T
1	Coorg ...	10	4	502*	13	2 1 16 10 38 38 9	70 44 114 69 55 68 22

* This figure excludes 20 villages which are uninhabited.

(121). Deaths registered from small-pox during each month of the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.		Total.	Number of these deaths among children.	Total ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from small-pox were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from small-pox were reported.			
				January.	February.		Under 1 year.	
				March.	April.		Under 1 to 10 years.	
				May.	June.			
				July.	August.			
				September.	October.			
				November.	December.			
				Total.				
						M F T		
1	Coorg ...	10	3	502	6	10 4 2 15 6 1	18 20 38	18 25 21 70

(122). Deaths registered from fevers during each month of the year 1908.

No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.		Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Mean ratio of deaths per 1,000 for previous five years.
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.			
				January.	February.			
				March.	April.			
				May.	June.			
				July.	August.			
				September.	October.			
				November.	December.			
				Total.				
						M F T	M F T	
1	Coorg ...	10	10	502	502	326 327 466 387 502 582 528 503 399 332 318 358	2,719 2,399 5,028 27-12 28-74 27-85	24-18

(123). Deaths registered from dysentery and diarrhoea during each month of the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.		Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from dysentery & diarrhoea were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from dysentery & diarrhoea were reported.		
				January.	February.		
				March.	April.		
				May.	June.		
				July.	August.		
				September.	October.		
				November.	December.		
				Total.			
						M F T	M F T
1	Coorg ...	10	9	502	25	13 21 46 38 74 106 46 30 10 5 7 12 263 145 408 262 180 225	92

(124). Deaths registered from plague during each month of the year 1908.

No.	District.	3		4		5												6	7			8		
		Circles of registration.		Villages.														Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.		
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		M.	F.	T.			
1	Coorg	...	10	4	502	4	2	9	6	...	1	4	...	...	2	2	...	13	13	26	13	16	14	08

(125). Deaths registered from respiratory diseases during each month of the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8																	
No.	District.	Circles of registration.		Villages.												Total.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.			Mean ratio per 1,000 for previous 5 years.				
		Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from plague were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from respiratory diseases were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.		November.	December.	M.		F.	T.		
1	Coorg ...	10	2	502	2	...	1	...	4	2	1	2	...	2	2	2	5	18	3	21	17	04	12	19

(126). Statement showing ratio of deaths from small-pox, fever, dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 of living population during the year 1908.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	District.	Name of circle.	Population.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from fever per 1,000 living.	Ratio of deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea per 1,000 living.
1	Coorg	A. Municipal Towns.				
		Mercara	8,732	...	20.00	5.00
		Virajendrapet	4,983	...	27.08	16.11
		Fraserpet	1,600	...	25.00	...
		Somwarpet	1,745	...	34.38	4.02
		Kodlipet	889	...	32.62	1.13
		B. Rural circles.				
		Mercara Taluk	21,288	78	27.28	1.14
		Padinalaknad	28,620	66	33.94	.73
		Yedenalknad	39,129	...	21.31	3.40
		Kiggatnad	37,235	05	25.14	2.58
		Nanjaraipatna	38,486	...	34.01	.65

(127). Comparative statement showing the mortuary and meteorological statistics together with the prices current of the chief food-grains for 1908 and five years preceding it.

1	2	3	4			5			6	7	8	9									
District.	Popula- tion.	Total deaths.	Deaths from				Temperature in shade.			Mean humidity.	Wind.		Rainfall (in inches).	Average quantity in seers per rupee of the chief food-grains in general use in the district.							
			Cholera.	Small pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	Maximum	Minimum.	Mean.		Prevailing direction.	Mean velocity (in miles).		Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best.	Rice, common	Ragi.	Gram.	Salt.	
Coorg.	180,607	1903...	5,675	...	43	4,770	137	92.0	51.1	68.1	38	...	5.4	139.48	6.2	6.4	8.1	12.4	28.8	24.4	10.8
		1904...	4,808	...	16	4,054	90	85.0	51.0	68.1	37	...	6.0	126.17	7.4	7.4	9.3	12.0	26.2	19.4	11.0
		1905...	4,739	...	132	3,876	96	92.0	50.6	69.2	33	...	4.1	101.89	7.8	7.7	7.9	9.12	15.15	11.12	14.0
		1906...	5,285	16	234	4,266	141	91.5	53.1	69.4	86	...	3.9	132.36	6.17	6.12	7.12	9.17	15.14	12.6	14.7
		1907...	6,349	114	187	4,868	375	88.5	51.0	69.0	89	...	3.6	142.30	6.5	6.3	8.1	10.3	19.2	16.10	15.8
		1908...	6,311	38	...	5,028	408	89.0	52.0	68.7	86	...	5.5	124.92	6.2	6.5	7.3	8.10	14.5	10.11	18.6

(128). Statement showing the number of hospitals and

Population of the province.	Hospitals and dispensaries.
1	2
180,607	I. State—Public III. Local Fund V. Private non-aided Total Total of previous year

(129). Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients

Name of district.	Name of dispensary.	Of what class.	In-door											
			a					b	c	d	e	f	g	
			Total treated during the year.					Number cured.	Number relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Ratio of deaths per cent to total treated.	Number of beds available	
			Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.						Men.	Women.
1	2	3	4											
Coorg	Wertara Civil Hospital	I.	704	14	12	1	877	675	49	15	106	12.09	42	28
	Virajendrapet Civil Hospital	Do.	638	10	16	15	774	386	155	54	151	19.50	32	24
	Apparandra Napoklu Dispensary	III.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mukkati Aiyappa's Gonikoppal do	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Somwarpet Civil Dispensary	Do.	160	15	3	1	179	137	14	2	19	10.61	8	6
	Suntikoppa do	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
	Sidapur do	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
	Fraserpet Dispensary (tempary.)	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total		...	1502	268	31	29	1,830	1,198	218	71	276	15.09	86	62
Total of previous year		...	1063	187	19	24	1,293	949	45	32	267	20.65	70	44

(130). Statement showing the diseases of the in-door and out-door patients

Number.	Name of dispensary.	General diseases.															Local						
		Plague.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhoea.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.		Anæmia and debility.	All other general diseases.	Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	
														Carcinoma.	Sarcoma.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
															a	b							
1	Mercara Civil Hospital	...	1	...	323	4,259	49	1	62	71	1204	...	50	6	...	...	40	342	273	21	215	12	23
2	Virajendrapet do.	20	1	1	225	3,126	8	4	36	30	557	...	32	...	...	...	20	126	160	10	127	9	16
3	Apparandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	...	1	...	36	399	15	...	2	6	609	...	2	...	...	...	14	160	107	17	45	6	14
4	M. Aiyappa's Gonikoppal do.	...	1	6	100	1,279	20	...	12	13	360	...	14	...	...	...	9	98	56	4	82	12	7
5	Somwarpet do.	...	...	...	179	2,116	4	...	58	39	637	...	36	...	...	...	134	163	224	413	107	18	14
6	Suntikoppa do.	...	...	1	139	2,071	10	...	29	37	228	...	26	...	...	...	203	202	375	128	133	21	27
7	Sidapur do.	...	...	...	116	1,499	4	...	5	12	192	2	206	...	...	...	98	69	189	81	75	28	15
8	Fraserpet Dispensary (temporary).	3	...	...	47	544	1	...	7	15	101	...	72	...	...	...	47	30	84	23	31	8	4
Total		...	23	4	8	1165	15,293	111	5	211	226	3888	2	1903	6	...	1197	1,190	1,468	1031	820	114	120
Total of previous year.		...	48	71	934	13,067	88	6	234	198	4083	4	1844	...	...	...	1089	1,092	1,572	523	901	112	141

dispensaries during the year 1908.

Number open on 31st Dec. 1907.	Number opened during the year.	Number closed during the year.	Number open on the last day of the year.	Remarks.
3	4	5	6	7
7 3	2 1 ...	2 1 ...	2 6 2	
10	3	3	10	
10	...	...	10	

treated in the state public and local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1908.

patients.					Out-door patients.												Total number of patients treated both in-door and out-door.
h					a	b	c					d					
Daily average number.					Number treated.					Average daily attendance.							
Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.	Attended personally.	Represented by friends.	Total treated				Men.	Women.	Children.		Total.		
		Male.	Female.				Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.			Total.	Male.		Female.	
4—continued					5												6
25-23	7-11	40	88	33-62	10,448	4,960	8,969	3,025	1,960	1,454	15,408	45-39	16-20	9-74	6-34	77-67	16,285
21-36	5-61	70	59	28-26	6,116	2,958	5,342	1,782	1,135	815	9,074	28-34	9-70	5-71	4-19	47-94	9,848
...	...	...	...	...	1,529	1,591	1,523	551	599	440	3,113	5-86	1-91	1-90	1-41	11-08	3,113
...	...	...	...	...	3,431	1,973	3,070	859	502	373	4,804	12-25	3-65	1-70	1-25	18-85	4,804
5-45	90	22	17	6-74	4,957	3,048	5,108	1,288	939	670	8,005	25-32	5-85	3-97	2-76	37-90	8,184
...	...	...	...	...	5,901	2,616	5,671	1,348	848	650	8,517	33-02	8-35	4-05	3-90	49-32	8,517
...	...	...	...	...	3,770	1,763	3,462	995	638	438	5,533	14-82	4-08	2-87	1-90	23-67	5,533
...	...	...	...	...	1,734	350	1,159	416	287	222	2,084	7-06	2-28	1-45	1-14	11-93	2,084
52-04	13-62	1-32	1-64	68-62	37,879	18,659	34,304	10,264	6,908	5,062	56,538	172-00	52-02	31-39	22-89	278-36	58,368
35-65	8-52	0-76	0-71	45-64	34,192	17,035	30,171	9,795	6,291	4,970	51,227	141-65	50-16	28-13	23-17	243-11	52,520

treated in the state public and local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1908.

diseases.																General and local.									
Diseases of the re- spiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhoea.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lym- phatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the uri- nary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the con- nective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases	Injuries.	Poisons.		La- bour	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.				
																	Opium.	Other poisons.							
26	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45			
1,584 607 171	419 150 72	377 215 61	318 77 46	1,590 860 274	535 557 78	80 27 6	...	59 10 40	11 6 ...	101 58 16	41 5 30	191 101 31	1,052 527 142	1,411 1,149 565	...	535 405 123	...	3 12 2	4 ...	1 2	16,285 9,848 3,113	270 169 82			
346	89	79	53	566	130	15	...	9	...	52	22	44	348	455	...	264	...	2	1	2	4,804	102			
451 746 472 108	38 85 83 11	58 133 152 33	71 73 28	619 1,000 645 167	294 608 270 160	69 72 31 10	...	38 17 12 5	20 3 ...	28 34 40 1	15 42 57 12	113 88 41 31	582 564 385 144	1,028 842 477 270	...	322 262 255 76	...	...	...	...	8,184 8,517 5,533 2,084	112 95 90 31			
4,485	947	1108	700	5,721	2,632	310	1	190	44	330	254	640	3,694	6,197	43	2,242	...	20	18	7	58,368	951			
4,736	905	1076	641	5,461	1,726	245	...	166	19	396	285	538	1,959	6,196	66	2,066	...	29	...	...	52,520	828			

(131). Return showing the diseases treated and the death from each class of

Names of dispensaries.				Number of each class of													
				Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever intermittent.	Fever remittent.	Fever continued.	Fever typhoid.	Fever typhus.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen disease.	
Mercara Civil Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	1	...	...	10	25	1	...	...	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,991	423	269	1	...	1221	1104	800	1,980	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	310	2	5	1	...	180	124	51	189	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	4,734	421	265	...	...	1051	1005	750	1,811	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	5,044	423	270	1	...	1231	1129	801	1,980	...	
Virajendrapet Civil Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,583	4	...	5	...	203	190	27	570	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	98	4	...	5	...	62	33	13	88	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	2,505	...	...	...	...	143	158	14	484	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	2,603	4	...	5	...	205	191	27	572	...	
Apparandra Napoklu Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	278	104	75	3	...	32	50	35	74	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	278	104	75	3	...	32	50	35	74	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	278	104	75	3	...	32	50	35	74	...	
Mukkatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	10	2	...	...	4	4	...	...	5	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	984	176	26	...	...	86	66	28	120	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,032	186	28	...	...	90	70	28	125	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,032	186	28	...	...	90	70	28	125	...	
Somwarpet Civil Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	22	10	...	...	8	25	23	...	5	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,029	634	315	3	...	180	65	144	284	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	15	4	...	...	...	16	3	4	15	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,047	652	325	3	...	172	87	163	274	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,062	656	325	3	...	188	90	167	289	...	
Suntikoppa Civil Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	4	3	10	...	5	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,228	...	93	...	...	141	134	58	564	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	2,250	...	93	...	...	145	137	68	569	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	2,250	...	93	...	...	145	137	68	569	...	
Sidapur Civil Dispensary.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	4	4	2	...	12	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,243	6	7	...	...	109	130	26	224	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	1,260	6	7	...	...	113	134	28	236	...	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	1,260	6	7	...	...	113	134	28	236	...	
Grand Total of all the dispensaries.																	
European and East Indian patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	193	32	12	1	...	32	62	36	...	29	
Native patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,336	1347	786	11	...	21972	1739	1118	3,816	...	
	In-door	...	...	...	...	...	423	10	5	6	...	258	160	68	...	572	
	Out-door	...	...	...	...	...	13,106	1369	793	6	...	21746	1641	1086	...	3,573	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	13,529	1379	793	12	...	22004	1801	1154	...	3,845	
Total of previous year				...	...	...	18,431	11,011	1837	518	8	...	21321	1160	482	...	1,947

disease in the public hospitals and dispensaries during the *official year* 1908-1909.

Disease 1908-1909.											Deaths from each disease.																								
Respiratory disease.	Phthisis pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal disease.	Eye disease.	Abscess and ulcers.	Wounds & accide.	All other causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever intermittent.	Fever remittent.	Fever continued.	Fever typhoid.	Fever typhus.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatitis.	Spleen disease.	Respiratory diseases.	Phthisis & pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal disease.	Eye disease.	Abscess and ulcers.	Wounds & accidents.	All other causes.	Total.	
20	65	157	...	8	210	192	375	...	29	147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
2179	65	157	...	810	210	192	375	449	1,708	16,934	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118	
199	3	6	...	25	12	10	43	28	105	1,273	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	119	
2000	62	151	...	793	198	182	332	421	1,632	15,808	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2199	65	157	...	918	210	192	375	449	1,737	17,081	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	119	
3	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	3	24	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
484	59	1	...	281	147	122	603	349	3,299	8,935	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
61	26	1	...	3	58	6	117	35	216	826	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
426	33	...	...	279	89	116	490	317	3,107	8,169	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
487	59	1	...	282	147	122	607	352	3,323	8,995	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
164	12	38	...	24	12	20	172	125	1,828	3,049	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
164	12	38	...	24	12	20	172	125	1,829	3,050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
164	12	38	...	24	12	20	172	125	1,829	3,050	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	1	...	...	4	...	1	4	5	59	161	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
332	24	18	...	158	29	50	385	309	1,833	4,625	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
346	25	18	...	162	29	51	389	314	1,892	4,786	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
346	25	18	...	162	29	51	389	314	1,892	4,786	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
27	...	3	...	17	5	3	11	21	16	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
429	7	63	...	343	104	354	647	289	2,680	7,642	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	1	...	...	2	8	1	30	15	47	191	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
496	6	68	...	356	101	356	628	295	2,649	7,680	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
526	7	68	...	358	109	357	658	310	2,696	7,871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
43	...	...	...	8	2	10	4	2	124	237	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
737	6	27	...	391	79	119	673	248	3,160	8,658	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
780	6	27	...	399	81	129	677	250	3,284	8,895	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
780	6	27	...	399	81	129	677	250	3,284	8,895	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	...	...	...	2	...	3	7	7	52	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
371	4	1	5	176	27	91	441	176	1,746	4,783	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
389	4	1	5	178	27	94	448	183	1,798	4,911	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
389	4	1	5	178	27	94	448	183	1,798	4,911	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
125	1	3	...	40	7	17	30	38	305	963	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4766	177	307	5	2181	608	948	3296	1,945	16,254	54,626	...	...	...	13	4	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
290	30	7	...	80	78	17	190	78	368	2,290	...	...	...	13	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4601	148	303	5	2191	537	948	3136	1,905	16,191	53,299	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4891	178	310	5	2221	615	965	3326	1,983	16,559	55,589	...	...	...	13	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4311	83	265	4	1903	443	673	2477	2,287	22,684	53,491	1	7	12	8	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

(132).

Annual statement of patients treated in the

Number.	Class of patient.	Number of beds.		Number of in-door patients treated.		Number of out-door patients treated.		General diseases.															
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery.	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhœa.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Malignant new growths.		Anæmia and debility.		All other general diseases.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		21	22	
																			a	b			
1	In- and out-patients.	4	...	16	...	209	...	...	...	11	47	2	...	1	1	4	...	6	...	...	6	...	

(133).

Statement of in- and out-patients treated in the private

Number.	Name of dispensary.	Number of beds.		No. of in-door patients treated.	No. of out-door patients treated.	General diseases.																	
		For males.	For females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Plague.	Small-pox.	Cholera.	Dysentery	Malarial fevers.	Tubercular diseases.	Leprosy.	Syphilis (primary and secondary).	Gonorrhœa.	Worms.	Scurvy.	Rheumatic affections.	Carcinoma.	Malignant new growths.	Sarcoma.	Anæmia and debility.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		22	23
																				a	b		
1	Elkhill dispensary (Sidapur) ...	...	...	...	...	1,498	452	...	3	134	567	...	...	6	5	59	...	83	...	...	145	17	
2	Beechlands dispensary (Pollebetta) ...	...	...	...	...	1,922	564	2	2	239	406	1	...	21	42	31	...	302	...	...	161	34	
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	3,415	1,016	2	5	373	973	1	...	27	47	90	...	385	...	...	306	51	
	Total of previous year.	...	...	...	...	3,272	747	5	6	198	943	20	...	30	38	80	2	177	1	2	338	93	

police ward of the Mercara hospital during the year 1908.

Local diseases.																							General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the nervous system. Diseases of the eye. Diseases of the ear. Diseases of the nose. Diseases of the circulatory system. Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs. Dyspepsia. Diarrhœa. Diseases of the liver. Other diseases of the digestive system. Diseases of the spleen. Diseases of the lymphatic system. Goitre. Diseases of the urinary system. Soft chancre. Other diseases of the generative system. Diseases of the organs of locomotion. Diseases of the connective tissue. Ulcers. Other diseases of the skin. All other local diseases. Injuries. Opium. Other poisons.																							Poisons.			
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	
1	2	...	2	24	5	10	23	33	13	2	...	...	...	1	3	2	5	9	3	4	...	...	225	2		

non-aided dispensaries during the year 1908.

Local diseases.																							General and local.		Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated.	Operations.
Diseases of the nervous system.	Diseases of the eye.	Diseases of the ear.	Diseases of the nose.	Diseases of the circulatory system.	Diseases of the respiratory system other than tubercle of lungs.	Dyspepsia.	Diarrhœa.	Diseases of the liver.	Other diseases of the digestive system.	Diseases of the spleen.	Diseases of the lymphatic system.	Goitre.	Diseases of the urinary system.	Soft chancre.	Other diseases of the generative system.	Diseases of the organs of locomotion.	Diseases of the connective tissue.	Ulcers.	Other diseases of the skin.	All other local diseases.	Injuries.	Opium	Other poisons.			
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47			
24	33	8	...	15	310	30	81	27	48	48	...	1	31	2	12	...	...	184	90	53	28	...	...	1,945		
37	27	...	17	10	292	94	72	15	48	209	16	...	26	2	17	...	...	348	128	41	44	...	...	2,486	...	
61	60	8	17	25	602	124	153	42	96	257	16	1	57	4	29	...	...	532	218	94	72	...	...	4,431	...	
53	43	31	6	21	521	94	131	69	142	316	39	...	18	21	10	55	...	157	157	88	163	...	...	4,019	36	

(134). Statement showing the number of in-door and out-door patients, according during

No.	Class of dispensary.	Europeans and Eurasians.				Hindus.			
		Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	Mercara Civil Hospital ...	85	47	18	23	6,744	2,136	1,319	1,069
2	Virajendrapet do. ...	41	11	5	...	4,067	1,048	685	502
3	Apparandra Napoklu Civil Dispensary.	...	...	...	...	1,411	466	527	403
4	Mukkatti Aiyappa's Gonikoppal Civil Dispensary.	82	36	21	9	2,257	492	268	112
5	Somwarpet do. ...	70	35	21	23	3,753	942	764	560
6	Suntikoppa do. ...	103	75	43	7	2,535	627	504	330
7	Sidapur do. ...	38	21	36	5	1,797	542	306	242
8	Fraserpet do. (temporary) ...	16	4	8	3	801	272	167	160
	Total ...	435	229	152	70	23,365	6,525	4,540	3,378
	Total of previous year ...	374	164	119	120	20,051	5,982	4,318	3,359

(135). Statement showing the result of the surgical operations performed

CLASS.	NATURE OF OPERATIONS.
1	2
Abcess ...	Opened ...
Ascitis ...	Tapped ...
Aural exostosis ...	Removed by forceps ...
Boil ...	Opened ...
Bursitis chronic ...	Do. ...
Bubo ...	Do. ...
Cataract ...	Solution ...
Caries, bone ...	Removed ...
Do. foot ...	Scraped ...
Do. toe ...	Removed ...
Calculus, vesical ...	Lateral lithotomy ...
Carcinoma, breast ...	Removed ...
Cellulitis ...	Opened ...
Concussion, brain ...	Clot removed ...
Dislocation ...	Reduced ...
Elephantiasis, prepuce ...	Removed ...
Empyema ...	Opened ...
Epithelioma, lip ...	Removed ...
Do. penis ...	Scraped ...
Do. vulva ...	Removed ...
Erysipelas ...	Incised ...
Fistula ...	Slit opened ...
Foreign body, eye ...	Removed ...
Do. ear ...	Do. ...
Fracture ...	Set up ...
Gangreen, leg ...	Amputated ...
Gum boil ...	Lanced ...
Hand presentation ...	Podalic version ...
Hemorrhoids ...	Removed ...
Loose tooth ...	Extracted ...
Mycetoma, hand ...	Scraped ...
Paraphimosis ...	Circumcised ...
Phimosis ...	Do. ...
Placenta ...	Removed ...
Sarcoma, eye ...	Do. ...
Sinus ...	Slit opened ...
Synovitis ...	Aspirated ...
Tedious labour ...	Craniotomy ...
Tonsils, enlarged ...	Removed ...
Tumour ...	Do. ...
Uterine inertia ...	Application of forceps ...
Uvula elongation ...	Clipped ...
Warts ...	Removed ...
Whitlow ...	Incised ...
Wounds ...	Sutured ...
	Total ...
	Total of previous year ...

to class and sex, treated in the state public and local fund hospitals and dispensaries the year 1908.

Muhammadans.				Others.				Total treated.
Adults.		Children.		Adults.		Children.		
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1,556	522	331	210	1,288	468	304	165	16,285
963	338	223	152	909	490	238	176	9,848
92	52	16	22	20	33	56	15	3,113
430	205	122	202	301	126	91	50	4,804
465	114	72	43	993	199	85	45	8,184
713	91	118	133	2,320	555	183	180	8,517
401	71	43	15	1,226	361	253	176	5,533
218	101	50	57	124	39	62	2	2,084
4,838	1,494	975	834	7,181	2,271	1,272	809	58,368
4,306	1,561	806	694	6,496	2,276	1,073	816	52,520

in the local fund hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1908.

Number of patients remaining from last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated on in columns 4 to 6.	Result of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining at close.
	Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
...	255	...	255	255	249	...	1	4	1
...	6	...	6	6	...	3	...	2	1
...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	63	...	63	63	63	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
...	20	...	20	20	19	1	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	5	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	2	...	...	1	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	2	...	...	1	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	5	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	...
...	36	...	36	36	36	...	...	...	...
2	32	...	32	32	31	1	...	...	...
...	4	...	4	4	2	...	...	2	...
...	26	...	26	26	25	...	1	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	293	...	193	293	293	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	2	1	...	...	...
...	8	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	...
...	28	...	28	28	28	...	...	...	...
...	6	...	6	6	4	...	...	2	...
...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...
...	6	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...
...	3	...	3	3	2	1	...	...	...
...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	8	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	...
1	6	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	18	...	18	18	18	...	...	...	...
...	21	...	21	21	21	...	...	...	...
1	24	...	24	24	24	...	...	...	...
...	46	...	46	46	46	...	...	...	...
5	951	...	951	951	920	9	3	15	4
5	828	...	828	828	816	5	2	...	5

of the state public and local fund hospitals and dispensaries for the year 1908.

EXPENDITURE.											Closing balance.
Salaries.			Medicines.		Diet.	Miscellaneous charges.	Buildings or repairs.	Investments.	Total expenditure.		
Medical officers.	Nurses.	Inferior servants.	European.	Bazaar.							
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
Rs. 1,818	Rs. 706	Rs. 1,842	Rs. 637	Rs. 138	Rs. 2,544	Rs. 1,440	Rs. ...	Rs. ...	Rs. 9,125	Rs. ..	
1,537	283	1,052	175	59	1,916	582	...	...	5,604	..	
660	...	88	41	...	...	66	...	...	855	...	
480	...	88	299	6	...	77	...	...	950	...	
720	...	434	103	...	214	216	...	...	1,687	...	
595	...	253	375	1	...	129	...	...	1,353	...	
505	...	88	257	5	...	85	...	...	940	...	
6,315	989	3,845	1,887	209	4,674	2,595	...	...	20,514	...	
5,200	284	2,669	2,313	197	2,580	1,275	123	...	14,041	...	

and dispensaries for the year 1908.

Invested during the year.	Total.	Securities sold.	Deposits withdrawn.	Balance on 31st December.
Rs.	Rs. 4,000 2,000	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. 4,000 2,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000
...	6,000	...	...	6,000

water supply, as distinguished from money spent annually on conservancy and other during the year 1908.

Date of completion of work of		Average annual death rate since the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.	Average annual death rate for the 5 years preceding the introduction of drainage system or water supply or both.
Drainage.	Water-supply.		
2		3	4
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...
...	1897	31.04	27.44

(139).

Statement showing particulars of

1	Circles and districts.	Popula- tion of district according to census of 1901.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of of vacci- nators em- ployed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of per- sons vac- cinated by each vac- cinator.	Primary			
							Total.	Suc-		
								Under one year.		
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9
					M.	F.	Total.			
1	Mercara taluk ...	21,888	102.62	1	883	504	1,387	1,283	1,151	109
2	Padinalknad „ ...	28,620	71.57	1	1,073	792	1,795		1,253	30
3	Yedenalknad „ ...	39,129	197.17	1	1,094	488	1,582		1,478	81
4	Kiggatnad „ ...	37,235	90.72	1	1,123	599	1,792		1,439	38
5	Nanjarajpatna „ No. I } ...	38,486	109.12	{ 1	603	514	1,117		1,073	150
6	Do „ No. II } ...				615	679	1,294		1,128	256
7	Inspector of vaccination ...				...	...	1		30	56
	Total of taluks ...	165,358	105.00	7	5,421	3,562	8,983	1,283	7,576	685
1	Mercara municipality ...	6,732	2,244.00	1	428	194	622	253	256	88
2	Virajendrapet „ ...	4,283	1,427.67	1	402	119	521		495	73
3	* Fraserpet „ ...	1,600	2,133.33	...	15	19	34		32	8
4	* Somwarpet „ ...	1,745	2,326.67	...	29	20	49		46	11
5	* Kodlipet „ ...	889	1,778.00	...	22	19	41		41	13
	Total of municipalities ...	15,249	1,906.13	2	896	371	1,267	253	870	192
	Grand total of the province ...	180,607	114.11	9	6,317	3,933	10,250	1,138	8,446	878
	Total of previous year ...	180,607	114.11	9	6,874	4,030	10,904	1,211	8,452	753

* Government vaccinators carry out vaccination in these three municipalities and show the work performed therein in their taluk returns.

(140).

Statement showing the cost of the vaccine

No.	Circles and districts.	Expenditure.									
		European supervising officers.	Pay.	Native supervising officers.	Pay.	Vaccinators.	Pay.	Clerks.	Pay.	Peons, &c.	Pay.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 Taluks of Coorg ...	...	...	...	1	Rs. 480	6	Rs. 1,107	...	...	...	...
Total of taluks ...	...	...	...	1	480	6	1,107	...	...	...	...
2 Mercara municipality ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	185	...	...	...	...
3 Virajendrapet do. ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	184	...	...	...	...
Total of municipalities ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	369	...	...	...	...
Grand total of the province ...	...	...	...	1	480	8	1,476	...	...	...	...
Total of previous year ...	...	...	...	1	480	8	1,440	...	...	...	...

(141).

Statement showing dispensary vaccination

Dispensaries.	Number of dispen- saries in each dis- trict to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensary during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary	
					Total.	Suc- Under one year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Mercara jail hospital	...	These cases were vaccinated by medical subordi- nates.	224	224	56	...
Do. civil dispensary	...		...	...	...	...
Virajendrapet do.	...		...	...	...	...
Apparandra Napoklu do.	...		...	...	...	...
M. Ayyappa's Gonikoppal do.	...		8	8	7	...
Somwarpet civil dispensary	...		...	...	...	...
Suntikoppa do.	...		...	...	...	...
Sidapur do.	...		...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	232	232	63	...
Total of previous year ...	...	...	246	246	88	1

vaccination during the year 1908-1909.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
Successful.		Unknown.	Total.	Success-ful.	Unknown.				Primary.	Re-vacci-nation.	Primary.	Re-vacci-nation.	Number	Ratio per 1,000
Over one and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.													
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
791	1,082	6	236	196	10	94'50	86'73	58'39	00'52	4'24	1,183'00	54'05	24'00	1'10
726	1,096	30	542	316	60	89'62	65'56	49'34	2'39	11'07	1,611'00	56'29	21'80	00'76
353	1,935	50	104	54	...	86'48	51'92	32'94	3'38	...	1,500'60	38'35	25'40	00'64
707	1' 8	2	283	231	1	95'20	81'91	42'94	00'14	00'35	1,511'40	40'59	19'60	00'53
708	1' 41	1	44	19	...	97'10	48'18	57'92	{	00'03	2,212'20	57'48	28'20	00'73
554	1' 15	9	166	144	1	91'60	87'27							
16	53	...	32	25	1	98'15	80'65	00'47	...	3'13	84'40	00'51	...	...
3,857	6,900	98	1,407	985	73	92'27	73'84	47'68	1'29	5'19	8,102'60	49'00	119'00	00'72
122	242	7	366	236	40	97'19	72'39	71'00	2'73	10'93	723'60	107'49	3'40	00'51
183	457	4	16	20	...	93'08	76'92	111'37	00'81	...	348'20	81'30	5'20	1'21
18	29	1	2	2	...	98'55	100'00	19'38	3'13	...	70'60	44'13	1'00	00'63
20	45	...	3	3	...	97'83	100'00	27'51	...	...	50'60	29'00	00'40	00'23
12	32	...	...	...	...	78'05	...	35'99	...	...	38'80	43'64	00'40	00'45
355	805	12	397	261	40	93'82	73'11	69'91	1'38	10'08	1,231'80	80'78	10'40	00'68
4,212	7,705	110	1,804	1,246	113	92'43	73'68	49'56	1'30	6'26	9,334'40	51'68	129'40	00'72
4,161	7,662	255	2,452	1,839	118	93'47	78'79	52'61	3'02	4'81	9,498'60	52'59	97'80	00'54

department during the year 1908-1909.

Total pay of establishment.	Travelling allowances.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Paid from—						Number of successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
				Imperial funds.	Provincial funds.	Local funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.	Total.		
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Rs. 1,587	Rs. 224	Rs. 394	Rs. 2,205	...	Rs. 2,205	...	Rs. ...	...	Rs. 2,205	7,996	Rs. As. P. 0 4 4
1,587	224	394	2,205	...	2,205	...	...	...	2,205	7,996	0 4 4
185	...	82	267	...	...	...	267	...	267	478	0 8 11
184	...	153	337	...	...	...	337	...	337	477	0 11 3
369	...	235	604	...	...	...	604	...	604	955	0 10 1
1,956	224	629	2,809	...	2,205	...	604	...	2,809	8,951	0 5 0
1,920	229	623	2,772	...	2,182	...	590	...	2,772	9,501	0 4 8

during the year 1908-1909.

vaccination.			Re-vaccination.			Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Percentage of unknown cases to total cases.		Remarks.
Successful.		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	
One year and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
...	52	...	168	147	4	92·86	89·63	...	2·38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	4	1	1	...	...	66·67	...	14·29	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	56	1	169	147	4	90·32	89·09	1·59	2·37	
14	83	3	158	121	17	97·65	85·82	3·41	10·76	

(142). Comparative statement showing the number of persons primarily vaccinated and the number of those successfully vaccinated in the decade ending 31st March 1909.

Persons primarily vaccinated.		1899-00.		1900-01.		1901-02.		1902-03.		1903-04.		1904-05.		1905-06.		1906-07.		1907-08.		1908-09.	
Establishment.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.		Total number.		Number successfully vaccinated.		Total number.		Number successfully vaccinated.		Total number.		Number successfully vaccinated.		Total number.		Number successfully vaccinated.		Total number.	
Government Vaccinators ...	7,134	6,880	8,816	8,313	7,271	6,837	8,523	8,159	7,201	6,765	7,956	7,606	8,035	7,441	8,049	7,361	7,747	7,009	7,576	6,909	
Vaccinator, Mercara Municipality	365	349	296	235	239	295	304	286	262	250	236	227	297	278	433	425	239	224	256	242	
Do. Virajendrapet do.	339	302	399	350	402	353	382	342	230	206	331	301	410	357	400	364	345	318	495	457	
Do. Fraserpet do.	111	103	42	28	60	58	58	54	48	46	55	50	154	137	46	43	46	44	32	29	
Do. Somwarpet do.	69	55	49	37	139	122	67	62	39	39	45	39	82	58	53	46	53	47	46	45	
Do. Kodlipet do.	53	42	16	12	34	28	32	30	27	24	55	52	69	61	29	28	22	20	41	32	
Dispensaries ...	309	233	452	355	211	176	223	160	245	196	223	178	259	218	153	130	88	83	63	56	
Europeans ...	5	5	5	4	4	4	1	1	2	2	...	...	1	1	4	4	4	4	2	2	
Natives ...	8,395	7,909	10,065	9,381	8,412	7,865	9,593	9,092	8,050	7,524	8,901	8,453	9,305	8,549	9,162	8,393	8,536	7,741	8,507	7,759	
Total	8,400	7,914	10,070	9,385	8,416	7,869	9,594	9,093	8,052	7,526	8,901	8,453	9,306	8,550	9,166	8,397	8,540	7,745	8,509	7,761	

(143). Statement showing particulars of vaccination verified by inspecting officers during the year 1908-1909.

1	2		3		4				5				6			
District.	Total number of persons vaccinated.		Total number inspected.		Percentage of inspections to total number vaccinated.				Percentage of cases found successful to total number inspected.				Percentage of success reported by vaccinators.			
	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.	By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.			By Deputy Sanitary Commissioners or Civil Surgeons.	By native superintendents or other inspecting officers.			Primary.	Re-vaccination.		
Coorg ...	8,509	1,973	206	16	3,303	805	2.42	00.81	38.81	40.80	94.17	75.00	97.37	91.30	91.21	70.60

(144). Statement relating to the number of children under one year of age in towns available for vaccination and the number of successful operations performed on them in the year 1908-1909.

Number.	Town.	Number of births during the year ending 30th September 1908.	Number of deaths amongst children under one year during the year ending 30th September 1908.	Number available for vaccination after deducting the numbers who have died as shown in column 4.	Number of successful vaccinations on children under one year during the year.	Date of extension of Vaccination Act to town.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Mercara ...	71	29	42	88	12th June 1883. Do. Do. Do.
2	Virajendrapet ...	74	11	63	73	
3	Somwarpet ...	31	9	22	11	
4	Fraserpet ...	33	13	20	8	
5	Kodlipet ...	35	10	25	13	1st December 1891.
	Total ...	244	72	172	193	
	Total of previous year.	212	53	159	212	

(145). Comparative statement showing the annual successful vaccination and the annual ratio of deaths from small-pox.

Years.	Annual successful vaccinations.	Annual ratio of deaths from small-pox per 1,000 of population.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4
1892-1894 ...	8,738	1.24	
1894-1895 ...	6,585	0.20	
1895-1896 ...	8,627	0.05	
1896-1897 ...	8,628	0.14	
1897-1898 ...	10,299	0.31	
1898-1899 ...	5,098	0.70	
1899-1900 ...	9,466	0.24	
1900-1901 ...	10,863	2.68	
1901-1902 ...	8,876	1.43	
1902-1903 ...	10,551	0.10	
1903-1904 ...	8,791	0.26	
1904-1905 ...	9,689	0.14	
1905-1906 ...	10,015	1.14	
1906-1907 ...	9,853	1.07	
1907-1908 ...	9,705	00.97	
1908-1909 ...	9,154	00.12	
Average total for 16 years 1892-1909 ...	9,058	00.66	

Note.—The entries in column 3 of Statement No. 145 differ from those in previous returns in consequence of the correction of errors detected in the course of revising the Coorg Gazetteer.

VII —INSTRUCTION.

(146).

Abstract return of colleges, schools and scholars at the end

Area and population.				Public institutions.			
Total area in square miles.	Number of towns and villages.	Population		University education.		School education, general.	
				Arts colleges	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Institutions.	{ For males ...	...	2	82
				{ For females ...	...	...	5
	{ Towns 5	{ Males 100,258		Total ...	...	2	87
	{ Villages 479	{ Females 80,349					
	Total 484	Total 180,607	Scholars.	{ Males ...	...	425	3,427
				{ Females ...	...	20	1,421
				Total ...	...	445	4,848
			Total of previous year	...	...	452	4,072

(147).

Abstract return of expenditure on public instruction

Total direct expenditure on public instruction.							
University education.		School education, general.		School education, special.		Total.	
Arts colleges.	Professional colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Training schools.	All other special schools.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
1. Institutions	{ For males ...	...	14,944	24,480	3,330	...	42,754
	{ For females ...	...	...	3,867	...	...	3,867
	Total	...	14,944	28,347	3,330	...	46,621
2. (a) Percentages of provincial expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total provincial expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	34.30	30.93	12.88	...	78.13
(b) Percentages of local fund expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total local fund expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	...	97.82	...	...	97.83
(c) Percentages of municipal expenditure included in columns 2—17 to total municipal expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...	100.00
(d) Percentages of total expenditure in columns 2—17 to total expenditure on public instruction ...	...	...	28.20	53.49	6.28	...	87.97
3. Average annual cost of educating each pupil in—			R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Government institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	21 13 2	7 7 2	195 4 8	...	14 8 6
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	0 1 8	...	...	0 1 1
	Total cost	...	36 14 4	10 3 4	195 14 1	...	21 3 0
Local Fund schools.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	3 13 7	...	...	3 13 7
	{ Cost to local funds ...	...	...	4 12 6	...	...	4 12 6
	Total cost	...	...	5 13 8	...	...	5 13 8
Municipal schools.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	1 9 10	...	...	1 9 10
	{ Cost to municipal funds ...	...	...	8 4 0	...	...	8 4 0
	Total cost	...	...	10 10 1	...	...	10 10 1
Aided institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	...	2 6 5	...	...	2 6 5
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	10 1 1	...	...	10 1 1
	Total cost	...	...	8 12 1	...	...	8 12 1
Unaided institutions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All institutions.	{ Cost to provincial revenues ...	...	21 13 2	1 13 4	195 4 8	...	4 3 7
	{ Cost to local and municipal funds ...	...	...	2 13 2	...	...	2 13 2
	Total cost	...	36 14 4	6 8 5	195 14 1	...	9 12 6

for the year 1908-1909.

School education, special.		Total of public institutions.	Private institutions.		Grand total.	Percentage of—	Remarks.
Training schools.	All other special schools.		Advanced.	Elementary.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	...	85	...	24	109	Institutions to number of towns and villages. { 22.52 1.03	Male population of the school-going age ... 23,127 do. ... 21,581 Female do. ... 44,708
...	...	5	...	...	5		
1	...	90	...	24	114	23.55	
17	...	3,869	...	369	4,238	Male scholars to male population of school-going age. ... 18.32	
6	...	1,447	...	107	1,554	Female scholars to female population of school-going age. ... 7.20	
23	...	5,316	...	476	5,792	12.95	
19	...	4,543	...	461	5,004	11.19	

for the year 1908-1909.

Total indirect expenditure on public instruction.

University.	Direction.	Inspection.	Scholarships.	Buildings.	Special grants for furniture and apparatus.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total expenditure on public instruction.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	3,188	2,574	...	...	609	6,371	52,992
...	...	3,188	2,574	...	...	609	6,371	52,992
...	...	12.38	8.44	...	...	1.05	21.87	100.00
...	...	...	2.17	...	...	...	2.17	100.00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100.00
...	...	6.02	4.86	...	...	1.15	12.03	100.00

scholars for the year 1908-1909.

management.				Grand total of public institutions.	Grand total of scholars on the 31st March.	Number of scholars on the 31st of March learning.						Remarks.
Unaided.						English.		A classical language.		A vernacular language.		
Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24		25		26		27
...	...	...	...	1	296	288	8	...	...	288	8	
...	...	...	...	1	149	137	12	..	...	137	12	
...	...	...	...	2	445	425	20	...	...	425	20	
1	60	53	38	82	4,495	606	30	...	...	3,424	1,071	
...	...	...	...	5	353	...	3	...	...	3	350	
1	60	53	38	87	4,848	606	33	...	...	3,427	1,421	
...	...	...	...	1	23	...	...	...	...	17	6	
...	...	...	...	1	23	...	...	...	...	17	6	
1	60	53	38	90	5,316	1,031	53	...	...	3,869	1,447	
1	46	35	27	89	4,543	988	45	1	...	3,380	1,163	
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...									
...	...	...	...	24	476	53	10	...	...	369	107	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	24	476	53	10	...	...	369	107	
...	...	...	...	114	5,792	1,084	63	...	...	4,238	1,554	
...	...	...	...	118	5,004	1,046	45	1	...	3,794	1,210	

(149).

Return of expenditure on public instruction

Objects of expenditure.		Public													
		Under public management.													
		Managed by Government.							Managed by local fund and municipal boards.						
		Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial revenues.	Local funds.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<i>Arts and Professional Colleges.</i>															
University Education.	English	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
	Oriental														
	Law														
	Medicine														
	Engineering														
	Teaching														
	Agriculture														
Total ...															
<i>Secondary schools.</i>															
School Education, General.	For boys ... { High Schools ...	7,125			3,840			10,965							
	{ Middle English ...	1,714			2,265			3,979							
	{ Schools Vernacular.														
	„ girls... { High Schools ...														
	{ Middle English ...														
	{ Schools Vernacular.														
	Total ...	8,839			6,105			14,944							
	<i>Primary schools.</i>														
	For boys	2,871		89	2,247			5,207	1,440	10,911	398	2,834			15,583
	„ girls	3,428						3,428							
Total ...		6,299		89	2,247			8,635	1,440	10,911	398	2,834			15,583
<i>Schools for special instruction.</i>															
School Education, Special.	Training schools for masters ...	3,320			10			3,330							
	Training schools for mistresses ...														
	Schools of Art														
	Law schools														
	Engineering & surveying schools ...														
	Industrial schools														
	Other schools														
Total ...		3,320			10			3,330							
Buildings															
Furniture and apparatus (special grants only)															
Total ...															
University Direction															
Inspection		3,188						3,188							
Scholarships held in	Arts colleges	1,355						1,355							
	Professional colleges		255				145	400							
	Secondary schools	819						819							
	Primary schools														
	Special schools other than training schools														
	Miscellaneous	28						28							
Boarding house attached to the High School at Mercara.		245					336	581							
Total ...		5,635	255				481	6,371							
Total expenditure on public instruction ...		24,093	255	89	8,362		481	33,280	1,440	10,911	398	2,834			15,583
Total of previous year ...		19,591	120	84	8,494		803	29,097	1,080	10,572	452	2,480			14,584

(150).

Return of the stages of instruction of pupils in public schools

Class of schools.		Number of schools.	Number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March.	High stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage, but have not passed the matriculation examination.		
				Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1		2	3	4	5	6
Secondary schools—						
For boys	Departmental ... { English Vernacular	2	445	70	...	70
For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total secondary schools		2	445	70	...	70
Primary schools—						
For boys	Departmental	4	593	...	...	...
	Local Fund	66	3,205	...	...	...
	Municipal	6	280	...	...	...
	Aided	5	357	...	...	...
	Unaided	1	60	...	...	...
Total		82	4,495	...	...	...
For girls	Departmental	4	325	...	...	...
	Local Fund	...	...	...	...	...
	Aided	1	28	...	...	...
	Unaided	...	...	...	...	...
Total		5	353	...	...	...
Total primary schools		87	4,848	...	...	...
Grand Total		89	5,293	70	...	70
Grand total of previous year		88	4,524	88	...	88

(151).

Return showing the result of prescribed

Nature of examination.		Number of institutions sending examinees.				Number of		
		Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions (private).	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions (private).
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Arts Colleges—								
1. Master of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Bachelor of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. { First B. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First Arts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Previous examination...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges for professional training—								
Law—								
1. Doctor of Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Bachelor of Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine—								
1. M. D.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. { First M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
First L. M. S.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering—								
1. M. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. B. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. First L. C. E.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of general education—								
Matriculation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Higher examination for women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III Form examination	... { English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV Class examination	... { English Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Schools of special instruction—								
1. Training school examination for masters.	... { Lower Secondary Upper Primary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Training school examination for mistresses.	... { Upper Lower	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Schools of Art examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Vernacular Medical examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Examination in Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Examination in Surveying	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Industrial School examination	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* The III Form and IV class examinations are not public or compulsory.

for general education at the end of the year 1908-1909.

Middle stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the upper primary stage, but have not passed beyond the lower secondary (middle) stage.			Upper primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have passed beyond the lower primary stage, but have not passed beyond the upper primary stage.			Lower primary stage. Comprising all pupils who have not passed beyond the lower primary stage.						Total.		
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Reading printed books.			Not reading printed books.					
						Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
245	15	260	61	3	64	49	2	51	...	...	...	425	20	445
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
245	15	260	61	3	64	49	2	51	...	...	...	425	20	445
...	...	...	119	6	125	348	42	390	58	20	78	575	68	593
...	...	...	355	64	419	1,385	442	1,827	587	372	959	2,327	878	3,205
...	...	...	28	1	29	156	34	190	36	25	61	220	60	280
...	...	...	79	1	80	198	47	245	30	2	32	307	50	357
...	...	...	8	1	9	37	14	51	...	...	...	45	15	60
...	...	...	589	73	662	2,124	579	2,703	711	419	1,130	3,424	1,071	4,495
...	...	...	...	88	88	...	277	277	...	10	10	...	325	325
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	22	25	...	3	3	3	25	28
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	38	38	3	299	302	...	13	13	3	350	353
...	...	...	589	111	700	2,127	878	3,005	711	432	1,143	3,427	1,421	4,848
245	15	260	650	114	764	2,176	880	3,056	711	432	1,143	3,852	1,441	5,293
273	11	284	553	96	649	1,879	749	2,628	572	303	875	3,365	1,159	4,524

examinations during the year 1908-1909.

Examinees.		Number passed.						Race or creed of passed scholars.					
Private students.	Total.	Institutions under public management.	Aided institutions.	Other institutions, (private).	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.		Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Jains and Bud- dhists.
									Brahmans	Non-Brahmans			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16a	16b	16c		16d	16e	
4	15	8	...	...	...	8	...	...	6	2†	...	...	...
...	8	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

† Coorgs.

(152).

Return showing distribution of local fund and municipal

Objects of expenditure.		Expenditure of local fund boards on public instruction.												In institutions.	
		In institutions managed by local fund boards.													
		Number of institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Local rates or cesses.	Municipal grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions, Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The Government.	Municipal Boards.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
University Education.	Arts Colleges.							Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			
	English	...													
	Oriental	...													
	Colleges or departments of Colleges for professional training.														
	Law	...													
School Education, General.	Medicine	...													
	Engineering	...													
	Total		...												
	Secondary schools.														
	For boys	{ English ... Vernacular ...	...												
School Education, Special.	For girls	{ English ... Vernacular ...	...												
	Total		...												
	Primary schools.														
	For boys	...	66	3,205	2,834	2,112	...	10,911	...	2,642	...	...	13,553	...	
	For girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total		...	66	3,205	2,834	2,112	...	10,911	...	2,642	...	...	13,553	...	
Schools for special instruction.															
Scholarships held in	Training schools for masters	...													
	Training schools for mistresses	...													
	Schools of Art	...													
	Law schools	...													
	Medical schools	...													
	Engineering and Surveying schools	...													
	Industrial schools	...													
	Other schools	...													
Total		...													
Inspection.															
Buildings	Arts colleges	...													
	Professional colleges	...													
	Secondary schools	...													
	Primary schools	...													
	Special schools other training schools (for gymnastics)	...													
	Furniture and apparatus (special grants only).	...													
	Miscellaneous	...													
	Total		...												
Grand Total		...	66	3,205	2,834	2,112	...	11,166	...	2,642	...	...	13,808	...	
Grand total of previous year		...	66	2,554	2,567	1,900	...	10,572	204	2,253	...	...	13,029	120	

(153).

Return showing the attendance and expenditure in hostels

Class of hostels or boarding houses.	Number of	
	Hostels or boarding houses.	Boarders.
1	2	3
1. Managed by Government... ..	1	62
2. Do. local or municipal boards		
3. Aided by Government or by local or municipal boards		
4. Unaided by do. do.	1	22

expenditure on public instruction for the year 1908-1909.

Expenditure of municipal boards on public instruction.																			Remarks.
Private persons or associations managed by—	Total Local fund expenditure on public instruction.	In institutions managed by municipal boards.										In institutions managed by—							
		Number of institutions	Number of scholars on the rolls on the 31st of March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Provincial grants.	Municipal rates.	Local fund grants.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	The Government.	Local Fund Boards.	Private persons or associations.	Total municipal expenditure on public instruction.	Total expenditure of local fund & municipal boards on public instruction.		
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	
Rs.	Rs.					Rs.	Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
574	14,127	6	280	246	193	1440	398	...	192	...	...	2,030	89	210	120	2,449	16,576		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	180	180		
574	14,127	6	280	246	193	1440	398	...	192	...	...	2,030	89	210	300	2,629	16,756		
...	255	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	255		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	255	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	255		
574	14,582	6	280	246	193	1440	398	...	192	...	...	2,030	89	210	300	2,629	17,011		
769	13,918	5	220	232	175	1080	452	...	227	...	...	1,759	84	204	300	2,347	16,265		

or boarding houses for the year 1908-1909.

Number of boarders who are students of				Expenditure from				
Arts colleges.	Secondary schools.	Primary schools.	Special schools.	Provincial revenue.	Local or municipal funds.	Subscriptions and endowments.	Fees.	Total expenditure.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
...	41	21	...	Rs. 245	...	Rs. 336	...	Rs. 581
...	19	3	...	...	...	...	1,235	1,235

(154). Return showing number of scholars on the 31st March 1909, classified according to sex, race or creed.

* Last year's figure of 4,226 included Coorgs.

† Excluding Coorgs.

(155). Annual return of the printing presses for the year 1908-1909.

1	2	3	4	
District.	Name of press.	Name of proprietor.	Publications thereat.	
			Newspapers.	Periodicals.
Coorg ...	... Coorg District Press.	Government ...	Nil.	... The Coorg District Gazette is published on the 1st of each month.

(156). Annual return of scientific and literary societies for the year 1908-1909.

1	2	3			4					5	
Name.	Objects.	Income from				Members or visitors.				When established.	
		Government.	Endowments.	Subscription.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Juveniles.	Total.		Registered or not.
1. The Book Club, Mercara.	For the benefit of the European and native societies in Coorg.	...	Rs. ...	Rs. 742	Rs. 742	50	...	...	50	Not registered	1st January 1874.
2. The Cosmopolitan Club, Mercara.	To promote the social, physical and intellectual improvement of the members.	...	...	300	300	20	...	...	20	Do.	19th October 1899.
3. The Victoria Reading Room, Virajendrapet.	The social and literary improvement of the members.	...	...	257	257	37	1	...	38	Do.	18th June 1887.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.

(157). Return of persons according to religious denominations
for the year 1908–1909.

Denomination.	Number of persons.		Number of ministers or priests.	Number of churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Native.	Others.				
1	2		3	4	5	6
Church of England ...	10*	160	1	2†	Rs. 181	
Church of Scotland ...	...	...	...	1†	...	
Protestant Dissenters ...	...	...	...	1†	...	
Roman Catholics ...	2,291	10	3	6	240	
Greek Church ...	...	...	...	...	...	
American ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Syrian ...	...	...	...	...	...	
Basel Evangelical Missionary Society ...	351	15	3	2	...	
Parsi ...	41*	...	...	...	...	
Hindu ...	163,122*	...	714	1,336	18,773	In cash ... Rs. 7,245 Payments by deduction from land revenue ... 992 Land endowments ... 10,536 Total ... 18,773
Muhammadans...	13,654*	...	15	16	52	Land endowments ... 36 Payments by deduction from land revenue ... 16 Total ... 52
Jains ...	107*	...	2	2	63	Endowment in land.
Total ...	179,576	185	738	1,364	19,309	

* Census figures.

† These figures include one church shared by members of the Churches of England and Scotland and the Wesleyan community.

(158).

Charitable institutions for the year 1908-1909.

Class and order of institution.	Number of institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided in the year.	Income.			Subscription and sale of medicines.	In what shape relief is given.
				Paid by Government, &c. *	From endowment.			
					In land.	In money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Civil Dispensary, Mercara...	1	107.69	17,081	Rs. 24,135	Rs. ...	Rs. 140	Rs. 375	Medicine, food and clothing.
Do. Virajendrapet...	1	76.06	8,995	6,028	...	70	10	Do.
Do. Napoklu (Apparandra)...	1	10.88	3,050	1,095	...	...	1	Medicine only.
Do. Gonikoppal (M. Ayyappa's.)	1	19.10	4,786	963	...	...	16	Do.
Do. Somwarpet ...	1	44.06	7,871	1,856	...	...	255	Medicine, food and clothing.
Do. Suntikoppa ...	1	57.14	8,895	619	...	...	876	Medicine only.
Do. Sidapur ...	1	23.24	4,911	956	...	...	31	Do.
Grants to Chattrams.	4†	158.02	57,682	6,737	...	...	...	Lodging and food.
Government institutions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Poor-houses ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
General ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Lepers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Supported by general public to relieve paupers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For blind ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deaf ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Hindus ...	2§	7.79	2,846	...	...	...	...	Lodging and food.
* Name of dispensary.	Mercara.	Virajendrapet.	Napoklu.	Gonikoppal.	Somwarpet	Suntikoppa	Sidapur.	Total.
Paid by Government Rs.	18,844 †	3,671	509	465	491	305	305	24,590
„ District Funds „	2,121	200	586	498	1,365	314	651	5,735
„ Municipal „	3,170	2,157	...	...	...	...	...	5,327
Total „	24,135	6,028	1,095	963	1,856	619	956	35,652

† Including the pay and allowances drawn by the Civil Surgeon and reserve hospital assistants.

‡ The four chattrams under the management of the Temple Committee.

§ Chattrams at Virajendrapet and Somwarpet erected by the private charity of Messrs. Kolavandra Ayyappa and D. Chikkabasappa Shetti.

|| This figure includes the charges incurred in connection with epidemics.

SCALE 1 INCH = 8 MILES

SCALE 1 INCH = 8 MILES





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